

RoHS Compliance This component is compliant with RoHS directive. This component was always RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

RO3104C-1

303.825 MHz

SAW Resonator

SM5050-8 Case 5 X 5

- Ideal for 303.825 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability

The RO3104C-1 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of local oscillators operating at approximately 303.825 MHz. This SAW was designed for AM transmitters in automotive-keyless-entry applications operating in the USA under FCC Part 15, in Canada under DoC RSS-210, and in Italy.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Rating | Value | Units |
|--|------------|-------|
| Input Power Level | 0 | dBm |
| DC Voltage | 12 | VDC |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.) | 260 | °C |

| Characteristic | | Sym | Notes | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------|----------------|---------|---------------------|
| Frequency (+25 °C) | Absolute Frequency | f _C | 2245 | 303.775 | | 303.875 | MHz |
| | Tolerance from 303.825 MHz | Δf_{C} | 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | ±50 | kHz |
| Insertion Loss | | IL | 2, 5, 6 | | 1.3 | 2.0 | dB |
| Quality Factor | Unloaded Q | QU | | | 9800 | | |
| | 50W Loaded Q | QL | | | 1300 | | |
| Temperature Stability | Turnover Temperature | Т _О | 6, 7, 8 | 10 | 25 | 40 | °C |
| | Turnover Frequency | f _O | | | f _C | | |
| | Frequency Temperature Coefficient | FTC | | | 0.032 | | ppm/°C ² |
| Frequency Aging | Absolute Value during the First Year | f _A | 1, 6 | | 10 | | ppm/yr |
| DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals | | | 5 | 1.0 | | | MΩ |
| RF Equivalent RLC Model | Motional Resistance | R _M | 5, 7, 9 | | 15.6 | | Ω |
| | Motional Inductance | L _M | | | 79.7 | | μH |
| | Motional Capacitance | CM | | | 3.4 | | fF |
| | Shunt Static Capacitance | C _O | 5, 6, 9 | | 3.3 | | pF |
| Test Fixture Shunt Inductance | | L _{TEST} | 2, 7 | | 83.9 | | nH |
| Lid Symbolization | | 757 // YWWS | | | | | |
| Standard Reel Quantity | Reel Size 7 Inch | 500 Pieces / Reel | | | | | |
| | Reel Size 13 Inch | | | 3000 F | Pieces / Reel | | |

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. Notes:

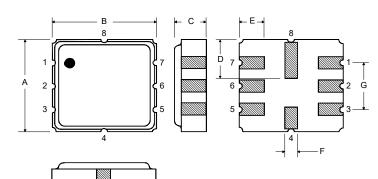
- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 2. The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN}, with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST}, is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C. Typically, f_{OSCILLATOR} or f_{TRANSMITTER} is approximately equal to the resonator f_C.
- 3. One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^{\circ}C\pm 2^{\circ}C$.
- 6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

- 7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O .
- 8. Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O T_C)^2]$. Typically *oscillator* T_O is approximately equal to the specified *resonator* T_O .
- 9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_0 is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_p \approx C_0 0.05$ pF.

Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

| Pin | Connection | | | |
|-----|------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | NC | | | |
| 2 | Terminal | | | |
| 3 | NC | | | |
| 4 | NC | | | |
| 5 | NC | | | |
| 6 | Terminal | | | |
| 7 | NC | | | |
| 8 | NC | | | |



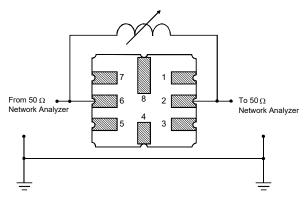
Case Dimensions

| Dimension | mm | | | Inches | | | |
|-----------|------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| | Min | Nom | Max | Min | Nom | Max | |
| Α | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 0.189 | 0.197 | 0.205 | |
| В | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 0.189 | 0.197 | 0.205 | |
| С | | | 1.7 | | | 0.067 | |
| D | | 2.08 | | | 0.082 | | |
| E | | 1.17 | | | 0.046 | | |
| F | | 0.64 | | | 0.025 | | |
| G | 2.39 | 2.54 | 2.69 | 0.094 | 0.100 | 0.106 | |

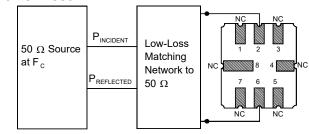
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, $C_{\text{O}},$ at $\text{F}_{\text{C}}.$

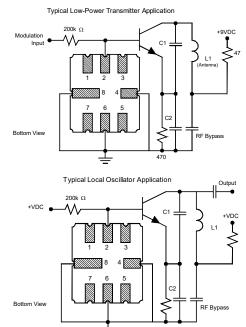
Electrical Test



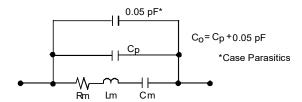
Power Test



Typical Application Circuits



Equivalent LC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

