Product Change Notification - SYST-02EYRQ192

Date:

03 Jun 2016

Product Category:

Analog (Thermal, Power Management & Safety)

Affected CPNs:

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Notification subject:

Data Sheet - MCP1501 Data Sheet Data Sheet Document Revision

Notification text:

SYST-02EYRQ192

Microchip has released a new DeviceDoc for the MCP1501 Data Sheet of devices. If you are using one of these devices please read the document located at MCP1501 Data Sheet.

Notification Status: Final

Description of Change: The following is the list of modifications: 1. Updated Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics, Section 4.0, Theory of Operation, Section 5.0, Application Circuits 2. Updated Features section, Introduction section, Section 3.1, Buffered VREF Output (OUT) 3. Updated "Product Identification System" section. 4. Updated Figure 2-12, Figure 2-20, Figure 2-21, Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-4 5. Updated Equation 1-10 and Equation 1-16 6. Various typographical edits.

Impacts to Data Sheet: None

Reason for Change: To Improve Productivity

Change Implementation Status: Complete

Date Document Changes Effective: 03 Jun 2016

NOTE: Please be advised that this is a change to the document only the product has not been changed.

Markings to Distinguish Revised from Unrevised Devices: N/A

Attachment(s): MCP1501 Data Sheet

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SYST-02EYRQ192 - Data Sheet - MCP1501 Data Sheet Data Sheet Document Revision

Affected Catalog Part Numbers (CPN)

MCP1501T-40E/SN

MCP1501T-40E/RW

MCP1501T-40E/CHY

MCP1501T-33E/SN

MCP1501T-33E/RW

MCP1501T-33E/CHY

MCP1501T-30E/SN

MCP1501T-30E/RW

MCP1501T-30E/CHY

MCP1501T-25E/SN

MCP1501T-25E/RW

MCP1501T-25E/CHY

MCP1501T-20E/SN

MCP1501T-20E/RW

MCP1501T-20E/CHY

MCP1501T-18E/SN

MCP1501T-18E/RW

MCP1501T-18E/CHY

MCP1501T-12E/SN

MCP1501T-12E/RW

MCP1501T-12E/CHY

MCP1501T-10E/SN

MCP1501T-10E/RW

MCP1501T-10E/CHY

MCP1501-40E/SNREL

MCP1501-40E/SN

MCP1501-33E/SNREL

MCP1501-33E/SN

MCP1501-30E/SNREL

MCP1501-30E/SN

MCP1501-25E/SNREL

MCP1501-25E/SN

MCP1501-20E/SNREL

MCP1501-20E/SN

MCP1501-18E/SNREL

MCP1501-18E/SN

MCP1501-12E/SNREL

MCP1501-12E/SN

MCP1501-10E/SNREL

MCP1501-10E/SN

Date: Thursday, June 02, 2016

MCP1501

High-Precision Buffered Voltage Reference

Features

- Maximum Temperature Coefficient: 50 ppm/°C from -40°C to +125°C
- Initial Accuracy: 0.1%
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +125°C
- Low Typical Operating Current: 140 μA
- · Line Regulation: 50 ppm/V maximum
- · Load Regulation: 40 ppm/mA maximum
- 8 Voltage variants available:
 - 1.024V
 - 1.250V
 - 1.800V
 - 2.048V
 - 2.500V
 - 3.000V
 - 3.300V
 - 4.096V
- Output Noise (10 Hz to 10 kHz): $< 0.1 \mu V_{P-P}$

Applications

- Precision Data Acquisition Systems
- · High-Resolution Data Converters
- · Medical Equipment Applications
- · Industrial Controls
- · Battery-Powered Devices

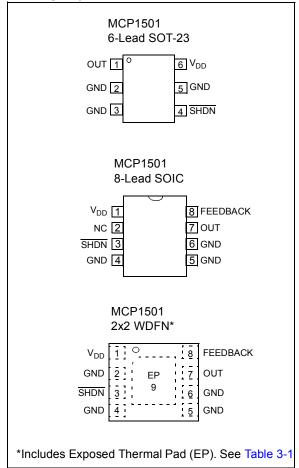
Introduction

The MCP1501 is a buffered voltage reference capable of sinking and sourcing 20 mA of current. The voltage reference is a low-drift bandgap-based reference. The bandgap uses chopper-based amplifiers, effectively reducing the drift to zero.

The MCP1501 is available in the following packages:

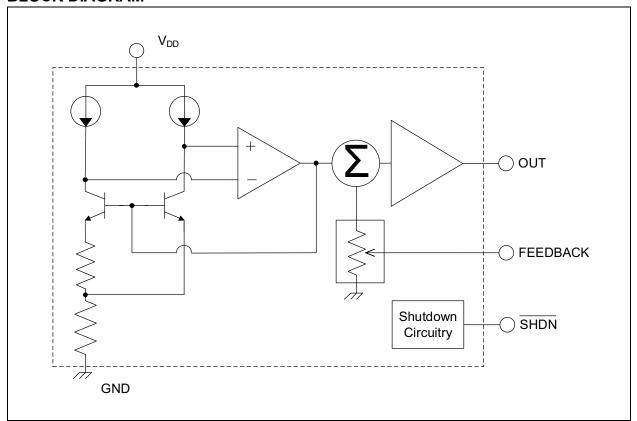
- · 6-Lead SOT-23
- · 8-Lead SOIC
- · 8-Lead 2 mm x 2 mm WDFN

Package Types



MCP1501

BLOCK DIAGRAM



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

V _{DD}	5.5V
Maximum current into V _{DD} pin	
Clamp current, IK (V _{PIN} < 0 or V _{PIN} > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Maximum output current sunk by OUTPUT pin	30 mA
Maximum output current sourced by OUTPUT pin	30 mA
(HBM:CDM:MM)	(2 kV:±1.5 kV:200V)

[†] Notice: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure above maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD(MIN)} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$ at -40°C $\le T_A \le +125$ °C.							
Charac	teristic	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Supply Voltage		V _{DD}	1.65	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-10
	•	V_{DD}	1.7	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-12
	•	V_{DD}	2.0	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-18
	•	V _{DD}	2.25	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-20
	•	V_{DD}	2.70	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-25
	•	V_{DD}	3.2	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-30
	•	V_{DD}	3.5	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-33
	•	V_{DD}	4.3	_	5.5	V	MCP1501-40
Power-on-Rese Release Voltage		V _{POR}	_	1.45	_	V	
Power-on-Rese Rearm Voltage	et		_	0.8	_	V	
Output Voltage	MCP1501-10	V _{OUT}	1.0232	1.024	1.0248	V	
	MCP1501-12		1.2490	1.250	1.2510	V	
	MCP1501-18		1.7985	1.800	1.8015	V	
	MCP1501-20		2.0460	2.048	2.0500	V	
	MCP1501-25		2.4980	2.500	2.5020	V	
	MCP1501-30		2.9975	3.000	3.0025	V	
	MCP1501-33		3.2975	3.300	3.3025	V	
	MCP1501-40		4.0925	4.096	4.0995	V	
Temperature Coefficient	MCP1501-XX	T _C	_	10	50	ppm/°C	
Line Regulation		ΔV _{OUT} / ΔV _{IN}	_	_	50	ppm/V	
Load Regulation		ΔV _{OUT} / ΔΙ _{ΟUT}	_	_	40 ppm- sink 70 ppm- source	ppm/mA	-5 mA < I _{LOAD} < +5 mA
Dropout Voltage		V_{DO}		_	200	mV	-5 mA < I _{LOAD} < +2 mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		PSRR		94 dB			1.024V option, V_{IN} = 5.5V, 1 kHz at 100 mV _{P-P}

MCP1501

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD(MIN)} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$ at -40°C $\le T_A \le +125$ °C.							
Characteristic		Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Shutdown		V _{IL}		1.35			V _{IN} = 5.5V
		V_{IH}		3.80			
Output Voltage Hysteresis		ΔV _{OUT_HYST}		300 μV			Refer to Section 1.1.10 "Output Voltage Hysteresis" for additional details on testing conditions.
Output Noise	MCP1501-10	e _N	_	0.1	_	μV_{P-P}	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, T _A = +25°C
			_	5	_		10 Hz to 10 kHz, T _A = +25°C
	MCP1501-20	e _N	_	0.1	_	µV _{P-P}	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, T _A = +25°C
			_	10	_		10 Hz to 10 kHz, T _A = +25°C
	MCP1501-40	e _N	_	0.1	_	μV _{P-P}	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, T _A = +25°C
			_	20	_		10 Hz to 10 kHz, T _A = +25°C
Maximum Load Current		I _{LOAD}	_	±20	_	mA	T _A = +25°C 2.048V option
Supply		I _{DD}	_	140	550	μA	No Load
Current			_		350	1	No Load, T _A = +25°C
Shutdown	MCP1501-10	I _{SHDN}		205		nA	T _A = +25°C
Current	MCP1501-20]		185		1	
	MCP1501-40]		185		1	

TABLE 1-2: TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply at AV_{DD} , DV_{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6V.							
Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Temperature Ranges							
Operating Temperature Range	T _A	-40	_	+125	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	T _A	-65	_	+150	°C		
Thermal Package Resistance	•	•	•		•		
Thermal Resistance for SOT-23-6	θ_{JA}	_	+190.5	_	°C/W		
Thermal Resistance for SOIC-8	θ_{JA}	_	+149.5	_	°C/W		
Thermal Resistance for DFN-8	θ_{JA}	_	+141.3	_	°C/W		

1.1 Terminology

1.1.1 OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Output voltage is the reference voltage that is available on the OUT pin.

1.1.2 INPUT VOLTAGE

The input voltage (V_{IN}) is the range of voltage that can be applied to the V_{DD} pin and still have the device produce the designated output voltage on the OUT pin.

1.1.3 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (TC_{OUT})

The output temperature coefficient or voltage drift is a measure of how much the output voltage will vary from its initial value with changes in ambient temperature. The value specified in the electrical specifications is measured as shown in Equation 1-1.

EQUATION 1-1: TC_{OUTPUT} CALCULATION

$$TC_{OUT} = \frac{OUT_{MAX} - OUT_{MIN}}{\Delta T \times OUT_{NOM}} \times 10^6 ppm/^{\circ}C$$

Where:

OUT_{MAX} = Maximum output voltage over the

temperature range

OUT_{MIN} = Minimum output voltage over the

temperature range

OUT_{NOM} = Average output voltage over the

temperature range

 ΔT = Temperature range over which the

data was collected

1.1.4 DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The dropout voltage is defined as the voltage difference between V_{DD} and V_{OUT} under load. Equation 1-2 is used to calculate the dropout voltage.

EQUATION 1-2:

$$V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT} | I_{OUT} = Constant$$

1.1.5 LINE REGULATION

An ideal voltage reference will maintain a constant output voltage regardless of any changes to the input voltage. However, when real devices are considered, a small error may be measured on the output when an input voltage change occurs.

Line regulation is defined as the change in output voltage (ΔV_{OUT}) as a function of a change in input voltage (ΔV_{IN}), and expressed as a percentage, as shown in Equation 1-3.

EQUATION 1-3:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\% = \%$$
 Line Regulation

Line regulation may also be expressed as %/V or in ppm/V, as shown in Equation 1-4 and Equation 1-5, respectively.

EQUATION 1-4:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\varDelta V_{OUT}}{\varDelta V_{OUT(NOM)}}\right)}{\varDelta V_{IN}} \times 100\% = \frac{\%}{V} Line Regulation$$

EQUATION 1-5:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT(NOM)}}\right)}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 10^6 = \frac{ppm}{V} \text{ Line Regulation}$$

As an example, if the MCP1501-20 is implemented in a design and a 2 μ V change in output voltage is measured from a 250 mV change on the input, then the error in percent, ppm, percent/volt, and ppm/volt, as shown in Equation 1-6 – Equation 1-9.

EQUATION 1-6:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\%\right) \times \left(\frac{2 \ \mu V}{250 \ mV} \times 100\%\right) = .0008\%$$

EQUATION 1-7:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 10^6\right) \times \left(\frac{2 \ \mu V}{250 \ mV} \times 10^6\right) = 8 \ ppm$$

EQUATION 1-8:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\% = \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2~\mu V}{2.048\,V}\right)}{250~mV}\right) \times 100\% = 0.000390625~\frac{\%}{V}$$

EQUATION 1-9:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{\frac{2 \ \mu V}{2.048 \, V}}{250 \ mV}\right) \times 10^6 = 3.90625 \ \frac{ppm}{V}$$

MCP1501

1.1.6 LOAD REGULATION

An ideal voltage reference will maintain the specified output voltage regardless of the load's current demand. However, real devices experience a small error voltage that deviates from the specified output voltage when a load is present.

Load regulation is defined as the voltage difference when under no load ($V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|0}$) and under maximum load ($V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|MAX}$), and is expressed as a percentage, as shown in Equation 1-10.

EQUATION 1-10:

$$\frac{{^{V}OUT} \stackrel{@}{=} {^{I}OUT} | 0 - {^{V}OUT} \stackrel{@}{=} {^{I}OUT} | MAX}{{^{V}OUT} \stackrel{@}{=} {^{I}OUT} | MAX} \times 100\% = \% \ Load \ Regulation$$

Similar to line regulation, load regulation may also be expressed as %/mA or in ppm/mA as shown in Equation 1-11 and Equation 1-12, respectively.

EQUATION 1-11:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT(NOM)}}\right)}{\Delta I_{OUT}} \times 100\% = \frac{\%}{mA} \text{ Line Regulation}$$

EQUATION 1-12:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT(NOM)}}\right)}{\Delta I_{OUT}} \times 10^6 = \frac{ppm}{mA} Load Regulation$$

As an example, if the MCP1501-20 is implemented in a design and a 10 μ V change in output voltage is measured from a 2 mA change on the input, then the error in percent, ppm, percent/volt, ppm/volt, as shown in Equation 1-13 – Equation 1-16.

EQUATION 1-13:

$$\frac{2.048V - 2.04799V}{2.04799V} \times 100\% = .0004882\%$$

EQUATION 1-14:

$$\frac{2.048V - 2.04799V}{2.04799V} \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{2.048V - 2.04799V}{2.04799V} \times 10^6\right) = 4.882 \text{ ppm}$$

EQUATION 1-15:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}}\right)}{\Delta I_{OUT}} \times 100\% = \left(\frac{\left(\frac{10 \ \mu V}{2.048 \ V}\right)}{2 \ mA}\right) \times 100\% = 0.2441 \ \frac{\%}{mA}$$

EQUATION 1-16:

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(MAX)}}\right)}{\Delta I_{OUT}} \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{\left(\frac{10 \ \mu V}{2.048 \ V}\right)}{2 \ mA}\right) \times 10^6 = 0.2441 \frac{ppm}{mA}$$

1.1.7 INPUT CURRENT

The input current (operating current) is the current that sinks from V_{IN} to GND without a load current on the output pin. This current is affected by temperature, input voltage, output voltage, and the load current.

1.1.8 POWER SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO

Power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) is a measure of the change in output voltage (ΔV_{OUT}) relative to the change in input voltage (ΔV_{IN}) over frequency.

1.1.9 LONG-TERM DRIFT

The long-term output stability is measured by exposing the devices to an ambient temperature of +125°C, as shown in Figure 2-18 while configured in the circuit shown in Figure 1-1. In this test, all electrical specifications of the devices are measured periodically at +25°C.

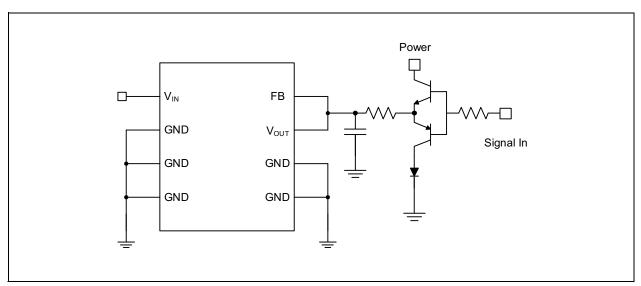


FIGURE 1-1: Long-Term Drift Test Circuit.

1.1.10 OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS

The output voltage hysteresis is a measure of the output voltage error after the powered devices are cycled over the entire operating temperature range. The amount of hysteresis can be quantified by measuring the change in the +25°C output voltage after temperature excursions from +25°C to +125°C to +25°C, and also from +25°C to -40°C to +25°C.

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NOTES:

2.0 TYPICAL OPERATING CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise specified, maximum values are: $V_{DD(MIN)} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$ at -40°C $\le T_A \le$ +125°C.

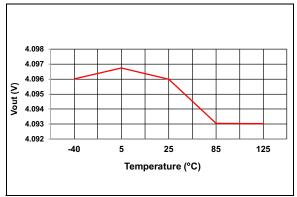


FIGURE 2-1: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 4.096V Option.

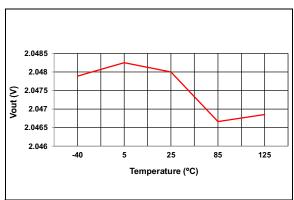


FIGURE 2-2: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 2.048V Option.

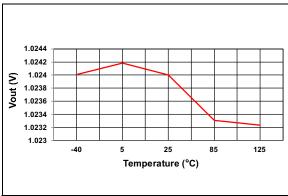


FIGURE 2-3: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 1.024V Option.

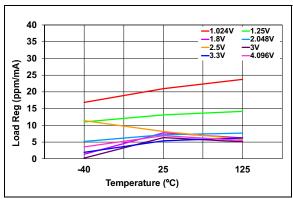


FIGURE 2-4: Load Regulation vs. Temperature, I_{LOAD} 5mA Sink.

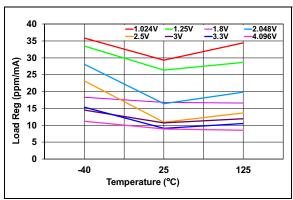


FIGURE 2-5: Load Regulation vs. Temperature, I_{LOAD} 5mA Source.

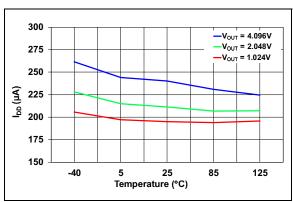


FIGURE 2-6: I_{DD} vs. Temperature, All Options.

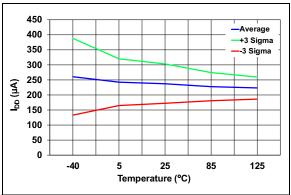


FIGURE 2-7: I_{DD} vs. Temperature for V_{OUT} , 50 Units, No Load, 4.096V Option.

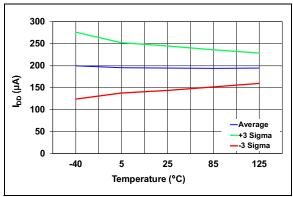


FIGURE 2-8: I_{DD} vs. Temperature for V_{OUT} , 50 Units, No Load, 1.024V Option.

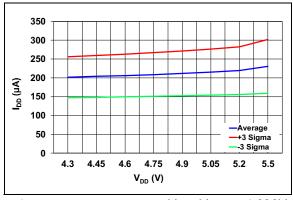


FIGURE 2-9: I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} , V_{OUT} = 4.096V, 50 Units, No Load.

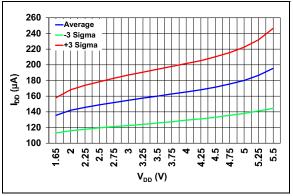


FIGURE 2-10: I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} , $V_{OUT} = 1.024V$, 50 Units, No Load.

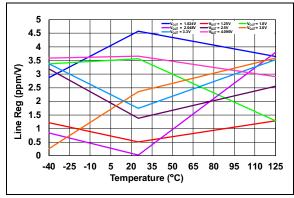


FIGURE 2-11: Line Regulation vs. Temperature.

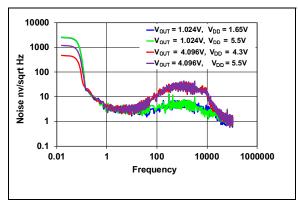


FIGURE 2-12: Noise vs. Frequency, No Load, $T_A = +25$ °C.

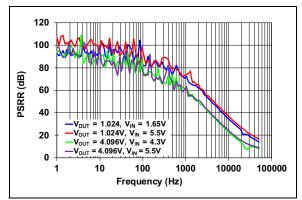


FIGURE 2-13: PSRR vs. Frequency, No Load, $T_A = +25$ °C.

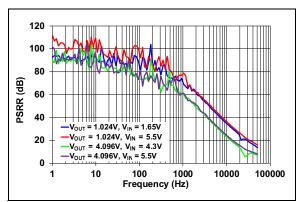


FIGURE 2-14: PSRR vs. Frequency, 1 kΩ Load, T_A = +25°C.

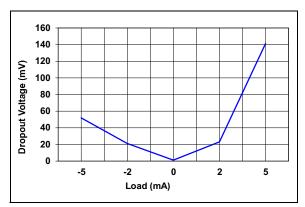


FIGURE 2-15: Dropout Voltage vs. Load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, 2.048V Option.

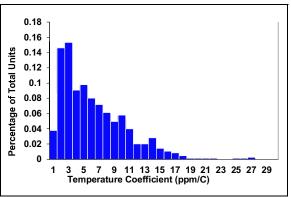


FIGURE 2-16: Tempco Distribution, No Load, $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 2.7V$, 50 Units.

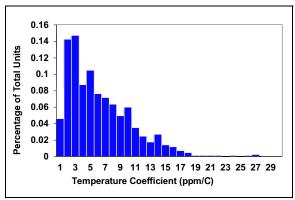


FIGURE 2-17: Tempco Distribution, No Load, $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 5.5$ V, 50 Units.

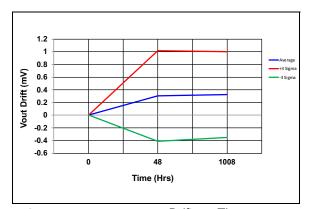


FIGURE 2-18: V_{OUT} Drift vs. Time, $T_A = +25$ °C, No Load, 800 Units.

MCP1501

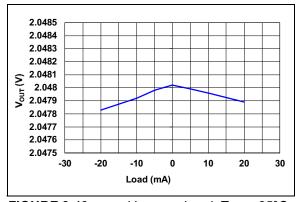


FIGURE 2-19: 2.048V Option.

 V_{OUT} vs. Load, $T_A = +25$ °C,

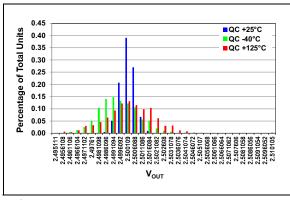


FIGURE 2-20: V_{OUT} at V_{DDMIN} , V_{DD} = 2.7V, 800 Units, 2.5V Option, No Load.

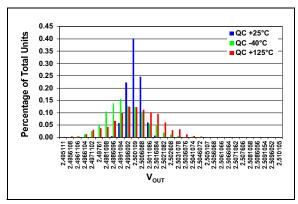


FIGURE 2-21: V_{OUT} Distribution at V_{DDMAX} , V_{DD} = 5.5V, 800 Units, 2.5V Option, No Load.

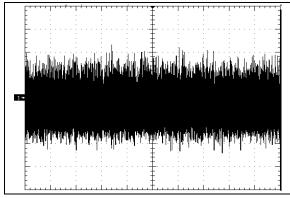


FIGURE 2-22: Noise vs. Time, VDD = 5.5V, $T_A = +25$ °C, 2.048V Option, No Load, 2 μ V/div, 100 ms/div.

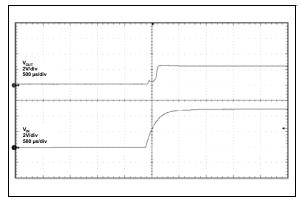


FIGURE 2-23: Turn On Transient, $V_{DD} = 5/5V$, $V_{IN} = 2.048V$ Option, No Load.

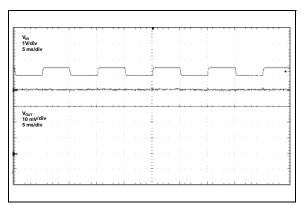


FIGURE 2-24: Line Transient, $V_{DD} = 5.5V$, $V_{IN} = 500 \text{ mV}_{PP} \textcircled{a} 5V_{DC}$, 2.048V Option, No Load.

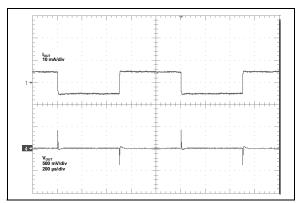


FIGURE 2-25: Load Transient, $V_{DD} = 5.5$, $V_{IN} = 2.5$, 2.048V Option.



FIGURE 2-26: R_{ISO} vs. C_{LOAD} , 4.096V Option Unloaded.

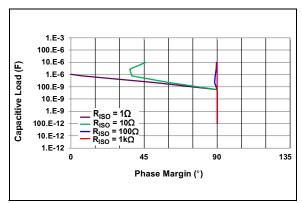


FIGURE 2-27: R_{ISO} vs. C_{LOAD} , 4.096V Option Loaded.

N/	C	D1	5	ሰ	1
IVI	U		J	v	•

NOTES:

3.0 PIN FUNCTION TABLE

The pin functions are described in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

SOT-23	SOIC	2 x 2 WDFN	Symbol	Function
1	8	8	OUT	Buffered V _{REF} Output
_	7	7	FEEDBACK	Buffered V _{REF} Feedback
2,3,5	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	GND	System Ground
4	3	3	SHDN	Shutdown Pin Active Low
6	1	1	V _{DD}	Power Supply Input
_	_	9	EP	Exposed Thermal Pad

3.1 Buffered V_{REF} Output (OUT)

This is the Buffered Reference Output. On the WDFN and SOIC package, this should be connected to the FEEDBACK pin at the device. The output driver is tristated when in shutdown.

3.2 Buffered V_{REF} Feedback (FEEDBACK)

This is the buffer amplifier feedback pin. On the WDFN and SOIC package, this should be connected to the OUT pin at the device. This connection is internal on the SOT-23 package. Note that if there is routing impedance or IR-drop between the OUT and FEEDBACK pins, it is the FEEDBACK pin which accurately holds the output voltage. This can be used in an application to remove IR-drop effects on output voltage caused by the Printed Circuit Board (PCB) or interconnect resistance with a high-current load.

3.3 System Ground (GND)

This is the power supply return and should be connected to system ground.

3.4 Shutdown Pin (SHDN)

This is a digital input that will place the device in Shutdown. This pin is active low.

3.5 Power Supply Input (V_{DD})

This power pin also serves as the input voltage for the voltage reference. Refer to the Electrical Tables to determine minimum voltage, based on the device.

3.6 Exposed Thermal Pad (EP)

Not internally connected, but recommend grounding.

٨	И	\mathbf{C}	D	1	5	N	1
I۱	71	U			J	v	

NOTES:

4.0 THEORY OF OPERATION

The MCP1501 is a buffered voltage reference that is capable of operating over a wide input supply range while providing a stable output across the input supply range. The fundamental building block (see **Block Diagram**) of the MCP1501 is an internal bandgap reference circuit. As with all bandgap circuits, the internal reference sums together two voltages having an opposite temperature coefficient which allows a voltage reference that is practically independent from temperature.

The bandgap of the MCP1501 is based on a second order temperature coefficient (TC) compensated bandgap circuit that allows the MCP1501 to achieve high initial accuracy and low temperature coefficient operation across supply and ambient temperature. The bandgap curvature compensation is determined during device characterization and is trimmed for optimal accuracy.

The MCP1501 also includes a chopper-based amplifier architecture that ensures excellent low-noise operation, further reduces temperature dependent offsets that would otherwise increase the temperature coefficient of the MCP1501, and significantly improves long-term drift performance. Additional circuitry is included to eliminate the chopping frequency from the output of the device.

After the bandgap voltage is compensated, it is amplified, buffered, and provided to the output drive circuit which has excellent performance when sinking or sourcing load currents (±5 mA).

N	1		D	1	5	0	1
IV	ľ	U		•	J	v	•

NOTES:

5.0 APPLICATION CIRCUITS

5.1 Application Tips

5.1.1 BASIC APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Figure 5-1 illustrates a basic circuit configuration of the MCP1501.

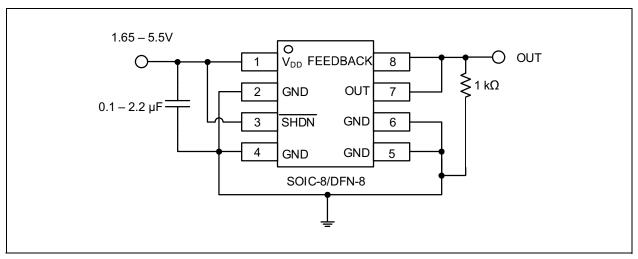


FIGURE 5-1: Basic Circuit Configuration.

An output capacitor is not required for stability of the voltage reference, but may be optionally added to provide noise filtering or act as a charge-reservoir for switching loads, e.g., successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converter (ADC). As shown, the input voltage is connected to the device at the V_{IN} input, with an optional 2.2 μf ceramic capacitor. This capacitor would be required if the input voltage has excessive noise. A 2.2 μf capacitor would reject input voltage noise at approximately 1 to 2 MHz. Noise below this frequency will be amply rejected by the input voltage rejection of the voltage reference. Noise at frequencies above 2 MHz will be beyond the bandwidth of the voltage reference and, consequently, not transmitted from the input pin through the device to the output.

If the noise at the output of these voltage references is too high for the particular application, it can be easily filtered with an external RC filter and op-amp buffer (see Figure 5-2).

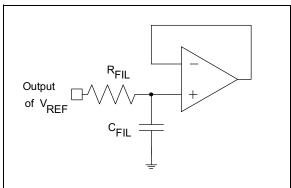


FIGURE 5-2: Output Noise-Reducing Filter.

MCP1501

The RC filter values are selected for a desired cutoff frequency, as shown in Equation 5-1.

EQUATION 5-1:

$$f_C = \frac{1}{2\pi (R_{FIL}C_{FIL})}$$

The values that are shown in Figure 5-2 (10 $k\Omega$ and 1 $\mu F)$ will create a first-order, low-pass filter at the output of the amplifier. The cutoff frequency of this filter is 15.9 Hz, and the attenuation slope is 20 dB/decade. The MCP6021 amplifier isolates the loading of this low-pass filter from the remainder of the application circuit. This amplifier also provides additional drive, with a faster response time than the voltage reference.

5.1.2 LOAD CAPACITOR

The output capacitor from OUT to GND acts as a low-pass noise filter for the references and should not be omitted. The maximum capacitive load is 300 pF, however, larger capacitors may be implemented if a resistor is used in series with a larger load capacitor. Figure 5-1 illustrates a 1 k Ω resistor in series with a 2.2 μ F capacitor.

5.1.3 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Mechanical stress due to Printed Circuit Board (PCB) mounting can cause the output voltage to shift from its initial value. Devices in the SOT-23-6 package are generally more prone to assembly stress than devices in the WDFN package. To reduce stress-related output voltage shifts, mount the reference on low-stress areas of the PCB (i.e., away from PCB edges, screw holes and large components).

5.2 Typical Applications Circuits

5.2.1 NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REFERENCE

A negative voltage reference can be generated using any of the devices in the MCP1501 family. A typical application is shown in Figure 5-3. In this circuit, the voltage inversion is implemented using the MCP6061 and two equal resistors. The voltage at the output of the MCP1501 voltage reference drives R1, which is connected to the inverting input of the MCP6061 amplifier.

Since the non-inverting input of the amplifier is biased to ground, the inverting input will also be close to ground potential. The second 10 $k\Omega$ resistor is placed around the feedback loop of the amplifier. Since the inverting input of the amplifier is high-impedance, the current generated through R1 will also flow through R2. As a consequence, the output voltage of the amplifier is equal to -2.5V for the MCP1501-25 and -4.096V for the MCP1501-40.

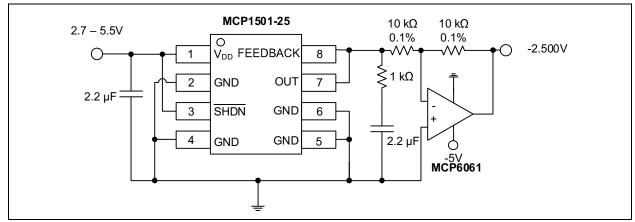


FIGURE 5-3: Negative Voltage Reference.

5.2.2 A/D CONVERTER REFERENCE

The MCP1501 product family was carefully designed to provide a precision, low noise voltage reference for the Microchip families of ADCs. The circuit shown in Figure 5-4 shows a MCP1501-25 configured to provide the reference to the MCP3201, a 12-bit ADC.

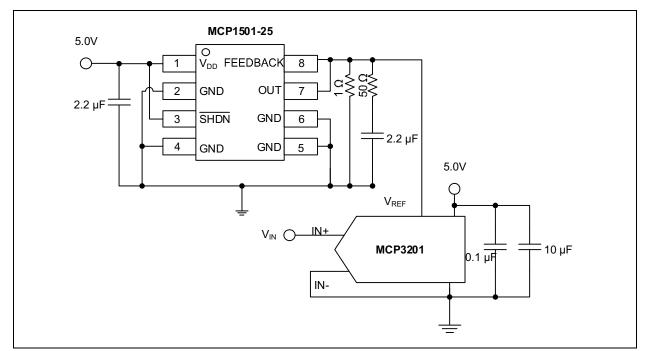
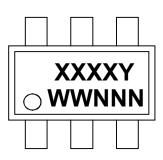


FIGURE 5-4: ADC Example Circuit.

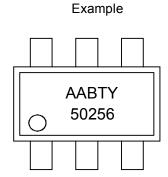
6.0 PACKAGE INFORMATION

6.1 Package Markings

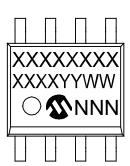
6-Lead SOT-23



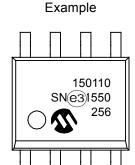
Device	Code
MCP1501T-10E/CHY	AABTY
MCP1501T-12E/CHY	AABUY
MCP1501T-18E/CHY	AABVY
MCP1501T-20E/CHY	AABWY
MCP1501T-25E/CHY	AABXY
MCP1501T-30E/CHY	AABYY
MCP1501T-33E/CHY	AABZY
MCP1501T-40E/CHY	AACAY



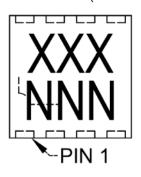
8-Lead SOIC



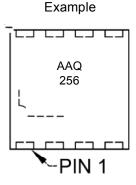
Device	Code
MCP1501T-10E/SN	150110
MCP1501T-12E/SN	150112
MCP1501-18E/SN	150118
MCP1501-20E/SN	150120
MCP1501T-25E/SN	150125
MCP1501T-30E/SN	150130
MCP1501T-33E/SN	150133
MCP1501T-40E/SN	150140



8-Lead WDFN (2 x2 mm)



Device	Code
MCP1501T-10E/RW	AAQ
	AAQ
MCP1501T-12E/RW	AAR
MCP1501-18E/RW	AAS
MCP1501-20E/RW	AAT
MCP1501T-25E/RW	AAU
MCP1501T-30E/RW	AAV
MCP1501T-33E/RW	AAW
MCP1501T-40E/RW	AAX



Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information

Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

e3 Pb-free JEDEC® designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

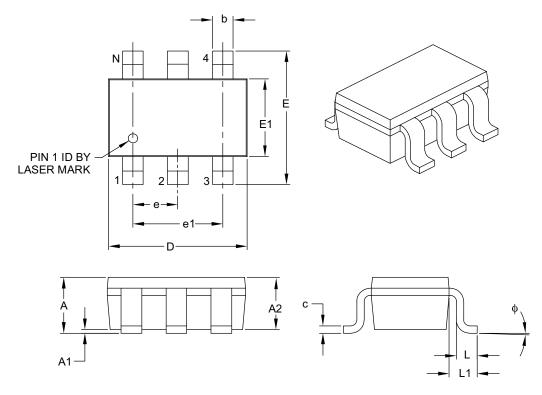
This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (@3)

can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (CHY) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units			MILLIMETERS			
Dimensio	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX			
Number of Pins	N		6				
Pitch	е		0.95 BSC				
Outside Lead Pitch	e1		1.90 BSC				
Overall Height	Α	0.90	_	1.45			
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.89	_	1.30			
Standoff	A1	0.00	_	0.15			
Overall Width	E	2.20	_	3.20			
Molded Package Width	E1	1.30	_	1.80			
Overall Length	D	2.70	_	3.10			
Foot Length	L	0.10	_	0.60			
Footprint	L1	0.35	_	0.80			
Foot Angle	ф	0°	_	30°			
Lead Thickness	С	0.08	_	0.26			
Lead Width	b	0.20	_	0.51			

Notes:

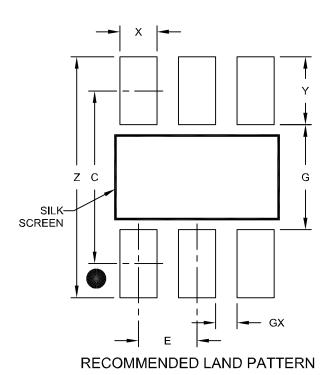
- 1. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028B

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (CHY) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch		0.95 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		2.80	
Contact Pad Width (X6)	Х			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X6)	Υ			1.10
Distance Between Pads	G	1.70		
DIstance Between Pads	GX	0,35		
Overall Width	Z			3.90

Notes:

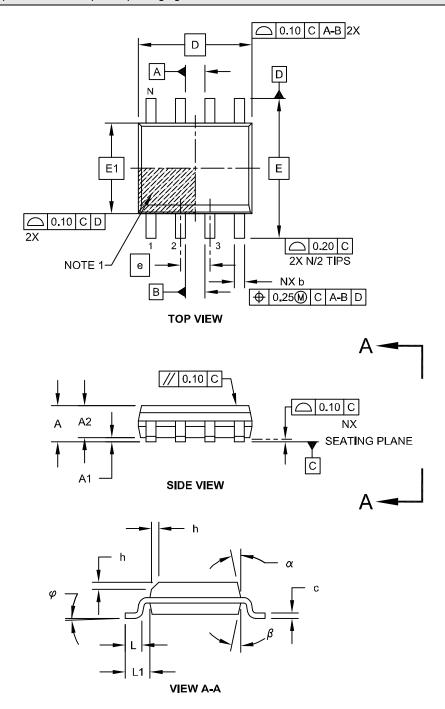
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2028A

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

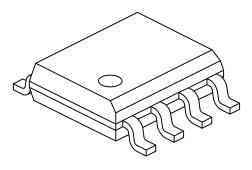
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS					
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Number of Pins	N		8			
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC			
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.75		
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-		
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25		
Overall Width	Е	6.00 BSC				
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC				
Overall Length	D	4,90 BSC				
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50		
Foot Length	٦	0.40	-	1.27		
Footprint	L1	1.04 REF				
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°		
Lead Thickness	С	0.17	-	0.25		
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51		
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°		
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°		

Notes:

- 1. Pln 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. § Significant Characteristic
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

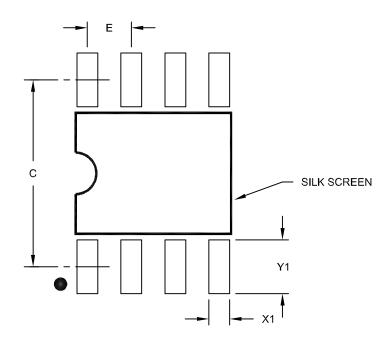
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	N	<i>I</i> ILLIMETER	S	
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	Е		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

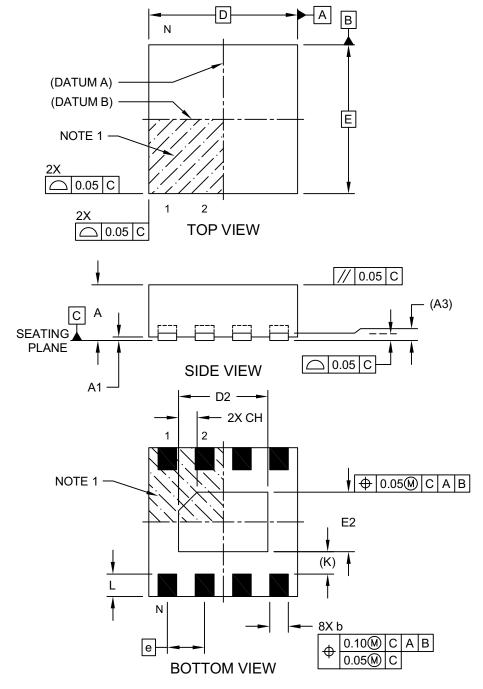
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

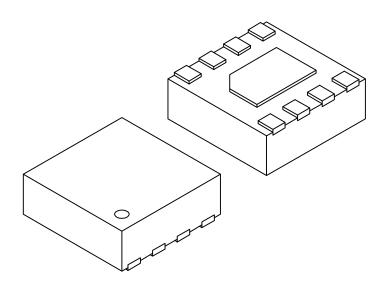
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-261A Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units			MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX			
Number of Terminals	N		8				
Pitch	е		0.50 BSC				
Overall Height	Α	0.70	0.75	0.80			
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05			
Terminal Thickness	(A3)	0.10 REF					
Overall Width	Е	2.00 BSC					
Exposed Pad Width	E2	0.70	0.80	0.90			
Overall Length	D	2.00 BSC					
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.10	1.20	1.30			
Exposed Pad Chamfer	CH	-	0.25	-			
Terminal Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30			
Terminal Length	Ĺ	0.25	0.30	0.35			
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	(K)	0.30	-	-			

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Package is saw singulated
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

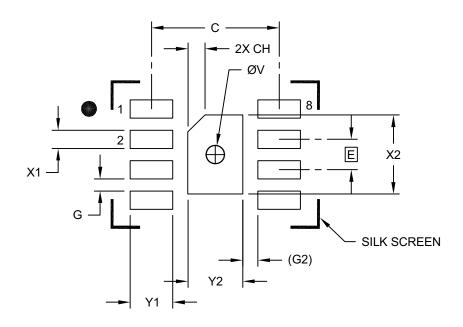
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-261A Sheet 2 of 2

Note:

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	E		0.50 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	Y2			0.90
Optional Center Pad Length	X2			1.30
Contact Pad Spacing	С		2.10	
Center Pad Chamfer	CH		0.28	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.70
Contact Pad to Contact Pad (X6)	G1	0.20		
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X8)	G1		0.25 REF	
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerances, for reference only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2261A

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision C (May 2016)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics, Section 4.0, Theory of Operation, Section 5.0, Application Circuits.
- Updated Features section, Introduction section, Section 3.1, Buffered V_{REF} Output (OUT).
- 3. Updated "Product Identification System" section.
- 4. Updated Figure 2-12, Figure 2-20, Figure 2-21, Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-4.
- 5. Updated Equation 1-10 and Equation 1-16.
- 6. Various typographical edits.

Revision B (January 2016)

The following is the list of modifications:

- 1. Updated Section 6.0, Package Information.
- Updated "Product Identification System" section.
- 3. Minor typographical errors.

Revision A (December 2015)

Original Release of this Document.

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NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO	[X] ⁽¹⁾		X	<u>/XX</u>		Exa	mples:		
Device T	ape and	Οι	utput Voltage Option	Package		a)	MCP1501	IT-10E/CHY:	1.024V, 6-lead SOT-23 package, Tape and Reel
						b)	MCP1501	I-12E/SN:	1.2V, 8-lead SOIC package
Device:	MCP1	501	– 50 ppm typical	thermal drift buffere	d reference	c)	MCP1501	IT-18E/SN:	1.8V, 8-lead SOIC package, Tape and Reel
						d)	MCP1501	IT-20E/RW:	2.048V, 8-lead WDFN
Tape and Reel Option:	Blank	= :	Standard packagi	ing (tube or tray)					package, Tape and Reel
•	Т	= '	Tape and Reel ⁽¹⁾)					
Output Voltage	10	=	1.024V						
Option:	12	=	1.200V						
	18 20	=	1.800V 2.048V						
	20 25	=	2.046V 2.500V						
	30	=	3.000V						
	33	=	3.300V						
	40	=	4.096V						
Package:	CHY* SN	=	6-Lead Plastic 8-Lead Plastic Body (SOIC)	Small Outline Trans Small Outline - Nar	istor (SOT-23) row, 3.90 mm	ı	Note 1:	the catalog	eel identifier only appears in part number description.
	RW	=	8-Lead Very, V	ery Thin Plastic Dua 2 mm Body (WDFN				poses and i	er is used for ordering pur- s not printed on the device heck with your Microchip
	*Y	=		m gold manufacturir on the SOT-23 pack				sales office	for package availability for d Reel option.

٨	Л	C	D	1	5	N	1
I۱	71	v			J	v	

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- · Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
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