

ETR33004-009c

85mΩ High Function Power Switch

■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC8108 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC with a low ON resistance. A current limit, reverse current prevention (prevents reverse current from V_{OUT} to V_{IN}), soft start, thermal shutdown, and an under voltage lockout (UVLO) are incorporated as protective functions. A flag function monitors the power switch status. The flag output has N-channel open drain structure, and outputs Low level signal while over-current or overheating is detected, or while the reverse current prevention is operated.

A variable current limiting function is integrated, allowing the current limit value to be set, using an external resistor. The voltage level which is fed to CE pin determines the status of XC8108. The logic level of CE pin is selectable between either one of active high or active low.

■APPLICATIONS

- Set Top Boxes
- Digital TVs
- PCs
- ●USB Ports/USB Hubs
- HDMI

■ FEATURES

Input Voltage : $2.5V \sim 5.5V$

Maximum Output Current : 2A

ON Resistance : $85m\Omega@V_{IN}=5.0V$ (TYP.) Supply Current : $40~\mu$ A@ $V_{IN}=5.0V$ Stand-by Current : $0.1~\mu$ A (TYP.) Flag Delay Time : 7.5ms (TYP.)

* At over-current detection

: 4ms (TYP.)

* At reverse voltage detection
Protection Circuit : Reverse Current Prevention

0.9A ~ 2.4A(TYP.)

Thermal Shutdown

Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

Soft start

Functions : Flag Output

CE Pin Input Logic Selectable

Current Limit Response Time : 2μ s (TYP.) *Reference value

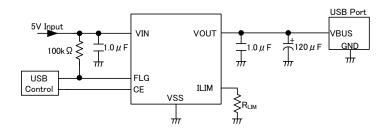
Operating Ambient Temperature : -40°C ~ 105°C Packages : USP-6C

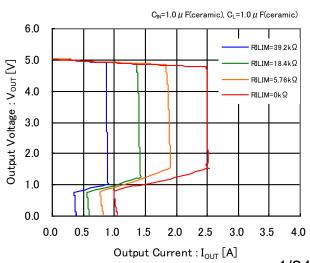
Environmentally Friendly : EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

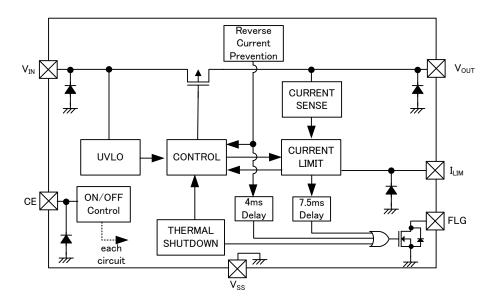
XC8108xC20ER





1/24

■BLOCK DIAGRAM



* Diodes inside the circuit are an ESD protection diode and a parasitic diode.

■PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

Ordering Information

XC8108123456-7

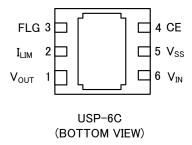
DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
(1)	(T) OF Laria		
U	CE Logic	В	Refer to Selection Guide
2	Protection Circuits Type	С	Refer to Selection Guide
€	Frotection Circuits Type	D	
34	Maximum Output Current	20	2.0A (Adjustable current limit range: 900mA~2400mA)
56-7 (*1)	Package (Order Unit)	ER-G	USP-6C (3,000pcs/Reel)

 $^{^{(*1)}}$ The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

●Selection Guide

O Selection Guide					
FUNCTION	TYPE				
FUNCTION	AC	AD	ВС	BD	
CE LOGIC SELECTABLE	Active	e High	Active	e Low	
SOFT-START	Υ	es	Y	es	
UVLO	Y	es	Yes		
REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION	Yes		Yes		
THERMAL SHUT DOWN	Yes		Yes		
CURRENT LIMIT ADJUSTABLE	Yes		Yes		
CURRENT LIMITER /					
REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION	Yes	-	Yes	-	
(Automatic Recovery)					
CURRENT LIMITER /					
REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION	- Yes		-	Yes	
(Latch Protection)					

■PIN CONFIGURATION



^{*} The dissipation pad for the USP-6C packages should be solder-plated for mounting strength and heat dissipation.

Please refer to the reference mount pattern and metal masking. The dissipation pad should be connected to the V_{SS} (No. 5) pin.

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
USP-6C		
1	Vouт	Output
2	Ішм	Current Limit Adjustment
3	FLG	Fault Report
4	CE	ON/OFF Control
5	Vss	Ground
6	VIN	Power Input

■FUNCTION

TYPE	PIN NAME	SIGNAL	STATUS		
	A	Н	Active		
Α		L	Stand-by		
		05	05	CF	OPEN
	B CE	Н	Stand-by		
В		L	Active		
		OPEN	Undefined State (*1)		

^{*} Avoid leaving the CE pin open; set to any fixed voltage.

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETI	PARAMETER :		RATINGS	UNITS
Input Volta	Input Voltage		-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
Output Volta	age	Vouт	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
Output Curr	ent	Іоит	2.8	Α
CE Input Vol	tage	V _{CE}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
FLG Pin Volt	FLG Pin Voltage		-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
FLG Pin Cur	FLG Pin Current		15	mA
I _{LIM} Pin Volta	I _{LIM} Pin Voltage		-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
I _{LIM} Pin Curr	I _{LIM} Pin Current		±1	mA
D D:			120 (IC only)	
Power Dissipation (Ta=25°C)	USP-6C	Pd	1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) (*2)	mW
(1d-20 0)			1250 (JESD51-7 board) ^(*1)	
Operating Ambient T	emperature	Topr	-40 ~ 105	°C
Storage Tempe	Storage Temperature		-55 ~ 125	°C

 $^{^{\}star}\,\text{All}$ voltages are described based on the $V_{\text{SS}}.$

 $^{^{(^*1)}}$ Use with I_{OUT} less than Pd/(V_{IN}-V_{\text{OUT}}).

^(*2) The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-	2.5	-	5.5	V	1
On Resistance	On Besistance		-	100	110	mΩ	1)
On Resistance	R _{ON}	V _{IN} =5.0V, I _{OUT} =1.0A	-	85	104	mΩ	U
Supply Current	Iss	V _{OUT} =OPEN	-	40	75	μΑ	2
		V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =OPEN					
Stand-by Current	I _{STBY}	V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108A)	-	0.01	1.0	μΑ	2
		V _{CE} =V _{IN} (XC8108B)					
		V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =0V					
Switch Leakage Current	I _{LEAK}	V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108A)	-	0.01	1.0	μΑ	2
		V _{CE} =V _{IN} (XC8108B)					
		V _{OUT} =V _{IN} -0.3V	2.16	2.40	2.64		
Current Limit	I _{LIMT}	I _{LIM} shorted to V _{SS}	2.10	2.40	2.04	A	1
Odiforit Ellillit	ILIMI	V _{OUT} =V _{IN} -0.3V	1.16	1.34	1.52	_ ^	
		R _{ILIM} =18.4kΩ	1.10	1.01	1.02		
		V _{OUT} =0V	-	1.20	-		
Short-Circuit Current	Ishort	I _{LIM} shorted to V _{SS}	-			A	1)
		V _{OUT} =0V		0.67	0.67 -		_
		R _{ILIM} =18.4kΩ					
0 11: "0: "		V _{IN} =5.0V, V _{OUT} : OPEN→0V					
Current Limit Circuit	tclr	Measure from V _{OUT} =0V	-	2.0	-	μs	1
Response Time (*2)		to when current falls below					
		a certain I _{LIMT} value	4.5				
CE "H" Level Voltage	Vceh	V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108A series	1.5	-	5.5	V	1
		V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108B series	Vss	-	0.8		
CE "L" Level Voltage	Vcel	V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108A series	Vss	-	0.8	V	1
05		V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108B series	1.5	-	5.5		•
CE "H" Level Current	Ісен	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{CE} =5.5V	-0.1	-	0.1	μΑ	1
CE "L" Level Current	ICEL	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{CE} =0V	-0.1	-	0.1	μΑ	1
UVLO Detected Voltage	Vuvlod	V _{IN} : 2.2V→1.7V	1.8	1.9	2.0	V	1
UVLO Released Voltage	Vuvlor	V _{IN} : 1.7V→2.2V	1.9	2.0	2.1	V	1)
UVLO Hysteresis	Vuhys	-	-	0.1	-	V	1

NOTE:

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN} =5.0V, I_{OUT} =1mA, I_{LIM} = V_{SS} , V_{CE} = V_{IN} (XC8108A) or V_{CE} = V_{SS} (XC8108B)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(^\circ\!2)}}$ Design reference value. This parameter is provided only for reference.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Ta=25°C

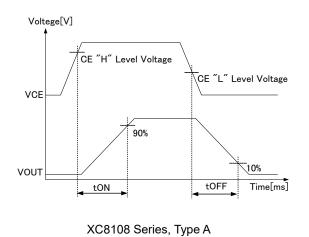
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
turn-on time	t _{ON}	R _{LOAD} =10Ω, V _{CE} =0V \rightarrow 2.2V	-	0.60	1.00	ms	1
turn-off time	t _{OFF}	R_{LOAD} =10 Ω , V_{CE} =2.2 V \rightarrow 0 V	-	0.08	0.13	ms	1
FLG output FET On-resistance	R_{FLG}	I _{FLG} =10mA, V _{OUT} =5.5V	-	15	20	Ω	3
FLG output FET Leakage Current	I _{FOFF}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{FLG} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =OPEN	ı	0.01	0.1	μΑ	3
FLC delevations	t _{FD1}	over-current condition	6.5	7.5	8.5	ms	1
FLG delay time	t _{FD2}	reverse-voltage condition	2.7	4.0	4.7	ms	1
Reverse Current	I _{REV}	V _{IN} =0V, V _{OUT} =5.5V V _{CE} =5.0V (XC8108A) V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108B)	-	0.1	1.0	μΑ	①
Reverse Current Prevention Detect Voltage	V _{REV_D}	V _{IN} : 5.0V→4.7V V _{OUT} =5.0V	-	140	-	mV	1
Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	T _{TSD}	Junction Temperature	-	150	-	°C	1
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T _{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	130	-	°C	1
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis Width	T _{HYS}	Junction Temperature	-	20	-	°C	1

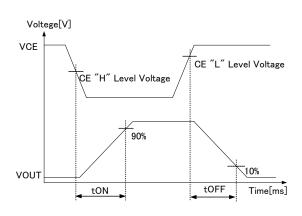
NOTE:

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN} =5.0V, I_{OUT} =1mA, I_{LIM} = V_{SS} , V_{CE} = V_{IN} (XC8108A) or V_{CE} = V_{SS} (XC8108B)

■TIMING CHART

●turn-on time, turn-off time



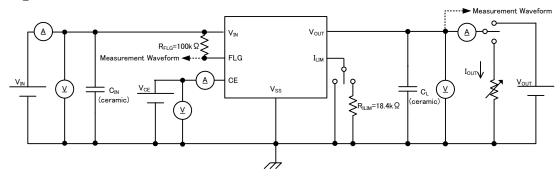


XC8108 Series, Type B

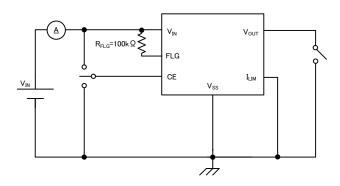
■TEST CIRCUITS

 C_{IN} =1.0 μ F, C_{L} =1.0 μ F

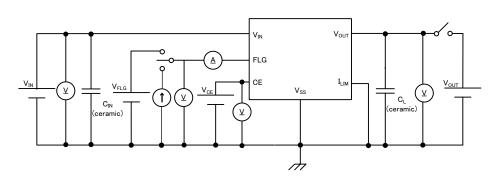
1) CIRCUIT①



2) CIRCUIT②



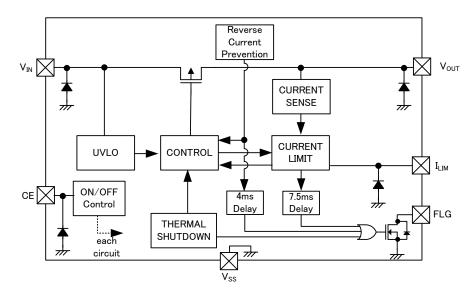
3) CIRCUIT③



■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

The XC8108 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC.

The XC8108 series consists of a CE circuit, UVLO circuit, thermal shutdown circuit, current limiter circuit, reverse current prevention circuit, control block and others. The gate voltage of the power switch transistor is controlled with control block. The current limiter circuit and reverse current prevention circuit will operate based on the output voltage and output current.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

<CE Pin>

The voltage level which is fed to CE pin controls the status of this IC. If either "H" level or "L" level which is defined as the electrical specification is fed to CE pin, then XC8108 can operate in standard manner. However, if the middle voltage which is neither "H" level nor "L" level is fed to CE pin, the consumption current will increase due to the shoot-through current at internal circuits. Also if CE pin is open, the status of XC8108 cannot be fixed and the behavior will be unstable.

<Thermal Shutdown>

For protection against heat damage of the ICs, thermal shutdown function is built in. When the internal junction temperature reaches the temperature limit, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and the power switch transistor will turn OFF. The IC resumes its operation when the thermal shutdown function is released and the IC's operation is automatically restored because the junction temperature drops to the level of the thermal shutdown release temperature. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects higher junction temperature than the detect temperature, the voltage level of FLG pin is low level. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects lower junction temperature than the release temperature, the thermal shutdown function is released and the voltage level of FLG pin is high level.

<Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) >

When the V_{IN} pin voltage goes down to lower voltage than UVLO detected voltage, the power switch transistor turns OFF by UVLO function in order to prevent false output caused by unstable operation of the internal circuitry. When the V_{IN} pin voltage goes up to higher voltage than UVLO released voltage, the UVLO function is released and the power switch transistor can turn ON.

<Soft-start Function>

The soft-start circuit can reduce the in-rush current charged on the output capacitor when IC starts up. Additionally, due to the reduction of the in-rush current, the circuit can reduce the fluctuation of the input voltage as well. The soft-start time is optimized internally and defined as turn-on time. (TYP: 0.6ms)

<Current limiter, short-circuit protection>

When the output current reaches the current limit value, the current limit function is activated.

When the current limiting function operates, the constant current limiting circuit operates to reduce the output voltage while maintaining the output current.

The short-circuit protection function operates when the output voltage drops below 0.7V (TYP.).

The behavior after the current limit or short circuit protection function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) has passed since the current limiting function was activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output. After the short-circuit protection function operates, the output current is reduced to the short-circuit current.

If the overcurrent state continues, this state is maintained.

When the overcurrent state is resolved and the state below the maximum output current continues for 7.5ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

Latch off type: D type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) elapses when the current limiting function is activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output and the switch transistor turns off. The off state is maintained regardless of whether the overcurrent state is resolved.

Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

<Current limit external adjustment function>

By connecting a resistor to the current limit external adjustment pin(I_{LIM} pin), the current limit can be set to any value. By the following equation, the current limit value can be set to any value within a range of 900mA to 2400mA. When the I_{LIM} pin is open, the switch transistor is forcibly turned off.

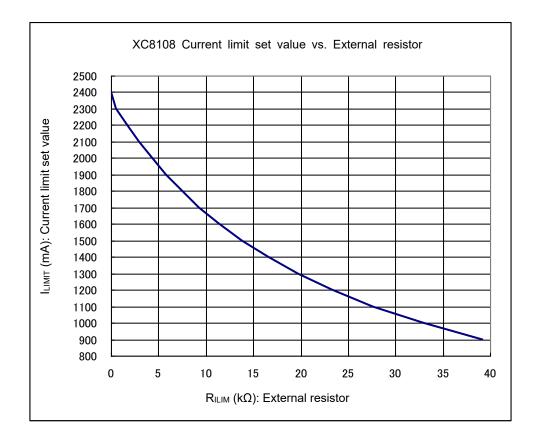
$$\begin{split} R_{\text{ILIM}}(k\Omega) &= 57207 \ / \ I_{\text{LIMIT(T)}}(\text{mA}) - 24.32(k\Omega) \\ R_{\text{ILIM}} : \text{External resistance value} \quad I_{\text{LIMIT(T)}} : \text{Current limit set value} \end{split}$$

Table1. Current limit set value

I _{LIMIT(T)} (mA)	R _{ILIM} (kΩ)	E96 External resistance value (kΩ)	Current limit value when use E96 external resistance (mA)
900	39.24	39.2	901
1000	32.89	33.2	995
1100	27.69	28.0	1093
1200	23.35	23.2	1204
1300	19.69	19.6	1303
1400	16.54	16.5	1401
1500	13.82	13.7	1505
1600	11.43	11.5	1597
1700	9.33	9.31	1701
1800	7.46	7.5	1798
1900	5.79	5.76	1902
2000	4.28	4.32	1997
2100	2.92	2.94	2099
2200	1.68	1.69	2199
2300	0.55	0.549	2300
2400	I _{LIM}	shorted to V _{SS}	2400

<Current limit external adjustment function> (Continued)

Fig1. Current limit set value



<Reverse current prevention>

An internal circuit is built in that prevents reverse current from the V_{OUT} pin to the V_{IN} pin.

When the difference between input voltage and V_{OUT} pin voltage is higher than the detect voltage set internally, the reverse current prevention circuit activates, and the power switch transistor turns off, then the reverse current from the V_{OUT} pin to the V_{IN} pin is reduced to 0.1 μ A (TYP.).

If the reverse-voltage state lasts for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin changes to Low level output.

The behavior after the reverse current prevention function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

On the auto recovery type, when the output voltage drops below the input voltage, the reverse current prevention circuit stops immediately, and the power switch transistor turns on again. If the output voltage remains lower than the input voltage for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

Latch off type: D type

On the latch off type, the power switch transistor remains in the off state even if the reverse voltage state is released. Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

<Flag function>

The flag circuit is built in which monitors the state of the power switch.

The FLG pin outputs Low level when the reverse current prevention function is operating. A resistance of $10k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$ is recommended for the FLG pin pull-up resistance.

The pull-up voltage should be 5.5V or less.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition		
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current	7.5ms(TYP.) after over-current release		
Short Protection	detection state	7.5ms(111.) and over-ouncil release		
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage detection state	4.0ms(TYP.) after reverse voltage release		
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released		
UVLO	Always High level output			
Stand-by				

Latch off type: D type

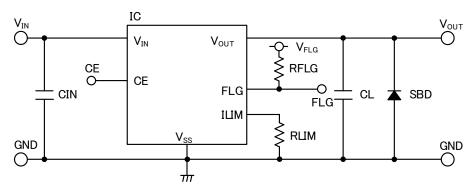
CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition			
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current	When latch operation is released			
Short Protection	release state	vviien laten operation is released			
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage release state	When latch operation is released			
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released			
UVLO	Always High level output				
Stand-by	Always High level output				

■NOTES ON USE

- 1. For the phenomenon of temporal and transitional voltage decrease or voltage increase, the IC may be damaged or deteriorated if IC is used beyond the absolute MAX. specifications.
- 2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to noise depending on output current. Please keep the resistance low between V_{IN} and V_{SS} wiring in particular.
- 3. Please place the input capacitor (C_{IN}) and the output capacitor (C_L) as close to the IC as possible. For the input or output capacitor, a capacitance of 1.0 μ F or higher is recommended.
- 4. The IC can be broken if the V_{OUT} pin voltage suddenly undershoots to a negative voltage due to an output short circuit between the V_{OUT} pin and GND, or if the VIN pin voltage overshoots after the current limiting operation and exceeds the rated voltage.

We recommend the following counter measures so that the rated voltage is not exceeded.

- (a) To suppress the amount of the undershoot by increasing the output capacitance and slowing down the rate of decreasing V_{OUT} at the time of short circuit.
- (b) To add a SBD between V_{OUT} pin and GND to suppress the undershoot of V_{OUT} pin voltage.
- (c) To increase the input capacitor to suppress the overshoot of the V_{IN} pin voltage after the current limiter is activated.



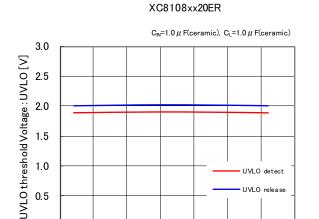
Recommended countermeasure circuit diagram

- 5. The current limit value can be adjusted by external resistor (R_{LIM}). The characteristics of the resistor influence the current limit value. Therefore, please choose the resistor with small tolerance and temperature coefficient.
- 6. It is recommended to use the output current at 80% or less of the current limit set value (ILIMIT).
- 7. Torex places an importance on improving our products and its reliability.

 However, by any possibility, we would request user fail-safe design and post-aging treatment on system or equipment.

■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) UVLO threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Ambient Temperature : Ta [°C]

50

75

100

125

25

(2) Stand-by Current vs. Input Voltage

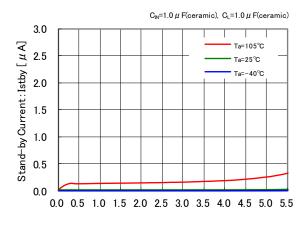
-25

0

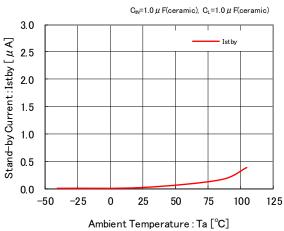
0.0 -50

(3) Stand-by Current vs. Ambient Temperature



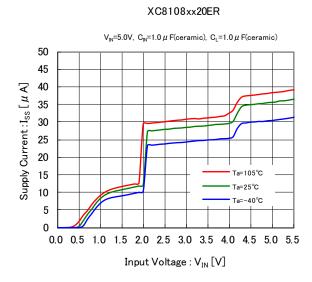


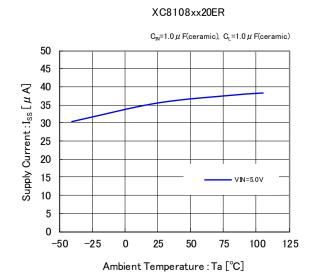
Input Voltage : $V_{IN}[V]$



XC8108xx20ER

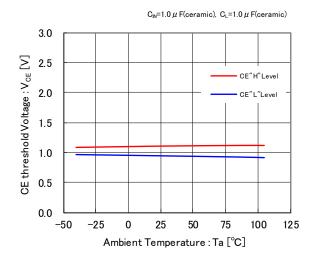
- (4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage(sweep up)
- (5) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature





(6) CE threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

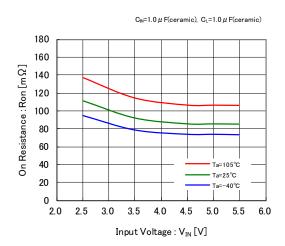




(7) On Resistance vs. Input Voltage

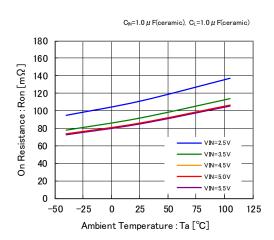
(8) On Resistance vs. Ambient Temperature





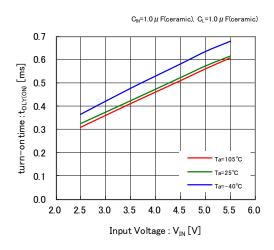
(9) turn-on time vs. Input Voltage

XC8108xx20ER



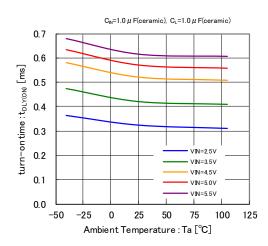
(10) turn-on time vs. Ambient Temperature

XC8108xx20ER



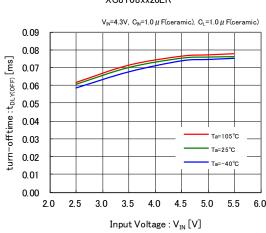
(11) turn-off time vs. Input Voltage

XC8108xx20ER

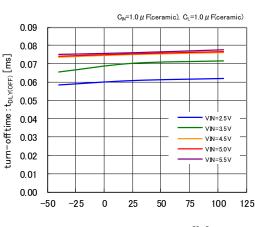


(12) turn-off time vs. Ambient Temperature

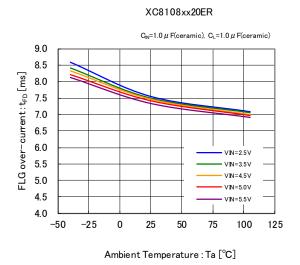
XC8108xx20ER



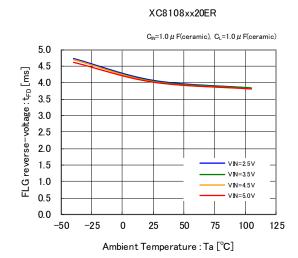
XC8108xx20ER



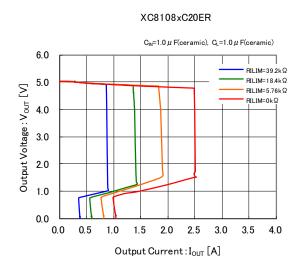
(13) FLG delay time over-current vs. Ambient Temperature



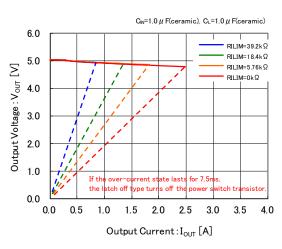
(14) FLG delay time reverse-voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



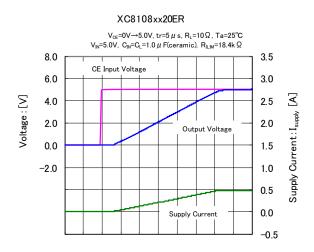
(15) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



XC8108xD20ER

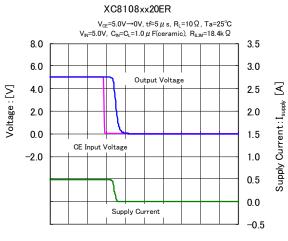


(16) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time (CL=1.0µF)



Time [100 μ s/div]

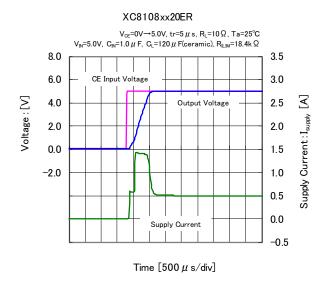
(17) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time (CL=1.0µF)

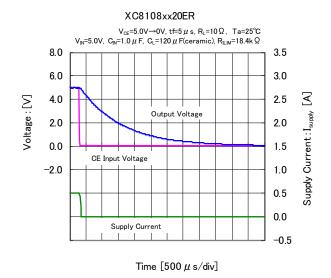


Time [100 μ s/div]

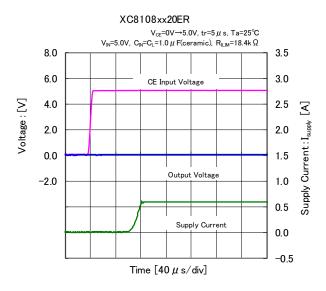
(18) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time (CL=120µF)

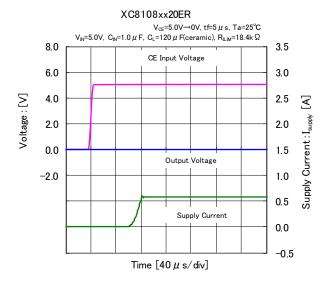
(19) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time (CL=120µF)



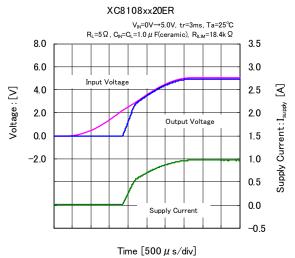


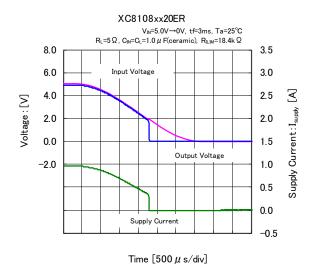
(20) Short Circuit Current, Device Enabled Into Short



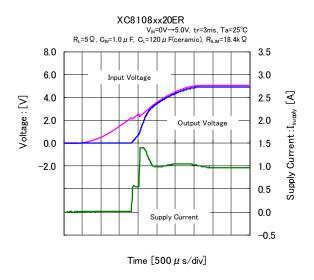


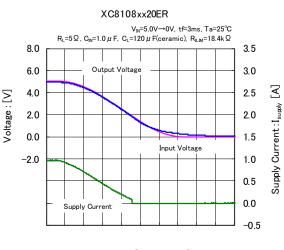
(21) UVLO Transient Response (CL=1.0µF)





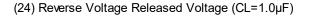
(22) UVLO Transient Response (CL=120µF)

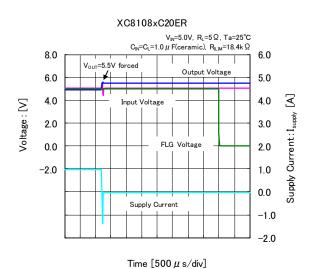


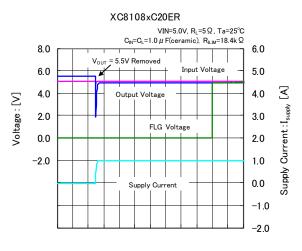


Time [500 μ s/div]

(23) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage (CL= $1.0\mu F$)





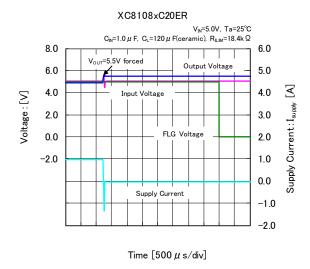


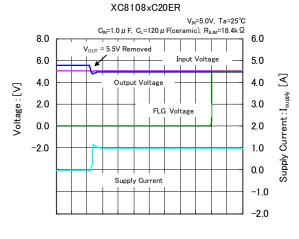
Time [500 μ s/div]

20/24

(25) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage (CL=120µF)

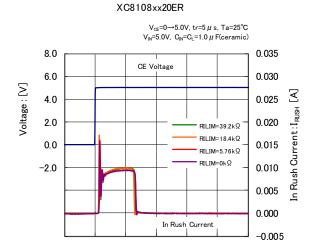
(26) Reverse Voltage Released Voltage (CL=120µF)





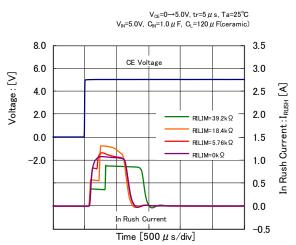
Time [500 μ s/div]

(27) CE Transient Response

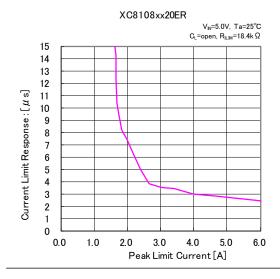


Time [500 μ s/div]

XC8108xx20ER



(28) Current Limit adapted time



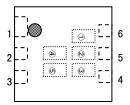
■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
USP-6C	USP-6C PKG	USP-6C Power Dissipation

■ MARKING RULE

USP-6C



① represents products series

MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
Z	XC8108*****-G

2 represents product type

MARK	CE LOGIC	PROTECTION CIRCUIT TYPE	PRODUCT
1	Active High	Auto-recovery	XC8108AC****-G
2	Active High	Latch-off	XC8108AD****-G
3	Active Low	Auto-recovery	XC8108BC****-G
4	Active Low	Latch-off	XC8108BD****-G

③ represents maximum output current

MARK	CURRENT (A)	PRODUCT SERIES	
5	2.0	XC8108**20**-G	

45 represents production lot number

01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded)

^{*} No character inversion used.

- 1. The product and product specifications contained herein are subject to change without notice to improve performance characteristics. Consult us, or our representatives before use, to confirm that the information in this datasheet is up to date.
- 2. The information in this datasheet is intended to illustrate the operation and characteristics of our products. We neither make warranties or representations with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this datasheet nor grant any license to any intellectual property rights of ours or any third party concerning with the information in this datasheet.
- Applicable export control laws and regulations should be complied and the procedures required by such laws and regulations should also be followed, when the product or any information contained in this datasheet is exported.
- 4. The product is neither intended nor warranted for use in equipment of systems which require extremely high levels of quality and/or reliability and/or a malfunction or failure which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage including but not limited to devices or equipment used in 1) nuclear facilities, 2) aerospace industry, 3) medical facilities, 4) automobile industry and other transportation industry and 5) safety devices and safety equipment to control combustions and explosions. Do not use the product for the above use unless agreed by us in writing in advance.
- 5. Although we make continuous efforts to improve the quality and reliability of our products; nevertheless Semiconductors are likely to fail with a certain probability. So in order to prevent personal injury and/or property damage resulting from such failure, customers are required to incorporate adequate safety measures in their designs, such as system fail safes, redundancy and fire prevention features.
- 6. Our products are not designed to be Radiation-resistant.
- 7. Please use the product listed in this datasheet within the specified ranges.
- 8. We assume no responsibility for damage or loss due to abnormal use.
- 9. All rights reserved. No part of this datasheet may be copied or reproduced unless agreed by Torex Semiconductor Ltd in writing in advance.

TOREX SEMICONDUCTOR LTD.