## 437A Series <br> 1206 Fast-Acting Ceramic Fuse





## Additional Information



Resources


Accessories


Samples

Electrical Characteristics for Series

| \% of Ampere Rating | Ampere Rating | Opening Time at $\mathbf{2 5}^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | $0.250 \mathrm{~A}-8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 4 hours, Minimum |
| $250 \%$ | $0.750 \mathrm{~A}-8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 seconds, Maximum |
| $350 \%$ | $0.750 \mathrm{~A}-8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1 second, Maximum |
|  | $0.250 \mathrm{~A}-0.500 \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 seconds, Maximum |

## Description

The 437A Series AECQ-Compliant fuses are specifically tested to cater to secondary circuit protection needs of compact autoelectronics applications.
The general design ensures excellent temperature stability and performance reliability. In addition to this, the high $1^{2} t$ values typical of the Littelfuse Ceramic Fuse family ensure high inrush current withstand capability.

## Features

| - Operating Temperature from | Fast response to faulty |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | current to ensure over-current |
| - $100 \%$ Lead-free, Halogen-Free | protection for sensitive |
| and RoHS compliant | electronic components |

- Meets Littelfuse's automotive qualifications*
*     - Largely based on Littelfuse internal AEC-Q200 test plan.


## Applications

- Li-ion Battery
- TFT Display
- LED Lighting
- Automotive Navigation
- Battery Management System (BMS) System
- Clusters

Agency Approvals

| Agency | Agency File Number | Ampere Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| c ${ }^{\circ}$ | E10480 | 0.250A - 8A |
| (1). | 29862 | 0.250A - 8A |

Electrical Specifications by Item

| Ampere Rating | Amp Code | Max. Voltage | Interrupting Rating ${ }^{1}$ | Nominal Resistance | Nominal Melting $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ t | Nominal Voltage Drop At Rated | Nominal Power Dissipation At Rated | Age Appr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | Amp Code | Rating (V) |  | (Ohms) ${ }^{2}$ | $\left(A^{2} \operatorname{Sec} .\right)^{3}$ | Current (V) ${ }^{4}$ | Current (W) | $c=\mathbb{N}_{u s}$ | \$1 |
| 0.250 | . 250 | 125 | 50A @ 125VAC/DC | 2.290 | 0.003 | 0.78 | 0.195 | X | x |
| 0.375 | . 375 | 125 |  | 1.330 | 0.010 | 0.60 | 0.225 | X | x |
| 0.500 | . 500 | 63 | 50A @ 63VAC/DC | 0.908 | 0.018 | 0.52 | 0.260 | x | X |
| 0.750 | . 750 | 63 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 50A @ 63VAC/DC } \\ \text { 100A @ 63VDC } \end{gathered}$ | 0.600 | 0.064 | 0.45 | 0.338 | x | x |
| 1.00 | 001. | 63 | 50A @ 63VAC/DC | 0.420 | 0.100 | 0.41 | 0.410 | x | X |
| 1.25 | 1.25 | 63 |  | 0.318 | 0.256 | 0.40 | 0.500 | X | X |
| 1.50 | 01.5 | 63 |  | 0.209 | 0.324 | 0.39 | 0.585 | x | x |
| 1.75 | 1.75 | 63 |  | 0.071 | 0.075 | 0.27 | 0.473 | X | X |
| 2.00 | 002. | 63 |  | 0.062 | 0.144 | 0.20 | 0.400 | X | X |
| 2.50 | 02.5 | 63 | 50A@ 45VAC/63VDC | 0.043 | 0.441 | 0.15 | 0.375 | X | X |
| 3.00 | 003. | 63 |  | 0.035 | 0.506 | 0.14 | 0.420 | x | X |
| 3.50 | 03.5 | 63 |  | 0.027 | 0.777 | 0.13 | 0.455 | X | X |
| 4.00 | 004. | 63 |  | 0.022 | 1.024 | 0.13 | 0.520 | X | X |
| 5.00 | 005. | 63 |  | 0.0159 | 2.30 | 0.13 | 0.650 | X | X |
| 7.00 | 007. | 35 | 50A@32VAC/35VDC | 0.0100 | 5.02 | 0.13 | 0.910 | X | X |
| 8.00 | 008. | 35 |  | 0.008 | 7.23 | 0.13 | 1.040 | X | X |
| Notes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. AC Interruptin voltage with <br> 2. Nominal Resi <br> 3. Nominal Melting <br> 4. Nominal Volta | gating tested at ime constant < 0.8 stance measured ing ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ t measured at age Drop measure | t rated voltage wit 8 msec . <br> with < $10 \%$ rated at 1 msec. opening d at rated current | unity power factor. DC Interrupting R urrent. time. fter temperature has stabilized. | ing tested at rated | Devices designed to carry rated current for 4 hours minimum. It is recommended that devices be operated continuously at no more than $80 \%$ rated current. See "Temperature Re-rating Curve"for additional re-rating information. Devices designed to be mounted with marking code facing up. |  |  |  |  |

# 437A Series <br> 1206 Fast-Acting Ceramic Fuse 

Temperature Re-rating Curve


Note:

1. Re-rating depicted in this curve is in addition to the standard re-rating of $20 \%$ for continuous operation.

## Example:

For continuous operation at 75 degrees celsius, the fuse should be rerated as follows:
$\left.I=(0.80)(0.85))_{\text {RAT }}=(0.68)\right)_{\text {RAT }}$
Part Numbering System


Soldering Parameters

| Reflow Condition |  | Pb -free assembly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pre Heat | - Temperature Min ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {s(min) }}$ ) | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | - Temperature Max ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {s(max) }}$ ) | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | - Time (Min to Max) ( $\mathrm{t}_{s}$ ) | 60-180 seconds |
| Average Ramp-up Rate (Liquidus Temp ( $T_{L}$ ) to peak) |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max. |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {S(max) }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ - Ramp-up Rate |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max. |
| Reflow | - Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) (Liquidus) | $217{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | - Temperature ( $\mathbf{t}_{L}$ ) | 60-150 seconds |
| Peak Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | $260+0 /-{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Time within $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of actual peak Temperature ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | $20-40$ seconds |
| Ramp-down Rate |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max. |
| Time $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to peak Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | 8 minutes max. |
| Do not exceed |  | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Wave Soldering |  | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10$ seconds max. |

## 437A Series <br> 1206 Fast-Acting Ceramic Fuse

## Product Characteristics

| Materials | Body: Advanced Ceramic <br> Terminations: Ag/Ni/Sn (100\% Lead-free) <br> Element Cover Coating: Lead-free Glass |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moisture Sensitivity <br> Level | IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020, Level 1 |
| Solderability | IPC/EIC/JEDEC J-STD-002, Condition B |
| Humidity Test | MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Conditions D |
| Resistance to Solder <br> Heat | MIL-STD-202, Method 210, Condition B |
| Moisture <br> Resistance | MIL-STD-202, Method 106 |
| Thermal Shock | MIL-STD-202, Method 107, <br> Condition B |
| Mechanical Shock | MIL-STD-202, Method 213, <br> Condition A |
| Vibration | MIL-STD-202, Method 201 |
| Vibration, <br> High Frequency | MIL-STD-202, Method 204, <br> Condition D |
| Dissolution of <br> Metallization | IPC/EIC/JEDEC J-STD-002, <br> Condition D |
| Terminal Strength | IEC 60127-4 |


| High Temperature <br> Storage | MIL-STD-202 Method 108 with exemptions |
| :--- | :--- |
| Thermal Shock Test | JESD22 Method JA-104, <br> Test Conditions B and N |
| Biased Humidity | MIL-STD-202 Method 103, 85 <br> 10 C/85 operating power for 1000 hrs with |
| Operational Life | MIL-STD-202 Method 108, Test Condition D |
| Resistance To <br> Solvents | MIL-STD-202 Method 215 |
| Mechanical Shock | MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Test Condition C |
| High Frequency <br> Vibration | MIL-STD-202, Method 204 |
| Resistance To <br> Soldering Heat | MILSTD-202 Method 210, Test Condition B |
| Solderability | JESD22-B102E Method 1 |
| Terminal Strength <br> For SMD | AEC Q200-006 |
| Board Flex | AEC Q200-005 |
| Electrical <br> Characterization | 3Temperature Electrical Characterization |



| Amp Code | Marking Code |
| :---: | :---: |
| .250 | $\mathbf{D}$ |
| .375 | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| .500 | $\mathbf{F}$ |
| .750 | $\mathbf{G}$ |
| 001. | $\mathbf{H}$ |
| 1.25 | $\mathbf{J}$ |
| 01.5 | $\mathbf{K}$ |
| 1.75 | $\mathbf{L}$ |
| 002. | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| 02.5 | $\mathbf{\mathbf { 0 }}$ |
| 003. | $\mathbf{P}$ |
| 3.500 | $\mathbf{R}$ |
| 004. | $\mathbf{S}$ |
| 005. | $\mathbf{T}$ |
| 007. | $\mathbf{W}$ |
| 008. | $\mathbf{l X}$ |

Part Marking System

## Packaging

| Packaging Option | Packaging Specification | Quantity | Quantity and Packaging Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8mm Tape and Reel | EIA-481, IEC 60286, Part 3 | 3000 | WRA |

