

GENERAL DATA APPLICABLE TO ALL SERIES IN
THIS GROUP
Zener Transient Voltage Suppressors

The SMB series is designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. They have excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. The SMB series is supplied in Motorola's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable Surmetic package and is ideally suited for use in communication systems, numerical controls, process controls, medical equipment, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications.

Specification Features:

- Standard Zener Breakdown Voltage Range — 6.8 to 200 V
- Stand-off Voltage Range — 5 to 170 V
- Peak Power — 600 Watts @ 1 ms
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage < 5 μ A Above 10 V
- Response Time Typically < 1 ns

Mechanical Characteristics:

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

POLARITY: Cathode indicated by molded polarity notch. When operated in zener mode, will be positive with respect to anode

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

LEADS: Modified L-Bend providing more contact area to bond pad

MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES: 260°C for 10 seconds

WAFER FAB LOCATION: Phoenix, Arizona

ASSEMBLY/TEST LOCATION: Seremban, Malaysia

**GENERAL
DATA
600 WATT
PEAK POWER**

**PLASTIC SURFACE MOUNT
ZENER OVERVOLTAGE
TRANSIENT
SUPPRESSORS
6.8–200 VOLTS
600 WATT PEAK POWER**



**CASE 403A
PLASTIC**

5

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Power Dissipation (1) @ $T_L \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	P _{PK}	600	Watts
Forward Surge Current (2) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	I _{FSM}	100	Amps
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	– 65 to +150	°C

NOTES: 1. Nonrepetitive current pulse per Figure 2 and derated above $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ per Figure 3.

2. 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), PW = 8.3 ms, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.

6367255 0089718 T9T

GENERAL DATA — 600 WATT PEAK POWER

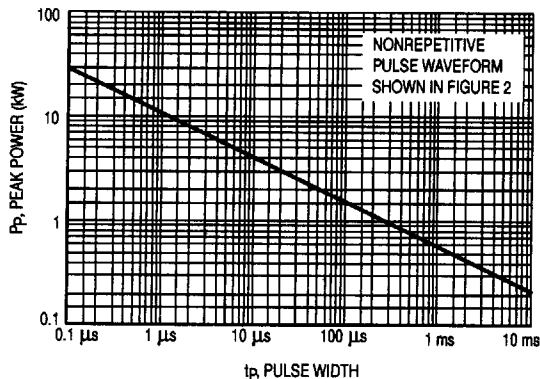


Figure 1. Pulse Rating Curve

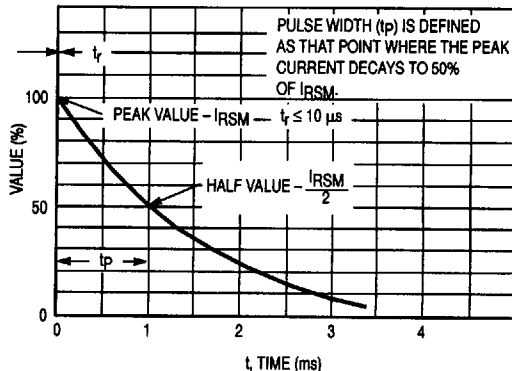


Figure 2. Pulse Waveform

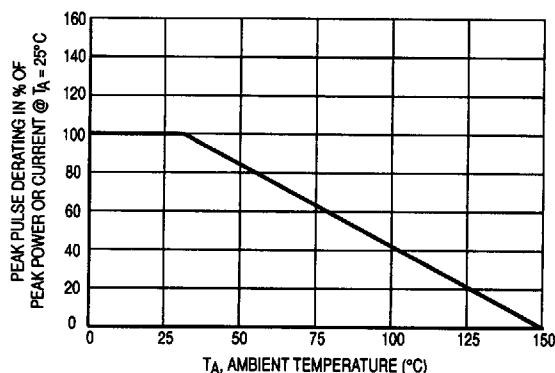
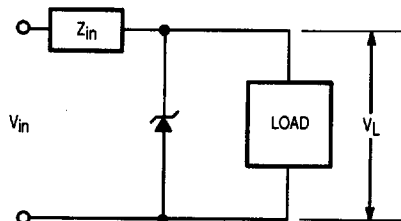


Figure 3. Pulse Derating Curve

TYPICAL PROTECTION CIRCUIT



APPLICATION NOTES

RESPONSE TIME

In most applications, the transient suppressor device is placed in parallel with the equipment or component to be protected. In this situation, there is a time delay associated with the capacitance of the device and an overshoot condition associated with the inductance of the device and the inductance of the connection method. The capacitive effect is of minor importance in the parallel protection scheme because it only produces a time delay in the transition from the operating voltage to the clamp voltage as shown in Figure 4.

The inductive effects in the device are due to actual turn-on time (time required for the device to go from zero current to full current) and lead inductance. This inductive effect produces an overshoot in the voltage across the equipment or component being protected as shown in Figure 5. Minimizing this overshoot is very important in the application, since the main purpose for adding a transient suppressor is to clamp voltage spikes. The SMB series have a very good response time, typically < 1 ns and negligible inductance. However, external inductive effects could produce unacceptable overshoot. Proper circuit layout, minimum lead lengths and placing

the suppressor device as close as possible to the equipment or components to be protected will minimize this overshoot.

Some input impedance represented by Z_{in} is essential to prevent overstress of the protection device. This impedance should be as high as possible, without restricting the circuit operation.

DUTY CYCLE DERATING

The data of Figure 1 applies for non-repetitive conditions and at a lead temperature of 25°C. If the duty cycle increases, the peak power must be reduced as indicated by the curves of Figure 6. Average power must be derated as the lead or ambient temperature rises above 25°C. The average power derating curve normally given on data sheets may be normalized and used for this purpose.

At first glance the derating curves of Figure 6 appear to be in error as the 10 ms pulse has a higher derating factor than the 10 μs pulse. However, when the derating factor for a given pulse of Figure 6 is multiplied by the peak power value of Figure 1 for the same pulse, the results follow the expected trend.

GENERAL DATA — 600 WATT PEAK POWER

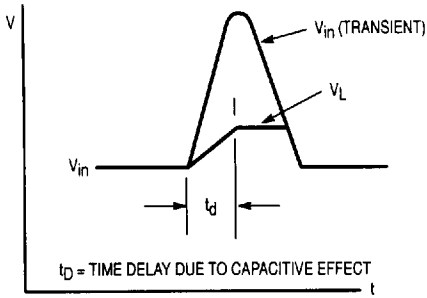


Figure 4.

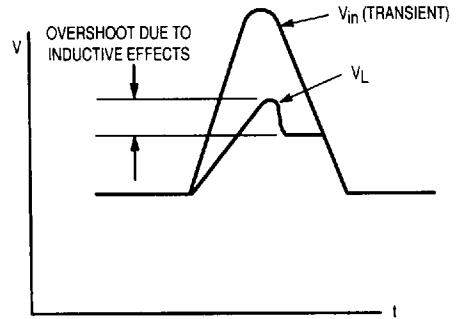


Figure 5.

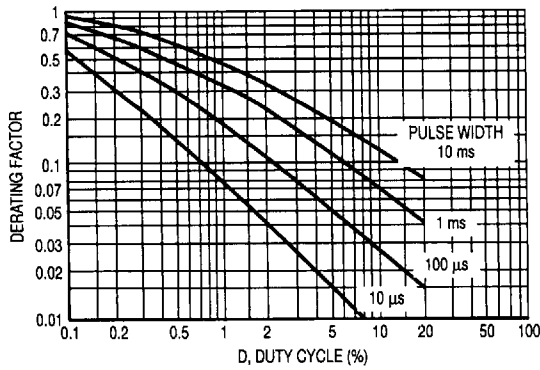


Figure 6. Typical Derating Factor for Duty Cycle

1SMB5.0AT3 through 1SMB170AT3

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted).

Device††	Reverse Stand-Off Voltage V _R Volts (1)	Breakdown Voltage*		Maximum Clamping Voltage V _C @ I _{pp} Volts	Peak Pulse Current (See Figure 2) I _{pp} † Amps	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V _R I _R μA	Device Marking
		V _{BR} @ I _T Volts Min	mA				
1SMB5.0AT3	5.0	6.40	10	9.2	65.2	800	KE
1SMB6.0AT3	6.0	6.67	10	10.3	58.3	800	KG
1SMB6.5AT3	6.5	7.22	10	11.2	53.6	500	KK
1SMB7.0AT3	7.0	7.78	10	12.0	50.0	200	KM
1SMB7.5AT3	7.5	8.33	1.0	12.9	46.5	100	KP
1SMB8.0AT3	8.0	8.89	1.0	13.6	44.1	50	KR
1SMB8.5AT3	8.5	9.44	1.0	14.4	41.7	10	KT
1SMB9.0AT3	9.0	10.0	1.0	15.4	39.0	5.0	KV
1SMB10AT3	10	11.1	1.0	17.0	35.3	5.0	KX
1SMB11AT3	11	12.2	1.0	18.2	33.0	5.0	KZ
1SMB12AT3	12	13.3	1.0	19.9	30.2	5.0	LE
1SMB13AT3	13	14.4	1.0	21.5	27.9	5.0	LG
1SMB14AT3	14	15.6	1.0	23.2	25.8	5.0	LK
1SMB15AT3	15	16.7	1.0	24.4	24.0	5.0	LM
1SMB16AT3	16	17.8	1.0	26.0	23.1	5.0	LP
1SMB17AT3	17	18.9	1.0	27.6	21.7	5.0	LR
1SMB18AT3	18	20.0	1.0	29.2	20.5	5.0	LT
1SMB20AT3	20	22.2	1.0	32.4	18.5	5.0	LV
1SMB22AT3	22	24.4	1.0	35.5	16.9	5.0	LX
1SMB24AT3	24	26.7	1.0	38.9	15.4	5.0	LZ
1SMB26AT3	26	28.9	1.0	42.1	14.2	5.0	ME
1SMB28AT3	28	31.1	1.0	45.4	13.2	5.0	MG
1SMB30AT3	30	33.3	1.0	48.4	12.4	5.0	MK
1SMB33AT3	33	36.7	1.0	53.3	11.3	5.0	MM
1SMB36AT3	36	40.0	1.0	58.1	10.3	5.0	MP
1SMB40AT3	40	44.4	1.0	64.5	9.3	5.0	MR
1SMB43AT3	43	47.8	1.0	69.4	8.6	5.0	MT
1SMB45AT3	45	50.0	1.0	72.7	8.3	5.0	MV
1SMB48AT3	48	53.3	1.0	77.4	7.7	5.0	MX
1SMB51AT3	51	56.7	1.0	82.4	7.3	5.0	MZ
1SMB54AT3	54	60.0	1.0	87.1	6.9	5.0	NE
1SMB58AT3	58	64.4	1.0	93.6	6.4	5.0	NG
1SMB60AT3	60	66.7	1.0	96.8	6.2	5.0	NK
1SMB64AT3	64	71.1	1.0	103	5.8	5.0	NM
1SMB70AT3	70	77.8	1.0	113	5.3	5.0	NP
1SMB75AT3	75	83.3	1.0	121	4.9	5.0	NR
1SMB78AT3	78	86.7	1.0	126	4.7	5.0	NT
1SMB85AT3	85	94.4	1.0	137	4.4	5.0	NV
1SMB90AT3	90	100	1.0	146	4.1	5.0	NX
1SMB100AT3	100	111	1.0	162	3.7	5.0	NZ
1SMB110AT3	110	122	1.0	177	3.4	5.0	PE
1SMB120AT3	120	133	1.0	193	3.1	5.0	PG
1SMB130AT3	130	144	1.0	209	2.9	5.0	PK
1SMB150AT3	150	167	1.0	243	2.5	5.0	PM
1SMB160AT3	160	178	1.0	259	2.3	5.0	PP
1SMB170AT3	170	189	1.0	275	2.2	5.0	PR

Note 1: A transient suppressor is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" (V_R) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

* V_{BR} measured at pulse test current I_T at an ambient temperature of 25°C.

† Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data — 600 Watt at the beginning of this group.

†† T3 suffix designates tape and reel of 2500 units.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

V_R Stand Off Voltage. Applied reverse voltage to assure a non-conductive condition (See Note 1).

V_{(BR)min} This is the minimum breakdown voltage the device will exhibit and is used to assure that conduction does not occur prior to this voltage level at 25°C.

V_C Maximum Clamping Voltage. The maximum peak voltage appearing across the transient suppressor when

I_{pp}
P_P
I_R

subjected to the peak pulse current in a one millisecond time interval. The peak pulse voltages are the combination of voltage rise due to both the series resistance and thermal rise.

Peak Pulse Current — See Figure 2

Peak Pulse Power

Reverse Leakage

Devices listed in bold, italic are Motorola preferred devices.

1SMB10CAT3 through 1SMB78CAT3

Bi-Directional

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted).

Device††	Reverse Stand-Off Voltage VR Volts (1)	Breakdown Voltage*		Maximum Clamping Voltage VC @ Ipp Volts	Peak Pulse Current (See Figure 2) Ipp↑ Amps	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ VR IR μA	Device Marking
		Volts Min	mA				
1SMB10CAT3	10	11.1	1.0	17.0	35.3	5.0	KXC
1SMB11CAT3	11	12.2	1.0	18.2	33.0	5.0	KZC
1SMB12CAT3	12	13.3	1.0	19.9	30.2	5.0	LEC
1SMB13CAT3	13	14.4	1.0	21.5	27.9	5.0	LGC
1SMB14CAT3	14	15.6	1.0	23.2	25.8	5.0	LKC
1SMB15CAT3	15	16.7	1.0	24.4	24.0	5.0	LMC
1SMB16CAT3	16	17.8	1.0	26.0	23.1	5.0	LPC
1SMB17CAT3	17	18.9	1.0	27.6	21.7	5.0	LRC
1SMB18CAT3	18	20.0	1.0	29.2	20.5	5.0	LTC
1SMB20CAT3	20	22.2	1.0	32.4	18.5	5.0	LVC
1SMB22CAT3	22	24.4	1.0	35.5	16.9	5.0	LXC
1SMB24CAT3	24	26.7	1.0	38.9	15.4	5.0	LZC
1SMB26CAT3	26	28.9	1.0	42.1	14.2	5.0	MEC
1SMB28CAT3	28	31.1	1.0	45.4	13.2	5.0	MGC
1SMB30CAT3	30	33.3	1.0	48.4	12.4	5.0	MKC
1SMB33CAT3	33	36.7	1.0	53.3	11.3	5.0	MMC
1SMB36CAT3	36	40.0	1.0	58.1	10.3	5.0	MPC
1SMB40CAT3	40	44.4	1.0	64.5	9.3	5.0	MRC
1SMB43CAT3	43	47.8	1.0	69.4	8.6	5.0	MTC
1SMB45CAT3	45	50.0	1.0	72.7	8.3	5.0	MVC
1SMB48CAT3	48	53.3	1.0	77.4	7.7	5.0	MXC
1SMB51CAT3	51	56.7	1.0	82.4	7.3	5.0	MZC
1SMB54CAT3	54	60.0	1.0	87.1	6.9	5.0	NEC
1SMB58CAT3	58	64.4	1.0	93.6	6.4	5.0	NGC
1SMB60CAT3	60	66.7	1.0	96.8	6.2	5.0	NKC
1SMB64CAT3	64	71.1	1.0	103	5.8	5.0	NMC
1SMB70CAT3	70	77.8	1.0	113	5.3	5.0	NPC
1SMB75CAT3	75	83.3	1.0	121	4.9	5.0	NRC
1SMB78CAT3	78	86.7	1.0	126	4.7	5.0	NTC

Note 1: A transient suppressor is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" (V_R) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

* V_{BR} measured at pulse test current I_T at an ambient temperature of 25°C.

† Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data — 600 Watt at the beginning of this group.

†† T3 suffix designates tape and reel of 2500 units.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

V_R Stand Off Voltage. Applied reverse voltage to assure a non-conductive condition (See Note 1).

V_{(BR)min} This is the minimum breakdown voltage the device will exhibit and is used to assure that conduction does not occur prior to this voltage level at 25°C.

V_C Maximum Clamping Voltage. The maximum peak voltage appearing across the transient suppressor when

I_{pp}
P_p
I_R

subjected to the peak pulse current in a one millisecond time interval. The peak pulse voltages are the combination of voltage rise due to both the series resistance and thermal rise.

Peak Pulse Current — See Figure 2

Peak Pulse Power

Reverse Leakage

P6SMB6.8AT3 through P6SMB200AT3

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) $V_F = 3.5\text{ V Max}$, $I_F = 50\text{ A}$ for all types.

Device††	Breakdown Voltage*				Working Peak Reverse Voltage V _{RWM} Volts	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V _{RWM} I _R µA	Maximum Reverse Surge Current I _{RSMT} Amps	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ I _{RSMT} (Clamping Voltage) V _{RSM} Volts	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V _{BR} %°C	Device Marking
	V _{BR} @ I _T Volts									
	Min	Nom	Max	mA						
P6SMB6.8AT3	6.45	6.8	7.14	10	5.8	1000	57	10.5	0.057	6V8A
P6SMB7.5AT3	7.13	7.5	7.88	10	6.4	500	53	11.3	0.061	7V5A
P6SMB8.2AT3	7.79	8.2	8.61	10	7.02	200	50	12.1	0.065	8V2A
P6SMB9.1AT3	8.65	9.1	9.55	1	7.78	50	45	13.4	0.068	9V1A
P6SMB10AT3	9.5	10	10.5	1	8.55	10	41	14.5	0.073	10A
P6SMB11AT3	10.5	11	11.6	1	9.4	5	38	15.6	0.075	11A
P6SMB12AT3	11.4	12	12.6	1	10.2	5	36	16.7	0.078	12A
P6SMB13AT3	12.4	13	13.7	1	11.1	5	33	18.2	0.081	13A
P6SMB15AT3	14.3	15	15.8	1	12.8	5	28	21.2	0.084	15A
P6SMB16AT3	15.2	16	16.8	1	13.6	5	27	22.5	0.086	16A
P6SMB18AT3	17.1	18	18.9	1	15.3	5	24	25.2	0.088	18A
P6SMB20AT3	19	20	21	1	17.1	5	22	27.7	0.09	20A
P6SMB22AT3	20.9	22	23.1	1	18.8	5	20	30.6	0.092	22A
P6SMB24AT3	22.8	24	25.2	1	20.5	5	18	33.2	0.094	24A
P6SMB27AT3	25.7	27	28.4	1	23.1	5	16	37.5	0.096	27A
P6SMB30AT3	28.5	30	31.5	1	25.6	5	14.4	41.4	0.097	30A
P6SMB33AT3	31.4	33	34.7	1	28.2	5	13.2	45.7	0.098	33A
P6SMB36AT3	34.2	36	37.8	1	30.8	5	12	49.9	0.099	36A
P6SMB39AT3	37.1	39	41	1	33.3	5	11.2	53.9	0.1	39A
P6SMB43AT3	40.9	43	45.2	1	36.8	5	10.1	59.3	0.101	43A
P6SMB47AT3	44.7	47	49.4	1	40.2	5	9.3	64.8	0.101	47A
P6SMB51AT3	48.5	51	53.6	1	43.6	5	8.6	70.1	0.102	51A
P6SMB56AT3	53.2	56	58.8	1	47.8	5	7.8	77	0.103	56A
P6SMB62AT3	58.9	62	65.1	1	53	5	7.1	85	0.104	62A
P6SMB68AT3	64.6	68	71.4	1	58.1	5	6.5	92	0.104	68A
P6SMB75AT3	71.3	75	78.8	1	64.1	5	5.8	103	0.105	75A
P6SMB82AT3	77.9	82	86.1	1	70.1	5	5.3	113	0.105	82A
P6SMB91AT3	86.5	91	95.5	1	77.8	5	4.8	125	0.106	91A
P6SMB100AT3	95	100	105	1	85.5	5	4.4	137	0.106	100A
P6SMB110AT3	105	110	116	1	94	5	4	152	0.107	110A
P6SMB120AT3	114	120	126	1	102	5	3.6	165	0.107	120A
P6SMB130AT3	124	130	137	1	111	5	3.3	179	0.107	130A
P6SMB150AT3	143	150	158	1	128	5	2.9	207	0.108	150A
P6SMB160AT3	152	160	168	1	136	5	2.7	219	0.108	160A
P6SMB170AT3	162	170	179	1	145	5	2.6	234	0.108	170A
P6SMB180AT3	171	180	189	1	154	5	2.4	246	0.108	180A
P6SMB200AT3	190	200	210	1	171	5	2.2	274	0.108	200A

* V_{BR} measured at pulse test current I_T at an ambient temperature of 25°C .

** 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), $PW = 8.3\text{ ms}$, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.

† Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data — 600 Watt at the beginning of this group.

†† T3 suffix designates tape and reel of 2500 units.

Devices listed in bold, italic are Motorola preferred devices.

6367255 0089723 357

P6SMB11CAT3 through P6SMB91CAT3

Bi-Directional

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) $V_F = 3.5\text{ V Max}$, $I_F^{**} = 50\text{ A}$ for all types.

Device††	Breakdown Voltage*				Working Peak Reverse Voltage VRWM Volts	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ VRWM IR μA	Maximum Reverse Surge Current IRSM† Amps	Maximum Reverse Voltage @ IRSM (Clamping Voltage) VRSM Volts	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of VBR %/°C	Device Marking
	VBR @ IT Volts									
	Min	Nom	Max	mA						
P6SMB11CAT3	10.5	11	11.6	1	9.4	5	38	15.6	0.075	11C
P6SMB12CAT3	11.4	12	12.6	1	10.2	5	36	16.7	0.078	12C
P6SMB13CAT3	12.4	13	13.7	1	11.1	5	33	18.2	0.081	13C
P6SMB15CAT3	14.3	15	15.8	1	12.8	5	28	21.2	0.084	15C
P6SMB16CAT3	15.2	16	16.8	1	13.6	5	27	22.5	0.086	16C
P6SMB18CAT3	17.1	18	18.9	1	15.3	5	24	25.2	0.088	18C
P6SMB20CAT3	19	20	21	1	17.1	5	22	27.7	0.09	20C
P6SMB22CAT3	20.9	22	23.1	1	18.8	5	20	30.6	0.092	22C
P6SMB24CAT3	22.8	24	25.2	1	20.5	5	18	33.2	0.094	24C
P6SMB27CAT3	25.7	27	28.4	1	23.1	5	16	37.5	0.096	27C
P6SMB30CAT3	28.5	30	31.5	1	25.6	5	14.4	41.4	0.097	30C
P6SMB33CAT3	31.4	33	34.7	1	28.2	5	13.2	45.7	0.098	33C
P6SMB36CAT3	34.2	36	37.8	1	30.8	5	12	49.9	0.099	36C
P6SMB39CAT3	37.1	39	41	1	33.3	5	11.2	53.9	0.1	39C
P6SMB43CAT3	40.9	43	45.2	1	36.8	5	10.1	59.3	0.101	43C
P6SMB47CAT3	44.7	47	49.4	1	40.2	5	9.3	64.8	0.101	47C
P6SMB51CAT3	48.5	51	53.6	1	43.6	5	8.6	70.1	0.102	51C
P6SMB56CAT3	53.2	56	58.8	1	47.8	5	7.8	77	0.103	56C
P6SMB62CAT3	58.9	62	65.1	1	53	5	7.1	85	0.104	62C
P6SMB68CAT3	64.6	68	71.4	1	58.1	5	6.5	92	0.104	68C
P6SMB75CAT3	71.3	75	78.8	1	64.1	5	5.8	103	0.105	75C
P6SMB82CAT3	77.9	82	86.1	1	70.1	5	5.3	113	0.105	82C
P6SMB91CAT3	86.5	91	95.5	1	77.8	5	4.8	125	0.106	91C

* VBR measured at pulse test current I_T at an ambient temperature of 25°C .

** 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), PW = 8.3 ms, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.

† Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data — 500 Watt at the beginning of this group.

†† T3 suffix designates tape and reel of 2500 units.

Devices listed in bold, italic are Motorola preferred devices.

Motorola TVS/Zener Device Data

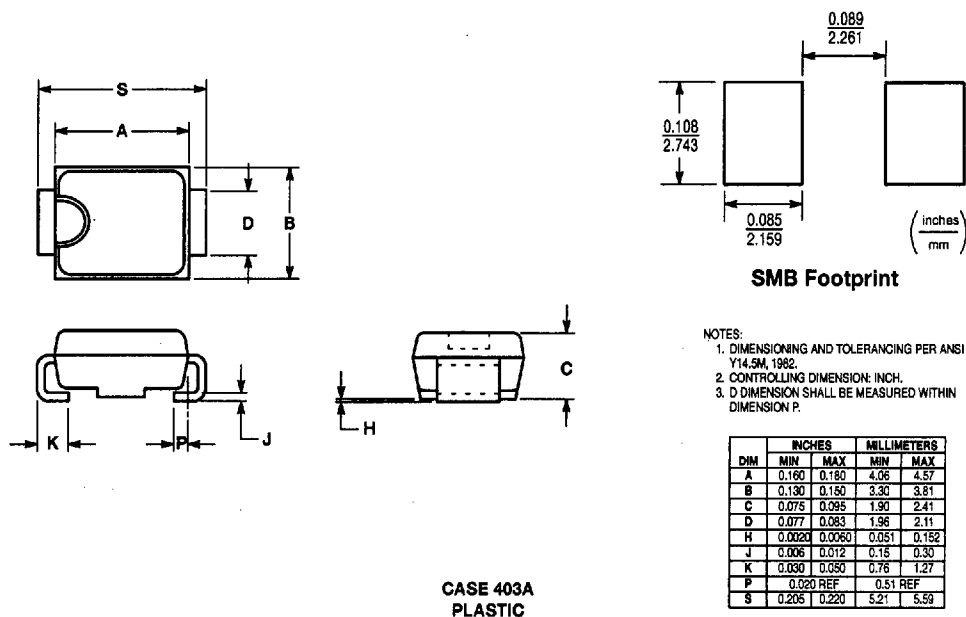
6367255 0089724 293

600 Watt Peak Power Data Sheet

5-17

Transient Voltage Suppressors — Surface Mounted

600 Watt Peak Power



(Refer to Section 10 for Surface Mount, Thermal Data and Footprint Information.)

MULTIPLE PACKAGE QUANTITY (MPQ) REQUIREMENTS

Package Option	Type No. Suffix	MPQ (Units)
Tape and Reel	T3 (13 inch reel)	2.5K

(Refer to Section 10 for more information on Packaging Specifications.)

6367255 0089725 12T