

HIGH RIPPLE-REJECTION LOW DROPOUT HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR

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Rev.2.0_01

The S-13A1 Series is a positive voltage regulator with a low dropout voltage, high-accuracy output voltage, and low current consumption developed based on CMOS technology.

A 2.2 μ F small ceramic capacitor can be used, and the very small dropout voltage and the large output current due to the built-in transistor with low on-resistance are provided. The S-13A1 Series includes a load current protection circuit that prevents the output current from exceeding the current capacity of the output transistor and a thermal shutdown circuit that prevents damage due to overheating. In addition to the types in which output voltage is set inside the IC, a type for which output voltage can be set via an external resistor is added to a lineup. Also, the S-13A1 Series includes an inrush current limit circuit to limit the excess inrush current generated at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON. High heat radiation HSOP-8A and HSOP-6 or small SOT-89-5 and HSNT-6A packages realize high-density mounting.

■ Features

- Output voltage (internally set): 1.0 V to 3.5 V, selectable in 0.05 V step
- Output voltage (externally set): 1.05 V to 5.0 V, settable via external resistor (HSOP-8A, HSOP-6 and SOT-89-5 only)
- Input voltage: 1.5 V to 5.5 V
- Output voltage accuracy: $\pm 1.0\%$ (internally set, 1.0 V to 1.45 V output product: ± 15 mV)
- Dropout voltage: 70 mV typ. (3.0 V output product, $I_{OUT} = 300$ mA)
- Current consumption: During operation: 60 μ A typ., 90 μ A max.
During power-off: 0.1 μ A typ., 1.0 μ A max.
- Output current: Possible to output 1000 mA ($V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0$ V)*1
- Input and output capacitors: A ceramic capacitor of 2.2 μ F or more can be used.
- Ripple rejection: 70 dB typ. ($f = 1.0$ kHz)
- Built-in overcurrent protection circuit: Limits overcurrent of output transistor.
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit: Prevents damage caused by heat.
- Built-in inrush current limit circuit: Limits excessive inrush current generated at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON.
For types in which output voltage is internally set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6 and SOT-89-5 inrush current limit time can be changed via an external capacitor (C_{SS}).
Inrush current limit time 0.7 ms typ.
(types in which output voltage is internally set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6 SOT-89-5, $C_{SS} = 1.0$ nF)
Inrush current limit time 0.4 ms typ.
(types in which output voltage is internally set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5, SSC pin = open)
Inrush current limit time 0.4 ms typ.
(types in which output voltage is externally set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5, types in which output voltage is internally set of HSNT-6A*2)
- Built-in ON / OFF circuit: Ensures long battery life.
- Pull-down resistor is selectable.
- Discharge shunt function is selectable.
- Operation temperature range: $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
- Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free

*1. Please make sure that the loss of the IC will not exceed the power dissipation when the output current is large.

*2. Types in which output voltage is externally set are unavailable.

■ Applications

- Constant-voltage power supply for battery-powered device
- Constant-voltage power supply for TV, notebook PC and home electric appliance
- Constant-voltage power supply for portable equipment

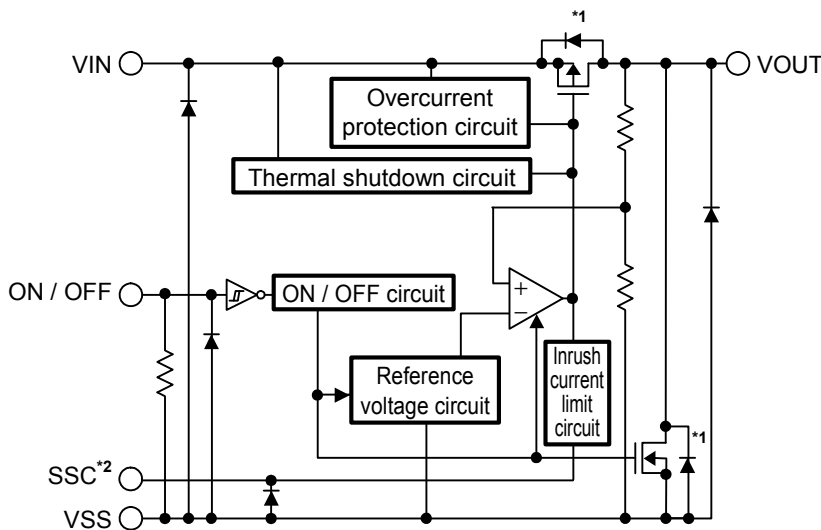
■ Packages

- HSOP-8A
- HSOP-6
- SOT-89-5
- HSNT-6A

■ **Block Diagrams**

1. Types in which output voltage is internally set

1.1 S-13A1 Series A type (S-13A1Axx)



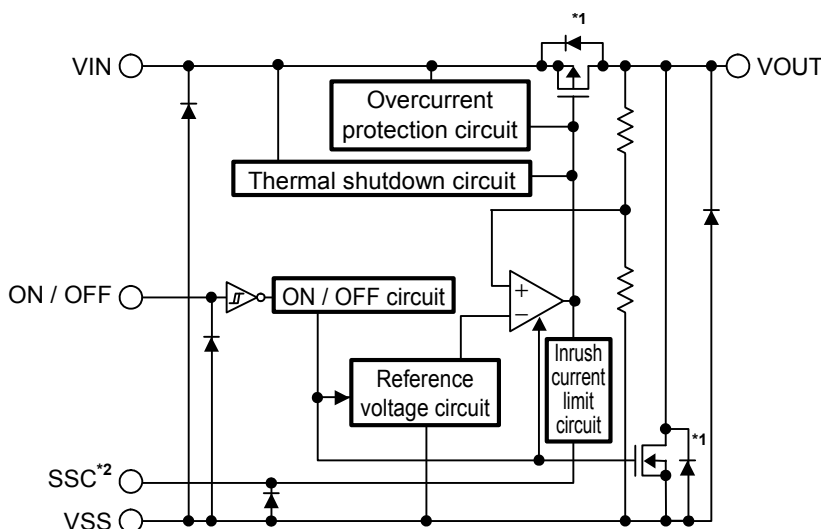
Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Available
Pull-down resistor	Available

*1. Parasitic diode

*2. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

Figure 1

1.2 S-13A1 Series B type (S-13A1Bxx)



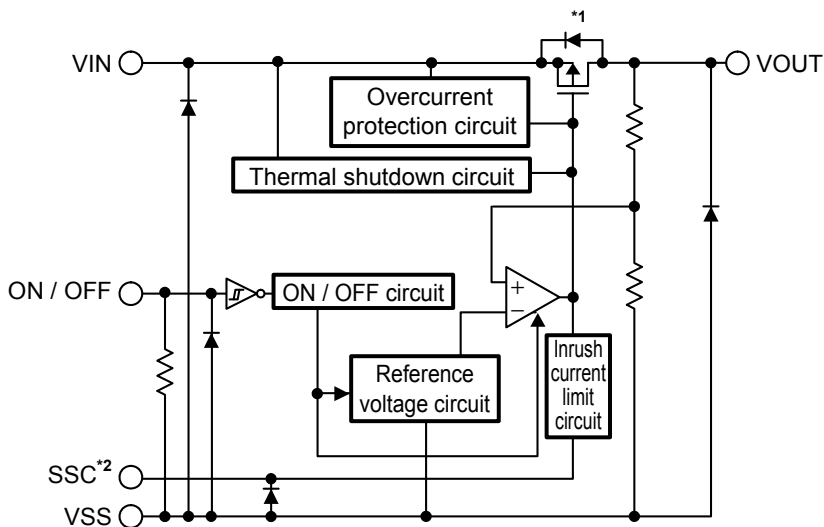
Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Available
Pull-down resistor	Unavailable

*1. Parasitic diode

*2. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

Figure 2

1.3 S-13A1 Series C type (S-13A1Cxx)

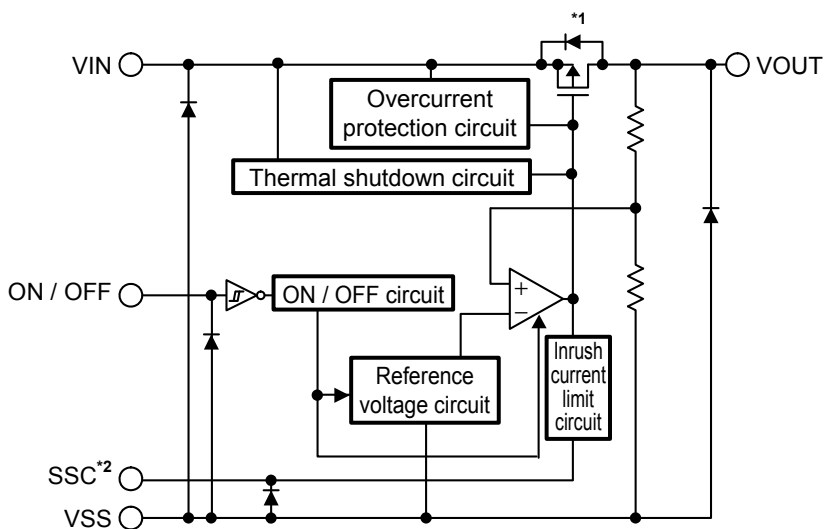


Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Unavailable
Pull-down resistor	Available

- *1. Parasitic diode
- *2. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

Figure 3

1.4 S-13A1 Series D type (S-13A1Dxx)



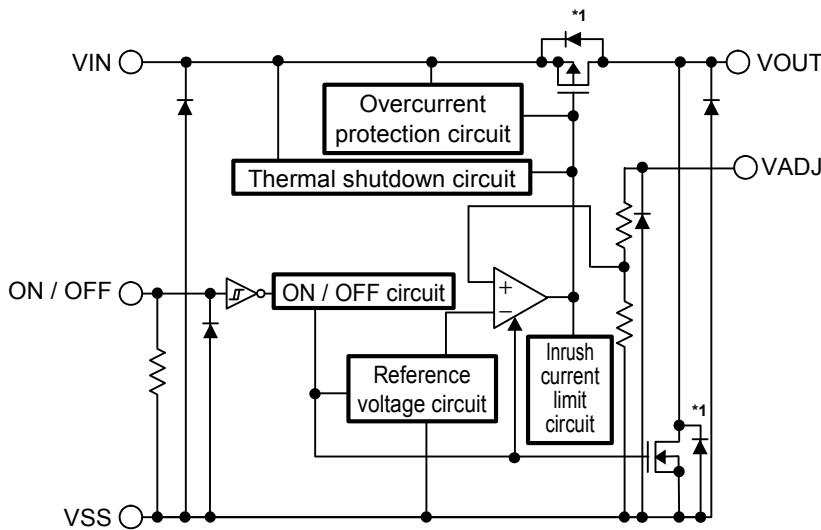
Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Unavailable
Pull-down resistor	Unavailable

- *1. Parasitic diode
- *2. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

Figure 4

2. Types in which output voltage is externally set (HSOP-8A, HSOP-6 and SOT-89-5 only)

2.1 S-13A1 Series A type (S-13A1A00)

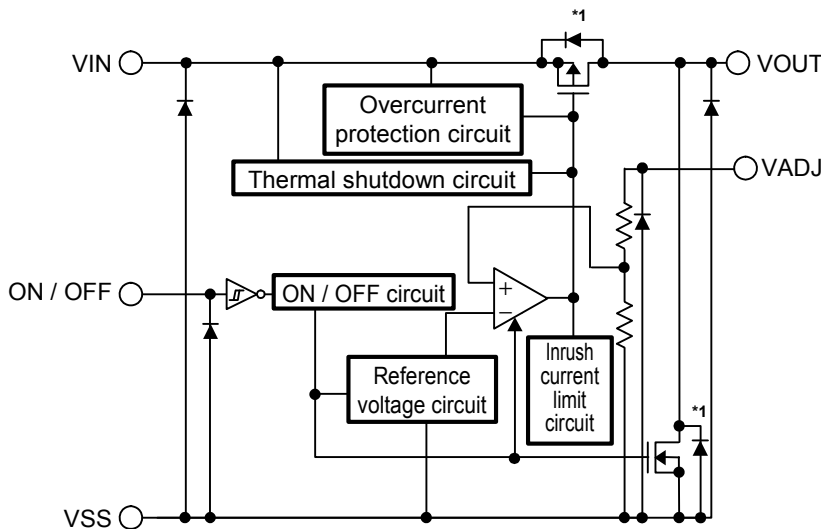


Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Available
Pull-down resistor	Available

*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 5

2.2 S-13A1 Series B type (S-13A1B00)

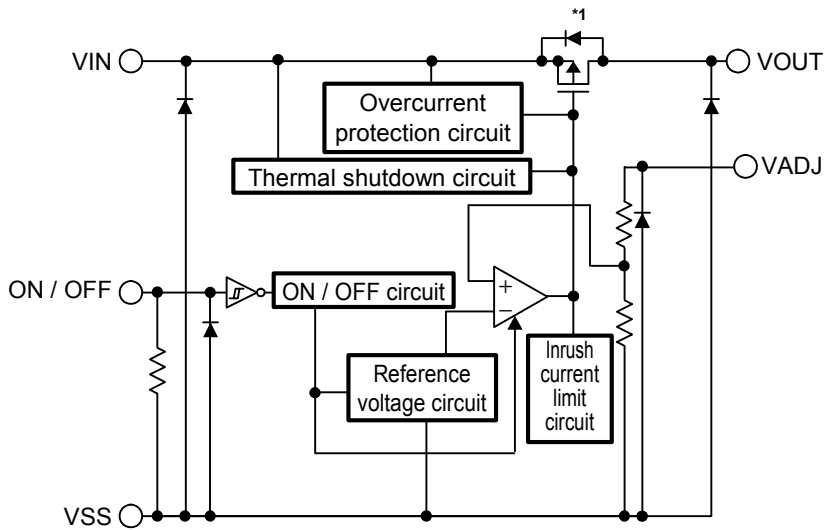


Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Available
Pull-down resistor	Unavailable

*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 6

2.3 S-13A1 Series C type (S-13A1C00)

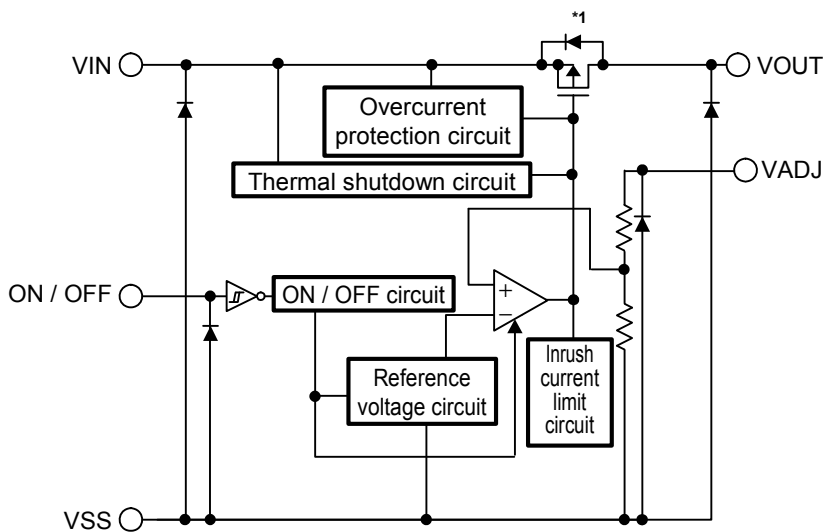


Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Unavailable
Pull-down resistor	Available

*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 7

2.4 S-13A1 Series D type (S-13A1D00)



Function	Status
ON / OFF logic	Active "H"
Discharge shunt function	Unavailable
Pull-down resistor	Unavailable

*1. Parasitic diode

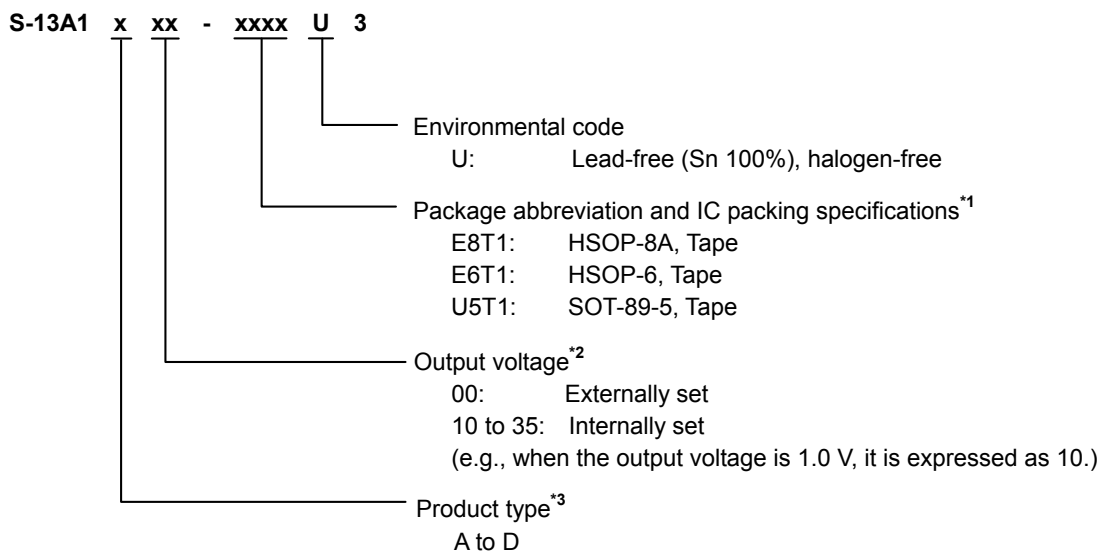
Figure 8

■ Product Name Structure

Users can select the product type, output voltage, and package type for the S-13A1 Series. Refer to "1. Product name" regarding the contents of product name, "2. Function list of product type" regarding the product type, "3. Packages" regarding the package drawings, "4. Product name list" regarding details of the product name.

1. Product name

1.1 HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5

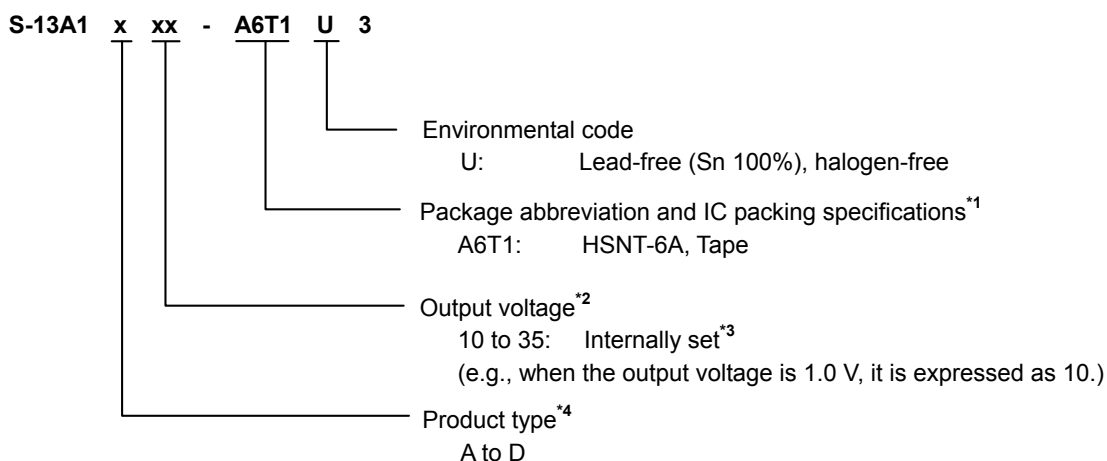


*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

*2. If you request the product which has 0.05 V step, contact our sales office.

*3. Refer to "2. Function list of product type".

1.2 HSNT-6A



*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

*2. If you request the product which has 0.05 V step, contact our sales office.

*3. Types in which output voltage is externally set are unavailable.

*4. Refer to "2. Function list of product type".

2. Function list of product type

Table 1

Product Type	ON / OFF Logic	Discharge Shunt Function	Pull-down Resistor	Output Voltage	Inrush Current Limit Time	Package
A	Active "H"	Available	Available	Internally set	Adjustable via an external capacitor (C _{SS})	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
					Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSNT-6A
				Externally set	Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
B	Active "H"	Available	Unavailable	Internally set	Adjustable via an external capacitor (C _{SS})	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
					Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSNT-6A
				Externally set	Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
C	Active "H"	Unavailable	Available	Internally set	Adjustable via an external capacitor (C _{SS})	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
					Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSNT-6A
				Externally set	Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
D	Active "H"	Unavailable	Unavailable	Internally set	Adjustable via an external capacitor (C _{SS})	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5
					Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSNT-6A
				Externally set	Fixed to 0.4 ms typ.	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5

Remark Only types in which output voltage is internally set are available for HSNT-6A package. Moreover, inrush current limit time is fixed to 0.4 ms typ. that can not be changed.

3. Packages

Table 2 Package Drawing Codes

Package Name	Dimension	Tape	Reel	Land	Stencil Opening
HSOP-8A	FH008-Z-P-SD FH008-Z-P-S1	FH008-Z-C-SD FH008-Z-C-S1	FH008-Z-R-SD	FH008-Z-L-SD	–
HSOP-6	FH006-A-P-SD	FH006-A-C-SD	FH006-A-R-S1	FH006-A-L-SD	–
SOT-89-5	UP005-A-P-SD	UP005-A-C-SD	UP005-A-R-SD	–	–
HSNT-6A	PJ006-A-P-SD	PJ006-A-C-SD	PJ006-A-R-SD	PJ006-A-LM-SD	PJ006-A-LM-SD

HIGH RIPPLE-REJECTION LOW DROPOUT HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR

S-13A1 Series

Rev.2.0_01

4. Product name list

4.1 S-13A1 Series A type

ON / OFF logic: Active "H"
 Discharge shunt function: Available Pull-down resistor: Available

Table 3

Output Voltage	HSOP-8A	HSOP-6	SOT-89-5	HSNT-6A
Externally set	S-13A1A00-E8T1U3	S-13A1A00-E6T1U3	S-13A1A00-U5T1U3	–
1.0 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A10-E8T1U3	S-13A1A10-E6T1U3	S-13A1A10-U5T1U3	S-13A1A10-A6T1U3
1.1 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A11-E8T1U3	S-13A1A11-E6T1U3	S-13A1A11-U5T1U3	S-13A1A11-A6T1U3
1.2 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A12-E8T1U3	S-13A1A12-E6T1U3	S-13A1A12-U5T1U3	S-13A1A12-A6T1U3
1.25 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A1C-E8T1U3	S-13A1A1C-E6T1U3	S-13A1A1C-U5T1U3	S-13A1A1C-A6T1U3
1.3 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A13-E8T1U3	S-13A1A13-E6T1U3	S-13A1A13-U5T1U3	S-13A1A13-A6T1U3
1.4 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1A14-E8T1U3	S-13A1A14-E6T1U3	S-13A1A14-U5T1U3	S-13A1A14-A6T1U3
1.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A15-E8T1U3	S-13A1A15-E6T1U3	S-13A1A15-U5T1U3	S-13A1A15-A6T1U3
1.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A16-E8T1U3	S-13A1A16-E6T1U3	S-13A1A16-U5T1U3	S-13A1A16-A6T1U3
1.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A17-E8T1U3	S-13A1A17-E6T1U3	S-13A1A17-U5T1U3	S-13A1A17-A6T1U3
1.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A18-E8T1U3	S-13A1A18-E6T1U3	S-13A1A18-U5T1U3	S-13A1A18-A6T1U3
1.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A1J-E8T1U3	S-13A1A1J-E6T1U3	S-13A1A1J-U5T1U3	S-13A1A1J-A6T1U3
1.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A19-E8T1U3	S-13A1A19-E6T1U3	S-13A1A19-U5T1U3	S-13A1A19-A6T1U3
2.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A20-E8T1U3	S-13A1A20-E6T1U3	S-13A1A20-U5T1U3	S-13A1A20-A6T1U3
2.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A21-E8T1U3	S-13A1A21-E6T1U3	S-13A1A21-U5T1U3	S-13A1A21-A6T1U3
2.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A22-E8T1U3	S-13A1A22-E6T1U3	S-13A1A22-U5T1U3	S-13A1A22-A6T1U3
2.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A23-E8T1U3	S-13A1A23-E6T1U3	S-13A1A23-U5T1U3	S-13A1A23-A6T1U3
2.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A24-E8T1U3	S-13A1A24-E6T1U3	S-13A1A24-U5T1U3	S-13A1A24-A6T1U3
2.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A25-E8T1U3	S-13A1A25-E6T1U3	S-13A1A25-U5T1U3	S-13A1A25-A6T1U3
2.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A26-E8T1U3	S-13A1A26-E6T1U3	S-13A1A26-U5T1U3	S-13A1A26-A6T1U3
2.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A27-E8T1U3	S-13A1A27-E6T1U3	S-13A1A27-U5T1U3	S-13A1A27-A6T1U3
2.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A28-E8T1U3	S-13A1A28-E6T1U3	S-13A1A28-U5T1U3	S-13A1A28-A6T1U3
2.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A2J-E8T1U3	S-13A1A2J-E6T1U3	S-13A1A2J-U5T1U3	S-13A1A2J-A6T1U3
2.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A29-E8T1U3	S-13A1A29-E6T1U3	S-13A1A29-U5T1U3	S-13A1A29-A6T1U3
3.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A30-E8T1U3	S-13A1A30-E6T1U3	S-13A1A30-U5T1U3	S-13A1A30-A6T1U3
3.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A31-E8T1U3	S-13A1A31-E6T1U3	S-13A1A31-U5T1U3	S-13A1A31-A6T1U3
3.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A32-E8T1U3	S-13A1A32-E6T1U3	S-13A1A32-U5T1U3	S-13A1A32-A6T1U3
3.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A33-E8T1U3	S-13A1A33-E6T1U3	S-13A1A33-U5T1U3	S-13A1A33-A6T1U3
3.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A34-E8T1U3	S-13A1A34-E6T1U3	S-13A1A34-U5T1U3	S-13A1A34-A6T1U3
3.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1A35-E8T1U3	S-13A1A35-E6T1U3	S-13A1A35-U5T1U3	S-13A1A35-A6T1U3

Remark Please contact our sales office for products with specifications other than the above.

4.2 S-13A1 Series B type

ON / OFF logic: Active "H"
 Discharge shunt function: Available Pull-down resistor: Unavailable

Table 4

Output Voltage	HSOP-8A	HSOP-6	SOT-89-5	HSNT-6A
Externally set	S-13A1B00-E8T1U3	S-13A1B00-E6T1U3	S-13A1B00-U5T1U3	–
1.0 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B10-E8T1U3	S-13A1B10-E6T1U3	S-13A1B10-U5T1U3	S-13A1B10-A6T1U3
1.1 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B11-E8T1U3	S-13A1B11-E6T1U3	S-13A1B11-U5T1U3	S-13A1B11-A6T1U3
1.2 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B12-E8T1U3	S-13A1B12-E6T1U3	S-13A1B12-U5T1U3	S-13A1B12-A6T1U3
1.25 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B1C-E8T1U3	S-13A1B1C-E6T1U3	S-13A1B1C-U5T1U3	S-13A1B1C-A6T1U3
1.3 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B13-E8T1U3	S-13A1B13-E6T1U3	S-13A1B13-U5T1U3	S-13A1B13-A6T1U3
1.4 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1B14-E8T1U3	S-13A1B14-E6T1U3	S-13A1B14-U5T1U3	S-13A1B14-A6T1U3
1.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B15-E8T1U3	S-13A1B15-E6T1U3	S-13A1B15-U5T1U3	S-13A1B15-A6T1U3
1.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B16-E8T1U3	S-13A1B16-E6T1U3	S-13A1B16-U5T1U3	S-13A1B16-A6T1U3
1.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B17-E8T1U3	S-13A1B17-E6T1U3	S-13A1B17-U5T1U3	S-13A1B17-A6T1U3
1.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B18-E8T1U3	S-13A1B18-E6T1U3	S-13A1B18-U5T1U3	S-13A1B18-A6T1U3
1.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B1J-E8T1U3	S-13A1B1J-E6T1U3	S-13A1B1J-U5T1U3	S-13A1B1J-A6T1U3
1.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B19-E8T1U3	S-13A1B19-E6T1U3	S-13A1B19-U5T1U3	S-13A1B19-A6T1U3
2.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B20-E8T1U3	S-13A1B20-E6T1U3	S-13A1B20-U5T1U3	S-13A1B20-A6T1U3
2.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B21-E8T1U3	S-13A1B21-E6T1U3	S-13A1B21-U5T1U3	S-13A1B21-A6T1U3
2.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B22-E8T1U3	S-13A1B22-E6T1U3	S-13A1B22-U5T1U3	S-13A1B22-A6T1U3
2.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B23-E8T1U3	S-13A1B23-E6T1U3	S-13A1B23-U5T1U3	S-13A1B23-A6T1U3
2.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B24-E8T1U3	S-13A1B24-E6T1U3	S-13A1B24-U5T1U3	S-13A1B24-A6T1U3
2.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B25-E8T1U3	S-13A1B25-E6T1U3	S-13A1B25-U5T1U3	S-13A1B25-A6T1U3
2.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B26-E8T1U3	S-13A1B26-E6T1U3	S-13A1B26-U5T1U3	S-13A1B26-A6T1U3
2.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B27-E8T1U3	S-13A1B27-E6T1U3	S-13A1B27-U5T1U3	S-13A1B27-A6T1U3
2.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B28-E8T1U3	S-13A1B28-E6T1U3	S-13A1B28-U5T1U3	S-13A1B28-A6T1U3
2.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B2J-E8T1U3	S-13A1B2J-E6T1U3	S-13A1B2J-U5T1U3	S-13A1B2J-A6T1U3
2.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B29-E8T1U3	S-13A1B29-E6T1U3	S-13A1B29-U5T1U3	S-13A1B29-A6T1U3
3.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B30-E8T1U3	S-13A1B30-E6T1U3	S-13A1B30-U5T1U3	S-13A1B30-A6T1U3
3.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B31-E8T1U3	S-13A1B31-E6T1U3	S-13A1B31-U5T1U3	S-13A1B31-A6T1U3
3.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B32-E8T1U3	S-13A1B32-E6T1U3	S-13A1B32-U5T1U3	S-13A1B32-A6T1U3
3.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B33-E8T1U3	S-13A1B33-E6T1U3	S-13A1B33-U5T1U3	S-13A1B33-A6T1U3
3.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B34-E8T1U3	S-13A1B34-E6T1U3	S-13A1B34-U5T1U3	S-13A1B34-A6T1U3
3.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1B35-E8T1U3	S-13A1B35-E6T1U3	S-13A1B35-U5T1U3	S-13A1B35-A6T1U3

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HIGH RIPPLE-REJECTION LOW DROPOUT HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR

S-13A1 Series

Rev.2.0_01

4.3 S-13A1 Series C type

ON / OFF logic: Active "H"
 Discharge shunt function: Unavailable Pull-down resistor: Available

Table 5

Output Voltage	HSOP-8A	HSOP-6	SOT-89-5	HSNT-6A
Externally set	S-13A1C00-E8T1U3	S-13A1C00-E6T1U3	S-13A1C00-U5T1U3	–
1.0 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C10-E8T1U3	S-13A1C10-E6T1U3	S-13A1C10-U5T1U3	S-13A1C10-A6T1U3
1.1 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C11-E8T1U3	S-13A1C11-E6T1U3	S-13A1C11-U5T1U3	S-13A1C11-A6T1U3
1.2 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C12-E8T1U3	S-13A1C12-E6T1U3	S-13A1C12-U5T1U3	S-13A1C12-A6T1U3
1.25 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C1C-E8T1U3	S-13A1C1C-E6T1U3	S-13A1C1C-U5T1U3	S-13A1C1C-A6T1U3
1.3 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C13-E8T1U3	S-13A1C13-E6T1U3	S-13A1C13-U5T1U3	S-13A1C13-A6T1U3
1.4 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1C14-E8T1U3	S-13A1C14-E6T1U3	S-13A1C14-U5T1U3	S-13A1C14-A6T1U3
1.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C15-E8T1U3	S-13A1C15-E6T1U3	S-13A1C15-U5T1U3	S-13A1C15-A6T1U3
1.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C16-E8T1U3	S-13A1C16-E6T1U3	S-13A1C16-U5T1U3	S-13A1C16-A6T1U3
1.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C17-E8T1U3	S-13A1C17-E6T1U3	S-13A1C17-U5T1U3	S-13A1C17-A6T1U3
1.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C18-E8T1U3	S-13A1C18-E6T1U3	S-13A1C18-U5T1U3	S-13A1C18-A6T1U3
1.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C1J-E8T1U3	S-13A1C1J-E6T1U3	S-13A1C1J-U5T1U3	S-13A1C1J-A6T1U3
1.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C19-E8T1U3	S-13A1C19-E6T1U3	S-13A1C19-U5T1U3	S-13A1C19-A6T1U3
2.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C20-E8T1U3	S-13A1C20-E6T1U3	S-13A1C20-U5T1U3	S-13A1C20-A6T1U3
2.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C21-E8T1U3	S-13A1C21-E6T1U3	S-13A1C21-U5T1U3	S-13A1C21-A6T1U3
2.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C22-E8T1U3	S-13A1C22-E6T1U3	S-13A1C22-U5T1U3	S-13A1C22-A6T1U3
2.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C23-E8T1U3	S-13A1C23-E6T1U3	S-13A1C23-U5T1U3	S-13A1C23-A6T1U3
2.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C24-E8T1U3	S-13A1C24-E6T1U3	S-13A1C24-U5T1U3	S-13A1C24-A6T1U3
2.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C25-E8T1U3	S-13A1C25-E6T1U3	S-13A1C25-U5T1U3	S-13A1C25-A6T1U3
2.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C26-E8T1U3	S-13A1C26-E6T1U3	S-13A1C26-U5T1U3	S-13A1C26-A6T1U3
2.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C27-E8T1U3	S-13A1C27-E6T1U3	S-13A1C27-U5T1U3	S-13A1C27-A6T1U3
2.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C28-E8T1U3	S-13A1C28-E6T1U3	S-13A1C28-U5T1U3	S-13A1C28-A6T1U3
2.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C2J-E8T1U3	S-13A1C2J-E6T1U3	S-13A1C2J-U5T1U3	S-13A1C2J-A6T1U3
2.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C29-E8T1U3	S-13A1C29-E6T1U3	S-13A1C29-U5T1U3	S-13A1C29-A6T1U3
3.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C30-E8T1U3	S-13A1C30-E6T1U3	S-13A1C30-U5T1U3	S-13A1C30-A6T1U3
3.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C31-E8T1U3	S-13A1C31-E6T1U3	S-13A1C31-U5T1U3	S-13A1C31-A6T1U3
3.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C32-E8T1U3	S-13A1C32-E6T1U3	S-13A1C32-U5T1U3	S-13A1C32-A6T1U3
3.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C33-E8T1U3	S-13A1C33-E6T1U3	S-13A1C33-U5T1U3	S-13A1C33-A6T1U3
3.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C34-E8T1U3	S-13A1C34-E6T1U3	S-13A1C34-U5T1U3	S-13A1C34-A6T1U3
3.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1C35-E8T1U3	S-13A1C35-E6T1U3	S-13A1C35-U5T1U3	S-13A1C35-A6T1U3

Remark Please contact our sales office for products with specifications other than the above.

4.4 S-13A1 Series D type

ON / OFF logic: Active "H"
 Discharge shunt function: Unavailable Pull-down resistor: Unavailable

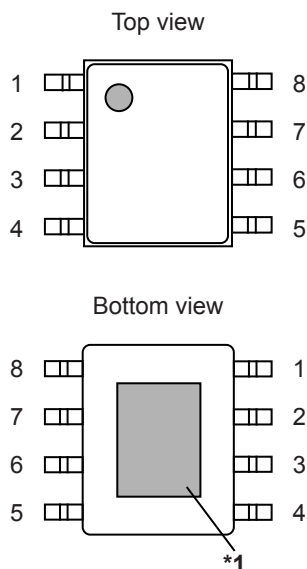
Table 6

Output Voltage	HSOP-8A	HSOP-6	SOT-89-5	HSNT-6A
Externally set	S-13A1D00-E8T1U3	S-13A1D00-E6T1U3	S-13A1D00-U5T1U3	–
1.0 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D10-E8T1U3	S-13A1D10-E6T1U3	S-13A1D10-U5T1U3	S-13A1D10-A6T1U3
1.1 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D11-E8T1U3	S-13A1D11-E6T1U3	S-13A1D11-U5T1U3	S-13A1D11-A6T1U3
1.2 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D12-E8T1U3	S-13A1D12-E6T1U3	S-13A1D12-U5T1U3	S-13A1D12-A6T1U3
1.25 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D1C-E8T1U3	S-13A1D1C-E6T1U3	S-13A1D1C-U5T1U3	S-13A1D1C-A6T1U3
1.3 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D13-E8T1U3	S-13A1D13-E6T1U3	S-13A1D13-U5T1U3	S-13A1D13-A6T1U3
1.4 V ± 15 mV	S-13A1D14-E8T1U3	S-13A1D14-E6T1U3	S-13A1D14-U5T1U3	S-13A1D14-A6T1U3
1.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D15-E8T1U3	S-13A1D15-E6T1U3	S-13A1D15-U5T1U3	S-13A1D15-A6T1U3
1.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D16-E8T1U3	S-13A1D16-E6T1U3	S-13A1D16-U5T1U3	S-13A1D16-A6T1U3
1.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D17-E8T1U3	S-13A1D17-E6T1U3	S-13A1D17-U5T1U3	S-13A1D17-A6T1U3
1.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D18-E8T1U3	S-13A1D18-E6T1U3	S-13A1D18-U5T1U3	S-13A1D18-A6T1U3
1.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D1J-E8T1U3	S-13A1D1J-E6T1U3	S-13A1D1J-U5T1U3	S-13A1D1J-A6T1U3
1.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D19-E8T1U3	S-13A1D19-E6T1U3	S-13A1D19-U5T1U3	S-13A1D19-A6T1U3
2.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D20-E8T1U3	S-13A1D20-E6T1U3	S-13A1D20-U5T1U3	S-13A1D20-A6T1U3
2.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D21-E8T1U3	S-13A1D21-E6T1U3	S-13A1D21-U5T1U3	S-13A1D21-A6T1U3
2.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D22-E8T1U3	S-13A1D22-E6T1U3	S-13A1D22-U5T1U3	S-13A1D22-A6T1U3
2.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D23-E8T1U3	S-13A1D23-E6T1U3	S-13A1D23-U5T1U3	S-13A1D23-A6T1U3
2.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D24-E8T1U3	S-13A1D24-E6T1U3	S-13A1D24-U5T1U3	S-13A1D24-A6T1U3
2.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D25-E8T1U3	S-13A1D25-E6T1U3	S-13A1D25-U5T1U3	S-13A1D25-A6T1U3
2.6 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D26-E8T1U3	S-13A1D26-E6T1U3	S-13A1D26-U5T1U3	S-13A1D26-A6T1U3
2.7 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D27-E8T1U3	S-13A1D27-E6T1U3	S-13A1D27-U5T1U3	S-13A1D27-A6T1U3
2.8 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D28-E8T1U3	S-13A1D28-E6T1U3	S-13A1D28-U5T1U3	S-13A1D28-A6T1U3
2.85 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D2J-E8T1U3	S-13A1D2J-E6T1U3	S-13A1D2J-U5T1U3	S-13A1D2J-A6T1U3
2.9 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D29-E8T1U3	S-13A1D29-E6T1U3	S-13A1D29-U5T1U3	S-13A1D29-A6T1U3
3.0 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D30-E8T1U3	S-13A1D30-E6T1U3	S-13A1D30-U5T1U3	S-13A1D30-A6T1U3
3.1 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D31-E8T1U3	S-13A1D31-E6T1U3	S-13A1D31-U5T1U3	S-13A1D31-A6T1U3
3.2 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D32-E8T1U3	S-13A1D32-E6T1U3	S-13A1D32-U5T1U3	S-13A1D32-A6T1U3
3.3 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D33-E8T1U3	S-13A1D33-E6T1U3	S-13A1D33-U5T1U3	S-13A1D33-A6T1U3
3.4 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D34-E8T1U3	S-13A1D34-E6T1U3	S-13A1D34-U5T1U3	S-13A1D34-A6T1U3
3.5 V ± 1.0%	S-13A1D35-E8T1U3	S-13A1D35-E6T1U3	S-13A1D35-U5T1U3	S-13A1D35-A6T1U3

Remark Please contact our sales office for products with specifications other than the above.

■ Pin Configurations

1. HSOP-8A



*1. Connect the heat sink of backside at shadowed area to the board, and set electric potential GND. However, do not use it as the function of electrode.

Figure 9

Table 7 Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VOUT	Output voltage pin
2	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
3	NC*1	No connection
4	VSS	GND pin
5	SSC*2	Inrush current limit pin
6	NC*1	No connection
7	NC*1	No connection
8	VIN	Input voltage pin

- *1. The NC pin is electrically open.
The NC pin can be connected to the VIN pin or the VSS pin.
- *2. Connect a capacitor between the SSC pin and the VSS pin.
The inrush current limit time of the VOUT pin at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON can be adjusted according to the capacitance.
Moreover, the SSC pin is available even when it is open.
For details, refer to "■ Selection of Capacitor for Inrush Current Limit (C_{SS}) (Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5)".

Table 8 Types in Which Output Voltage is Externally Set

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VOUT	Output voltage pin
2	VADJ	Output voltage adjustment pin
3	NC*1	No connection
4	VSS	GND pin
5	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
6	NC*1	No connection
7	NC*1	No connection
8	VIN	Input voltage pin

- *1. The NC pin is electrically open.
The NC pin can be connected to the VIN pin or the VSS pin.

2. HSOP-6

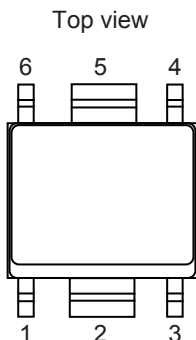


Figure 10

Table 9 Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VOUT	Output voltage pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
4	SSC*1	Inrush current limit pin
5	VSS	GND pin
6	VIN	Input voltage pin

*1. Connect a capacitor between the SSC pin and the VSS pin.
 The inrush current limit time of the VOUT pin at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON can be adjusted according to the capacitance.
 Moreover, the SSC pin is available even when it is open.
 For details, refer to "■ Selection of Capacitor for Inrush Current Limit (C_{SS}) (Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5)".

Table 10 Types in Which Output Voltage is Externally Set

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VOUT	Output voltage pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	VADJ	Output voltage adjustment pin
4	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
5	VSS	GND pin
6	VIN	Input voltage pin

3. SOT-89-5

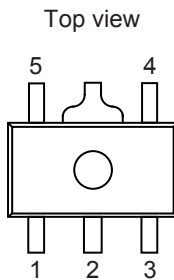


Figure 11

Table 11 Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set

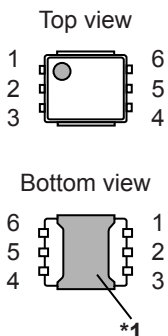
Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	SSC*1	Inrush current limit pin
4	VIN	Input voltage pin
5	VOUT	Output voltage pin

*1. Connect a capacitor between the SSC pin and the VSS pin.
 The inrush current limit time of the VOUT pin at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON can be adjusted according to the capacitance.
 Moreover, the SSC pin is available even when it is open.
 For details, refer to "■ Selection of Capacitor for Inrush Current Limit (C_{SS}) (Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5)".

Table 12 Types in Which Output Voltage is Externally Set

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VADJ	Output voltage adjustment pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
4	VIN	Input voltage pin
5	VOUT	Output voltage pin

4. HSNT-6A



***1.** Connect the heatsink of backside at shadowed area to the board, and set electric potential open or GND.
However, do not use it as the function of electrode.

Table 13 Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set^{*1}

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VOUT ^{*2}	Output voltage pin
2	VOUT ^{*2}	Output voltage pin
3	ON / OFF	ON / OFF pin
4	VSS	GND pin
5	VIN ^{*3}	Input voltage pin
6	VIN ^{*3}	Input voltage pin

- *1.** Types in which output voltage is externally set are unavailable.
- *2.** Although pins of number 1 and 2 are connected internally, be sure to short-circuit them nearest in use.
- *3.** Although pins of number 5 and 6 are connected internally, be sure to short-circuit them nearest in use.

Figure 12

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 14

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{SS} + 6.0	V
	V _{ON / OFF}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{SS} + 6.0	V
	V _{SSC}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
	V _{VADJ}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{SS} + 6.0	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
Output current	I _{OUT}	1000	mA
Operation ambient temperature	T _{opr}	–40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	–40 to +125	°C

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

■ Thermal Resistance Value

Table 15

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1	θ _{ja}	HSOP-8A	Board 1	–	104	–	°C/W
			Board 2	–	74	–	°C/W
			Board 3	–	39	–	°C/W
			Board 4	–	37	–	°C/W
			Board 5	–	31	–	°C/W
		HSOP-6	Board 1	–	96	–	°C/W
			Board 2	–	74	–	°C/W
			Board 3	–	44	–	°C/W
			Board 4	–	41	–	°C/W
		SOT-89-5	Board 1	–	119	–	°C/W
			Board 2	–	84	–	°C/W
			Board 3	–	46	–	°C/W
			Board 4	–	35	–	°C/W
		HSNT-6A	Board 1	–	157	–	°C/W

*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

Remark Refer to "■ Thermal Characteristics" for details of power dissipation and test board.

■ Electrical Characteristics

1. Types in which output voltage is internally set (S-13A1x10 to S-13A1x35)

Table 16 (1 / 2)

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit	
Output voltage*1	V _{OUT(E)}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA	1.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.5 V	V _{OUT(S)} - 0.015	V _{OUT(S)}	V _{OUT(S)} + 0.015	V	1
			1.5 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} ≤ 3.5 V	V _{OUT(S)} × 0.99	V _{OUT(S)}	V _{OUT(S)} × 1.01	V	1
Output current*2	I _{OUT}	V _{IN} ≥ V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V	1000*5	-	-	mA	3	
Dropout voltage*3	V _{drop}	I _{OUT} = 300 mA	1.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.1 V	0.50	0.54	0.58	V	1
			1.1 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.2 V	-	0.44	0.48	V	1
			1.2 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.3 V	-	0.34	0.38	V	1
			1.3 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.4 V	-	0.24	0.28	V	1
			1.4 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.5 V	-	0.14	0.18	V	1
			1.5 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 2.6 V	-	0.10	0.15	V	1
			2.6 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} ≤ 3.5 V	-	0.07	0.10	V	1
		I _{OUT} = 1000 mA	1.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.1 V	-	0.90	-	V	1
			1.1 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.2 V	-	0.80	-	V	1
			1.2 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.3 V	-	0.70	-	V	1
			1.3 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.4 V	-	0.60	-	V	1
			1.4 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.5 V	-	0.50	-	V	1
			1.5 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 2.0 V	-	0.40	-	V	1
			2.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 2.6 V	-	0.32	-	V	1
2.6 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} ≤ 3.5 V	-	0.23	-	V	1			
Line regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT1}}{\Delta V_{IN} \bullet V_{OUT}}$	V _{OUT(S)} + 0.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA	-	0.05	0.2	%/V	1	
Load regulation	ΔV _{OUT2}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, 1 mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 300 mA	-20	-3	20	mV	1	
Output voltage temperature coefficient*4	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA, -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C	-	±100	-	ppm/°C	1	
Current consumption during operation	I _{SS1}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, no load	-	60	90	μA	2	
Current consumption during power-off	I _{SS2}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = OFF, no load	-	0.1	1.0	μA	2	
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-	1.5	-	5.5	V		
ON / OFF pin input voltage "H"	V _{SH}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, R _L = 1.0 kΩ determined by V _{OUT} output level	1.0	-	-	V	4	
ON / OFF pin input voltage "L"	V _{SL}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, R _L = 1.0 kΩ determined by V _{OUT} output level	-	-	0.3	V	4	
ON / OFF pin input current "H"	I _{SH}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{ON/OFF} = 5.5 V	B / D type (without pull-down resistor)	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	4
			A / C type (with pull-down resistor)	1.0	2.5	5.0	μA	4
ON / OFF pin input current "L"	I _{SL}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{ON/OFF} = 0 V	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	4	
Ripple rejection	RR	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, f = 1.0 kHz, ΔV _{rip} = 0.5 Vrms, I _{OUT} = 100 mA	1.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 1.2 V	-	70	-	dB	5
			1.2 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} < 3.0 V	-	65	-	dB	5
			3.0 V ≤ V _{OUT(S)} ≤ 3.5 V	-	60	-	dB	5
Short-circuit current	I _{short}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, V _{OUT} = 0 V	-	200	-	mA	3	
Thermal shutdown detection temperature	T _{SD}	Junction temperature	-	150	-	°C	-	
Thermal shutdown release temperature	T _{SR}	Junction temperature	-	120	-	°C	-	

Table 16 (2 / 2)

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Inrush current limit time	t _{RUSH}	HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, I _{OUT} = 1000 mA, C _{SS} = 1.0 nF	–	0.7	–	ms	6
			V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, I _{OUT} = 1000 mA, C _{SS} = 0 nF	–	0.4	–	ms	6
		HSNT-6A	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, I _{OUT} = 1000 mA	–	0.4	–	ms	6
"L" output Nch ON resistance	R _{LOW}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 0.1 V	A / B type (with discharge shunt function)	–	35	–	Ω	3
Power-off pull-down resistance	R _{PD}	–	A / C type (with pull-down resistor)	1.1	2.2	5.5	MΩ	4

*1. V_{OUT(S)}: Set output voltage

V_{OUT(E)}: Actual output voltage

Output voltage when fixing I_{OUT} (= 100 mA) and inputting V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V

*2. The output current at which the output voltage becomes 95% of V_{OUT(E)} after gradually increasing the output current.

*3. V_{drop} = V_{IN1} – (V_{OUT3} × 0.98)

V_{OUT3} is the output voltage when V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V and I_{OUT} = 300 mA, 1000 mA.

V_{IN1} is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of V_{OUT3} after gradually decreasing the input voltage.

*4. The change in temperature [mV/°C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} \text{ [mV/}^\circ\text{C]}^*1 = V_{OUT(S)} \text{ [V]}^*2 \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}} \text{ [ppm/}^\circ\text{C]}^*3 \div 1000$$

*1. Change in temperature of the output voltage

*2. Set output voltage

*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

*5. The output current can be at least this value.

Due to limitation of the package power dissipation, this value may not be satisfied. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation when the output current is large.

This specification is guaranteed by design.

2. Types in which output voltage is externally set (S-13A1x00, HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only)

Table 17

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Output voltage of adjust pin ¹	V _{VADJ}	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA	0.985	1.0	1.015	V	7
Output voltage range	V _{ROUT}	–	1.05	–	5.00	V	13
Internal resistance value of adjust pin	R _{VADJ}	–	–	400	–	kΩ	–
Output current ²	I _{OUT}	V _{IN} ≥ V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V	1000 ⁵	–	–	mA	9
Dropout voltage ³	V _{drop}	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , I _{OUT} = 300 mA, V _{OUT(S)} = 1.0 V	0.50	0.54	0.58	V	7
		V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , I _{OUT} = 1000 mA, V _{OUT(S)} = 1.0 V	–	0.90	–	V	7
Line regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT1}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{OUT(S)} + 0.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA	–	0.05	0.2	%/V	7
Load regulation	ΔV _{OUT2}	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, 1 mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 300 mA	–20	–3	20	mV	7
Output voltage temperature coefficient ⁴	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT}}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA, –40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C	–	±100	–	ppm/°C	7
Current consumption during operation	I _{SS1}	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, no load	–	60	90	μA	8
Current consumption during power-off	I _{SS2}	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = OFF, no load	–	0.1	1.0	??A	8
Input voltage	V _{IN}	–	1.5	–	5.5	V	–
ON / OFF pin input voltage "H"	V _{SH}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, R _L = 1.0 kΩ determined by V _{OUT} output level	1.0	–	–	V	10
ON / OFF pin input voltage "L"	V _{SL}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, R _L = 1.0 kΩ determined by V _{OUT} output level	–	–	0.3	V	10
ON / OFF pin input current "H"	I _{SH}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, B / D type (without pull-down resistor)	–0.1	–	0.1	μA	10
		V _{ON / OFF} = 5.5 V, A / C type (with pull-down resistor)	1.0	2.5	5.0	μA	10
ON / OFF pin input current "L"	I _{SL}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{ON / OFF} = 0 V	–0.1	–	0.1	μA	10
Ripple rejection	RR	V _{VADJ} = V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, f = 1.0 kHz, ΔV _{rip} = 0.5 V _{rms} , I _{OUT} = 100 mA, V _{OUT} = 1.0 V	–	70	–	dB	11
Short-circuit current	I _{short}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, V _{OUT} = 0 V	–	200	–	mA	9
Thermal shutdown detection temperature	T _{SD}	Junction temperature	–	150	–	°C	–
Thermal shutdown release temperature	T _{SR}	Junction temperature	–	120	–	°C	–
Inrush current limit time	t _{RUSH}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT(S)} + 1.0 V, ON / OFF pin = ON, I _{OUT} = 1000 mA	–	0.4	–	ms	12
"L" output Nch ON resistance	R _{LOW}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 0.1 V	–	35	–	Ω	9
Power-off pull-down resistor	R _{PD}	–	1.1	2.2	5.5	MΩ	10

*1. $V_{OUT(S)}$: Set output voltage (= 1.0 V)

*2. The output current at which the output voltage becomes 95% of V_{VADJ} after gradually increasing the output current.

*3. $V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT3} \times 0.98)$

V_{OUT3} is the output voltage when $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0$ V and $I_{OUT} = 300$ mA, 1000 mA.

V_{IN1} is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of V_{OUT3} after gradually decreasing the input voltage.

*4. The change in temperature [mV/°C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} \text{ [mV/°C]}^*1 = V_{OUT(S)} \text{ [V]}^*2 \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}} \text{ [ppm/°C]}^*3 \div 1000$$

*1. Change in temperature of the output voltage

*2. Set output voltage

*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

*5. The output current can be at least this value.

Due to limitation of the package power dissipation, this value may not be satisfied. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation when the output current is large.

This specification is guaranteed by design.

■ Test Circuits

1. Types in which output voltage is internally set (S-13A1x10 to S-13A1x35)

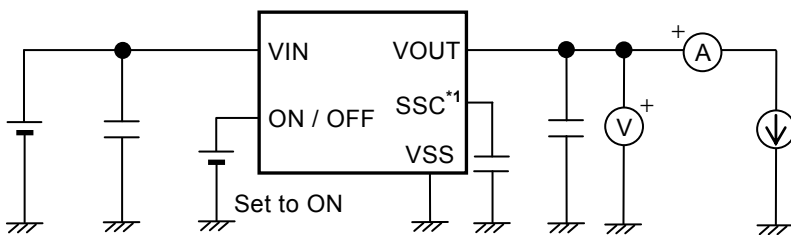


Figure 13 Test Circuit 1

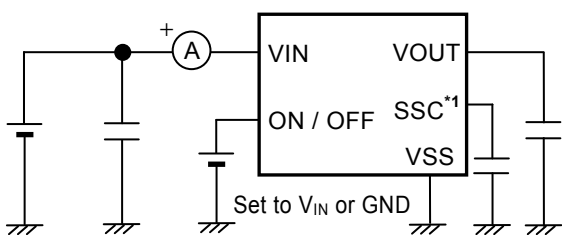


Figure 14 Test Circuit 2

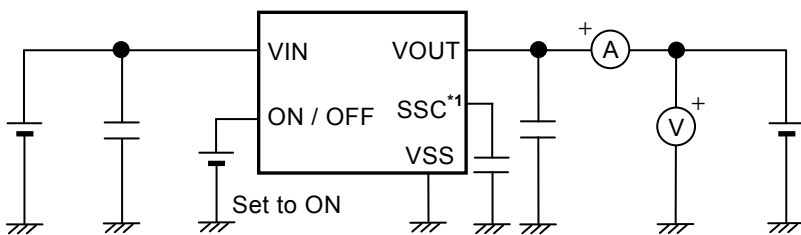


Figure 15 Test Circuit 3

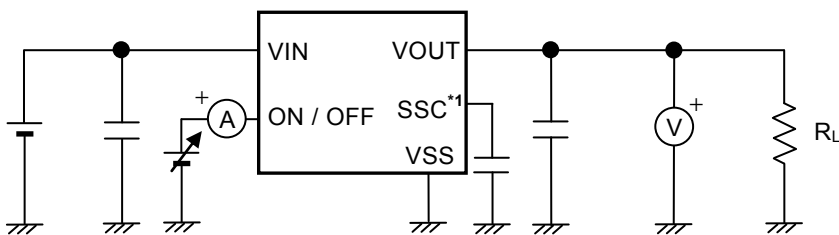


Figure 16 Test Circuit 4

*1. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

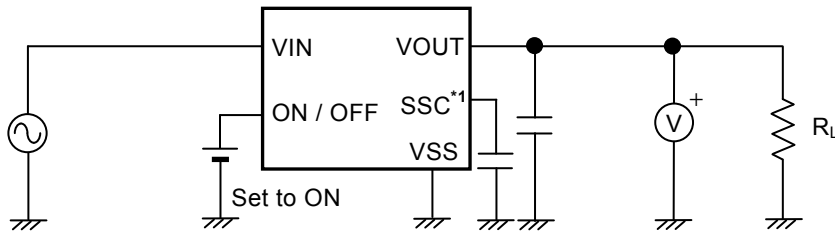


Figure 17 Test Circuit 5

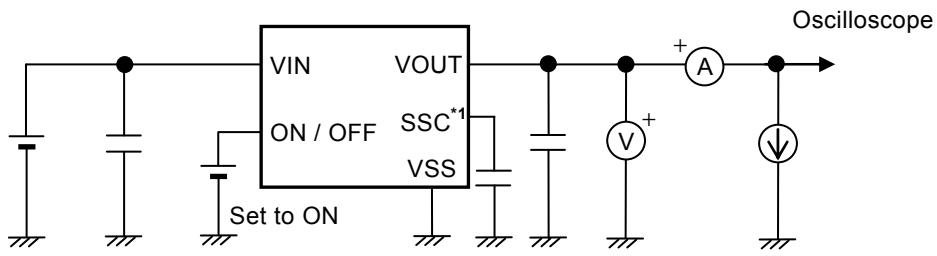


Figure 18 Test Circuit 6

*1. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

2. Types in which output voltage is externally set (S-13A1x00, HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only)

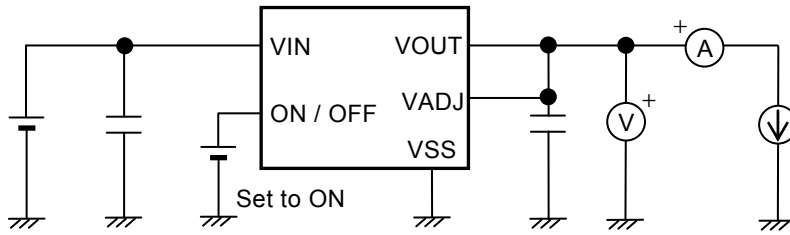


Figure 19 Test Circuit 7

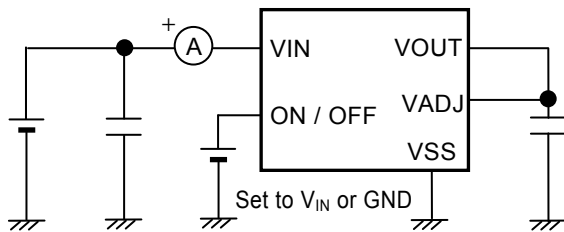


Figure 20 Test Circuit 8

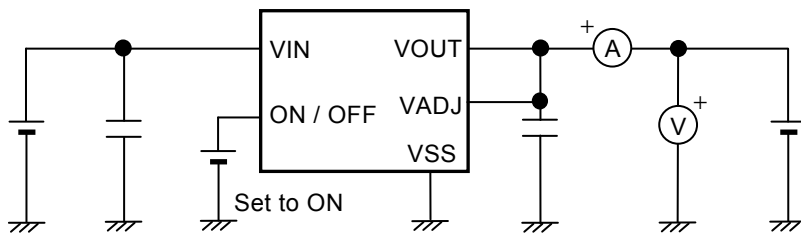


Figure 21 Test Circuit 9

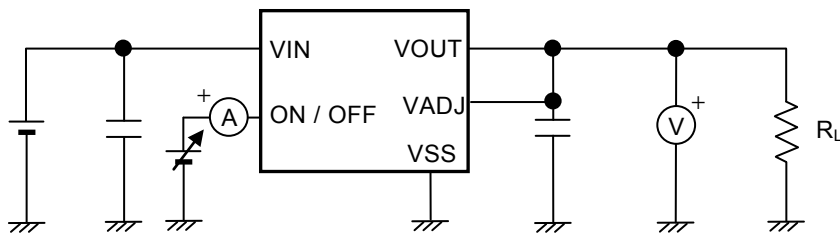


Figure 22 Test Circuit 10

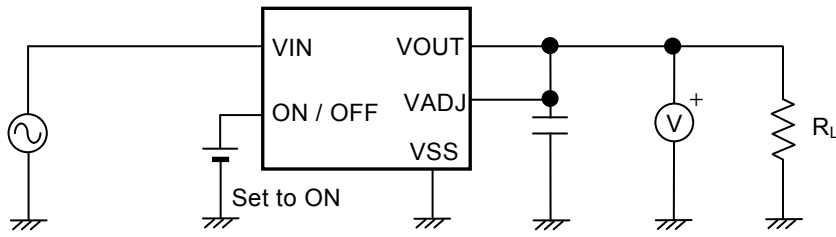


Figure 23 Test Circuit 11

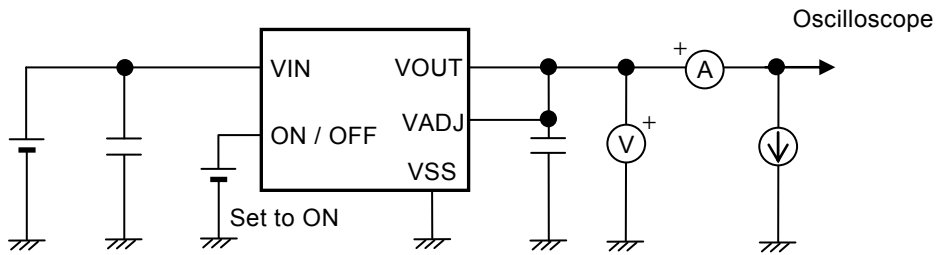


Figure 24 Test Circuit 12

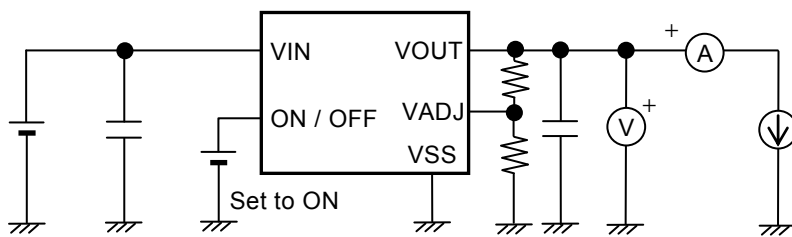
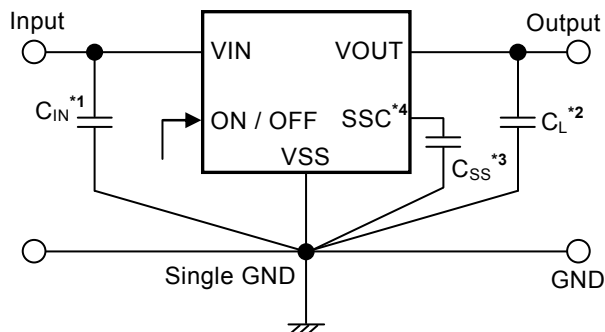


Figure 25 Test Circuit 13

■ Standard Circuits

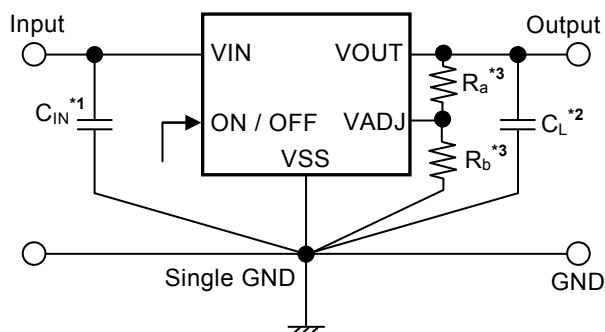
1. Types in which output voltage is internally set (S-13A1x10 to S-13A1x35)



- *1. C_{IN} is a capacitor for stabilizing the input.
- *2. A ceramic capacitor of 2.2 μF or more can be used as C_L .
- *3. A ceramic capacitor of 22 nF or less can be used as C_{SS} .
- *4. HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

Figure 26

2. Types in which output voltage is externally set (S-13A1x00, HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only)



- *1. C_{IN} is a capacitor for stabilizing the input.
- *2. A ceramic capacitor of 2.2 μF or more can be used as C_L .
- *3. Resistor of 0.1 k Ω to 606 k Ω as R_a , 2 k Ω to 200 k Ω as R_b can be used.

Figure 27

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

■ Condition of Application

Input capacitor (C_{IN}): 2.2 μ F or more
Output capacitor (C_L): 2.2 μ F or more

- Caution**
1. Set input capacitor (C_{IN}) and output capacitor (C_L) as $C_{IN} = C_L$.
 2. Generally a series regulator may cause oscillation, depending on the selection of external parts. Confirm that no oscillation occurs in the application for which the above capacitors are used.

■ Selection of Input and Output Capacitors (C_{IN} , C_L)

The S-13A1 Series requires an output capacitor between the VOUT pin and the VSS pin for phase compensation. Operation is stabilized by a ceramic capacitor with an output capacitance of 2.2 μ F or more over the entire temperature range. When using an OS capacitor, a tantalum capacitor, or an aluminum electrolytic capacitor, the capacitance must be 2.2 μ F or more.

The values of output overshoot and undershoot, which are transient response characteristics, vary depending on the value of the output capacitor.

The required capacitance for the input capacitor differs depending on the application.

Set the capacitance for input capacitor (C_{IN}) and output capacitor (C_L) as follows.

- $C_{IN} \geq 2.2 \mu\text{F}$
- $C_L \geq 2.2 \mu\text{F}$
- $C_{IN} = C_L$

Caution The S-13A1 Series may oscillate if setting the capacitance as $C_{IN} \geq 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_L \geq 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} < C_L$. Define the values by sufficient evaluation including the temperature characteristics under the usage condition.

■ Selection of Capacitor for Inrush Current Limit (C_{SS}) (Types in Which Output Voltage is Internally Set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5)

In the S-13A1 Series, the inrush current limit time (t_{RUSH}) is adjustable by connecting a capacitor for inrush current limit (C_{SS}) between the SSC pin and the VSS pin. The time that the output voltage rises to 99% is 0.7 ms typ. when $C_{SS} = 1.0$ nF. The S-13A1 Series operates stably even with no C_{SS} connection (in the state the SSC pin is leaved open).

The recommended value for C_{SS} is $0 \text{ nF}^*1 \leq C_{SS} \leq 22 \text{ nF}$, however, define the values by sufficient evaluation including the temperature characteristics under the usage condition.

- *1. In case the S-13A1 Series is used without C_{SS} connection ($C_{SS} = 0 \text{ nF}$), be sure to leave the SSC pin open and do not connect it to the VIN pin and the VSS pin.

■ Explanation of Terms

1. Low dropout voltage regulator

This voltage regulator has the low dropout voltage due to its built-in low on-resistance transistor.

2. Output voltage (V_{OUT})

The accuracy of the output voltage is ensured at $\pm 1.0\%$ or $\pm 15\text{ mV}^*1$ under the specified conditions of fixed input voltage^{*2}, fixed output current, and fixed temperature.

*1. When $V_{OUT} < 1.5\text{ V}$: $\pm 15\text{ mV}$, when $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5\text{ V}$: $\pm 1.0\%$

*2. Differs depending on the product.

Caution If the above conditions change, the output voltage value may vary and exceed the accuracy range of the output voltage. Refer to "■ Electrical Characteristics" and "■ Characteristics (Typical Data)" for details.

3. Line regulation $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT1}}{\Delta V_{IN} \bullet V_{OUT}}\right)$

Indicates the dependency of the output voltage on the input voltage. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the input voltage with the output current remaining unchanged.

4. Load regulation (ΔV_{OUT2})

Indicates the dependency of the output voltage on the output current. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the output current with the input voltage remaining unchanged.

5. Dropout voltage (V_{drop})

Indicates the difference between input voltage (V_{IN1}) and the output voltage when; decreasing input voltage (V_{IN}) gradually until the output voltage has dropped out to the value of 98% of output voltage (V_{OUT3}), which is at $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0\text{ V}$.

$$V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT3} \times 0.98)$$

6. Output voltage temperature coefficient $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}\right)$

The shaded area in **Figure 28** is the range where V_{OUT} varies in the operation temperature range when the output voltage temperature coefficient is ± 100 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C.

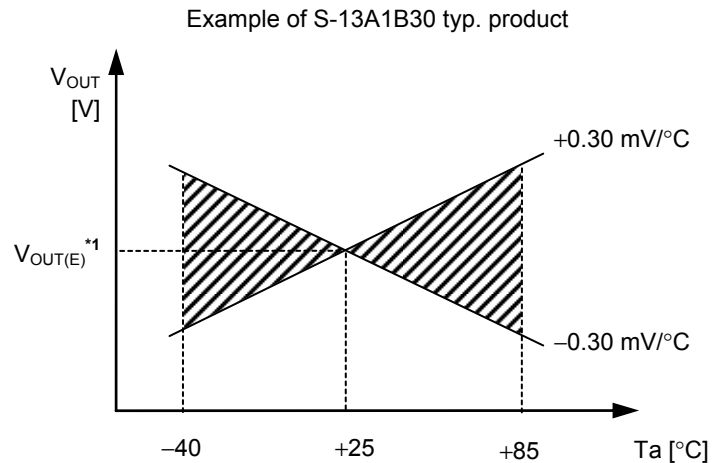


Figure 28

A change in the temperature of the output voltage [mV/ $^{\circ}$ C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} \text{ [mV/}^{\circ}\text{C]}^{*1} = V_{OUT(S)} \text{ [V]}^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}} \text{ [ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C]}^{*3} \div 1000$$

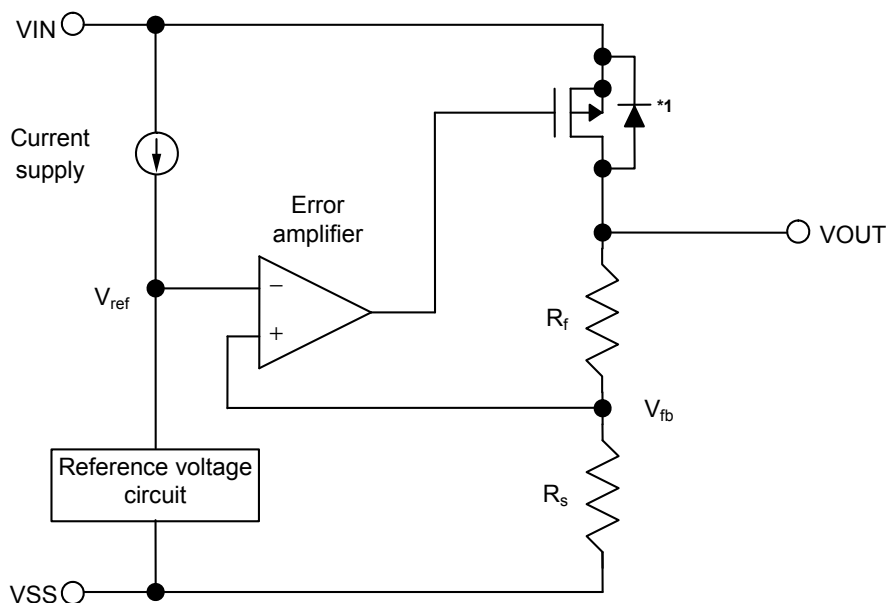
- *1. Change in temperature of output voltage
- *2. Set output voltage
- *3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

■ Operation

1. Basic operation

Figure 29 shows the block diagram of the S-13A1 Series.

The error amplifier compares the reference voltage (V_{ref}) with feedback voltage (V_{fb}), which is the output voltage resistance-divided by feedback resistors (R_s and R_f). It supplies the gate voltage necessary to maintain the constant output voltage which is not influenced by the input voltage and temperature change, to the output transistor.



*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 29

2. Output transistor

In the S-13A1 Series, a low on-resistance P-channel MOS FET is used as the output transistor.

Be sure that V_{OUT} does not exceed $V_{IN} + 0.3$ V to prevent the voltage regulator from being damaged due to reverse current flowing from the V_{OUT} pin through a parasitic diode to the V_{IN} pin, when the potential of V_{OUT} became higher than V_{IN} .

3. ON / OFF pin

This pin starts and stops the regulator.

When the ON / OFF pin is set to OFF level, the entire internal circuit stops operating, and the built-in P-channel MOS FET output transistor between the VIN pin and the VOUT pin is turned off, reducing current consumption significantly. Note that the current consumption increases when a voltage of 0.3 V to $V_{IN} - 0.3$ V is applied to the ON / OFF pin. The ON / OFF pin is configured as shown in **Figure 30** and **Figure 31**.

3.1 S-13A1 Series A / C type

The ON / OFF pin is internally pulled down to the VSS pin in the floating status, so the VOUT pin is set to the V_{SS} level.

3.2 S-13A1 Series B / D type

The ON / OFF pin is not internally pulled down to the VSS pin, so do not use these types with the ON / OFF pin in the floating status. When not using the ON / OFF pin, connect the pin to the VIN pin.

Table 18

Product Type	ON / OFF Pin	Internal Circuit	VOUT Pin Voltage	Current Consumption
A / B / C / D	"H": ON	Operate	Set value	I_{SS1}^{*1}
A / B / C / D	"L": OFF	Stop	V_{SS} level	I_{SS2}

*1. Note that the IC's current consumption increases as much as current flows into the pull-down resistor of 2.5 MΩ typ. when the ON / OFF pin is connected to the VIN pin and the S-13A1 Series A / C type is operating (refer to **Figure 30**).

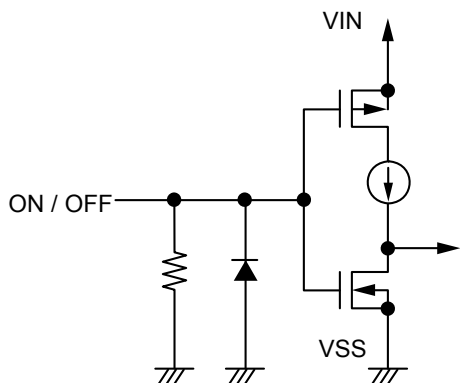


Figure 30 S-13A1 Series A / C type

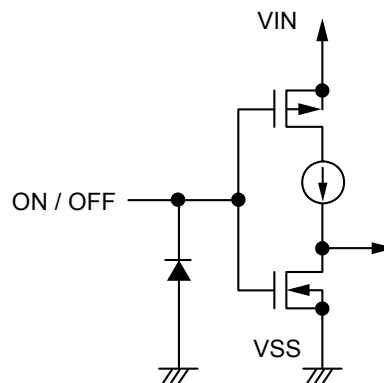


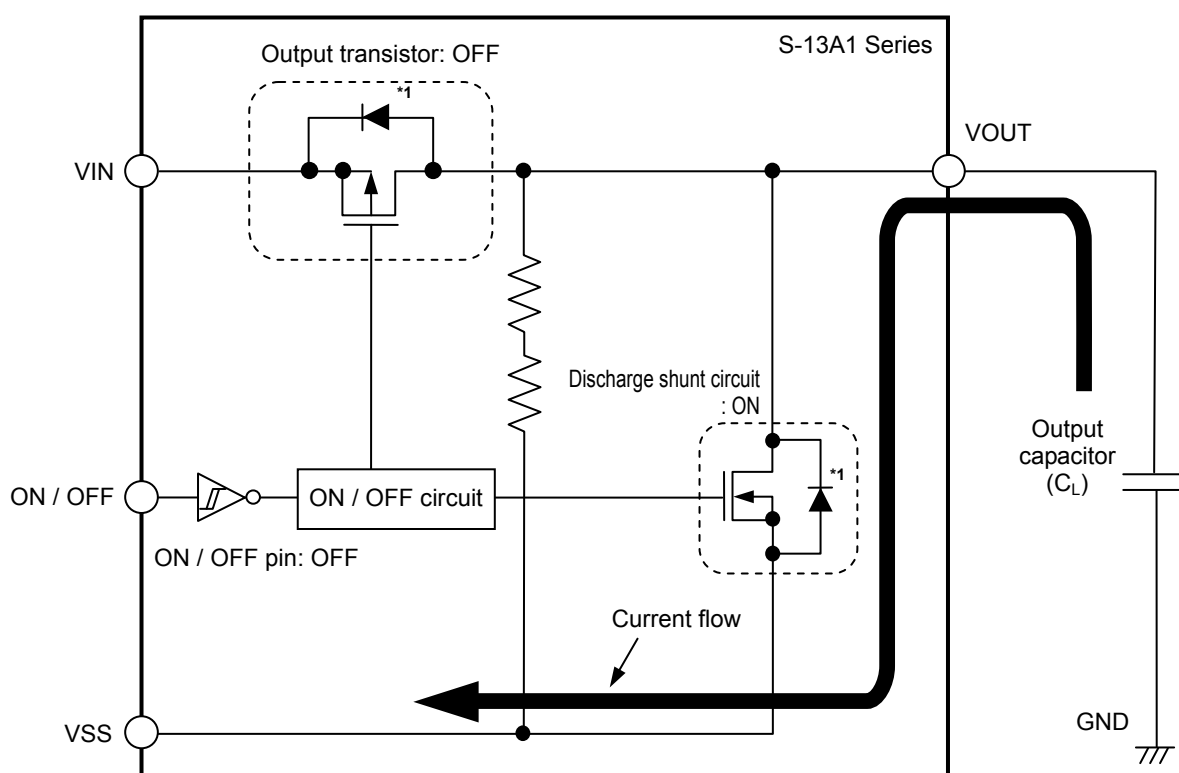
Figure 31 S-13A1 Series B / D type

4. Discharge shunt function (S-13A1 Series A / B type)

The S-13A1 Series A / B type has a built-in discharge shunt circuit to discharge the output capacitance. The output capacitance is discharged as follows so that the VOUT pin reaches the V_{SS} level.

- (1) The ON / OFF pin is set to OFF level.
- (2) The output transistor is turned off.
- (3) The discharge shunt circuit is turned on.
- (4) The output capacitor discharges.

Since the S-13A1 Series C / D type does not have a discharge shunt circuit, the VOUT pin is set to the V_{SS} level through several hundred kΩ internal divided resistors between the VOUT pin and the VSS pin. The S-13A1 Series A / B type allows the VOUT pin to reach the V_{SS} level rapidly due to the discharge shunt circuit.



*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 32

5. Pull-down resistor (S-13A1 Series A / C type)

The ON / OFF pin is internally pulled down to the VSS pin in the floating status, so the VOUT pin is set to the V_{SS} level.

Note that the IC's current consumption increases as much as current flows into the pull-down resistor of 2.5 MΩ typ. when the ON / OFF pin is connected to the VIN pin and the S-13A1 Series A / C type is operating.

6. Overcurrent protection circuit

The S-13A1 Series includes an overcurrent protection circuit having the characteristics shown in "1. **Output Voltage vs. Output Current (When load current increases) (Ta = +25°C)**" in "■ **Characteristics (Typical Data)**", in order to protect the output transistor against an excessive output current and short circuiting between the VOUT pin and the VSS pin. The current when the output pin is short-circuited (I_{short}) is internally set at approx. 200 mA typ., and the normal value is restored for the output voltage, if releasing a short circuit once.

Caution This overcurrent protection circuit does not work as for thermal protection. If this IC long keeps short circuiting inside, pay attention to the conditions of input voltage and load current so that, under the usage conditions including short circuit, the loss of the IC will not exceed power dissipation of the package.

7. Thermal shutdown circuit

The S-13A1 Series has a thermal shutdown circuit to protect the device from damage due to overheat. When the junction temperature rises to 150°C typ., the thermal shutdown circuit operates to stop regulating. When the junction temperature drops to 120°C typ., the thermal shutdown circuit is released to restart regulating.

Due to self-heating of the S-13A1 Series, if the thermal shutdown circuit starts operating, it stops regulating so that the output voltage drops. When regulation stops, the S-13A1 does not itself generate heat so that the IC's temperature drops. When the temperature drops, the thermal shutdown circuit is released to restart regulating, thus the S-13A1 Series generates heat again. Repeating this procedure makes waveform of the output voltage pulse-like form. Stop or restart of regulation continues unless decreasing either or both of the input voltage and the output voltage in order to reduce the internal power consumption, or decreasing the ambient temperature.

Table 19

Thermal Shutdown Circuit	VOUT Pin Voltage
Operation: 150°C typ.*1	V _{SS} level
Release: 120°C typ.*1	Set value

*1. Junction temperature

8. Inrush current limit circuit

The S-13A1 Series has a built-in inrush current limit circuit to limit the inrush current and the overshoot of the output voltage generated at power-on or at the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON. The inrush current is limited to 500 mA typ. The inrush current limit circuit starts to operate from the following times.

- Immediately after power-on
- At the time when the ON / OFF pin is set to ON

Figure 33 shows the relation between the inrush current limit time (t_{RUSH}) and the inrush current limit capacitor (C_{SS}).

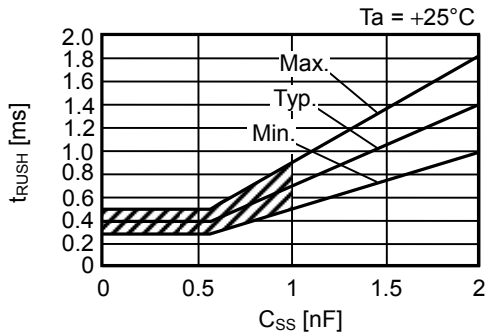


Figure 33

(1) $C_{SS} = 0$ nF

t_{RUSH} is determined by the internal capacitor (about 20 pF) and the time constant of the built-in constant current (about 0.04 μ A). t_{RUSH} value is 0.28 ms min., 0.40 ms typ., 0.52 ms max.

(2) $C_{SS} \geq 1$ nF

t_{RUSH} can be adjusted by the C_{SS} which is connected externally between the SSC pin*1 and the VSS pin. It is calculated by the following formula depending on the built-in constant (about 1 μ A) and the C_{SS} time constant. The inrush current limit coefficient is 0.49 min., 0.7 typ., 0.91 max. at $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

$$t_{RUSH} [\text{ms}] = \text{the inrush current limit coefficient} \times C_{SS} [\text{nF}]$$

(3) 0 nF < C_{SS} < 1 nF

Since the internal capacitor, the built-in constant current and C_{SS} have a variation each, t_{RUSH} is the one of following (a) and (b) in which the time is longer.

- (a) The time determined by the internal capacitor (about 20 pF) and the time constant of the built-in constant current (about 0.04 μ A).
- (b) The time determined by C_{SS} connected externally between the SSC pin*1 and the VSS pin and the built-in constant current (about 1 μ A).

When 0 nF < C_{SS} < 1 nF, t_{RUSH} is the range of the shaded area shown in Figure 33.

*1. Types in which output voltage is internally set of HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only.

9. Externally setting output voltage (HSOP-8A, HSOP-6, SOT-89-5 only)

The S-13A1 Series provides the types in which output voltage can be set via the external resistor. The output voltage can be set by connecting a resistor (R_a) between the VOUT pin and the VADJ pin, and a resistor (R_b) between the VADJ pin and the VSS pin.

The output voltage is determined by the following formulas.

$$V_{OUT} = 1.0 + R_a \times I_a \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

By substituting $I_a = I_{VADJ} + 1.0 / R_b$ to above formula (1),

$$V_{OUT} = 1.0 + R_a \times (I_{VADJ} + 1.0 / R_b) = 1.0 \times (1.0 + R_a / R_b) + R_a \times I_{VADJ} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

In above formula (2), $R_a \times I_{VADJ}$ is a factor for the output voltage error.

Whether the output voltage error is minute is judged depending on the following (3) formula.

By substituting $I_{VADJ} = 1.0 / R_{VADJ}$ to $R_a \times I_{VADJ}$

$$V_{OUT} = 1.0 \times (1.0 + R_a / R_b) + 1.0 \times R_a / R_{VADJ} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

If R_{VADJ} is sufficiently larger than R_a , the error is judged as minute.

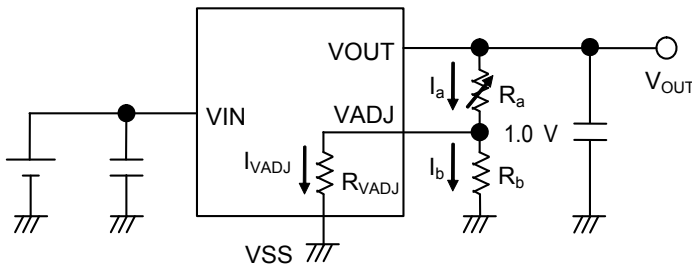


Figure 34

The following expression is in order to determine output voltage $V_{OUT} = 3.0$ V.

If resistance $R_b = 2$ k Ω , substitute $R_{VADJ} = 400$ k Ω typ. into (3),

$$\text{Resistance } R_a = (3.0 / 1.0 - 1) \times ((2 \text{ k} \times 400 \text{ k}) / (2 \text{ k} + 400 \text{ k})) \cong 4.0 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Caution The above connection diagrams and constants will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

■ Precautions

- Wiring patterns for the VIN pin, the VOUT pin and GND should be designed so that the impedance is low. When mounting an output capacitor between the VOUT pin and the VSS pin (C_L), a capacitor for stabilizing the input between the VIN pin and the VSS pin (C_{IN}), and a capacitor for limiting the inrush current between the SSC pin and the VSS pin (C_{SS}), the distance from the capacitors to these pins should be as short as possible.
- Note that generally the output voltage may increase when a series regulator is used at low load current (1.0 mA or less).
- Note that generally the output voltage may increase due to the leakage current from an output driver when a series regulator is used at high temperature.
- Note that the output voltage may increase due to the leakage current from an output driver even if the ON / OFF pin is at OFF level when a series regulator is used at high temperature.
- Generally a series regulator may cause oscillation, depending on the selection of external parts. The following conditions are recommended for the S-13A1 Series. However, be sure to perform sufficient evaluation under the actual usage conditions for selection, including evaluation of temperature characteristics. Refer to "6. Example of equivalent series resistance vs. Output current characteristics ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)" in "■ Reference Data" for the equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) of the output capacitor.

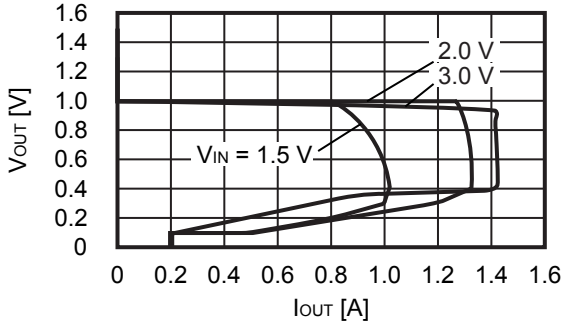
Input capacitor (C_{IN}):	2.2 μF or more
Output capacitor (C_L):	2.2 μF or more

- The voltage regulator may oscillate when the impedance of the power supply is high and the input capacitance is small or an input capacitor is not connected.
- If the output capacitance is small, power supply's fluctuation and the characteristics of load fluctuation become worse. Sufficiently evaluate the output voltage's fluctuation with the actual device.
- Overshoot may occur in the output voltage momentarily if the voltage is rapidly raised at power-on or when the power supply fluctuates. Sufficiently evaluate the output voltage at power-on with the actual device.
- The application conditions for the input voltage, the output voltage, and the load current should not exceed the power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- In determining the output current, attention should be paid to the output current value specified in **Table 16** and **Table 17** in "■ Electrical Characteristics" and footnote *5 of the table.
- SII Semiconductor Corporation claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

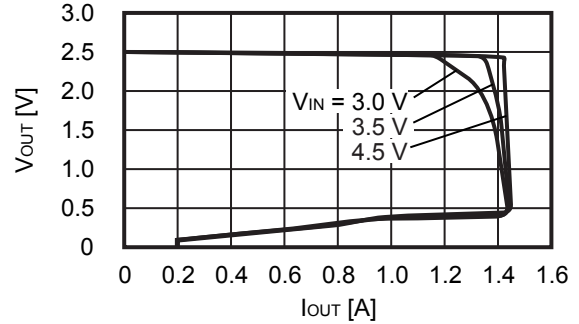
■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

1. Output voltage vs. Output current (When load current increases) ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

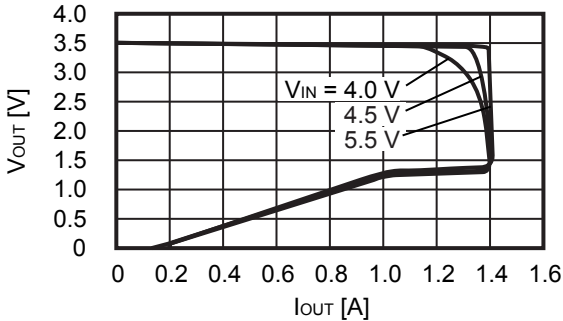
1.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



1.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$



1.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

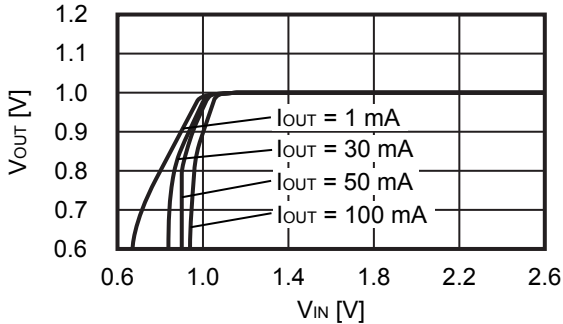


Remark In determining the output current, attention should be paid to the following.

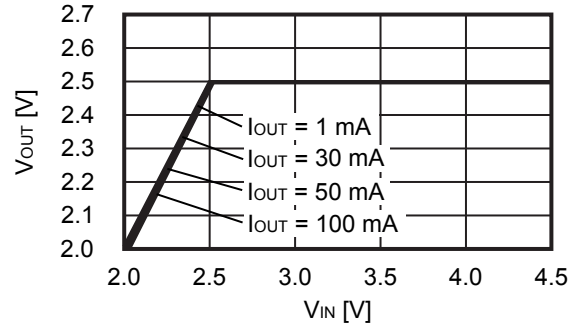
1. The minimum output current value and footnote *5 of Table 16 and Table 17 in "■ Electrical Characteristics"
2. The power dissipation

2. Output voltage vs. Input voltage ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

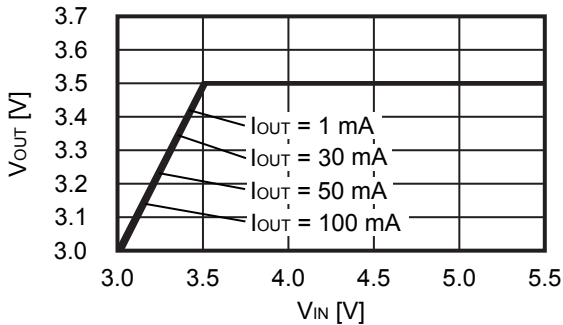
2.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



2.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$

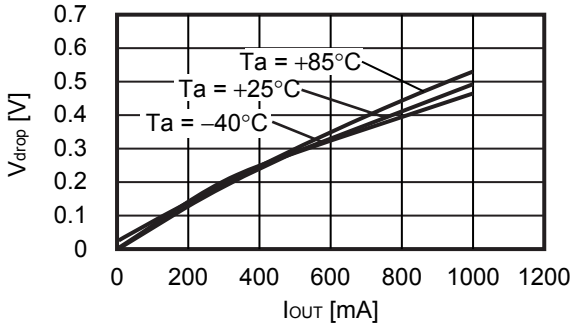


2.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

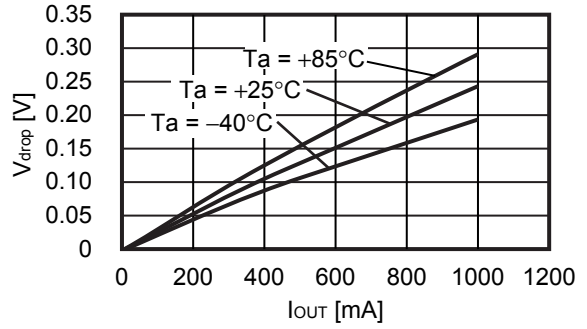


3. Dropout voltage vs. Output current

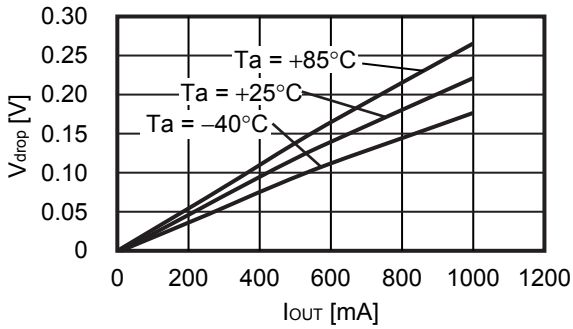
3.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



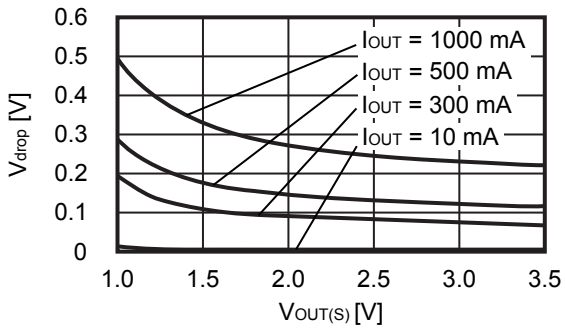
3.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$



3.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

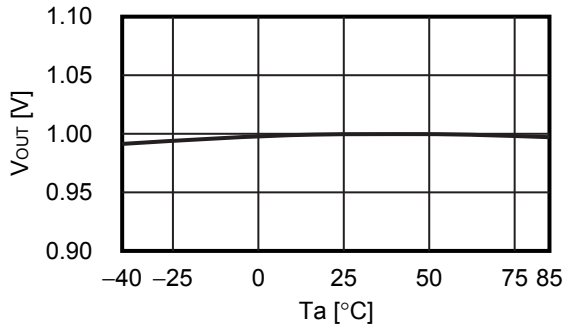


4. Dropout voltage vs. Set output voltage

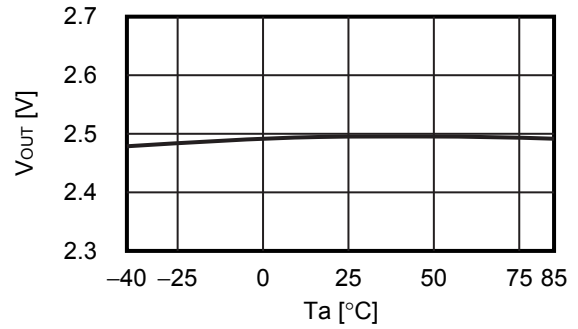


5. Output voltage vs. Ambient temperature

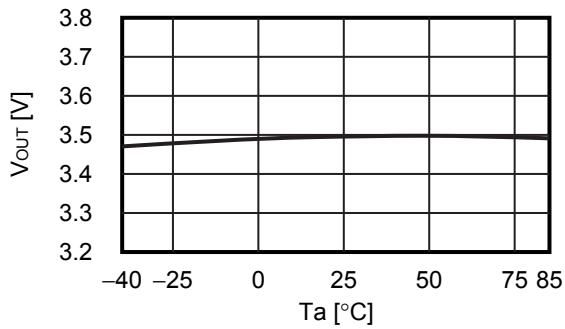
5.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



5.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$

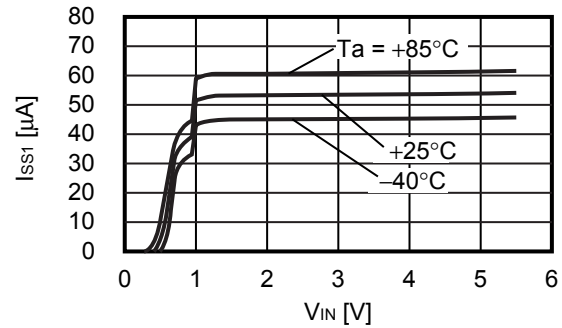


5.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

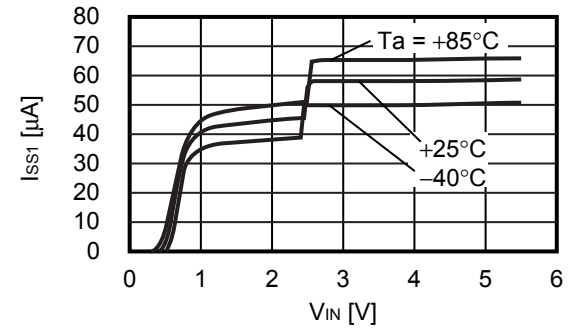


6. Current consumption vs. Input voltage

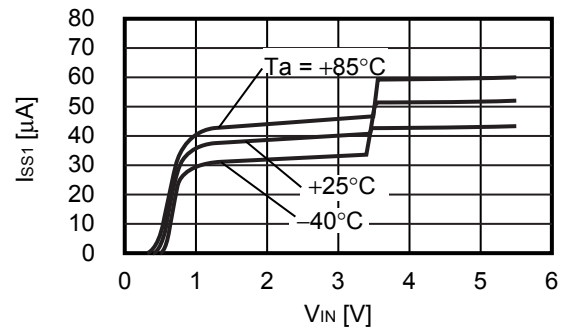
6.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



6.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$

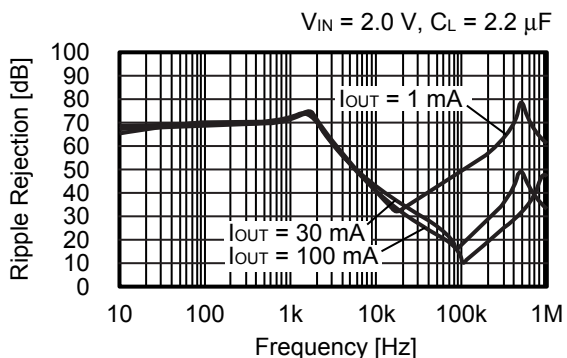


6.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

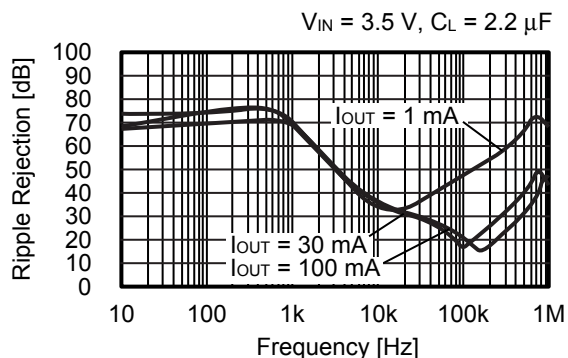


7. Ripple rejection ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

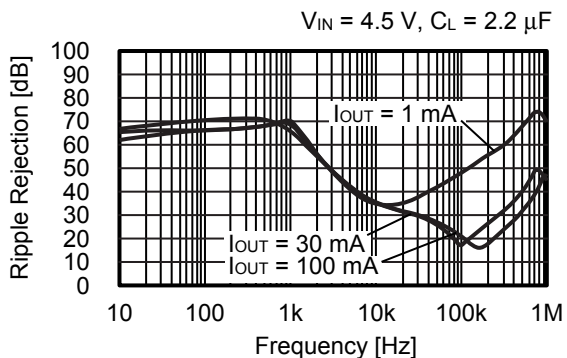
7.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$



7.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$



7.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

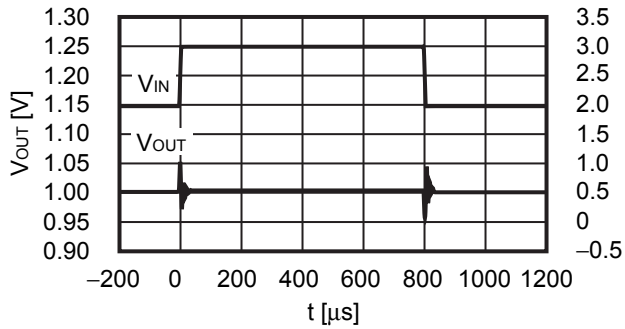


■ **Reference Data**

1. Transient response characteristics when input ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

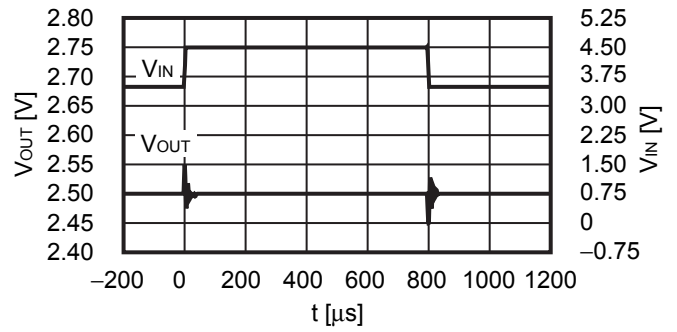
1.1 $V_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ V}$

$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2\ \mu\text{F}$,
 $V_{IN} = 2.0\text{ V} \leftrightarrow 3.0\text{ V}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0\ \mu\text{s}$



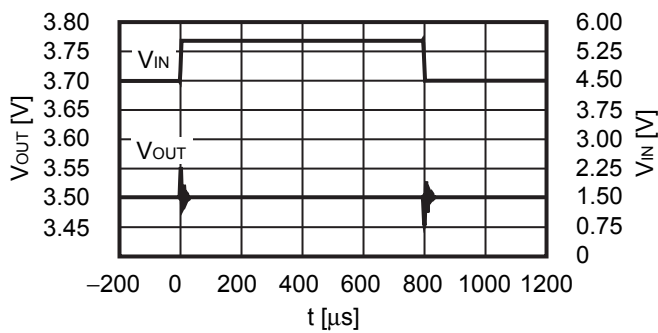
1.2 $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$

$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2\ \mu\text{F}$,
 $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{ V} \leftrightarrow 4.5\text{ V}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0\ \mu\text{s}$



1.3 $V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{ V}$

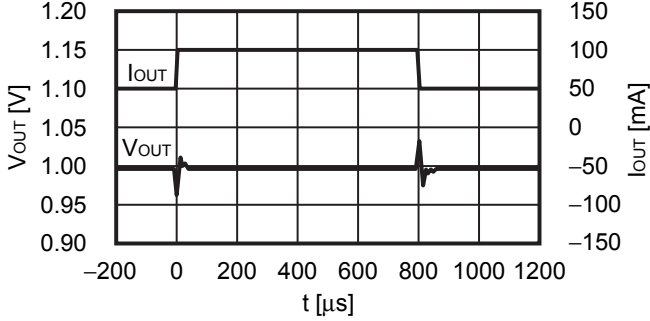
$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2\ \mu\text{F}$,
 $V_{IN} = 4.5\text{ V} \leftrightarrow 5.5\text{ V}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0\ \mu\text{s}$



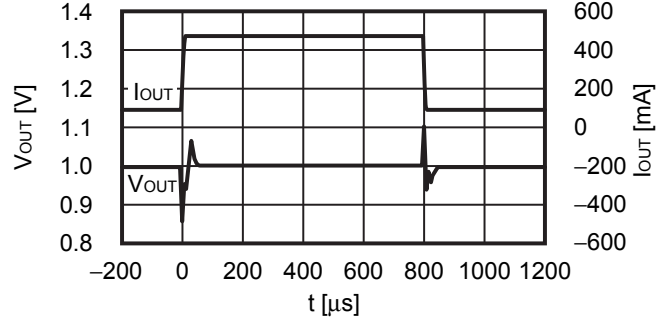
2. Transient response characteristics of load (Ta = +25°C)

2.1 V_{OUT} = 1.0 V

V_{IN} = 2.0 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 50 mA ↔ 100 mA

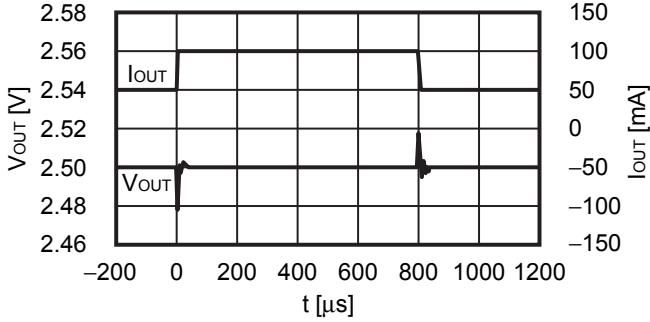


V_{IN} = 2.0 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA ↔ 500 mA

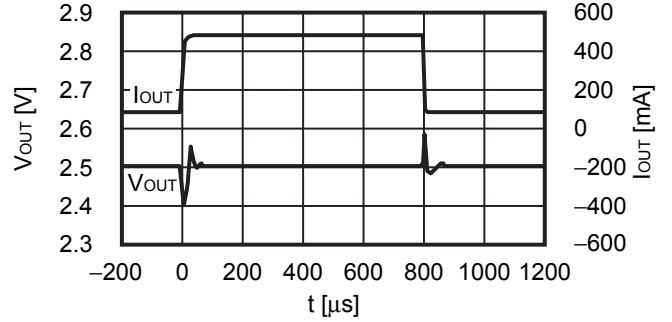


2.2 V_{OUT} = 2.5 V

V_{IN} = 3.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 50 mA ↔ 100 mA

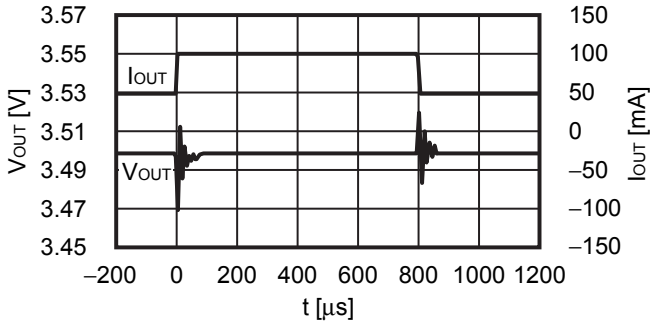


V_{IN} = 3.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA ↔ 500 mA

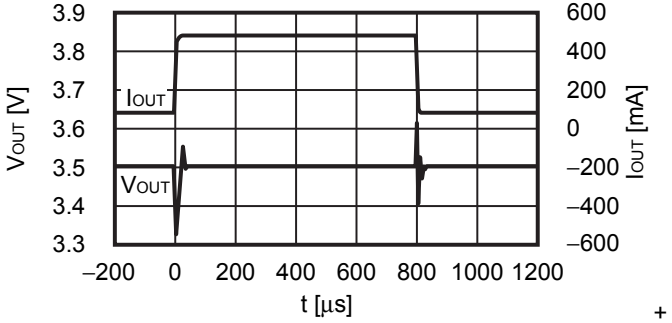


2.3 V_{OUT} = 3.5 V

V_{IN} = 4.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 50 mA ↔ 100 mA



V_{IN} = 4.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA ↔ 500 mA

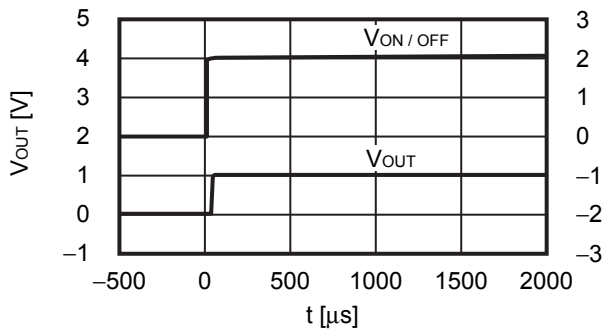


+

3. Transient response characteristics of ON / OFF pin ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

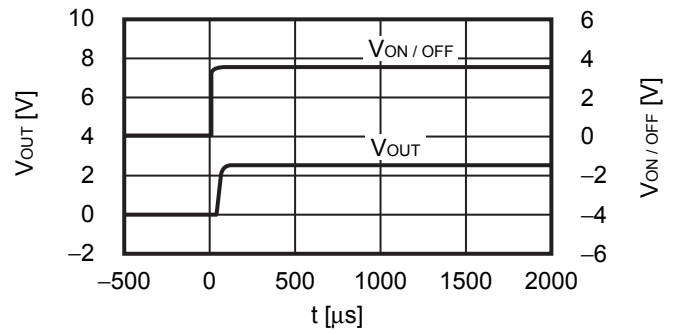
3.1 $V_{\text{OUT}} = 1.0 \text{ V}$

$V_{\text{IN}} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, $C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{L}} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \text{ mA}$,
 $V_{\text{ON/OFF}} = 0 \text{ V} \rightarrow 2.0 \text{ V}$, $t_r = 1.0 \mu\text{s}$



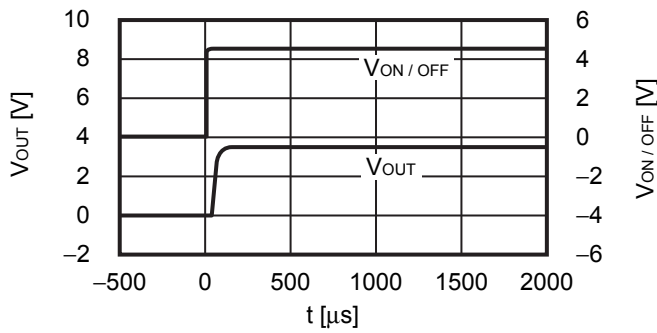
3.2 $V_{\text{OUT}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

$V_{\text{IN}} = 3.5 \text{ V}$, $C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{L}} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \text{ mA}$,
 $V_{\text{ON/OFF}} = 0 \text{ V} \rightarrow 3.5 \text{ V}$, $t_r = 1.0 \mu\text{s}$



3.3 $V_{\text{OUT}} = 3.5 \text{ V}$

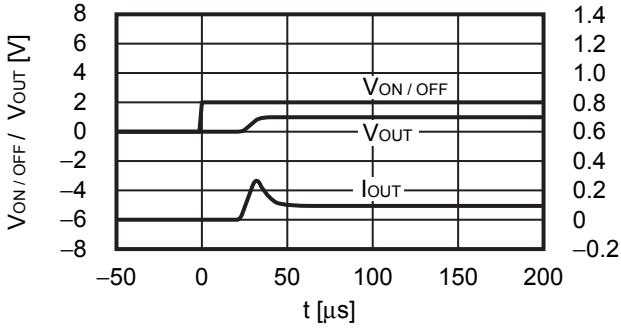
$V_{\text{IN}} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{L}} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \text{ mA}$,
 $V_{\text{ON/OFF}} = 0 \text{ V} \rightarrow 4.5 \text{ V}$, $t_r = 1.0 \mu\text{s}$



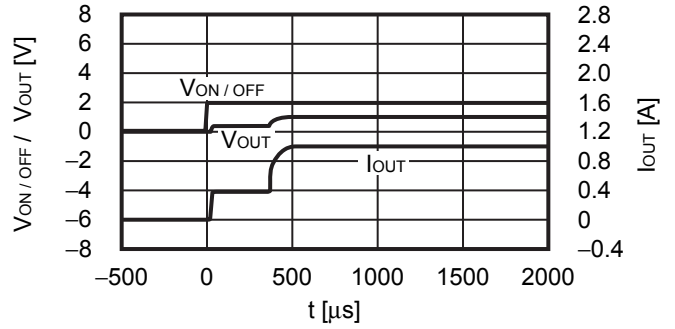
4. Characteristics of inrush current (Ta = +25°C)

4.1 V_{OUT} = 1.0 V

V_{IN} = 2.0 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 2.0 V, t_r = 1.0 μs

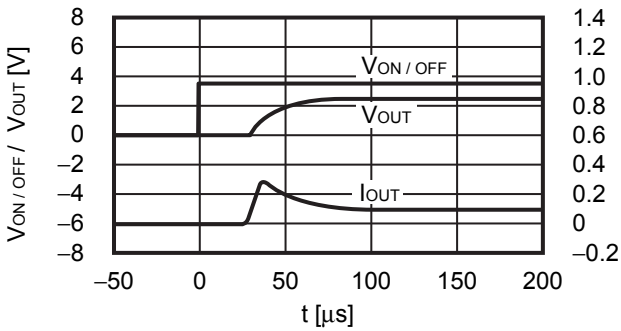


V_{IN} = 2.0 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 1000 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 2.0 V, t_r = 1.0 μs

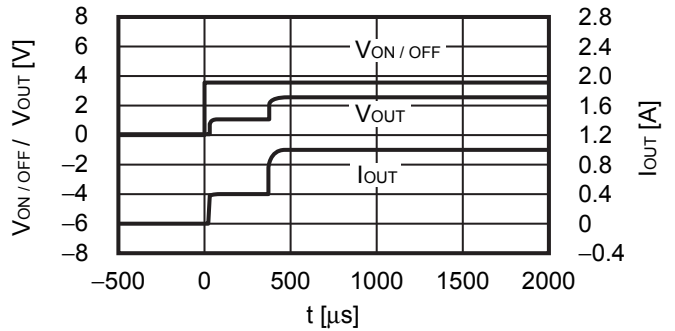


4.2 V_{OUT} = 2.5 V

V_{IN} = 3.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 3.5 V, t_r = 1.0 μs

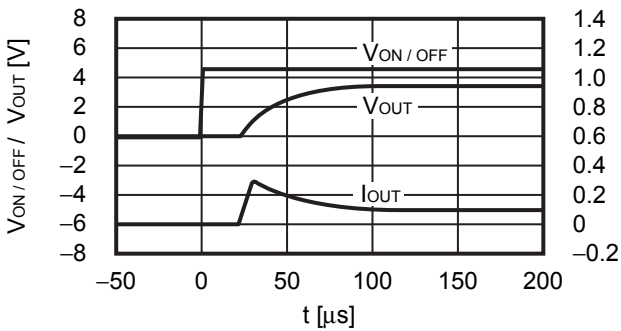


V_{IN} = 3.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 1000 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 3.5 V, t_r = 1.0 μs

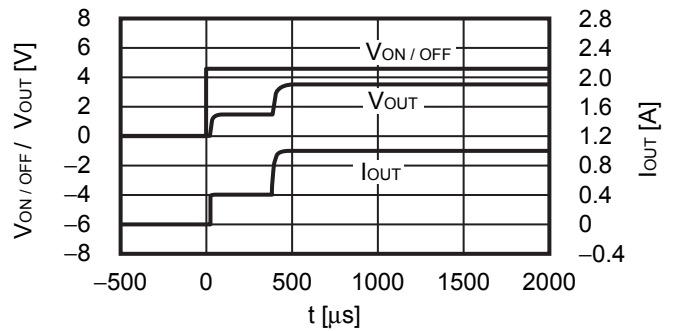


4.3 V_{OUT} = 3.5 V

V_{IN} = 4.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 100 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 4.5 V, t_r = 1.0 μs



V_{IN} = 4.5 V, C_{IN} = C_L = 2.2 μF, C_{SS} = 0 nF, I_{OUT} = 1000 mA,
V_{ON/OFF} = 0 V → 4.5 V, t_r = 1.0 μs



5. Output capacitance vs. Characteristics of discharge time ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

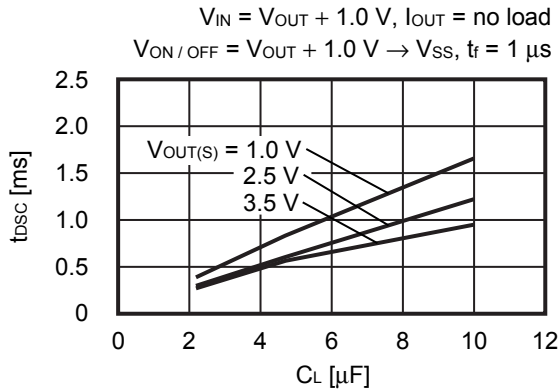


Figure 35 S-13A1 Series A / B type (with discharge shunt function)

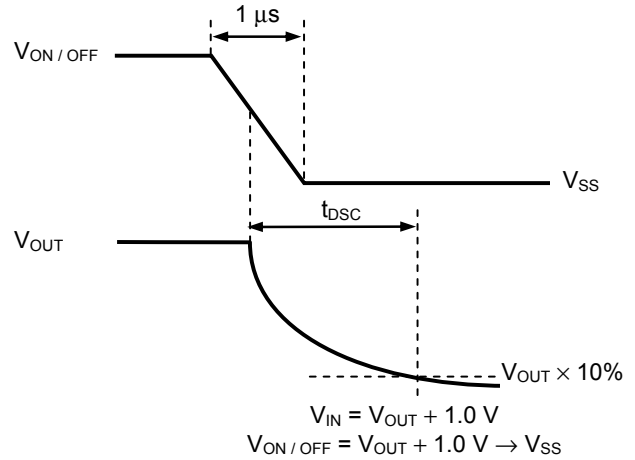


Figure 36 Measurement Condition of Discharge Time

6. Example of equivalent series resistance vs. Output current characteristics ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

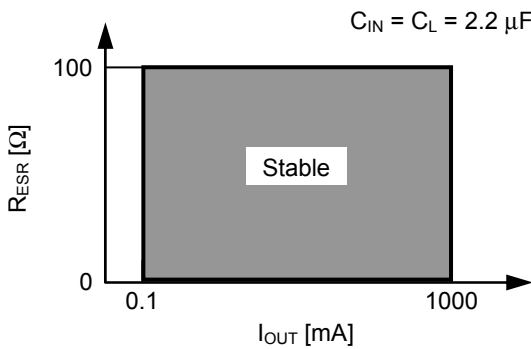
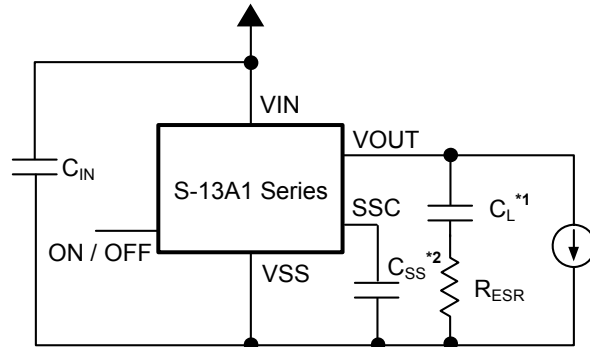


Figure 37



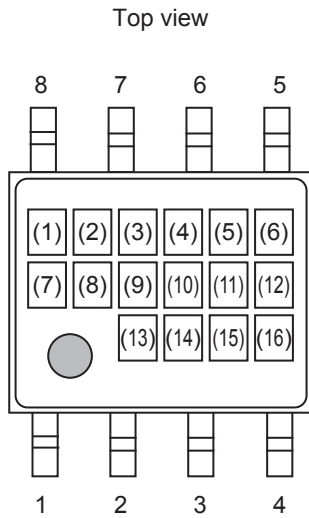
*1. C_L : TDK Corporation C3225X8R1E225K (2.2 μF)

*2. C_{SS} : Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. GRM1882C1H102JA01 (1.0 nF)

Figure 38

■ Marking Specifications

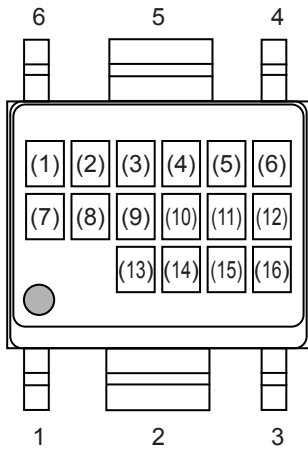
1. HSOP-8A



- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| (1) to (5): | Product name: S13A1 (Fixed) |
| (6): | Product type |
| (7) and (8): | Value of output voltage |
| (9) to (16): | Lot number |

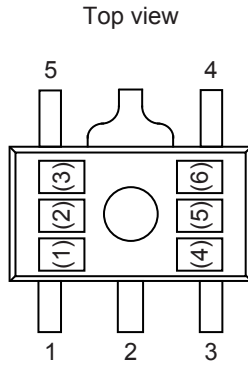
2. HSOP-6

Top view



- (1) to (5): Product name: S13A1 (Fixed)
- (6): Product type
- (7) and (8): Value of output voltage
- (9) to (16): Lot number

3. SOT-89-5



(1) to (3): Product code (Refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)
 (4) to (6): Lot number

Product name vs. Product code

3.1 S-13A1 Series A type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1A00-U5T1U3	W	R	A
S-13A1A10-U5T1U3	W	R	B
S-13A1A11-U5T1U3	W	R	C
S-13A1A12-U5T1U3	W	R	D
S-13A1A1C-U5T1U3	W	R	5
S-13A1A13-U5T1U3	W	R	E
S-13A1A14-U5T1U3	W	R	F
S-13A1A15-U5T1U3	W	R	G
S-13A1A16-U5T1U3	W	R	H
S-13A1A17-U5T1U3	W	R	I
S-13A1A18-U5T1U3	W	R	J
S-13A1A1J-U5T1U3	W	R	K
S-13A1A19-U5T1U3	W	R	L
S-13A1A20-U5T1U3	W	R	M
S-13A1A21-U5T1U3	W	R	N
S-13A1A22-U5T1U3	W	R	O
S-13A1A23-U5T1U3	W	R	P
S-13A1A24-U5T1U3	W	R	Q
S-13A1A25-U5T1U3	W	R	R
S-13A1A26-U5T1U3	W	R	S
S-13A1A27-U5T1U3	W	R	T
S-13A1A28-U5T1U3	W	R	U
S-13A1A2J-U5T1U3	W	R	V
S-13A1A29-U5T1U3	W	R	W
S-13A1A30-U5T1U3	W	R	X
S-13A1A31-U5T1U3	W	R	Y
S-13A1A32-U5T1U3	W	R	Z
S-13A1A33-U5T1U3	W	R	2
S-13A1A34-U5T1U3	W	R	3
S-13A1A35-U5T1U3	W	R	4

3.2 S-13A1 Series B type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1B00-U5T1U3	W	S	A
S-13A1B10-U5T1U3	W	S	B
S-13A1B11-U5T1U3	W	S	C
S-13A1B12-U5T1U3	W	S	D
S-13A1B1C-U5T1U3	W	S	5
S-13A1B13-U5T1U3	W	S	E
S-13A1B14-U5T1U3	W	S	F
S-13A1B15-U5T1U3	W	S	G
S-13A1B16-U5T1U3	W	S	H
S-13A1B17-U5T1U3	W	S	I
S-13A1B18-U5T1U3	W	S	J
S-13A1B1J-U5T1U3	W	S	K
S-13A1B19-U5T1U3	W	S	L
S-13A1B20-U5T1U3	W	S	M
S-13A1B21-U5T1U3	W	S	N
S-13A1B22-U5T1U3	W	S	O
S-13A1B23-U5T1U3	W	S	P
S-13A1B24-U5T1U3	W	S	Q
S-13A1B25-U5T1U3	W	S	R
S-13A1B26-U5T1U3	W	S	S
S-13A1B27-U5T1U3	W	S	T
S-13A1B28-U5T1U3	W	S	U
S-13A1B2J-U5T1U3	W	S	V
S-13A1B29-U5T1U3	W	S	W
S-13A1B30-U5T1U3	W	S	X
S-13A1B31-U5T1U3	W	S	Y
S-13A1B32-U5T1U3	W	S	Z
S-13A1B33-U5T1U3	W	S	2
S-13A1B34-U5T1U3	W	S	3
S-13A1B35-U5T1U3	W	S	4

HIGH RIPPLE-REJECTION LOW DROPOUT HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR
S-13A1 Series

Rev.2.0_01

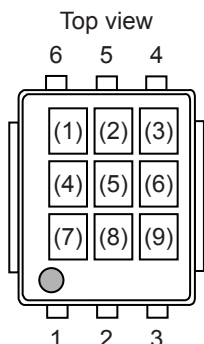
3.3 S-13A1 Series C type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1C00-U5T1U3	W	T	A
S-13A1C10-U5T1U3	W	T	B
S-13A1C11-U5T1U3	W	T	C
S-13A1C12-U5T1U3	W	T	D
S-13A1C1C-U5T1U3	W	T	5
S-13A1C13-U5T1U3	W	T	E
S-13A1C14-U5T1U3	W	T	F
S-13A1C15-U5T1U3	W	T	G
S-13A1C16-U5T1U3	W	T	H
S-13A1C17-U5T1U3	W	T	I
S-13A1C18-U5T1U3	W	T	J
S-13A1C1J-U5T1U3	W	T	K
S-13A1C19-U5T1U3	W	T	L
S-13A1C20-U5T1U3	W	T	M
S-13A1C21-U5T1U3	W	T	N
S-13A1C22-U5T1U3	W	T	O
S-13A1C23-U5T1U3	W	T	P
S-13A1C24-U5T1U3	W	T	Q
S-13A1C25-U5T1U3	W	T	R
S-13A1C26-U5T1U3	W	T	S
S-13A1C27-U5T1U3	W	T	T
S-13A1C28-U5T1U3	W	T	U
S-13A1C2J-U5T1U3	W	T	V
S-13A1C29-U5T1U3	W	T	W
S-13A1C30-U5T1U3	W	T	X
S-13A1C31-U5T1U3	W	T	Y
S-13A1C32-U5T1U3	W	T	Z
S-13A1C33-U5T1U3	W	T	2
S-13A1C34-U5T1U3	W	T	3
S-13A1C35-U5T1U3	W	T	4

3.4 S-13A1 Series D type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1D00-U5T1U3	W	U	A
S-13A1D10-U5T1U3	W	U	B
S-13A1D11-U5T1U3	W	U	C
S-13A1D12-U5T1U3	W	U	D
S-13A1D1C-U5T1U3	W	U	5
S-13A1D13-U5T1U3	W	U	E
S-13A1D14-U5T1U3	W	U	F
S-13A1D15-U5T1U3	W	U	G
S-13A1D16-U5T1U3	W	U	H
S-13A1D17-U5T1U3	W	U	I
S-13A1D18-U5T1U3	W	U	J
S-13A1D1J-U5T1U3	W	U	K
S-13A1D19-U5T1U3	W	U	L
S-13A1D20-U5T1U3	W	U	M
S-13A1D21-U5T1U3	W	U	N
S-13A1D22-U5T1U3	W	U	O
S-13A1D23-U5T1U3	W	U	P
S-13A1D24-U5T1U3	W	U	Q
S-13A1D25-U5T1U3	W	U	R
S-13A1D26-U5T1U3	W	U	S
S-13A1D27-U5T1U3	W	U	T
S-13A1D28-U5T1U3	W	U	U
S-13A1D2J-U5T1U3	W	U	V
S-13A1D29-U5T1U3	W	U	W
S-13A1D30-U5T1U3	W	U	X
S-13A1D31-U5T1U3	W	U	Y
S-13A1D32-U5T1U3	W	U	Z
S-13A1D33-U5T1U3	W	U	2
S-13A1D34-U5T1U3	W	U	3
S-13A1D35-U5T1U3	W	U	4

4. HSNT-6A



- (1) to (3): Product code (Refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)
- (4): Blank
- (5) to (9): Lot number

Product name vs. Product code

4.1 S-13A1 Series A type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1A10-A6T1U3	W	R	B
S-13A1A11-A6T1U3	W	R	C
S-13A1A12-A6T1U3	W	R	D
S-13A1A1C-A6T1U3	W	R	5
S-13A1A13-A6T1U3	W	R	E
S-13A1A14-A6T1U3	W	R	F
S-13A1A15-A6T1U3	W	R	G
S-13A1A16-A6T1U3	W	R	H
S-13A1A17-A6T1U3	W	R	I
S-13A1A18-A6T1U3	W	R	J
S-13A1A1J-A6T1U3	W	R	K
S-13A1A19-A6T1U3	W	R	L
S-13A1A20-A6T1U3	W	R	M
S-13A1A21-A6T1U3	W	R	N
S-13A1A22-A6T1U3	W	R	O
S-13A1A23-A6T1U3	W	R	P
S-13A1A24-A6T1U3	W	R	Q
S-13A1A25-A6T1U3	W	R	R
S-13A1A26-A6T1U3	W	R	S
S-13A1A27-A6T1U3	W	R	T
S-13A1A28-A6T1U3	W	R	U
S-13A1A2J-A6T1U3	W	R	V
S-13A1A29-A6T1U3	W	R	W
S-13A1A30-A6T1U3	W	R	X
S-13A1A31-A6T1U3	W	R	Y
S-13A1A32-A6T1U3	W	R	Z
S-13A1A33-A6T1U3	W	R	2
S-13A1A34-A6T1U3	W	R	3
S-13A1A35-A6T1U3	W	R	4

4.2 S-13A1 Series B type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1B10-A6T1U3	W	S	B
S-13A1B11-A6T1U3	W	S	C
S-13A1B12-A6T1U3	W	S	D
S-13A1B1C-A6T1U3	W	S	5
S-13A1B13-A6T1U3	W	S	E
S-13A1B14-A6T1U3	W	S	F
S-13A1B15-A6T1U3	W	S	G
S-13A1B16-A6T1U3	W	S	H
S-13A1B17-A6T1U3	W	S	I
S-13A1B18-A6T1U3	W	S	J
S-13A1B1J-A6T1U3	W	S	K
S-13A1B19-A6T1U3	W	S	L
S-13A1B20-A6T1U3	W	S	M
S-13A1B21-A6T1U3	W	S	N
S-13A1B22-A6T1U3	W	S	O
S-13A1B23-A6T1U3	W	S	P
S-13A1B24-A6T1U3	W	S	Q
S-13A1B25-A6T1U3	W	S	R
S-13A1B26-A6T1U3	W	S	S
S-13A1B27-A6T1U3	W	S	T
S-13A1B28-A6T1U3	W	S	U
S-13A1B2J-A6T1U3	W	S	V
S-13A1B29-A6T1U3	W	S	W
S-13A1B30-A6T1U3	W	S	X
S-13A1B31-A6T1U3	W	S	Y
S-13A1B32-A6T1U3	W	S	Z
S-13A1B33-A6T1U3	W	S	2
S-13A1B34-A6T1U3	W	S	3
S-13A1B35-A6T1U3	W	S	4

4.3 S-13A1 Series C type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1C10-A6T1U3	W	T	B
S-13A1C11-A6T1U3	W	T	C
S-13A1C12-A6T1U3	W	T	D
S-13A1C1C-A6T1U3	W	T	5
S-13A1C13-A6T1U3	W	T	E
S-13A1C14-A6T1U3	W	T	F
S-13A1C15-A6T1U3	W	T	G
S-13A1C16-A6T1U3	W	T	H
S-13A1C17-A6T1U3	W	T	I
S-13A1C18-A6T1U3	W	T	J
S-13A1C1J-A6T1U3	W	T	K
S-13A1C19-A6T1U3	W	T	L
S-13A1C20-A6T1U3	W	T	M
S-13A1C21-A6T1U3	W	T	N
S-13A1C22-A6T1U3	W	T	O
S-13A1C23-A6T1U3	W	T	P
S-13A1C24-A6T1U3	W	T	Q
S-13A1C25-A6T1U3	W	T	R
S-13A1C26-A6T1U3	W	T	S
S-13A1C27-A6T1U3	W	T	T
S-13A1C28-A6T1U3	W	T	U
S-13A1C2J-A6T1U3	W	T	V
S-13A1C29-A6T1U3	W	T	W
S-13A1C30-A6T1U3	W	T	X
S-13A1C31-A6T1U3	W	T	Y
S-13A1C32-A6T1U3	W	T	Z
S-13A1C33-A6T1U3	W	T	2
S-13A1C34-A6T1U3	W	T	3
S-13A1C35-A6T1U3	W	T	4

4.4 S-13A1 Series D type

Product Name	Product Code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-13A1D10-A6T1U3	W	U	B
S-13A1D11-A6T1U3	W	U	C
S-13A1D12-A6T1U3	W	U	D
S-13A1D1C-A6T1U3	W	U	5
S-13A1D13-A6T1U3	W	U	E
S-13A1D14-A6T1U3	W	U	F
S-13A1D15-A6T1U3	W	U	G
S-13A1D16-A6T1U3	W	U	H
S-13A1D17-A6T1U3	W	U	I
S-13A1D18-A6T1U3	W	U	J
S-13A1D1J-A6T1U3	W	U	K
S-13A1D19-A6T1U3	W	U	L
S-13A1D20-A6T1U3	W	U	M
S-13A1D21-A6T1U3	W	U	N
S-13A1D22-A6T1U3	W	U	O
S-13A1D23-A6T1U3	W	U	P
S-13A1D24-A6T1U3	W	U	Q
S-13A1D25-A6T1U3	W	U	R
S-13A1D26-A6T1U3	W	U	S
S-13A1D27-A6T1U3	W	U	T
S-13A1D28-A6T1U3	W	U	U
S-13A1D2J-A6T1U3	W	U	V
S-13A1D29-A6T1U3	W	U	W
S-13A1D30-A6T1U3	W	U	X
S-13A1D31-A6T1U3	W	U	Y
S-13A1D32-A6T1U3	W	U	Z
S-13A1D33-A6T1U3	W	U	2
S-13A1D34-A6T1U3	W	U	3
S-13A1D35-A6T1U3	W	U	4

■ Thermal Characteristics

1. HSOP-8A

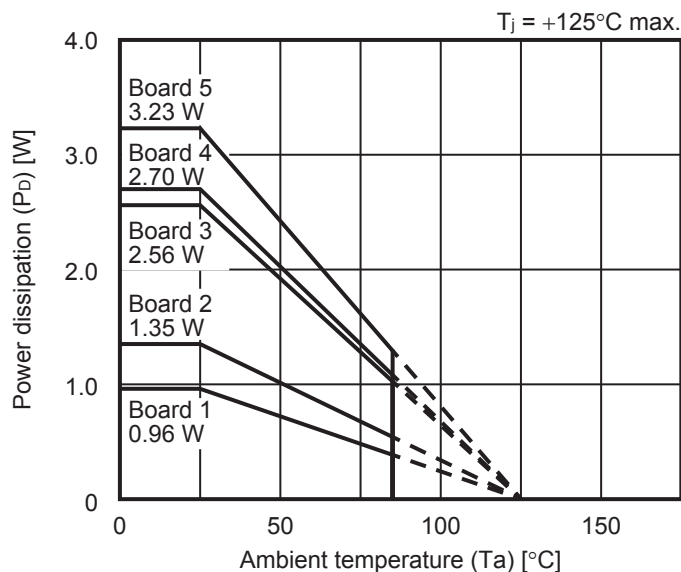


Figure 39 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

1.1 Board 1

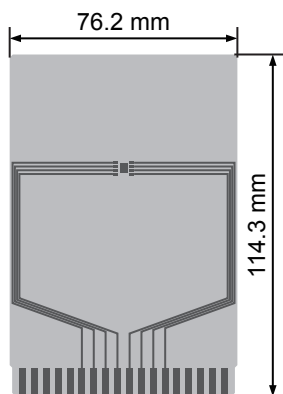


Figure 40

Table 20

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	104°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	2
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 -
	3 -
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

1.2 Board 2

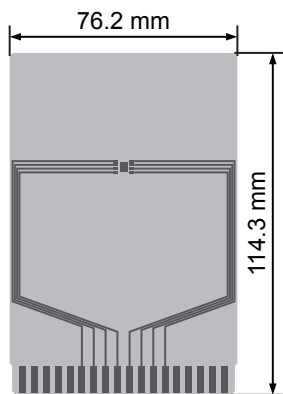


Figure 41

Table 21

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	74°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

1.3 Board 3

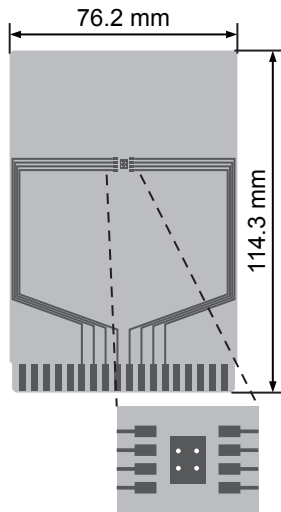
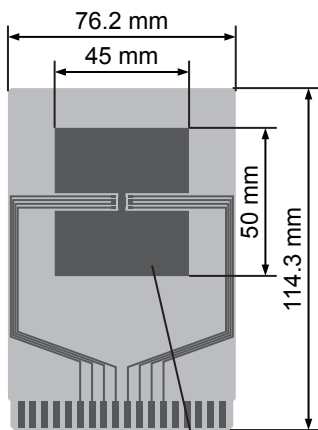


Figure 42

Table 22

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	39°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	Number: 4 Diameter: 0.3 mm

1.4 Board 4



Pattern for heat radiation

Figure 43

Table 23

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	37°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	—

1.5 Board 5

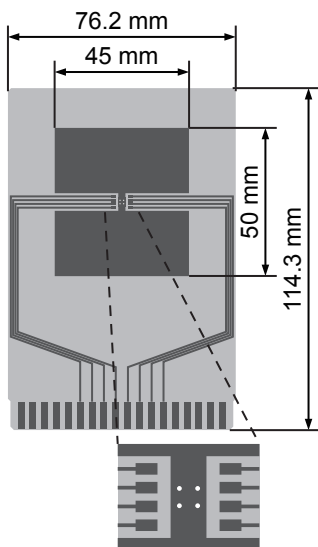


Figure 44

Table 24

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	31°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	Number: 4 Diameter: 0.3 mm

2. HSOP-6

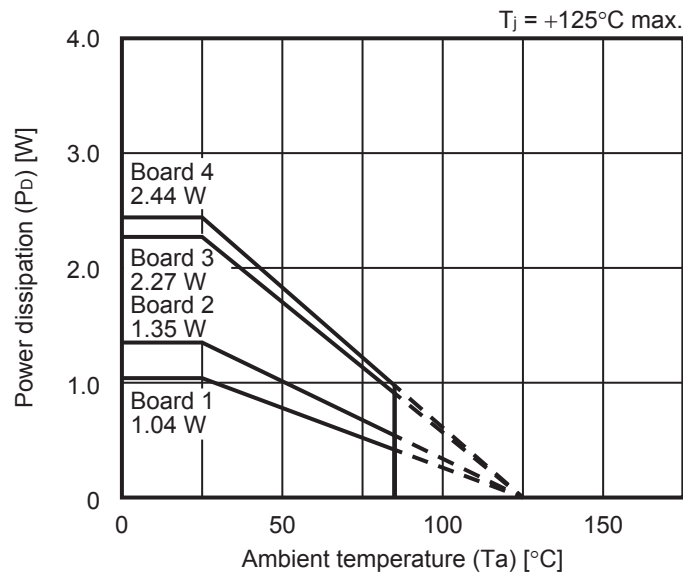


Figure 45 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

2.1 Board 1

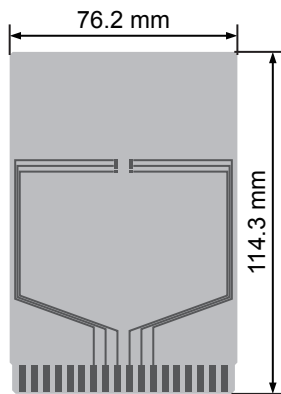


Figure 46

Table 25

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	96°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	2
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 -
	3 -
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

2.2 Board 2

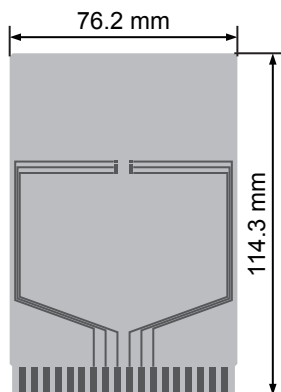


Figure 47

Table 26

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	74°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

2.3 Board 3

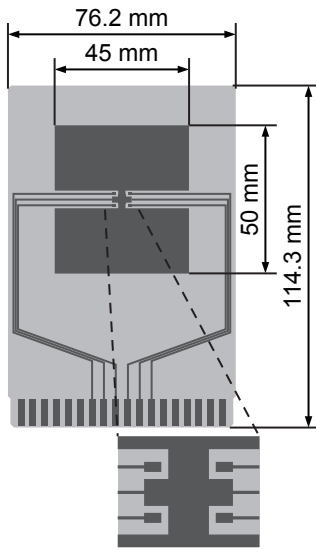


Figure 48

Table 27

Item	Specification	
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	44°C/W	
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm	
Material	FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer	4	
Copper foil layer	1	Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-	

2.4 Board 4

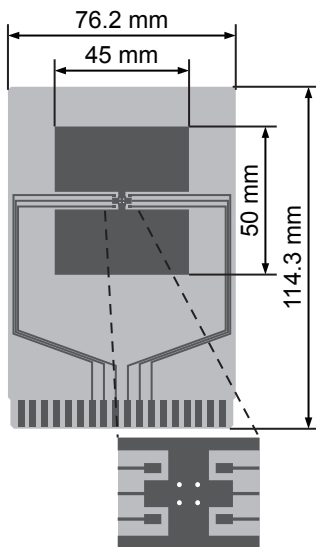


Figure 49

Table 28

Item	Specification	
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	41°C/W	
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm	
Material	FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer	4	
Copper foil layer	1	Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	Number: 4 Diameter: 0.3 mm	

3. SOT-89-5

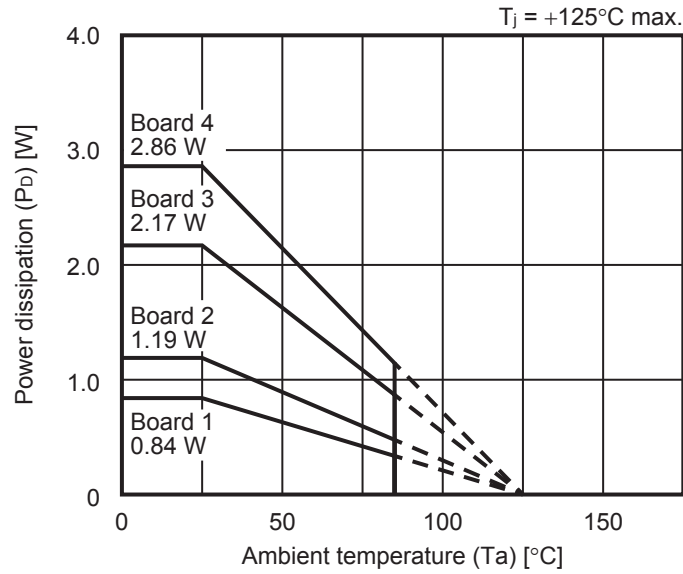


Figure 50 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

3.1 Board 1

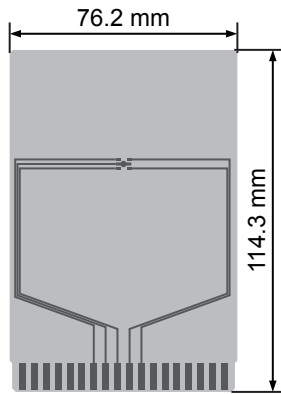


Figure 51

Table 29

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	119°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	2
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 -
	3 -
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

3.2 Board 2

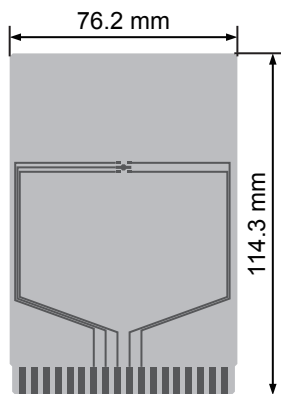


Figure 52

Table 30

Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	84°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-

3.3 Board 3

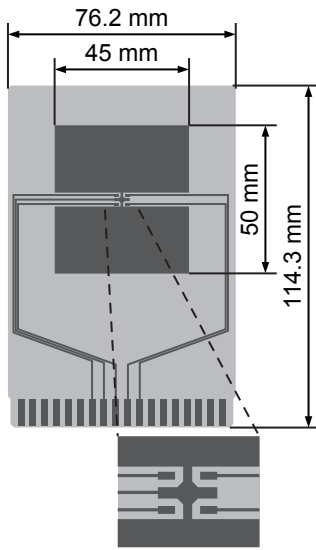


Figure 53

Table 31

Item	Specification	
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	46°C/W	
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm	
Material	FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer	4	
Copper foil layer	1	Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-	

3.4 Board 4

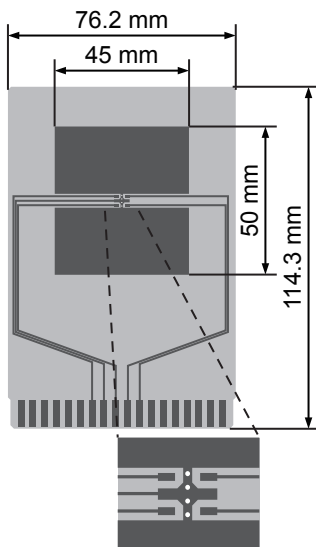


Figure 54

Table 32

Item	Specification	
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	35°C/W	
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm	
Material	FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer	4	
Copper foil layer	1	Pattern for heat radiation: 45 mm × 50 mm × t0.070 mm
	2	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4	74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	Number: 4 Diameter: 0.3 mm	

4. HSNT-6A

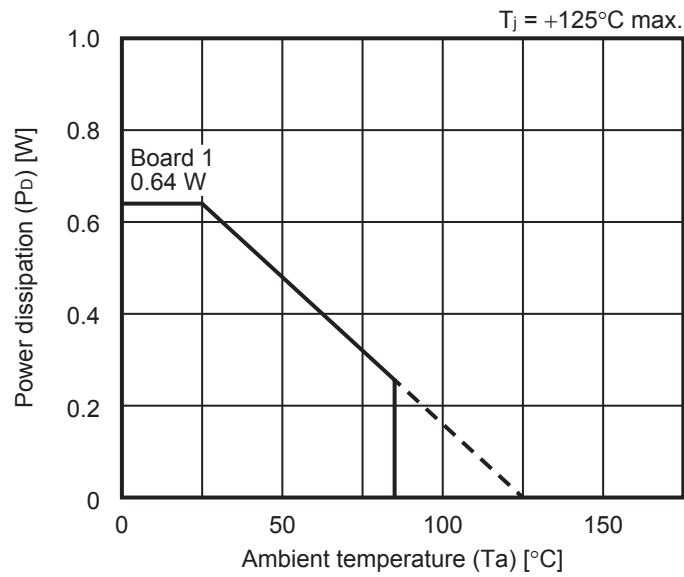


Figure 55 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

4.1 Board 1

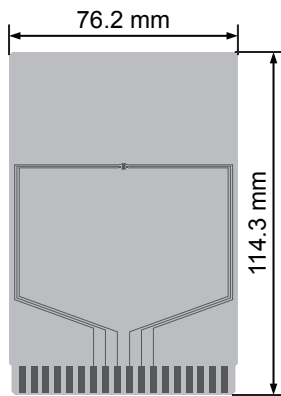
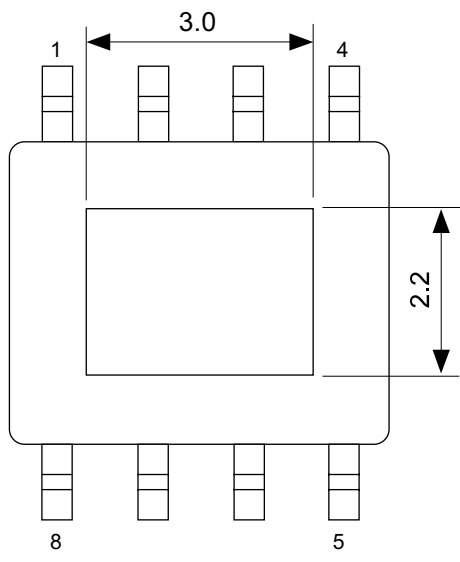
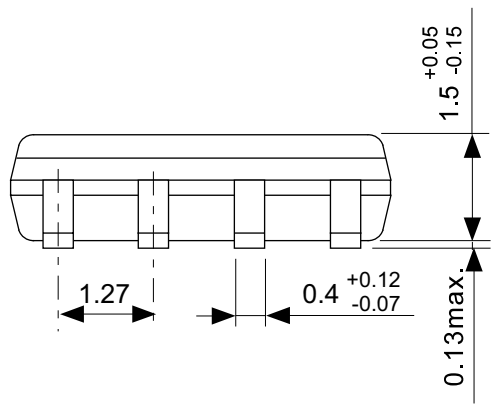
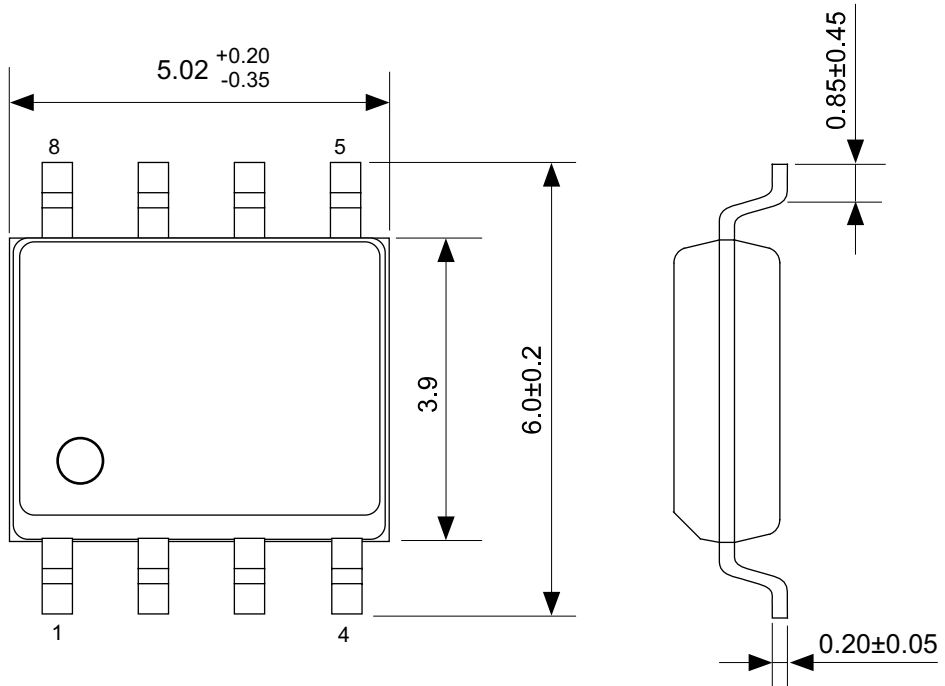


Figure 56

Table 33

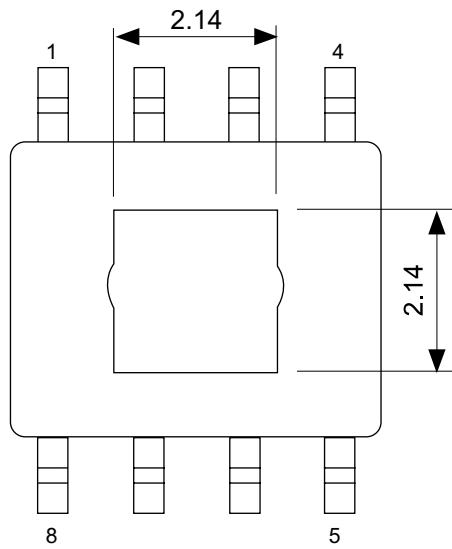
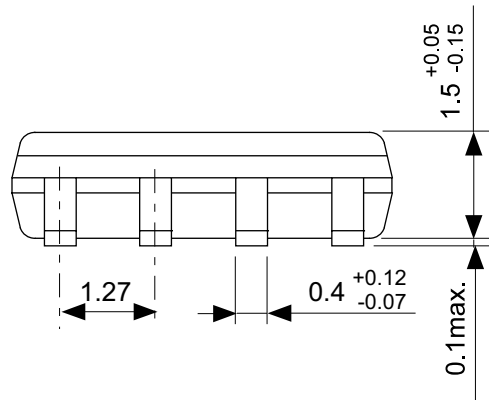
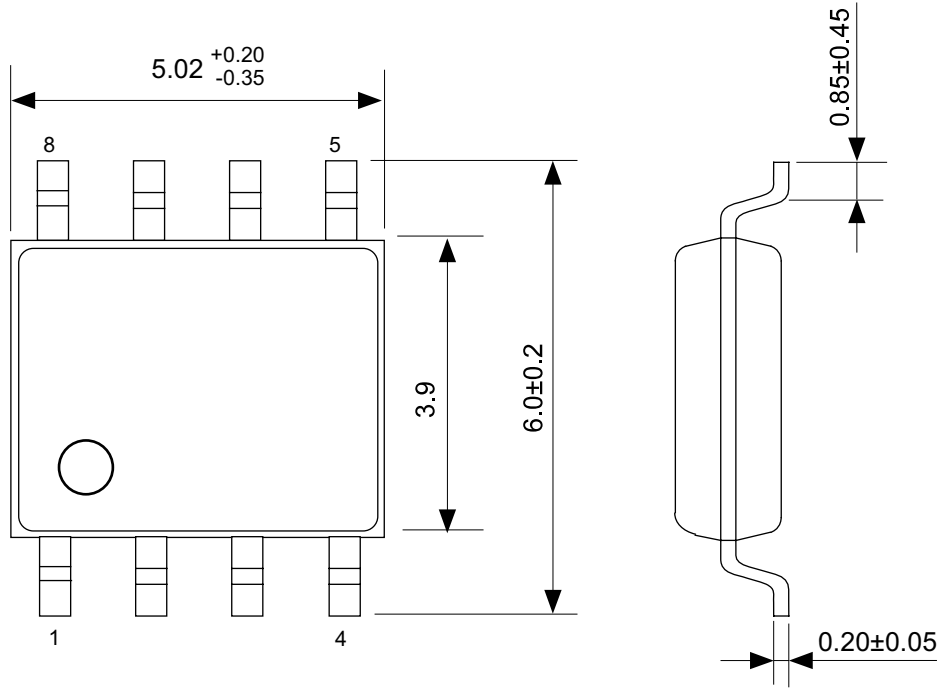
Item	Specification
Thermal resistance value (θ_{ja})	157°C/W
Size	114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
Material	FR-4
Number of copper foil layer	4
Copper foil layer	1 Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 mm
	2 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	3 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.035 mm
	4 74.2 mm × 74.2 mm × t0.070 mm
Thermal via	-



No. FH008-Z-P-SD-1.0

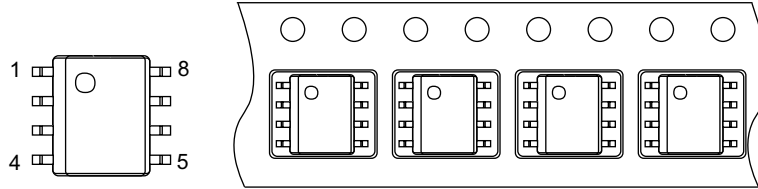
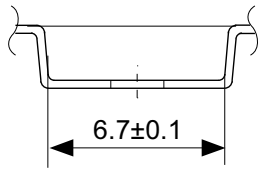
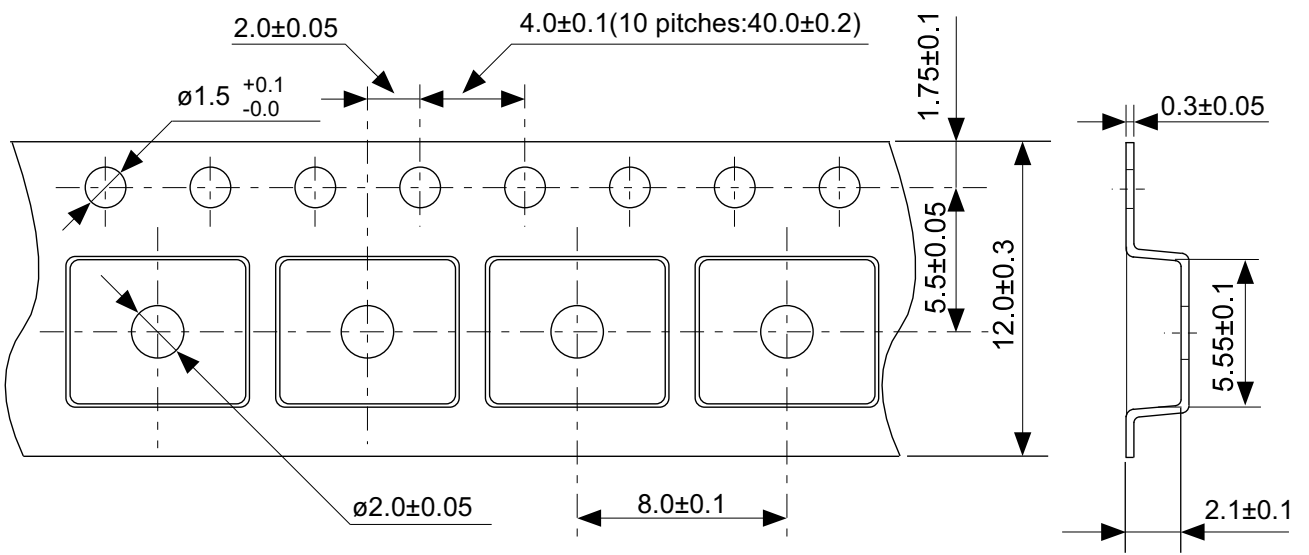
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No.	FH008-Z-P-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm

SII Semiconductor Corporation



No. FH008-Z-P-S1-1.0

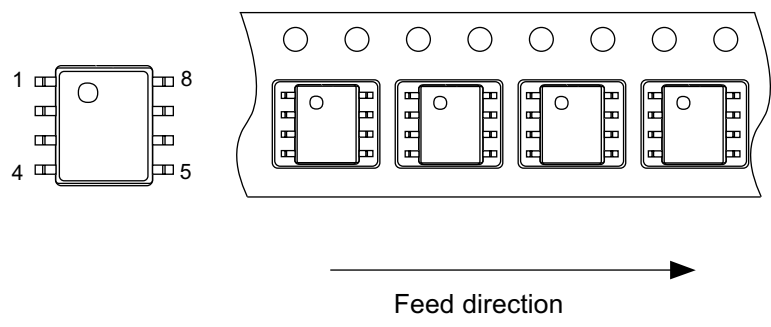
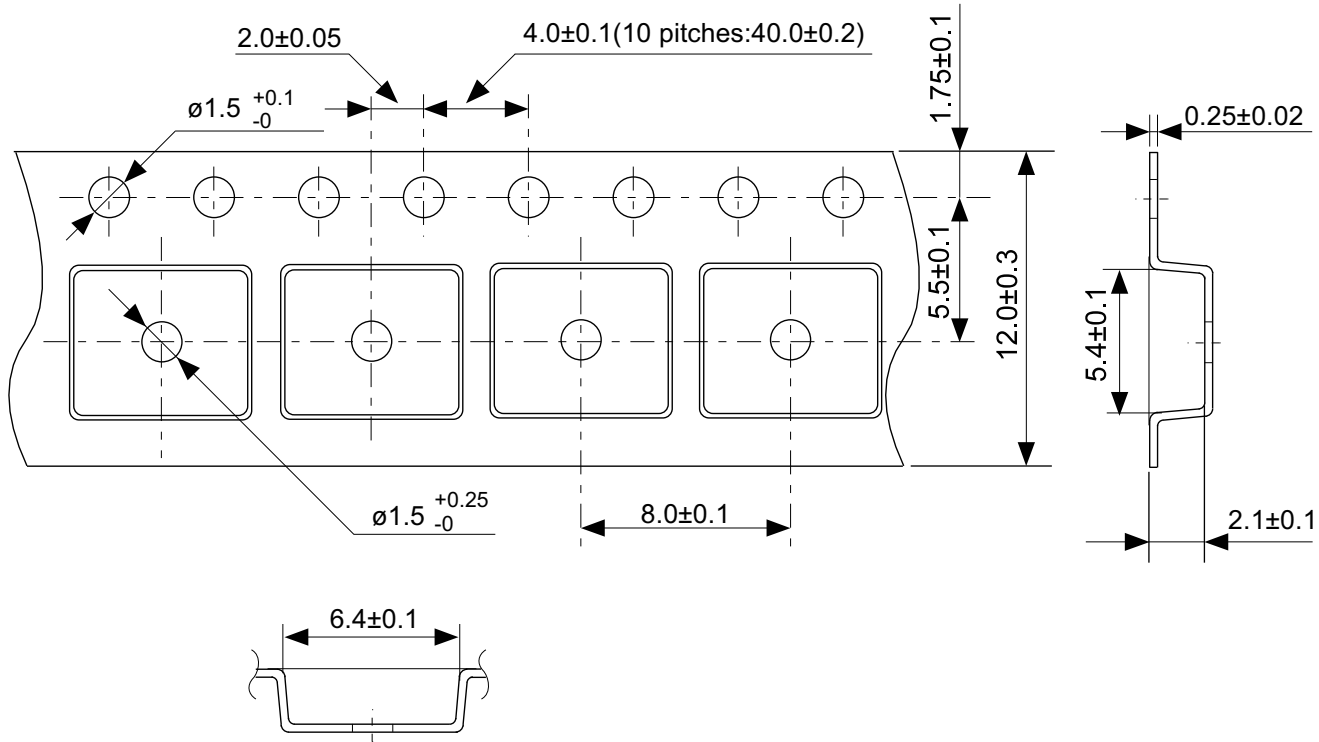
TITLE	HSOP8A-Z-PKG Dimensions
No.	FH008-Z-P-S1-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



→
Feed direction

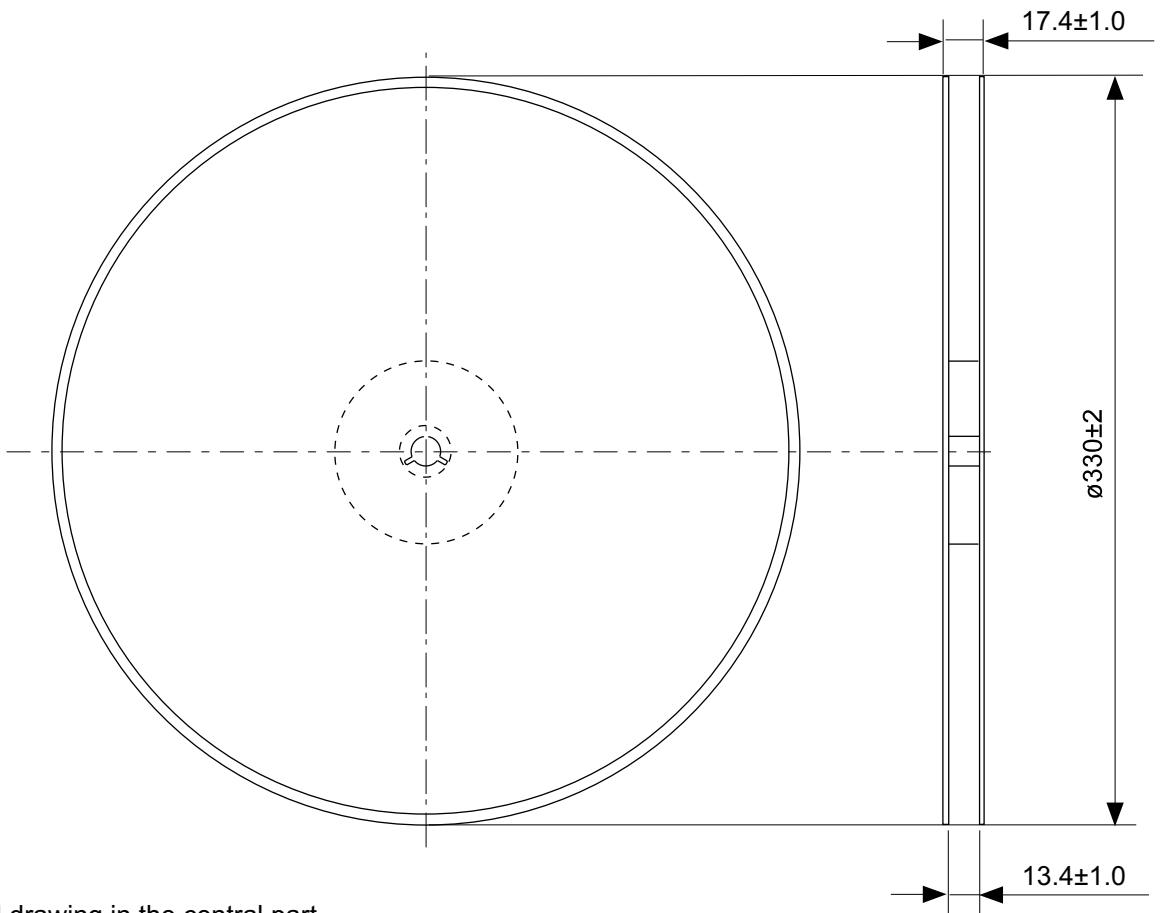
No. FH008-Z-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSOP8A-Z-Carrier Tape
No.	FH008-Z-C-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	

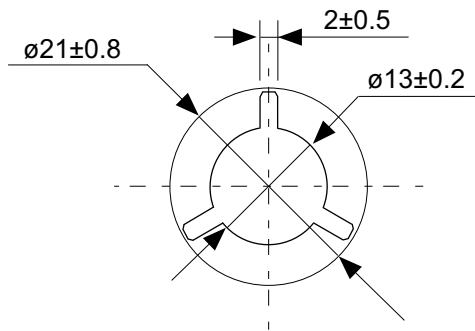


No. FH008-Z-C-S1-1.0

TITLE	HSOP8A-Z-Carrier Tape
No.	FH008-Z-C-S1-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	

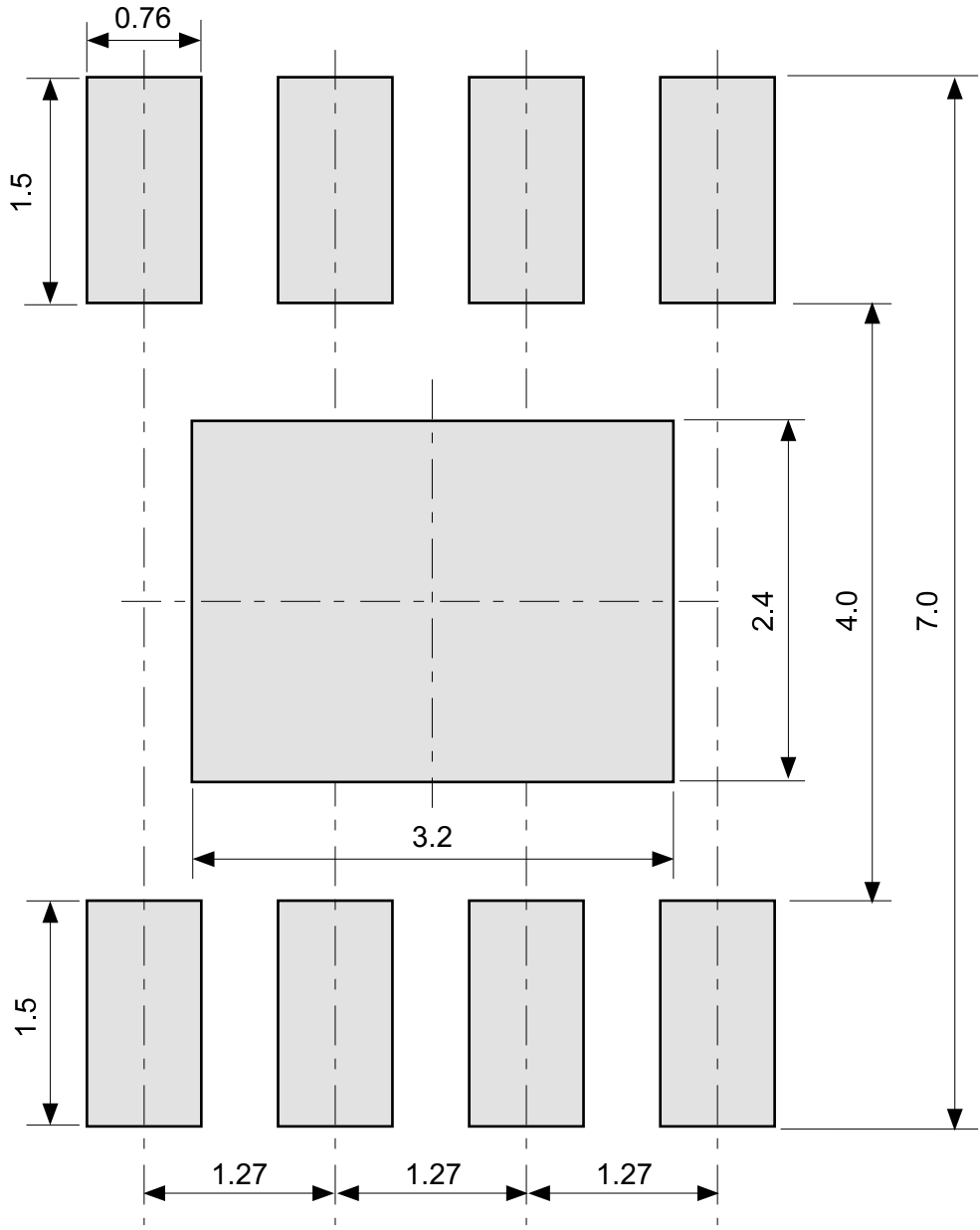


Enlarged drawing in the central part



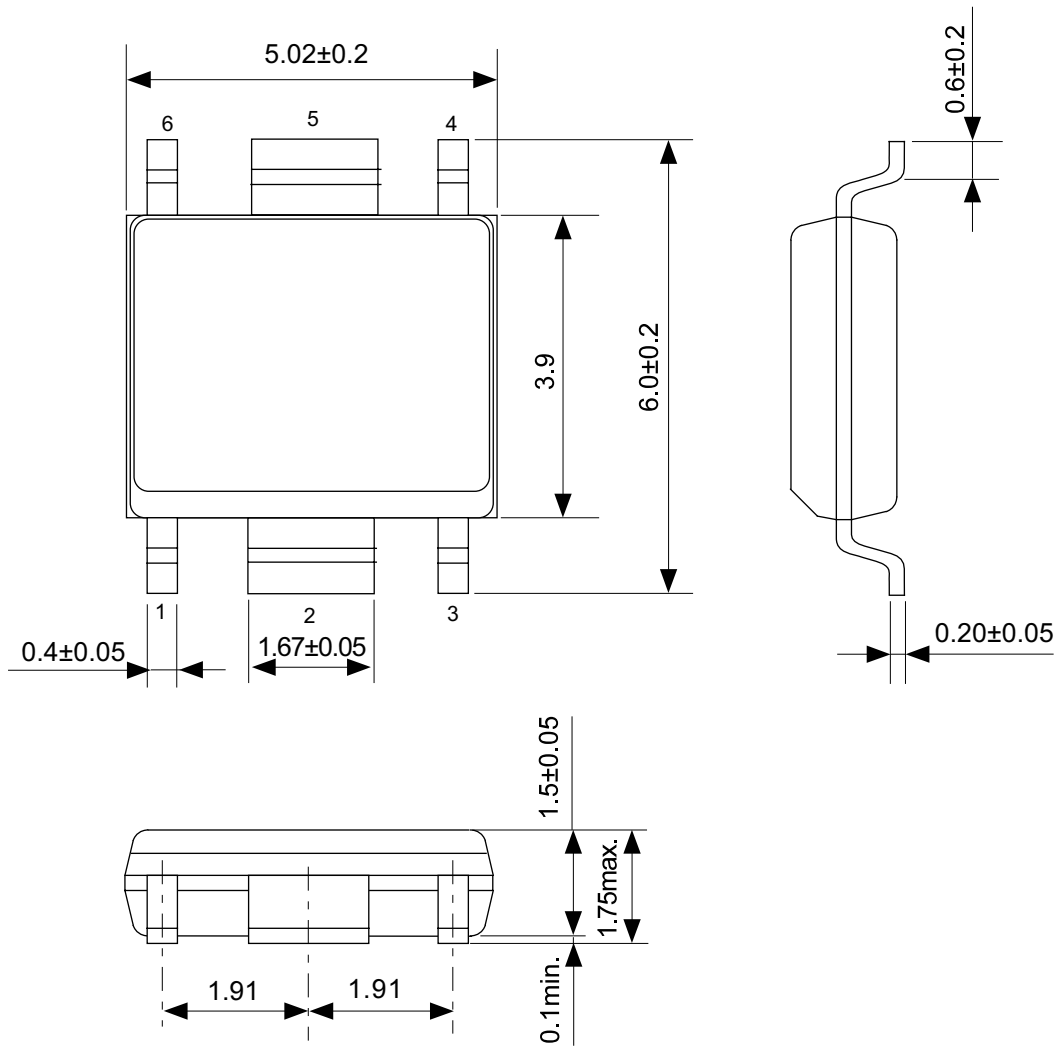
No. FH008-Z-R-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSOP8A-Z-Reel		
No.	FH008-Z-R-SD-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	4,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			



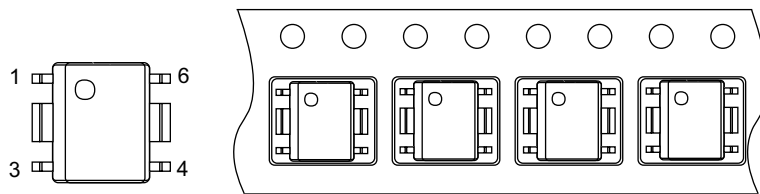
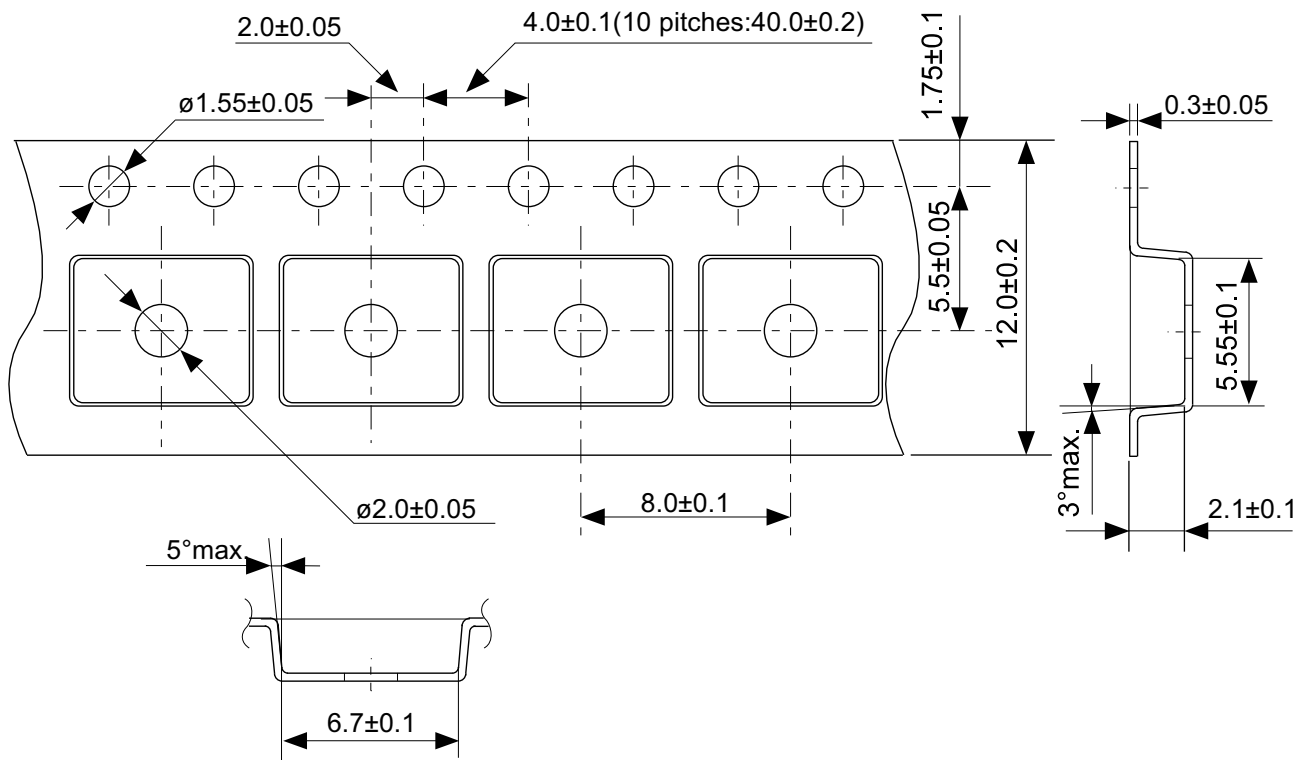
No. FH008-Z-L-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSOP8A-Z -Land Recommendation
No.	FH008-Z-L-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm



No. FH006-A-P-SD-2.0

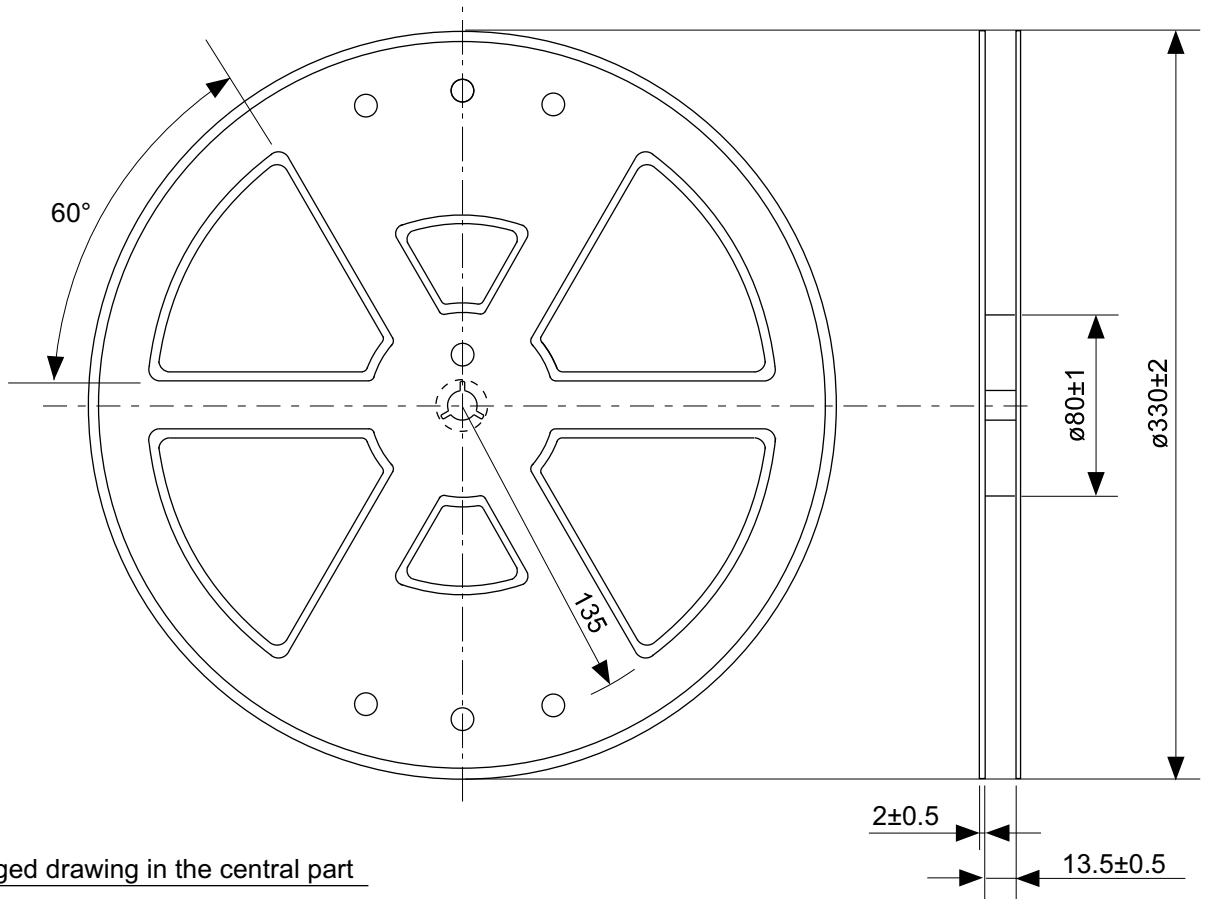
TITLE	HSOP6-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	FH006-A-P-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



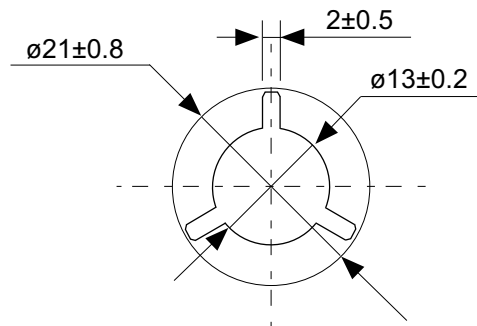
Feed direction →

No. FH006-A-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSOP6-A-Carrier Tape
No.	FH006-A-C-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	

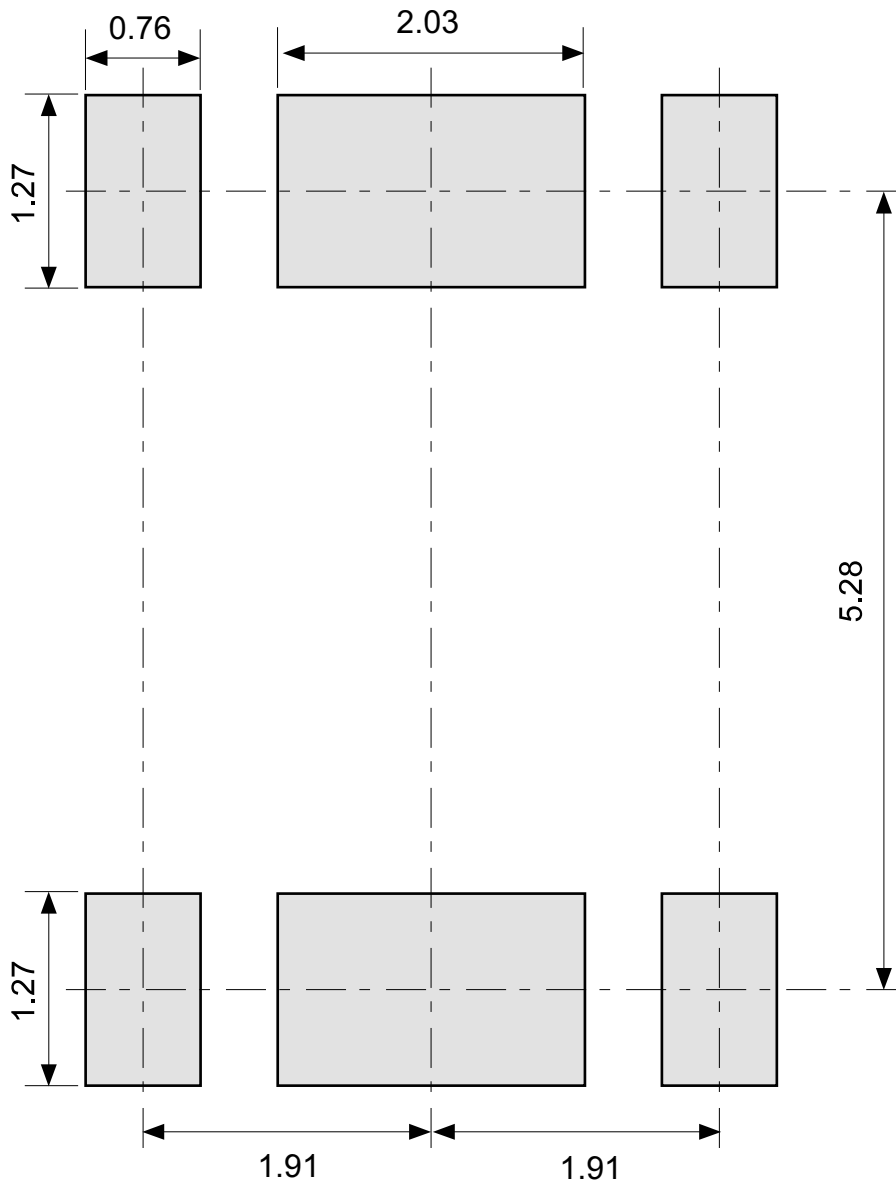


Enlarged drawing in the central part



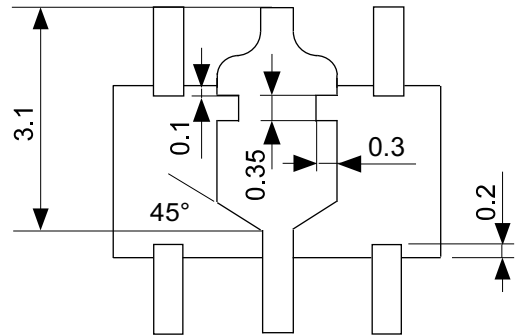
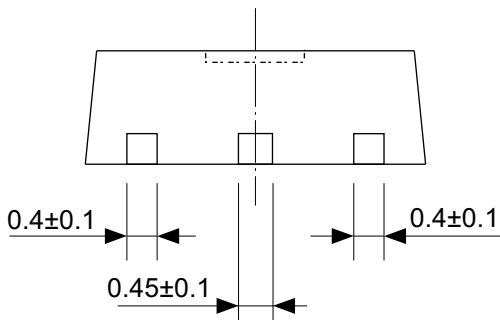
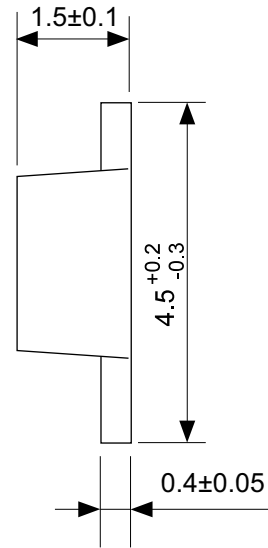
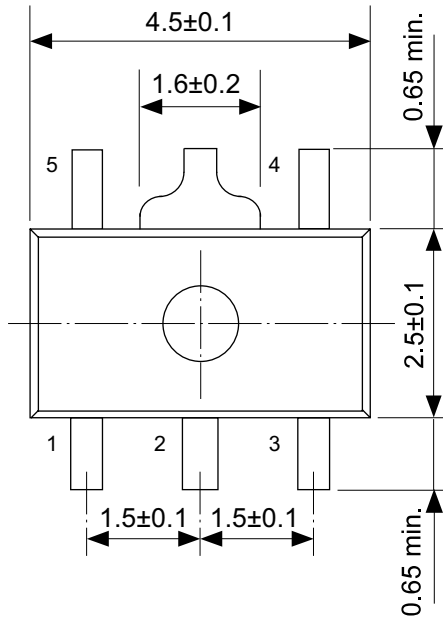
No. FH006-A-R-S1-1.0

TITLE	HSOP6-A-Reel		
No.	FH006-A-R-S1-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	4,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			



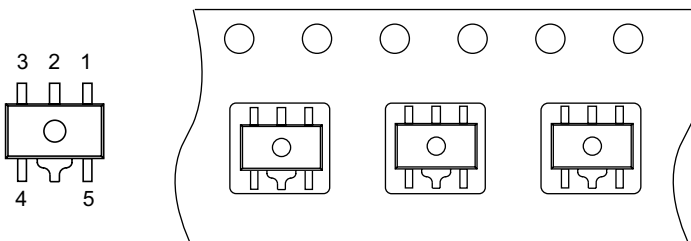
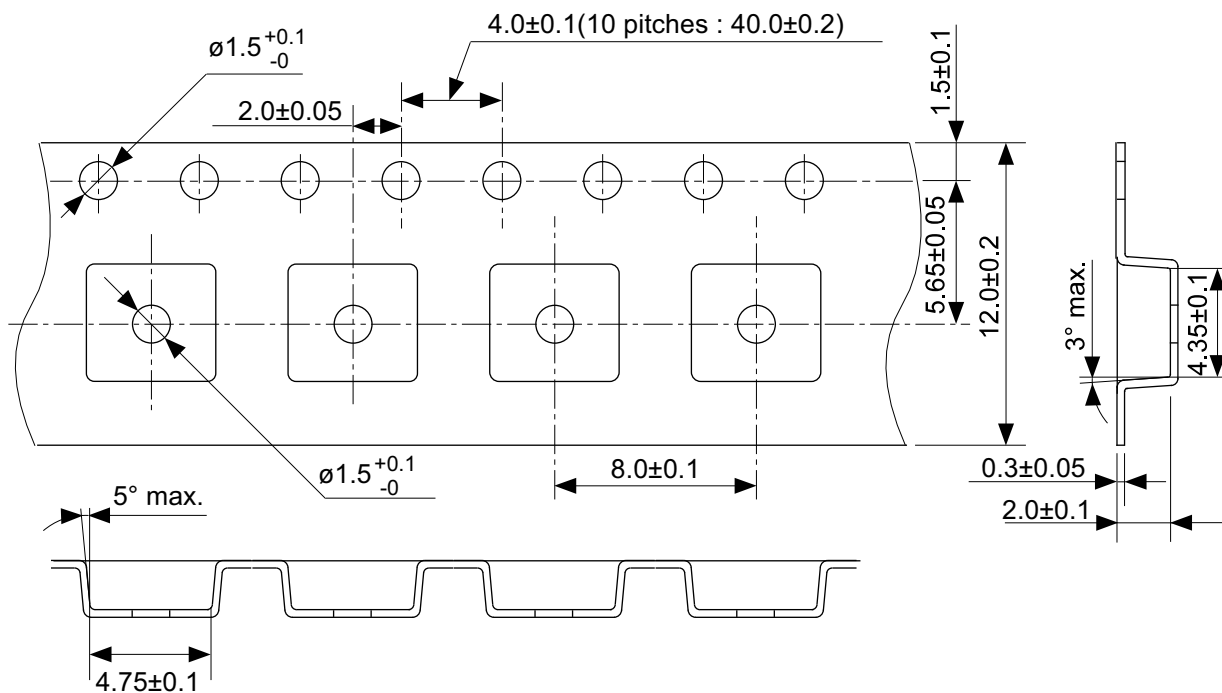
No. FH006-A-L-SD-2.0

TITLE	HSOP6-A -Land Recommendation
No.	FH006-A-L-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



No. UP005-A-P-SD-1.1

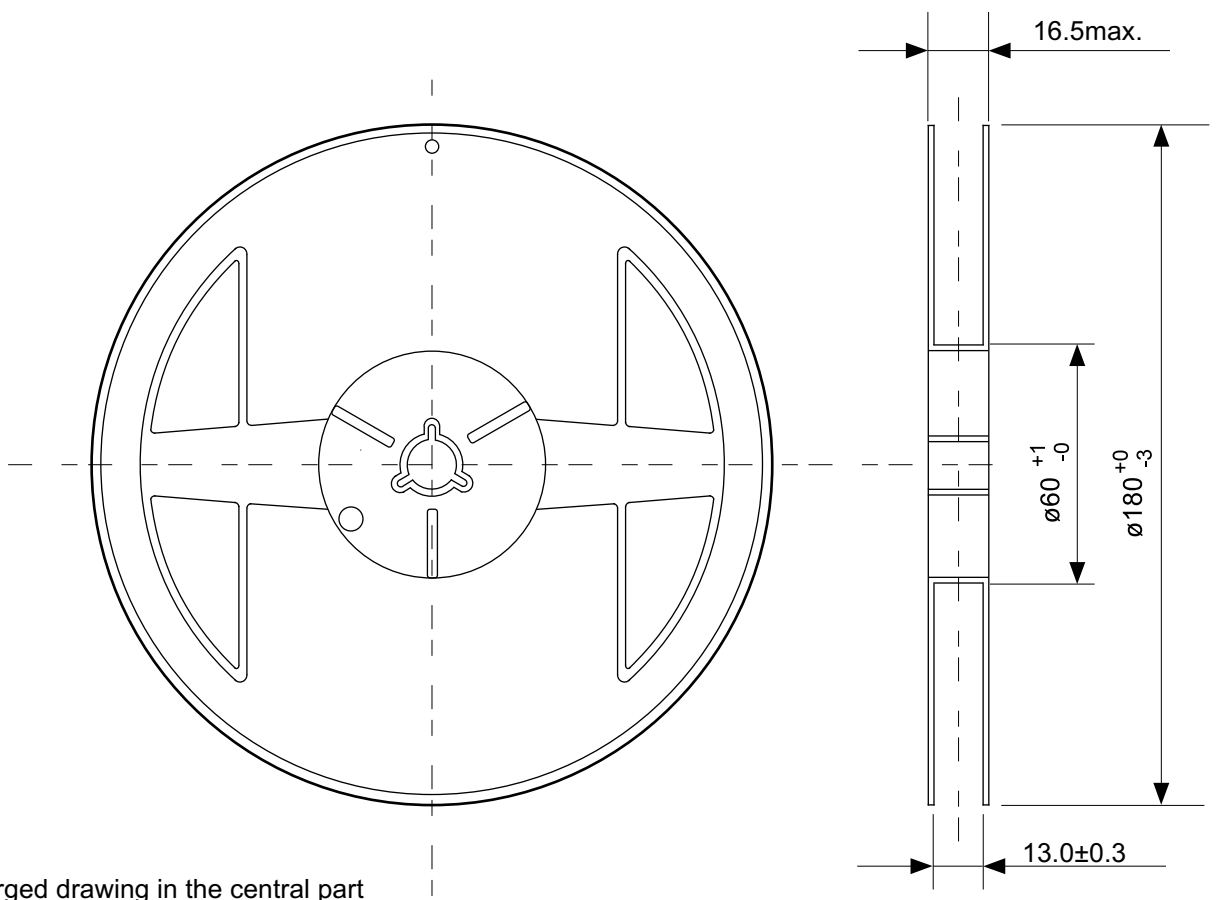
TITLE	SOT895-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	UP005-A-P-SD-1.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



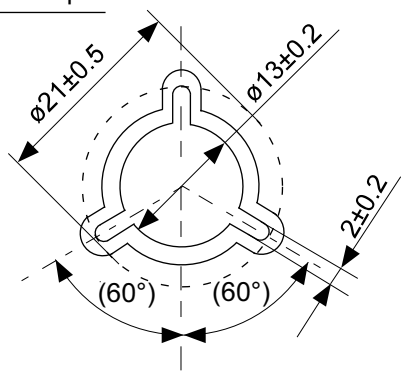
Feed direction

No. UP005-A-C-SD-1.1

TITLE	SOT895-A-Carrier Tape
No.	UP005-A-C-SD-1.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	

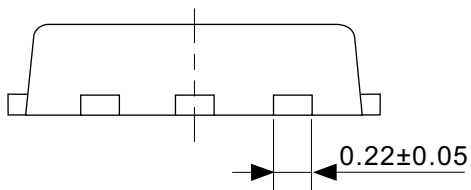
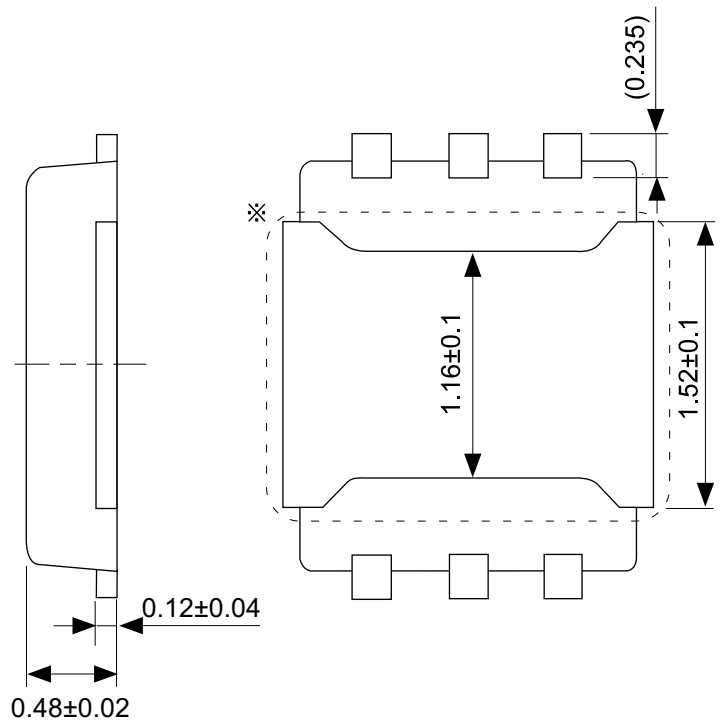
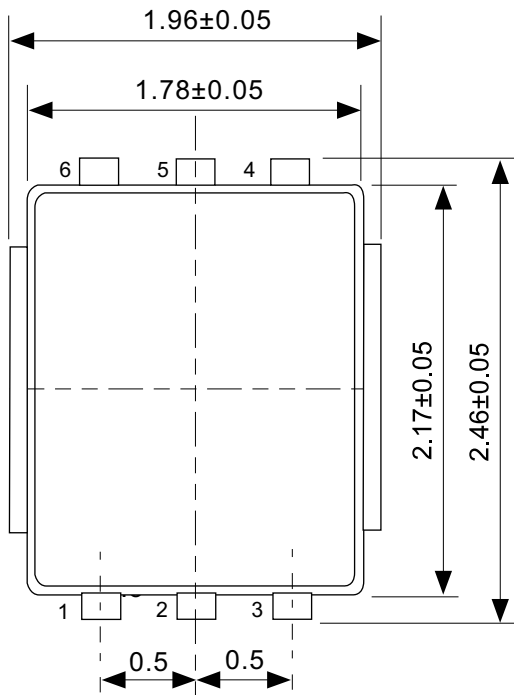


Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. UP005-A-R-SD-1.1

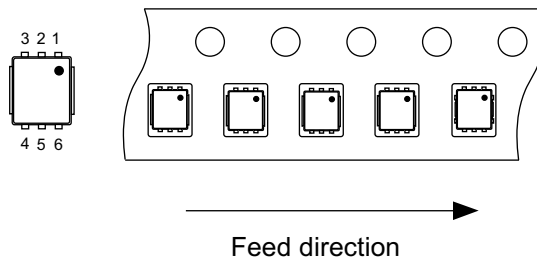
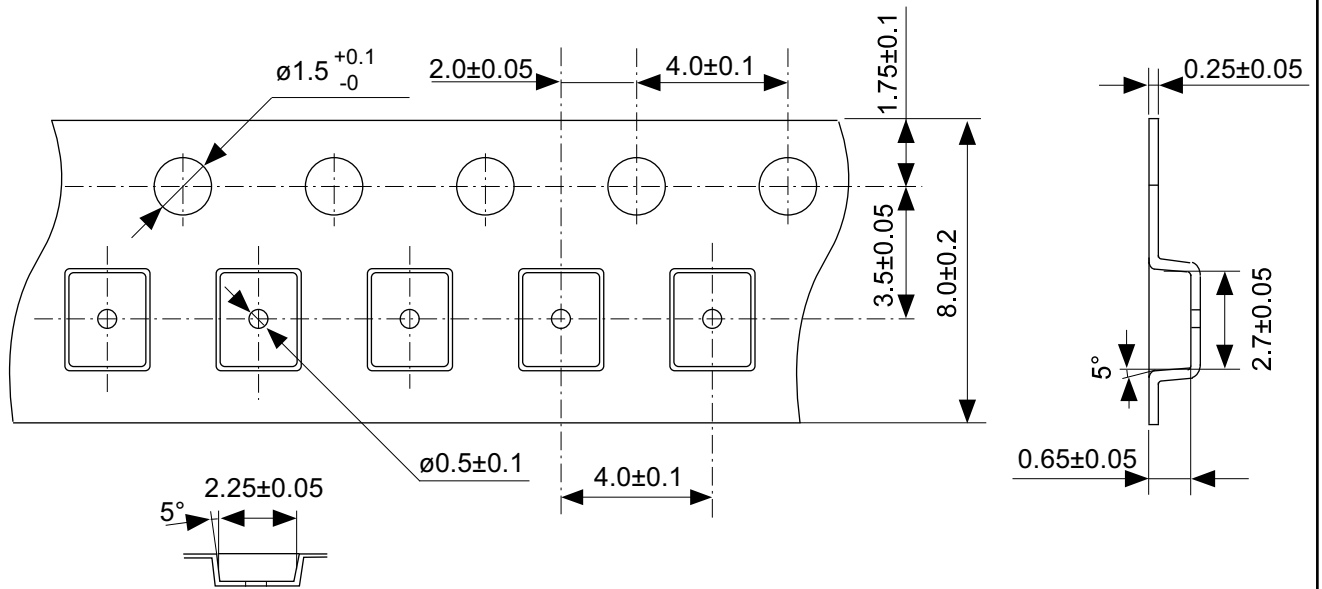
TITLE	SOT895-A-Reel		
No.	UP005-A-R-SD-1.1		
SCALE		QTY.	1,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			



※ The heat sink of back side has different electric potential depending on the product. Confirm specifications of each product. Do not use it as the function of electrode.

No. PJ006-A-P-SD-3.0

TITLE	HSNT-6A-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	PJ006-A-P-SD-3.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



No. PJ006-A-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSNT-6A-A-Carrier Tape
No.	PJ006-A-C-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	



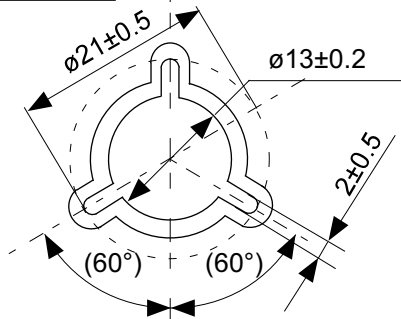
12.5max.

$\phi 60^{+1}_{-0}$

$\phi 180^{+0}_{-3}$

9.0 ± 0.3

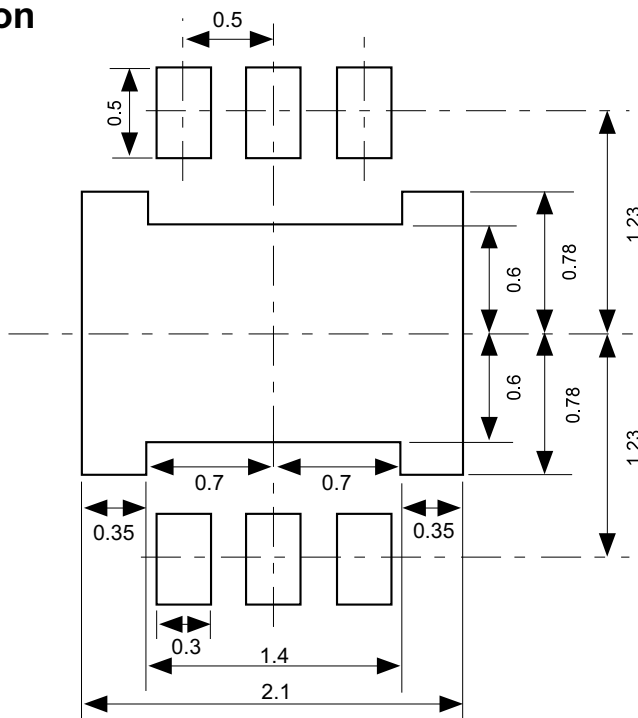
Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. PJ006-A-R-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSNT-6A-A-Reel		
No.	PJ006-A-R-SD-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	5,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			

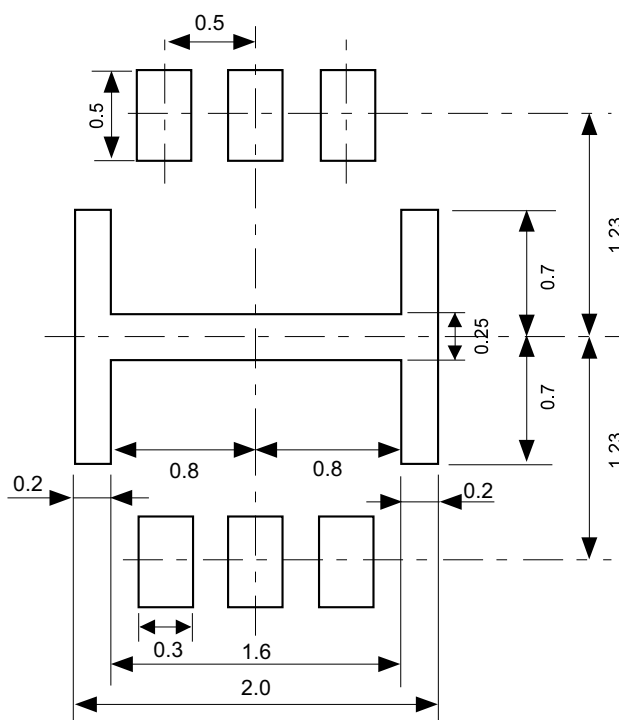
Land Recommendation



Caution It is recommended to solder the heat sink to a board in order to ensure the heat radiation.

注意 放熱性を確保する為に、PKGの裏面放熱板(ヒートシンク)を基板に半田付けする事を推奨いたします。

Stencil Opening



No. PJ006-A-LM-SD-1.1

TITLE	HSNT-6A-A -Land & Stencil Opening
No.	PJ006-A-LM-SD-1.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Semiconductor Corporation	

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1.0-2016.01

