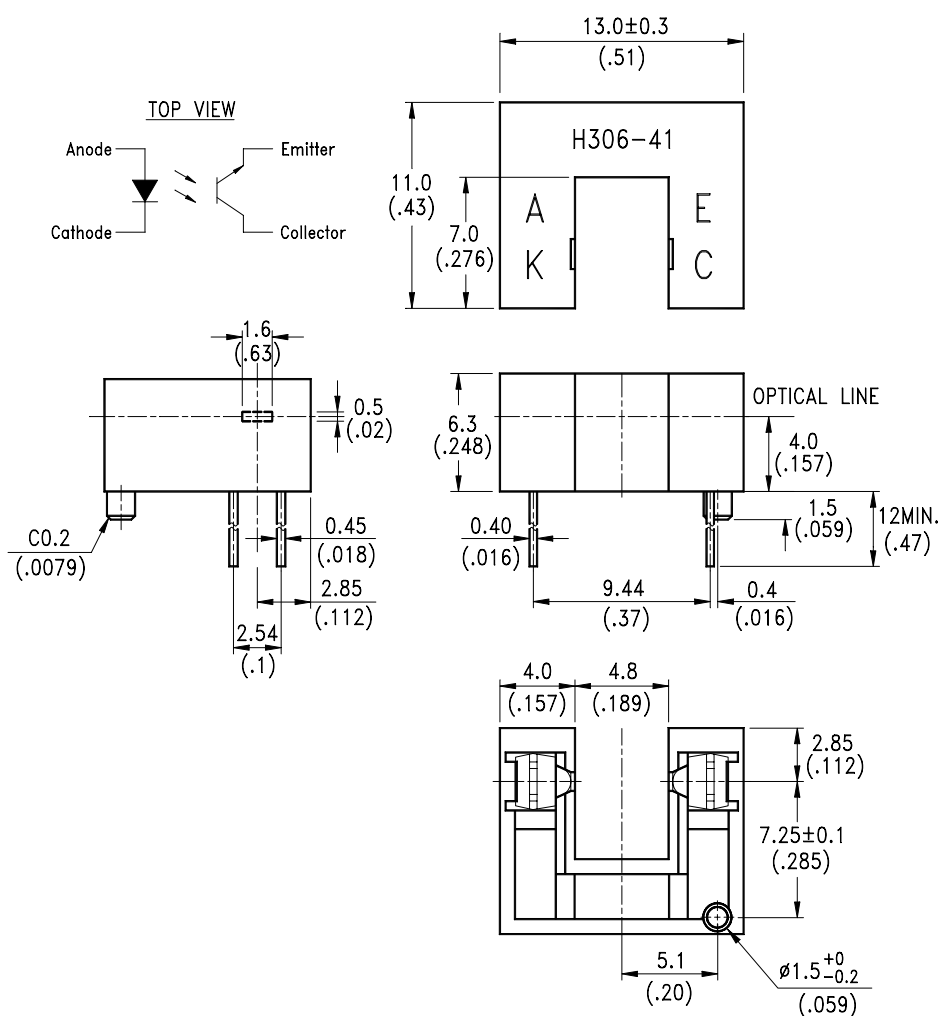


FEATURES

- * NON-CONTACT SWITCHING.
- * FOR DIRECT PC BOARD OR DUAL-IN-LINE SOCKET MOUNTING.
- * FAST SWITCHING SPEED.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(.010")$ unless otherwise noted.



LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

Property of Lite-On Only

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA=25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
INPUT LED		
Power Dissipation	75	mW
Peak Forward Current (300 pps , 10 μ S pulse)	1	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR		
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Collector Current	20	mA
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to + 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (.063") Form Case, Plastic Housing Exclude]	260°C for 5 Seconds	



LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

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ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA=25°C

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
INPUT LED							
Forward Voltage		V_F		1.2	1.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current		I_R			100	μA	$V_R=5\text{V}$
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR							
Collector-Emitter Dark Current		I_{CEO}			100	nA	$V_{CE}=10\text{V}$
COUPLER							
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		$V_{CE(SAT)}$			0.4	V	$I_C=0.25\text{mA}$ $I_F=20\text{mA}$
On State Collector Current		$I_{C(ON)}$	1		10	mA	$V_{CE}=5\text{V}$ $I_F=20\text{mA}$
Response Time	Rise Time	T_r		3	15	μS	$V_{CE}=5\text{V}, I_C=2\text{mA}$ $R_L=100\ \Omega$
	Fall Time	T_f		4	20		

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

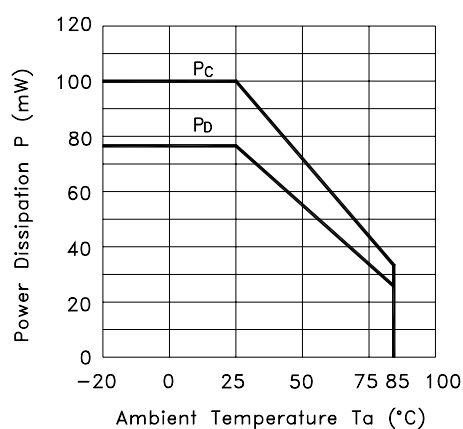


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

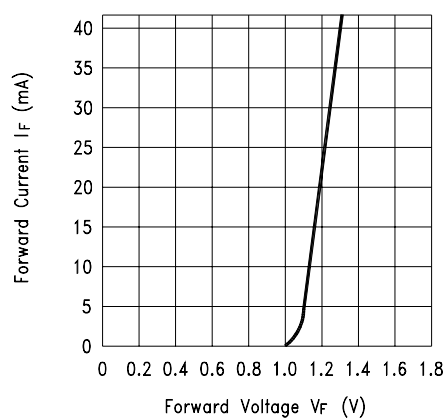


Fig.3 Collector Current vs. Forward Voltage

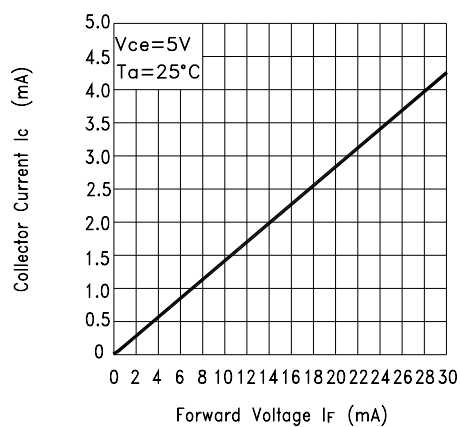
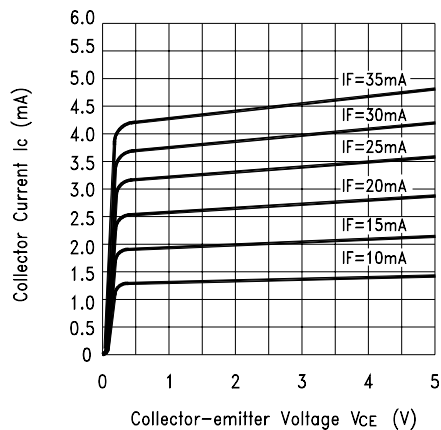


Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.5 Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature

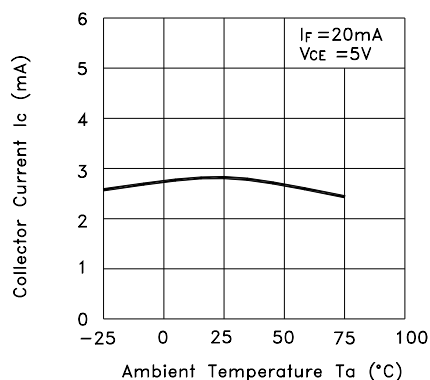


Fig.6 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

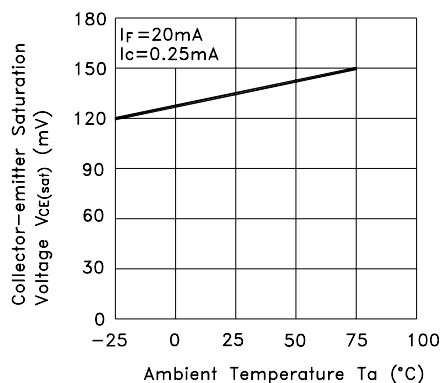
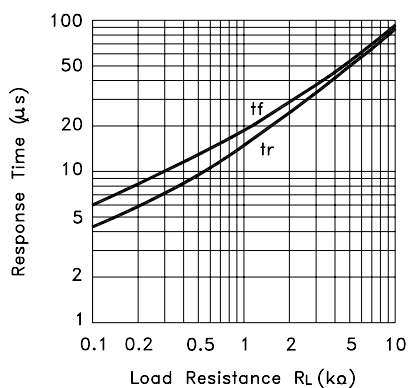


Fig.7 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time

