

High Efficiency Synchronous Rectifier and Charging IC for Wireless Power Applications

POWER MANAGEMENT

Features

- High efficiency synchronous rectification of AC input
- Support applications for up to 10W
- Supports both Direct and Indirect Charging applications
- Supports WPC Qi® compliant and non-compliant systems
- Low Rds-on rectifier switches
- High voltage input for higher power systems
- >98% efficiency at high currents
- Integrated switches for load modulation
- Integrated switch for battery disconnect
- Integrated precharge current source
- 50mA output low lq LDO
- Analog mux for ADC sensing
- Supply Under Voltage Lockout
- · Low external component count
- Ultra-low standby quiescent current
- Junction operating temperature -40°C to 125°C

Applications

- Cell Phones and Smart Phones
- Tablet Computers
- eReaders
- Laptop Computers
- Small Digital Cameras
- Portable Video Recorders
- Wireless charging for portable devices

Description

The TS51111 is a fully-integrated synchronous rectifier for wireless charging applications with additional integrated components to minimize system BOM.

The TS51111 includes a high efficiency synchronous rectifier to convert the input AC power signal to a DC output level for battery charging. The device supports both direct battery charging and indirect power applications. Low Rds-on switches minimize power dissipation. High voltage input capability allows for simple and robust secondary side charger implementation. An integrated switch provides the battery charging path and combined with the rectifier provides back feed protection to the AC inputs. A precharge current source is also included for low battery voltage precharge operation. Communication capability is achieved using integrated high voltage switches.

The TS51111 includes several additional modules to allow simple integration into wireless power systems. Integrated resistor dividers with zero-current off-mode allow external ADC measurement of PDC, PACKP, USB and thermistor voltages. High voltage switches are included for communication modulation.

Power to an external controller is provided through an integrated LDO. The ultra-low quiescent current regulator can supply high output currents at low dropout with minimal current draw from the battery.

This device is in a 45 pin WCSP package.

Pinout -WCSP

(Top View)

(A1)	(A2)	(A3)	(A4)	(A5)
SCL	AMÚX	AGND	MÕD1	MÕD2
(B1)	(B2)	(B3)	(B4)	(B5)
SDA	VREF	PAČKN	USB	EN_MOD
(C1)	(C2)	(C3)	(C4)	(C5)
VCORE	THERM	UĂŔT	TXD	PACKS
(D1)	(D2)	(D3)	(D4)	(D5)
BŠT1	OVP	RXD	PACKP	PACKP
(E1)	(E2)	(E3)	(E4)	(E5)
BŠŤ2	PDC	PDC	PDC	PDC
(F1)	(F2)	(F3)	(F4)	(F5)
VĂĆ2	VĂĆ2	VAC2	VAC1	VAC1
(G1)	(G2)	(G3)	(G4)	(G5)
VAČĎET	PGND	PGND	PGND	PGND
(H1)	(H2)	(H3)	(H4)	(H5)
VĀĆ2	VAC2	VAC2	VĂĆ1	VĂĆ1
(I1)	(I2)	(I3)	(I4)	(I5)
PDC	PDC	PDC	PDC	PDC

Pin Description -WCSP

Pin#	Pin Name	Pin Function	Description
A1	SCL	I2C Clock	I2C clock
A2	AMUX	Analog Sense	Analog MUX output
A3	AGND	Analog Ground	Quiet ground connection
A4	MOD1	MOD cap connection	Pulldown for capacitive modulation
A5	MOD2	MOD cap connection	Pulldown for capacitive modulation
B1	SDA	I2C Data	I2C data
B2	VREF	Vref Output	ADC reference output
В3	PACKN	PACKN Sense	Battery negative terminal
B4	USB	USB Supply	USB supply and detection input
B5	EN_MOD	Enable Modulation	Enables modulation switches
C1	VCORE	VCORE LDO	LDO output
C2	THERM	Thermistor Drive	Thermistor drive
C3	UART	UART Bus	UART bus
C4	TXD	UARTTX	UART Tx
C5	PACKS	Output Current Sense	Sense node for output current
D1	BST1	BST cap	Boost capacitor connection for HS FETs
D2	OVP	OV Clamp	Overvoltage pulldown clamp
D3	RXD	UART RX	UART Rx
D4, D5	PACKP	Battery Connection	Battery positive terminal
E1	BST2	BST cap	Boost capacitor connection for HS FETs
E2-5	PDC	Input power	Rectified input signal
F1-F3	VAC2	Coil input	AC power input from coil
F4, F5	VAC1	Coil input	AC power input from coil
G1	VACDET	VAC Detect	Indicates incoming power to external micro
G2-5	PGND	Power gnd	GND for synchronous rectifier and charging path
H1-H3	VAC2	Coil input	AC power input from coil
H4, H5	VAC1	Coil input	AC power input from coil
l1-5	PDC	Rectified voltage	Filter capacitor connection for rectified voltage

Functional Block Diagram

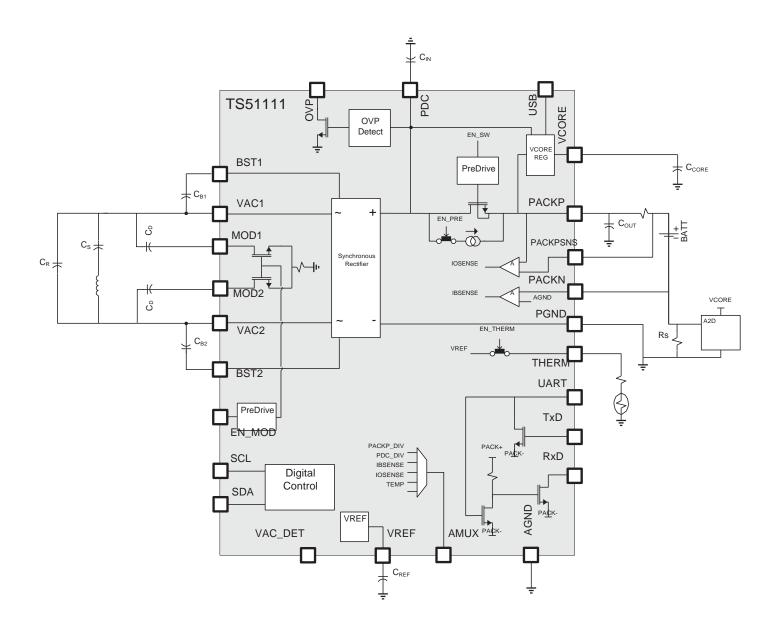


Figure 1: TS51111 Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Rating

Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1, 2, 3)

Parameter	Value	Unit
VAC1, VAC2, PDC, MOD1, MOD2, OVP	-0.3 to 22	V
BST1, BST2	-0.3 to (VAC + 5.5)	V
VCORE, TX, RX, UART, PACKP, SCL, SDA, VAC_DET, VREF, AMUX, VCORE, USB	-0.3 to 5.5	V
Operating Junction Temperature Range, TJ	-40 to 125	°C
Storage Temperature Range, TSTG	-65 to 150	°C
Electrostatic Discharge – Human Body Model	±2k	V
Electrostatic Discharge – Machine Model	+/-200	V
Peak IR Reflow Temperature (10s to 30s))	260	°C

Notes:

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
- (3) ESD testing is performed according to the respective JESD22 JEDEC standard.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VAC _{PP}	Input Operating Voltage			20	V
F _{VAC}	Input Operating Frequency	100		210	kHz
PACKP	Battery input when externally driven	2.5		5.5	V
L _{IN}	Inductor (measured on charging mat)		14*		μН
C _R	Parallel resonant capacitor		1.8*		nF
C _s	Series resonant capacitor		183*		nF
C _o	Modulation capacitors		22		nF
C _{out}	Output capacitor	0.8	1		μF
C _{CORE}	LDO decoupling capacitor	8	10		μF
C _{B1} , C _{B2}	Rectifier boost capacitors	200	220	240	μF
C _{IN}	Synchronous rectifier / PDC decoupling capacitor	10	20		μF
C _{AMUX}	Analog mux decoupling capacitor		2		nF
C _{REF}	VREF decoupling capacitor	80	100	120	nF
T _A	Operating Free Air Temperature			85	°C
T,	Operating Junction Temperature	-40		125	°C

^{*} Exact values of the resonant capacitors and inductor will depend on the specific system configuration.

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
θ _{JA}		54	°C/W

Note 1: Assumes 3.917 x 3.917 in 2 area of 1 oz copper, 4 layer PCB, 4 thermal vias under PAD, and 25 °C ambient temperature.

Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics, $T_1 = -40$ °C to 125°C, PDC = PACKP = 4.2V (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _o						
Q,Standby,LPM	Quiescent Current in Low Power Mode	Current from PACKP, ILDO = 0, EN_ VREF = EN_SW = EN_PRE = 0		20	30	μΑ
Q,Disable	Quiescent Current in Disable (Direct Charge, Low Power Mode disabled)	Current from PACKP, ILDO = 0, EN_ VREF = EN_SW = EN_PRE = 0		2		μΑ
UVLO						
V _{UVLO-PACK_P}	PACKP UVLO	PACKP Rising		2.1		V
HYST _{UVLO-PACK_P}	PACKP UVLO Hysteresis			400		mV
PDC-PACKP Pass	S Device					
T _{sw-on}	Delay from EN_SW to switch ON			200		μs
T _{SW-OFF}	Delay from EN_SW to switch OFF			100		ns
PRECHARGE	Precharge Current	Relative to set point T = 25°C; PDC = 3.5V; PACKP = 2.7V	I _{NOM} -20%	I _{NOM}	I _{NOM} +20%	
TC _{PRECHARGE}	Precharge Current Temperature Coefficient	25°C to 85°C		-0.3		%/°C
I _{LIMIT}	Current Limit	At 3.2 A setting	2.2	3.2		Α
UART						
T _{RX}	Delay from UART to RX			0.7		μs
T _{TX}	Delay from TX to UART			0.6		μs
V _{T,UART}	UART threshold			0.8		V
V _{T,TX}	TX threshold			0.8		V
R _{dson,RX}	RX Switch Resistance			10		Ω
	IOD Digital Inputs					
V _{IH}	VCORE = 1.5V	Voltage Rising		0.875		V
V _{IL}	VCORE = 1.5V	Voltage Falling		0.465		V
V _{IH}	VCORE = 1.8V	Voltage Rising		1.01		V
V _{IL}	VCORE = 1.8V	Voltage Falling		0.525		V
V _{IH}	VCORE = 2.5V	Voltage Rising		1.25		V
V _{IL}	VCORE = 2.5V	Voltage Falling		0.665		V
V _{IH}	VCORE = 3.3V	Voltage Rising		1.47		V
V _{IL}	VCORE = 3.3V	Voltage Falling		0.825		V
R _{IN}	Pin input impedance	Resistance to GND		1M		Ω

Electrical Characteristics, $T_J = -40$ °C to 125°C, PDC = PACKP = 4.2V (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VAC Detect						
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	Totem-pole configuration only. 100uA load.		VCORE- 100mV		V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	Totem-pole or open-drain configurations. 100uA load.		100		mV
OFF	Output leakage	Output leakage in open-drain off-state.			0.1	μΑ
R _{dson,VAC_DETECT}	Switch Resistance	Output resistance to GND in open-drain on-state.		10		Ω
VREF						
CVREF	VREF decoupling capacitor		80	100	120	nF
VVREF	VREF voltage	T = 0 to 85 °C, IOUT 0mA to 2mA	1.988	2.0	2.012	V
RPDC-DIV	DDC DIV ratio	T = 0 to 85 °C, PDC_DIV_SEL = 0	0.048	0.05	0.052	V/V
RPDC-DIV	PDC_DIV ratio	T = 0 to 85 °C, PDC_DIV_SEL = 1	0.198	0.2	0.202	V/V
RPACKP-DIV	PACKP_DIV ratio	T = 0 to 85 °C	0.198	0.2	0.202	V/V
RUSB-DIV	USB_DIV ratio	T = 0 to 85 °C	0.198	0.2	0.202	V/V
RTHERM-DIV	THERM_DIV ratio	T = 0 to 85 °C	0.495	0.5	0.505	V/V
IQ,VREF	VREF quiescent current	PACKP current if VREF enabled		300		μΑ
TEN-VREF	VREF enable time	Delay from EN_VREF to VREF available		3.2		μs
MOD						
T _{MOD-ON}	EN_MOD to switches ON delay			3		μs
$T_{MOD\text{-OFF}}$	EN_MOD to switches OFF delay			0.7		μs
I _{Q,MOD}	MOD block quiescent current	Current from PACKP when MOD switches closed. EN_MOD hi. EN_ VREF = EN_SE = EN_PRE = Io		100		μΑ
R _{dson,MOD}	MOD Switch Resistance	MOD1 to MOD2		3		Ω
Low Power LDO		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•
VCORE _{NOM}	VCORE voltage	PACKP = 4.2V		3.3		V
V _{Dropout}	Dropout voltage	PACKP = 2.3V, IVCORE=1mA			100	mV
lout	Output current	PACKP=4.2V, VCORE = 0.9*VCORE _{NOM}		10	50	mA
C _{CORE}	LDO Decoupling Capacitor		0.8	1	1.2	μF
OVP				•		•
VOVP	OVP Threshold			21		V
Rdson,OVP	OVP Switch Resistance			2		Ω

Electrical Characteristics, $T_1 = -40$ °C to 125°C, PDC = PACKP = 4.2V (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Temperature Sensi	'emperature Sensing						
T _{SHUTDOWN}	Over-temperature shutdown threshold	Temperature rising		170		°C	
T _{HYST}	Over-temperature shutdown hysteresis			10		°C	
$V_{\scriptscriptstyle TSENSE}$	Temperature Sensor Voltage	25°C	0.725	.75	0.775	V	
TCV _{TSENSE}	Temperature Coefficient	0°C to 85°C		2.4		mV/°C	
Current Sensing							
IBSENSE GAIN	Battery current sense amp gain	PACKN - AGND 10mV to 20mV; Gain setting = 20	19.6	20	20.4	V/V	
IOSENSE GAIN	Output current sense amp gain	PACKP - PACKS 10mV to 20mV Gain setting = 20; PACKP = 5V	19.6	20	20.4	V/V	
IBSENSE V _{OFFSET}	Battery current sense amp offset	PACKN - AGND = 20mV; Gain setting = 20; 25C	-0.5	0	0.5	mV	
IOSENSE V _{OFFSET}	Output current sense amp offset	PACKP - PACKS = 20mV Gain = 20; PACKP = 5V; 25C	-0.5	0	0.5	mV	
V _{IB,MAX}	Full range amp output			750		mV	
$V_{_{\rm IO,MAX}}$	Full range amp output			750		mV	
VAC Detect							
V _{oh}	Output high voltage	Totem-pole configuration only. 100uA load.		VCORE- 100mV		V	
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	Totem-pole or open-drain configurations. 100uA load.		100		mV	
I _{OFF}	Output leakage	Output leakage in open-drain off-state.			0.1	μΑ	
R _{dson,VAC_DETECT}	Switch Resistance	Output resistance to GND in open-drain on-state.		10		Ω	

Functional Description

Synchronous Rectifier

The bridge rectifier in the TS51111 has a synchronous controller which shunts the forward bias of the bridge diodes. This allows the TS51111 to provide currents of up to 3.2A to be efficiently transferred without significant power dissipation. The primary side of the bridge can stand-off up to 20V. On the secondary side, a capacitive load on the PDC pin can be used to help attenuate the voltage signal observed on both sides of the bridge rectifier. External boost capacitors CB1 and CB2 allow use of efficient high side NMOS switches.

The rectifier is disabled by default and will remain in an asynchronous mode until incoming power is detected or EN_SW or EN_PRE are asserted. In asynchronous mode, the bridge FETs will not switch and voltage rectification will occur through the parasitic diodes of the FETs. In this mode, current draw in the IC is minimal.

The bridge can be forced into asynchronous (no FET switching) or half synchronous (LS FET only switching) operation at any time using the CNFG register using the ASYNC or HSYNC bits respectively. This can be used to improve efficiency at light loads where the switching losses of the bridge would exceed the conduction losses of the parasitic diodes.

Load Switch / Blocking FET

The integrated low impedance blocking switch provides a direct charging path to the battery and disconnects the output from the rectified signal until the system has been successfully configured. Control of the switch is achieved through the I2C interface. An integrated charge pump guarantees maximum drive strength is available for the FET when operated as a switch. When hard switched, gate drive is slewed slowly to limit inrush current from the PDC cap to the battery.

The load switch can be reconfigured to operate as a linear regulator (see Charge Termination section below). When enabled, the output will soft-start to limit inrush current. In linear regulation mode, the PDC voltage must be regulated close to the dropout voltage to limit power dissipation in the IC.

In linear regulation mode, a configurable, integrated current limit circuit provides fault protection to the system. At the maximum setting, current limit is disabled. If the output current hits the current limit threshold, the device will automatically limit the output current and set the FAULT register ILIM bit. In this condition, the PDC voltage will build up and must be managed through the system loop by reducing the transmitted power. If the transmitted power is not reduced, the TS51111 power dissipation will increase and eventually force a thermal shutdown of the part. Current limit in direct charge mode is not integrated but can be easily implemented by monitoring device output current using the integrated current sense amplifiers.

ILIMSET<3:0>	Current Limit Typical (mA)
0000	35
0001	60
0010	85
0011	110
0100	135
0101	160
0110	185
0111	210
1000	235
1001	260
1010	285
1011	310
1100	335
1101	360
1110	385
1111	Disable ILIM

Precharge

In low battery conditions, an integrated precharge current source can be used to slowly charge the battery with a controlled DC current source. The precharge current source is controlled using the I2C interface. The precharge current has a negative temperature coefficient to mitigate temperature rise of the TS51111 during pre-charge. The level of the Precharge current can be set according to the table below.

PRESET<2:0>	Precharge Current (mA)
000	30
001	40
010	50
011	60
100	70
101	80
110	90
111	100

Low Power Mode

The TS51111 supports a low-power mode when connected directly to a battery. In this mode, the ultra-low quiescent current LDO output is enabled to power an external microcontroller and the power consumption of the rest of the IC is minimized. In this mode, the TS51111 still supports UART level translation to the microcontroller. The part will automatically switch to normal operation when incoming power is detected.

Current Sense Amps

Two current sense amplifiers are included to allow for accurate battery charge current and received current measurements. The IBSENSE amplifier provides an output that is proportional to the sense voltage on the PACKN pin when a sense resistor is placed between PACKN and ground. The IOSENSE amplifier will measure the differential voltage across the sense resistor placed in series with the output current. This measurement is an indicator of the power received by the TS51111. The IOSENSE output is not valid when the device is in current limit. The system should check the FAULT register periodically to ensure the device is in a proper operating state without any faults. Both amplifiers have a configurable gain set by the ISET register. The gains are configurable from 10x to 80x.

USB

The TS51111 will automatically detect the presence of a voltage applied to the USB pin. If the USBCTRL bit is set low and a voltage is applied to the USB pin, the part will respond by disabling all charging paths to the battery and switching the LDO power input from the battery to the USB. If the USBCTRL bit is set hi, the part will not automatically disable charging or switch the LDO power input. The USBCTRL bit is programmed in Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) during manufacturing and is not user configurable. In either condition, the USBDET bit in the FAULT register will be set. When USB power is removed, the part will return to normal operation.

LDO

The TS51111 LDO supports a variety of system configurations. An on-chip ultra-low lq LDO is provided for powering external system components when a battery or USB supply is available. The LDO is designed to operating with minimum quiescent but can still deliver high output current at low dropout voltage. Integrated current limit provides additional protection.

If an external USB power supply is available, the LDO will draw its input power from the USB pin instead of from the battery. In the event that neither an external USB supply nor an external battery is available, the LDO will automatically power-up of the rectified voltage when incoming power is detected and provide power to an external microcontroller.

To support multiple possible external microcontrollers, the internal LDO has a configurable output voltage. The voltage is set according to the following table. The LDOSET<1:0> bits are programmed in Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) during manufacturing and are not user configurable.

LDOSET<1:0>	VCORE
00	1.
01	1.
10	2.
11	3.3 (default)

VAC Detect

The presence of incoming power on the coils will be indicated by the TS51111 by asserting the VAC_DET output pin. The pin will be de-asserted when incoming power is removed. The VAC_DETECT output can be configured as open-drain with an external resistor pull-up or as a totem pole with a VCORE high level. This is set using the VAC_CNFG bit with hi for open-drain and low for totem-pole.

UART

UART level translators are included to facilitate communication between system components. The level shifters will translate voltage levels from VCORE for the system microprocessor to PACKP for a separate system.

VREF

An internal high-accuracy VREF circuit provides a precision reference for external analog-to-digital converters. Integrated voltage dividers provide sense voltages for external ADC measurement. The VREF circuit is enabled using the EN_VREF bit and will not draw any current when not active.

OVP

An on-board over-voltage sensor on the PDC signal is available if additional external over-voltage protection is needed. In an over-voltage condition, the OVP FET is active to provide a low impedance path to ground on the OVP pin. In addition, the OVP FET can be forced on using the register bit. This can be used to provide an additional load on PDC if required. In an OVP condition, the OVP bit of the FAULT register will be set hi.

Temperature Sensing

The die temperature of the TS51111 is measured using an onboard temperature sensor. The output of the temperature sensor is available on the AMUX pin.

If the temperature of the TS51111 exceeds the TSD threshold, all high current operations will be disabled until the die temperature reaches a safe level. Temperature hysteresis prevents rapid entering and exiting of the over-temperature state. In thermal shutdown, the load switch, precharge current, and synchronous rectifier are disabled. All other functions including OVP and MOD will still be available. When the TSD threshold is hit, the TSD bit in the FAULT register will be set.

Charge Termination

To allow for accurate charge termination in a charging application, the TS51111 load switch can be reconfigured to operate as a voltage regulator. In this mode, the switch source voltage will be regulated to the voltage set by the VOUTSET<6:0> bits. The switch is put into this mode by asserting the EN_TOP bit of the configuration register. Available voltage settings and the corresponding codes are shown. To support indirect charge applications, the EN_TOP and IND_SET bits must both be set hi. The output voltage will still be determined by the VOUTSET<6:0> bits. The VOUT setpoints are 3.0V to 5.54V in 20mV steps. In addition, VOUTSET<6:0>=0x64 will select a 5.0V setpoint.

AMUX

To reduce the number of connections required between the microprocessor and the TS51111, all analog outputs from the TS51111 are measured from the same analog pin and selectable via the AMUX register. Signals on the AMUX pin are buffered using an internal unity gain amplifier. When unselected, the AMUX pin will be high impedance.

AMUX<2:0>	Analog Signal		
000			
001	PDC_DIV		
010	IOSENSE		
011	IBSENSE		
100	TEMP		
101	PACKP_DIV		
110	USB_DIV		
111	THERM_DIV		

Thermistor Driver

An integrated thermistor driver allows system temperature measurement. When enabled, the thermistor drive will drive the VREF voltage onto the THERM pin. When disabled, the THERM pin will be high impedance to allow external drive of the same thermistor. In the automatic mode, the thermistor driver is enabled whenever battery charging is enabled. This is whenever EN_SW or EN_PRE are active. The voltage on the THERM pin can be measured using the internal voltage divider and will be visible on the AMUX pin.

TCTRL<1:0>	Thermistor Operation
00	Disable
01	Enable
10	Auto
11	

Control Registers

REG	R/W	Description		
LSON	R/W	Forces on both LS FETs when hi. Allows normal synchronous rectifier operation when lo.		
VAC_CONFIG	R/W	Configures VAC_DET output pin behavior. Totem pole configuration when hi. Open-drain configuration when lo.		
HSYNC	R/W	Forces half-synchronous rectifier operation (LS FET only switching) when lo. Allows synchronous rectifier operation when hi. (ASYNC has priority when lo)		
ASYNC	R/W	Disables synchronous rectifier operation when Io. Allows synchronous rectifier operation when hi. (Has priority over HSYNC when Io)		
EN_VREF	R/W	Enables VREF reference for external analog-to-digital	converters when hi. Disables VREF reference when lo.	
EN_TOP,	R/W	EN_TOP = 0, EN_SW = 0	Load switch is disabled	
EN_SW		$EN_TOP = 1$, $EN_SW = x$	Load switch is enabled as an LDO	
		EN_TOP = 0, EN_SW = 1	Load switch is enabled as a switch	
EN_PRE	R/W	Enables the precharge current source when hi. Curre	ent source is disabled when lo.	
IND_SET	R/W	Configures part for indirect charge operation when hi. Configures part for topoff or direct charge operation when lo.		
PACKP_LD_EN	R/W	Enables an internal 500 Ohm resistive load on PACKP	when hi. Load is disconnected when lo.	
OVP_ON	R/W	Forces the OVP FET to turn on as defined by the OVP_CS bit when hi. OVP is triggered only by high voltage on PDC when lo.		
EN_MOD	R/W	Turns on the MOD FETs when hi. Turns off the MOD FETs when lo.		
PRESET <2:0>	R/W	Sets the level of the pre-charge current		
AMUX <2:0>	R/W	Configures measurement point for AMUX pin		
PDC_DIV_SEL	R/W	Changes the ratio of the PDC divider		
ILIMSET <3:0>	R/W	Configures the indirect charging internal current limit		
TCTRL <1:0>	R/W	Configures the behavior of the Thermistor driver (THERM pin)		
DIS_VREF	R/W	Force the VREF output off		
OVP_CS	R/W	Configures the OVP FET as 30mA current source (hi) or a switch (lo)		
AMUX_10K_PLDN	R/W	Enable a 10K pull down load resistor on AMUX buffer	r	
VCORE_indset	R/W	Optimizes VCORE regulator for indirect charge mode		
HI_R	R/W	Increases the Ron for HS switches in the synchronous	s rectifier	
IB <2:0>	R/W	Configures the gain of the IBSENSE amplifier (000=10X, 001=20X,111=80X)		
IO <2:0>	R/W	Configures the gain of the IOSENSE amplifier (000=10X, 001=20X,111=80X)		
VOUTSET <6:0>	R/W	Configures the VOUT voltage setting for charge termination		
PACKP_OVP	R	On-die over-voltage sensor status bit. Bit is hi during a PACKP over-voltage condition.		
OVP	R	On-die over-voltage sensor status bit. Bit is hi during	a PDC over-voltage condition.	
TSD	R	On-die thermal sensor over-temperature status bit. Bit is hi during an over-temperature condition.		
USBDET	R	Status bit that indicates voltage applied to USB pin. Bit is hi when USB voltage is detected.		
ILIM	R	On-die current limit status bit. Bit is hi when current-limit is active.		

Register Map

REG	AD	R/W		B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0
CNFG	0x0	R/W	0x00		VAC_CNFG	HSYNC	ASYNC	EN_VREF	EN_TOP	EN_PRE	EN_SW
CNFG2	0x1	R/W	0x00					IND_SET	PACKP_LD_ EN	OVP_ON	EN_MOD
PRESET	0x2	R/W	0x00						PRESET<2>	PRESET<1>	PRESET<0>
AMUX	0x3	R/W	0x00					PDC_DIV_ SEL	AMUX<2>	AMUX<1>	AMUX<0>
	0x4	R/W	0x00					ILIMSET<3>	ILIMSET<2>	ILIMSET<1>	ILIMSET<0>
TCTRL	0x5	R/W	0x00	HI_R		VCORE_ indset	AMUX_10K_ PLDN	EN_OVP_CS	DIS_VREF	TCTRL<1>	TCTRL<0>
ISET	0x6	R/W	0x00			IB<2>	IB<1>	IB<0>	10<2>	10<1>	10<0>
	0x7	R/W	0x00								
FAULT	0x8	R					PACKP_OVP	OVP	TSD	USBDET	ILIM

Device address is 0x48

I²C Interface Timing Requirements

6 1 1		Standa	rd Mode	Fast M	ode(1)	11. %	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	
fscl	I ² C clock frequency	0	100	0	400	kHz	
tsch	I ² C clock high time	4		0.6		μs	
tscl	I ² C clock low time	4.7		1.3		μs	
tsp ⁽²⁾	I ² C tolerable spike time	0	50	0	50	ns	
tsds	I ² C serial data setup time	250		250		ns	
tsdh	I ² C serial data hold time	0		0		μs	
ticr ⁽²⁾	I ² C input rise time		1000		300	ns	
ticf ⁽²⁾	I ² C input fall time		300		300	ns	
tocf ⁽²⁾	I ² C output fall time; 10 pF to 400 pF bus		300		300	ns	
tbuf	I ² C bus free time between Stop and Start	4.7		1.3		μs	
tsts	I ² C Start or repeated Start condition setup time	4.7		0.6		μs	
tsth	I ² C Start or repeated Start condition hold time	4		0.6		μs	
tsps ⁽²⁾	I ² C Stop condition setup time	4		0.6		μs	

⁽¹⁾ The I^2C interface will operate in either standard or fast mode.

⁽²⁾ Parameters not tested in production.

Application Schematic

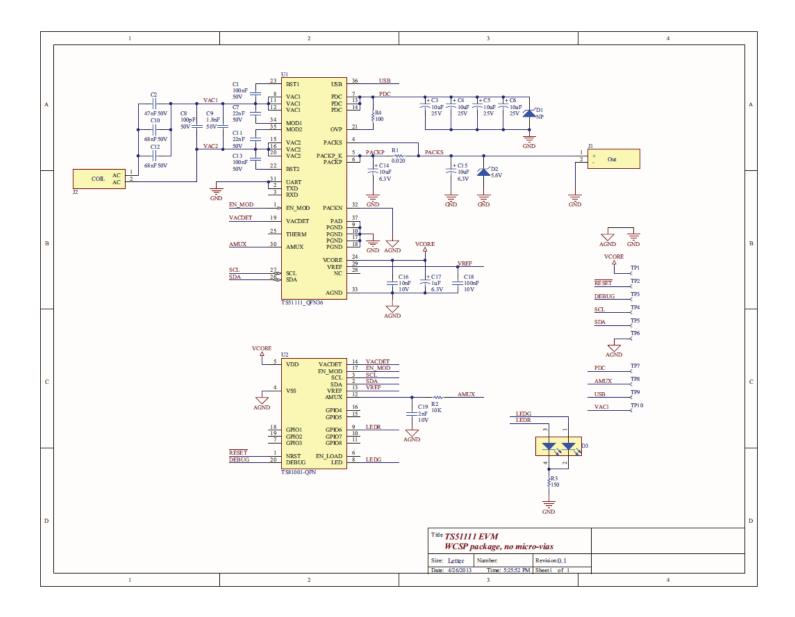
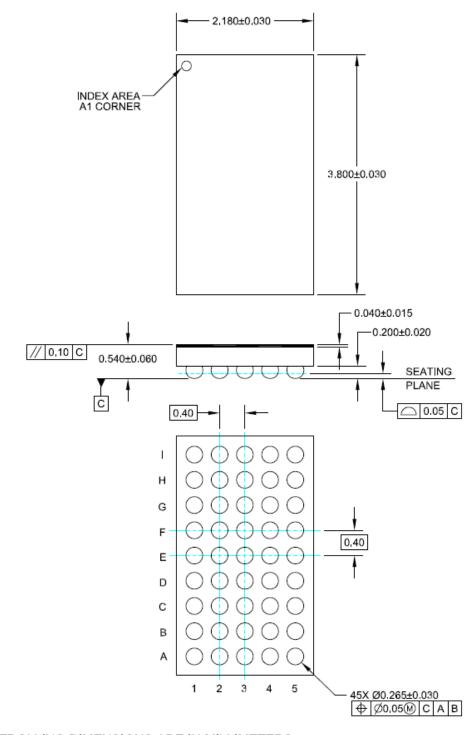


Figure 2: TS51111 Wireless Receiver Application

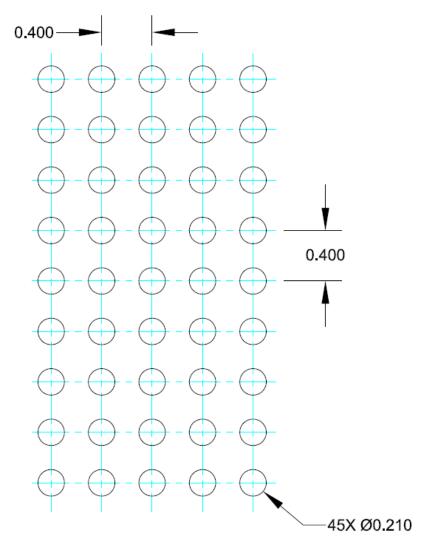
Package Drawing –WCSP



NOTES:

1, CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

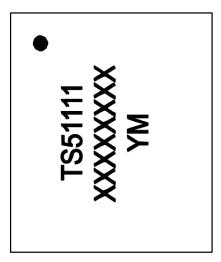
Package Drawing – WCSP



NOTES:

- 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 2. THIS LAND PATTERN IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. CONSULT YOUR MANUFACTURING GROUP TO ENSURE YOUR COMPANY'S MANUFACTURING GUIDELINES ARE MET.

Package Marking-WCSP



Legend:

	0	Pin 1 Identifier		
Line 1 Marking:	TS51111	Device identification		
Line 2 Marking:	XXXXXX	Lot number (2 - 9 digits)		
Line 3 Marking:	Υ	Y = last digit of year		
	М	M = month (1=Jan, 2=Feb, 3=Mar A=Oct, B=Nov, C=Dec)		

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	45 Pin WCSP Package
TS51111-M22WCSR	High Efficiency Wireless Power Receiver	Tape and Reel (3300 parts/reel)

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Triune Systems is fully committed to environmental quality. All Triune Systems materials and suppliers are fully compliant with RoHS (European Union Directive 2011/65/EU), REACH SVHC Chemical Restrictions (EC 1907/2006), IPC-1752 Level 3 materials declarations, and their subsequent amendments. Triune Systems maintains certified laboratory reports for all product materials, from all suppliers, which show full compliance to restrictions on the following:

- Cadmium (Cd)
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)
- Chlorinate Hydrocarbons (CHCs)
- Halons (Halogen free)
- Hexavalent Chromium (CrVI)
- Hydrobromofluorocarbons (HBFCs)
- Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs)
- Lead (Pb)
- Mercury (Hg)
- Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
- Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs)



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