

OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y

### **Features:**

- 850nm VCSEL Technology
- Data rates up to 2.5 Gbps
- High thermal stability
- · Low drive current / high output density
- Narrow and concentric beam angle
- Recommended for multimode fiber applications
- · Burned in for communication level reliability



### **Description:**

The **OPV300 / OPV310 / OPV314** series are high performance 850nm Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser (VCSEL). The **OPV300** and **OPV310** are designed to be utilized for sensing applications as well as air transmission of data. The **OPV314** is designed for high speed communication links. The **OPV310 / OPV314** combine all the performance advantages of a VCSEL with the addition of a power monitor diode for precise control of optical power. The **OPV310 and OPV314** have a back monitor photodiode used for optical power management or optical reception for data communication applications.

The **OPV300 / OPV310** have a flat lens while the **OPV314** has a microbead lens. Refer to mechanical drawings for details.

The high performance 850nm VCSEL is designed for applications where low current is required with high onaxis optical power. These product's combine features including high speed, high output optical power and concentric beam making it an ideal transmitter for integration into all types of data communications equipment as well as for reflective and transmissive switches.

### **Applications:**

- Fiber Channel
- Gigabit Ethernet
- ATM
- VSR
- Intra-System links
- Optical backplane interconnects
- Reflective sensing
- Interruptive sensing
- Long distance spot illumination





Additional laser safety information can be found on the Optek website. See application bulletin #221. Classification is not marked on the device due to space limitations. See package outline for centerline of optical radiance. Operating devices beyond maximum rating may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y

# **Electrical Specifications**

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +100°C
Maximum Forward Peak Current, continuous 12 r	
Maximum Reverse Voltage	
Max. Continuous Optical Power at 70° C 1.1	
Lead Soldering Temperature 260°C for 10	
Maximum Forward Current, pulsed (1 μs P.W., 10% D.C.)	

#### Notes:

- (1) Threshold Current is based on the two line intersection method specified in Telcordia GR-468-Core. Line 1 from 4 mA to 6 mA. Line 2 from 0 mA to 0.5 mA.
- (2) Series Resistance is the slope of the Voltage-Current line from 5 to 8 mA.
- (3) Slope efficiency is the slope of the best fit LI line from 5 mA to 8 mA using no larger than .25 mA test interval points.
- (4) Using data points taken for slope efficiency above, delta L/delta I shall be calculated for each adjacent pair of points.



Additional laser safety information can be found on the Optek website. See application bulletin #221. Classification is not marked on the device due to space limitations. See package outline for centerline of optical radiance. Operating devices beyond maximum rating may result in hazardous radiation exposure.





OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y

# **Electrical Specifications**

**Electrical Characteristics** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Pa	rameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Рот	Total Power Out	OPV300 / OPB310 OPV314	1.50 1.40			mW	I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA
I <sub>TH</sub>	Threshold Current		0.80		3.00	mA	Note 1
V <sub>F</sub>	Forward Voltage		1.60		2.20	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Current				100	nA	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V
R <sub>s</sub>	Series Resistance		20		55	ohms	Note 2
ŋ	Slope Efficiency		0.28		0.60	mW/mA	Note 3
	Linearity		0.00				Note 4
λ	Wavelength		840	850	860	nm	
Δλ	Optical Bandwidth				0.85	nm	
θ	Beam Divergence (OPV	300 / OPV310 only)		24		Degree	I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA , FWHM
t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	Rise and Fall Time			100		ps	20% to 80%
N <sub>RI</sub>	Relative Intensity Noise	2		-123		dB/Hz	
$\Delta I_{TH}$	Temp Variance of Thre	shold Current		±1.0		mA	0° - 70° C, Note 1
Δλ/ΔΤ	Temp Coefficient of Wa	evelength		0.06		nm/°C	0° - 70° C, I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA
$\Delta V_F \Delta T$	Temperature Coefficier	nt for VF		-2.5		mV/°C	0° - 70° C, I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA
Δη/ΔΤ	Temperature Coefficient for Efficiency			-0.5		%/°C	0° - 70° C, Note 3
Photodiod	e Electrical Characterist	cs (OPV310/OPV314 series)					
I <sub>RPD</sub>	Reverse Current, photo	odiode			30	nA	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V
I <sub>M1</sub>	Monitor Current	OPV310 OPV314	30 40			μΑ	I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA, V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V
I <sub>M2</sub>	Monitor Current	OPV310 OPV314	40 45			μΑ	P <sub>O</sub> = 2 mW, V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V

#### NOTES:

- (1) Threshold Current is based on the two line intersection method specified in Telcordia GR-468-Core. Line 1 from 4 mA to 6 mA. Line 2 from 0 mA to 0.5 mA.
- (2) Series Resistance is the slope of the Voltage-Current line from 5 to 8 mA.
- (3) Slope efficiency, is the slope of the best fit LI line from 5 mA to 8 mA using no larger than .25 mA test interval points.
- (4) Using data points taken for slope efficiency above, delta L/delta I shall be calculated for each adjacent pair of points.
- (5) ESD Class 1

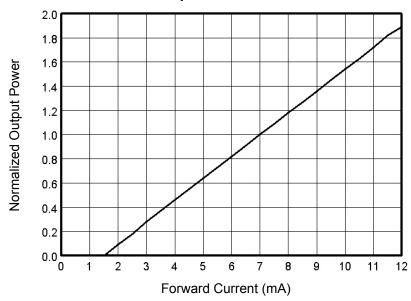




OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y

## **Performance**

### **Normalized Output Power vs. Forward Current**

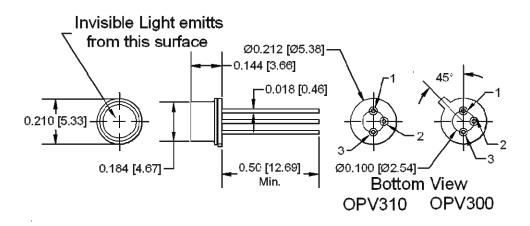


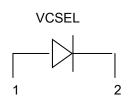


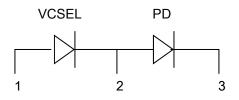
OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y

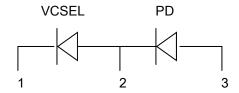
## **Performance**

### **OPV300 & OPV310**









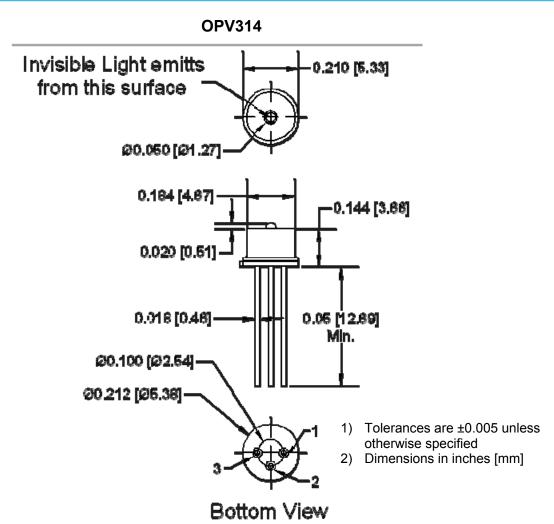
OPV300		
Pin	Connection	
1	VCSEL Anode	
2	VCSEL Cathode	
3	No Connection	

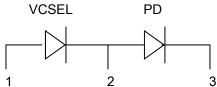
OPV310		
Pin	Connection	
1	VCSEL Anode	
2	VCSEL Cathode/PD Anode	
3	PD Cathode	

OPV310Y		
Pin	Connection	
1	VCSEL Cathode	
2	VCSEL Anode/PD Cathode	
3	PD Anode	

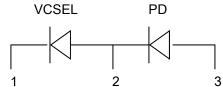


OPV300, OPV310, OPV310Y, OPV314, OPV314Y





OPV314		
Pin	Connection	
1	VCSEL Anode	
2	VCSEL Cathode/PD Anode	
3	PD Cathode	



OPV314Y		
Pin	Connection	
1	VCSEL Cathode	
2	VCSEL Anode/PD Cathode	
3	PD Anode	

OPTEK