

SPECIFICATION

Part No. : PCS.06.A Havok

Product Name: Havok - Low Profile LTE/Cellular 4G/3G/2G SMD

Dielectric Antenna

Features : SMD Dielectric Antenna

GSM / CDMA / DCS / PCS / WCDMA /

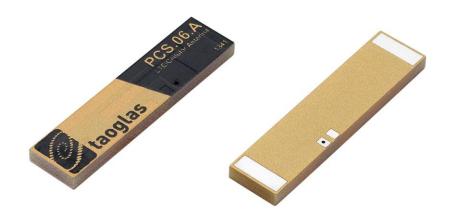
UMTS /HSDPA / GPRS / EDGE

698~960MHz/1710~2690MHz High Efficiency Multi-Band

SMD antenna

Low profile 42*10*3mm

RoHs Compliant





1. Introduction

The Havok PCS.06.A is a low profile SMT LTE/cellular 4G/3G/2G embedded antenna designed for direct SMT mount on a device PCB. It provides high efficiency in a very small factor 42*10*3mm. If tuning is required it can be tuned for the device environment, while there is no need for new tooling. Its rectangular shape and very small size makes it very easy to integrate – packaged in tape and reel, it can be mounted via pick and place to reflow solder directly on the edge of the PCB board. This antenna is recommended to be used with longer ground-plane lengths of 120mm or more to attain its highest rated efficiency, note the return loss and efficiency graphs on page 16.

The antenna is suitable for lower cost LTE/cellular applications, especially for telematics and automotive sector. Contact Taoglas local regional sales office for quick and professional support from our senior engineering team on integration and matching of the antenna to your device.



2. Specification Table

ELECTRICAL								
Frequency (MHz)	698~803	824~894	880~960	1710~1880	1850~1990	1920~2170	2500~2690	
Peak Gain (dBi)*	-0.21	0.77	0.61	3.05	2.92	3.17	3.72	
Average Gain (dBi)*	-2.52	-1.91	-2.16	-1.87	-1.85	-1.79	-2.30	
Efficiency (%)*	45%	64.38	60.99	65.02	65.36	66.19	58.99	
Return Loss (dB)*	<-7 a	<-10 typ. <-10 typ. t the band edge <-7 at the band edge			<-10 typ. <-6 at the band edge			
Polarization		Linear						
Impedance	50Ω							
Maximum Input Power	5W							
MECHANICAL								
Antenna Dimensions		42mm x 10mm x 3mm						
Material		FR4						
Weight		2.50g						
Soldering Type		SMT through Reflow						
ENVIRONMENTAL								
Operation Temp	-40°C ∼ +85°C							
Storage Temperature		-40°C ~ +85°C						

 $^{^{}st}$ all measurements were done on 123*45mm EVB board with 100mm length ground plane.

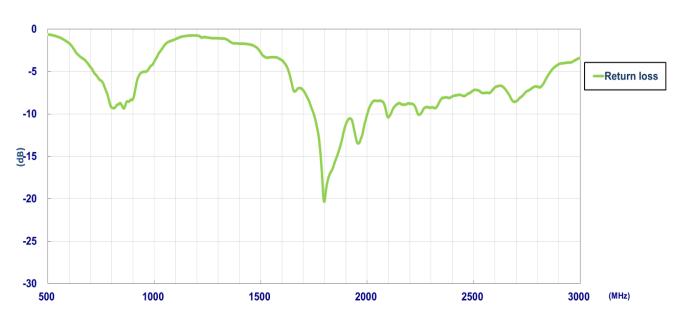


LTE BANDS								
Band Number	LTE / LTE-Advanced / WCDMA / HSPA / HSPA+ / TD-SCDMA							
	Uplink	Downlink	Covered					
1	UL: 1920 to 1980	DL: 2110 to 2170	✓					
2	UL: 1850 to 1910	DL: 1930 to 1990	✓					
3	UL: 1710 to 1785	DL: 1805 to 1880	✓					
4	UL: 1710 to 1755	DL: 2110 to 2155	✓					
5	UL: 824 to 849	DL: 869 to 894	✓					
7	UL: 2500 to 2570	DL:2620 to 2690	✓					
8	UL: 880 to 915	DL: 925 to 960	✓					
9	UL: 1749.9 to 1784.9	DL: 1844.9 to 1879.9	✓					
11	UL: 1427.9 to 1447.9	DL: 1475.9 to 1495.9	×					
12	UL: 699 to 716	DL: 729 to 746	✓					
13	UL: 777 to 787	DL: 746 to 756	✓					
14	UL: 788 to 798	DL: 758 to 768	✓					
17	UL: 704 to 716	DL: 734 to 746 (LTE only)	✓					
18	UL: 815 to 830	DL: 860 to 875 (LET only)	✓					
19	UL: 830 to 845	DL: 875 to 890	✓					
20	UL: 832 to 862	DL: 791 to 821	✓					
21	UL: 1447.9 to 1462.9	DL: 1495.9 to 1510.9	×					
22	UL: 3410 to 3490	DL: 3510 to 3590	×					
23	UL:2000 to 2020	DL: 2180 to 2200 (LTE only)	✓					
24	UL:1625.5 to 1660.5	DL: 1525 to 1559 (LTE only)	✓					
25	UL: 1850 to 1915	DL: 1930 to 1995	✓					
26	UL: 814 to 849	DL: 859 to 894	✓					
27	UL: 807 to 824	DL: 852 to 869 (LTE only)	✓					
28	UL: 703 to 748	DL: 758 to 803 (LTE only)	✓					
29	UL: -	DL: 717 to 728 (LTE only)	✓					
30	UL: 2305 to 2315	DL: 2350 to 2360 (LTE only)	✓					
31	UL: 452.5 to 457.5	DL: 462.5 to 467.5 (LTE only)	×					
32	UL: -	DL: 1452 - 1496	×					
35	1850 t	✓						
38	2570 t	✓						
39	1880 to 1920 ✓							
40	2300 to 2400 ✓							
41	2496 to 2690 ✓							
42	3400 to 3600							
43	3600 t	×						

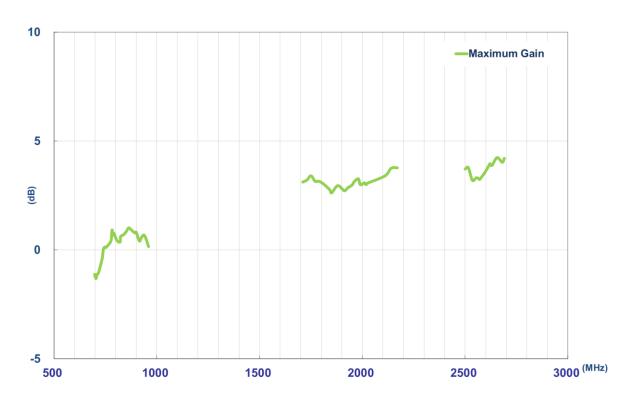


3. Antenna Characteristics

3.1. Return Loss

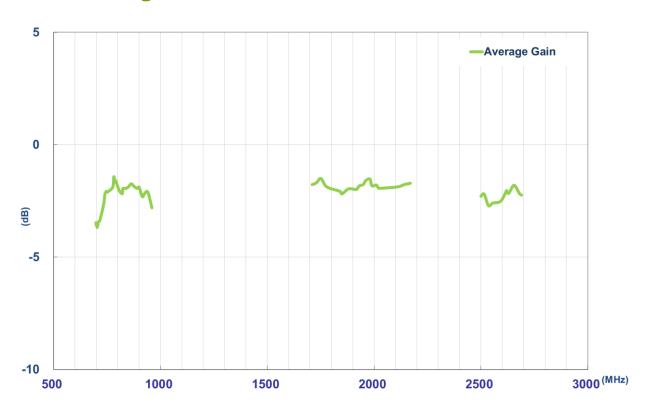


3.2. Peak Gain

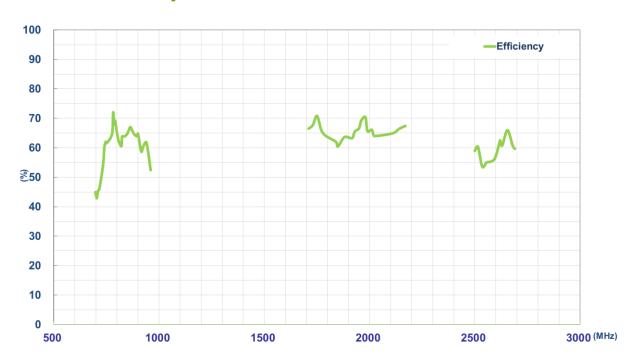




3.3. Average Gain

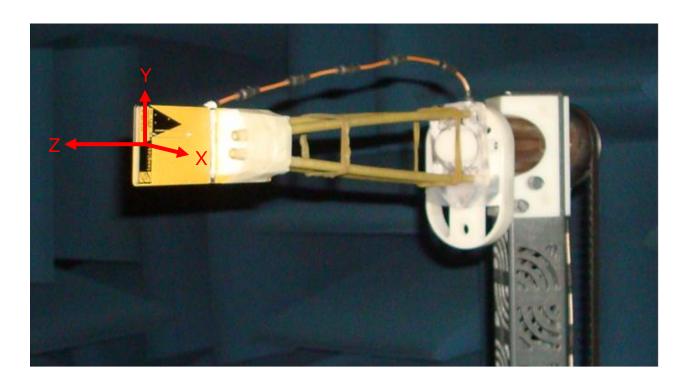


3.4. Efficiency



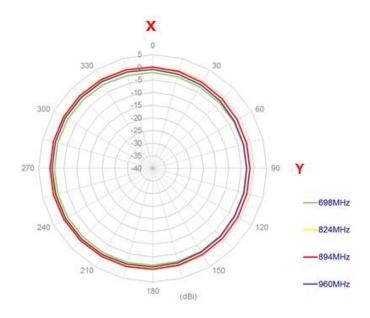


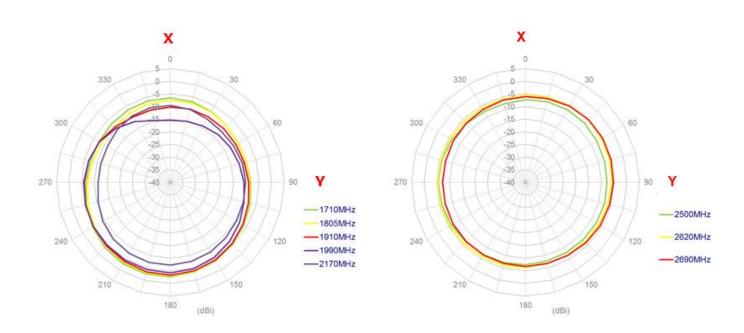
4. Radiation Patterns





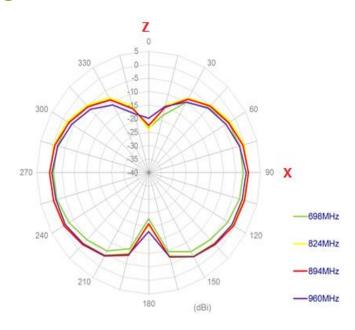
4.1. XY Plane

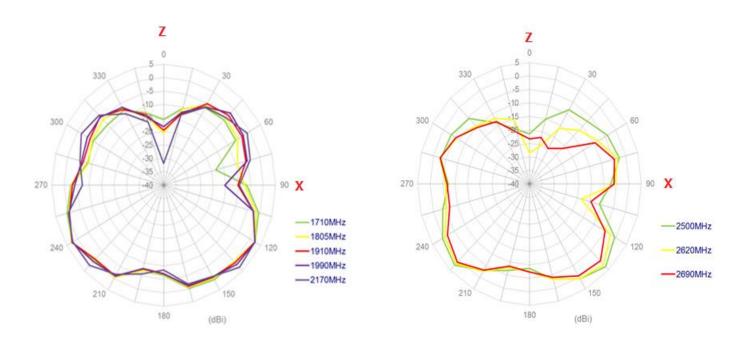






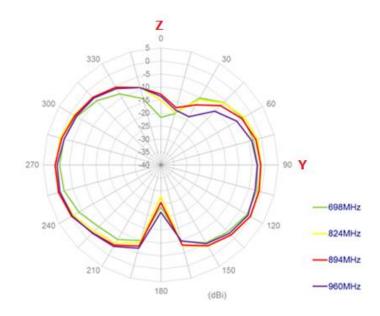
4.2. XZ Plane

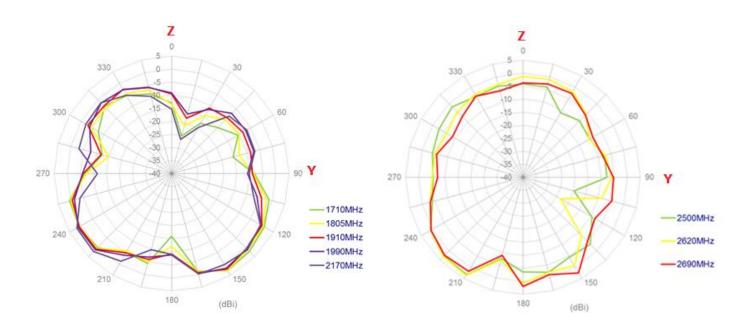






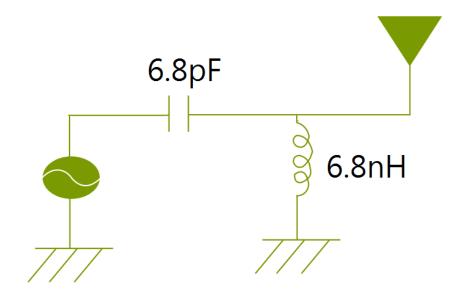
4.3. YZ Plane







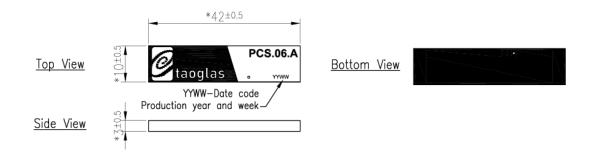
5. Matching Circuits



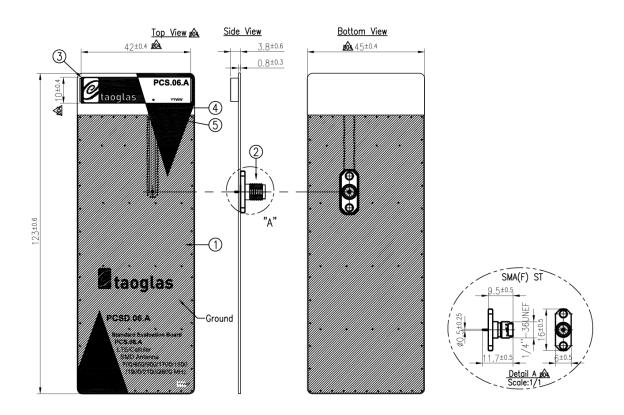


6. Drawing

6.1. PCS.06.a Antenna

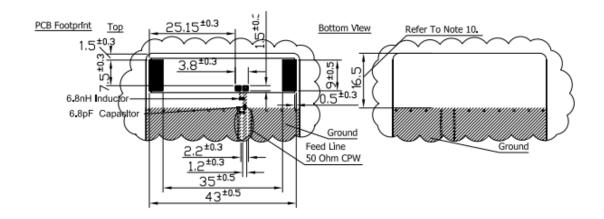


6.2. PCS.06.A antenna with Evaluation Board





7. Antenna Footprint



- 1. Week Batch Code Example: 2013 Week 10=1310

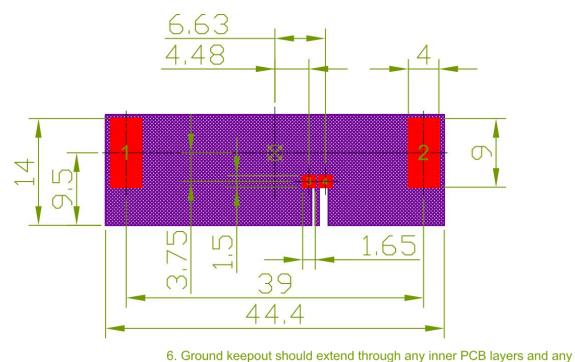
- 2. Slodered area
 3. Copper area
 4. Logo & Text Ink Printing : Black
- 5. Ground Clearance Area 6. Tin Plated 7. SIlkscreen (Black) 8. Soldermask (Gold)

- Matching Value Changes According To Ground And Layout.
 Antenna Outline For Placement Reference.
- 11." * " Critical Dimensions



7.1. Top Copper

Pads 1 and 2 are the same size, Pads 3 and 4 are the same size, Pad 4 should be connected to a 50 ohm transmission line.



sides around the antenna till the board edge to minimize coupling from RF feed to ground, except the side facing system ground.

NOTE:

1. Tin Plated area

2. Solder Mask area

3. Copper area

4. Paste area

7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.

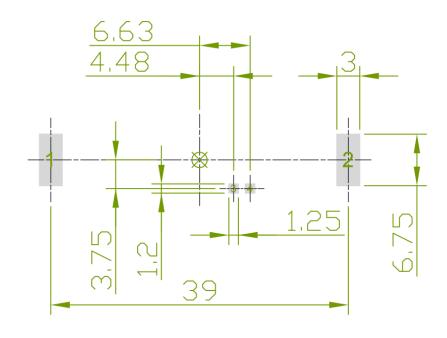
8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines

5. Keepout Region area 9. " * " Critical Dimensions.



7.2. Top Solder Paste

Pads 1 and 2 are the same size, Pads 3 and 4 are the same size.



NOTE:

1. Tin Plated area

- 2. Solder Mask area
- 3. Copper area
- 4. Paste area

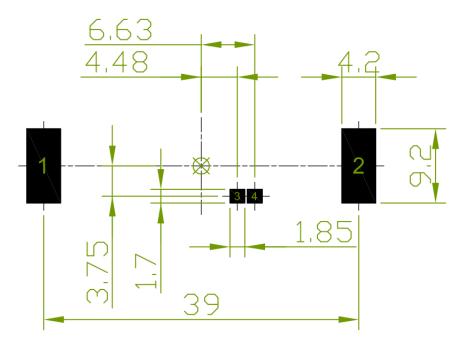
6. Ground keepout should extend through any inner PCB layers and any sides around the antenna till the board edge to minimize coupling from RF feed to ground, except the side facing system ground.



- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines
- 5. Keepout Region area 9. " * " Critical Dimensions.



7.3. Top Solder Mask

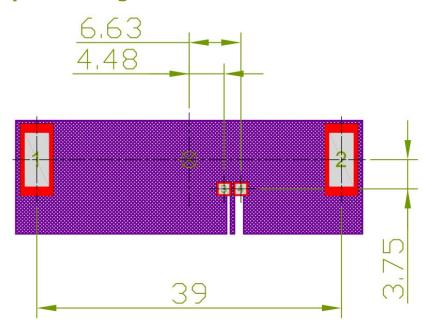


NOTE:

- 1. Tin Plated area
- 2. Solder Mask area
- 3. Copper area
- 4. Paste area
- 5. Keepout Region area
- 6. Ground keepout should extend through any inner PCB layers and any sides around the antenna till the board edge to minimize coupling from RF feed to ground, except the side facing system ground.
- 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.
- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines
 9. " * " Critical Dimensions.



7.4. Composite Diagram

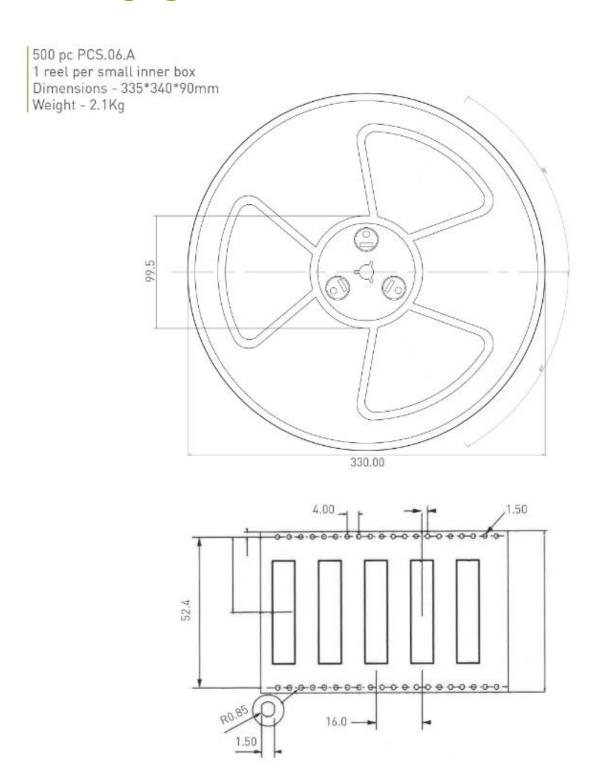


NOTE:

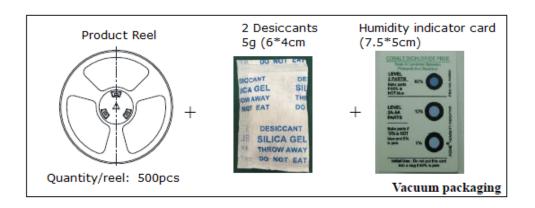
- 1. Tin Plated area
- 2. Solder Mask area
- 3. Copper area
- 4. Paste area
- 6. Ground keepout should extend through any inner PCB layers and any sides around the antenna till the board edge to minimize coupling from RF feed to ground, except the side facing system ground.
- 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.
- 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing 4. Paste area guidelines5. Keepout Region area guidelines9. " * " Critical Dimensions.



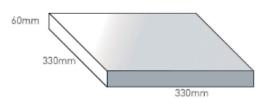
8. Packaging



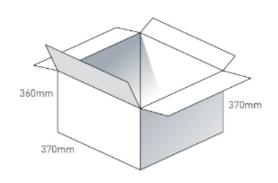




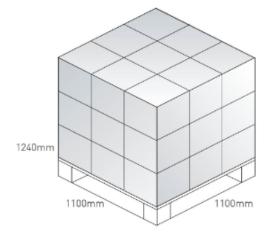
500 pc PCS.06.A / 1 reel in small inner box Dimensions - 335*340*90mm Weight - 2.1Kg



4 boxes / 2000 pcs in one carton Carton Dimensions - 370*360*370mm Weight - 9.2Kg



Pallet Dimensions 1100*1100*1240mm 27 Cartons per Pallet 9 Cartons per layer 3 Layers

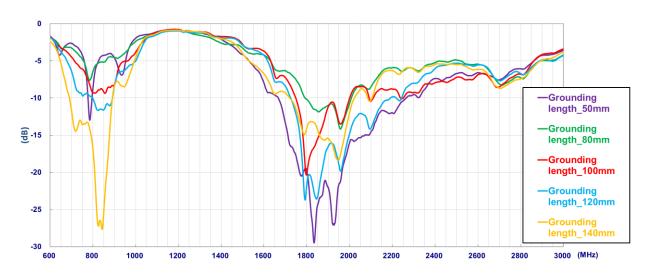




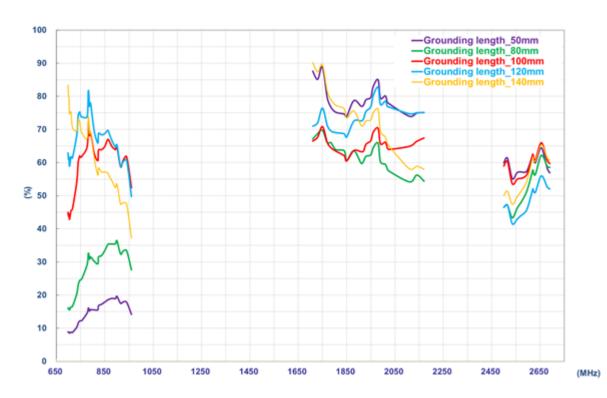
9. Application Note

Investigations of PCS.06.A antenna performance on different lengths of ground plane were conducted, the return loss is shown as below.

9.1. Return Loss



9.2. Efficiency





9.3. Peak Gain



9.4. Average Gain





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