

Current Transducer HY 5 ... 25-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$$I_{PN} = 5 \dots 25 \text{ A}$$



Electrical data

Primary nominal RMS current I_{PN} (A)	Primary current measuring range I_{PM} (A)	Primary conductor (mm)	Type	RoHS since date code
5	±15	∅ 0.7	HY 5-P	45260
10	±30	∅ 1.1	HY 10-P	45286
12.5	±37.5	∅ 1.4	HY 12-P	45264
15	±45	∅ 1.4	HY 15-P	45276
20	±60	2 × ∅ 1.2 ¹⁾	HY 20-P	46097
25	±75	2 × ∅ 1.4 ¹⁾	HY 25-P	45269

U_{out}	Output voltage (Analog) @ I_{PN} , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$	±4	V
$\hat{I}_{P \text{ max}}$	Primary withstand peak current (1 ms)	$50 \times I_{PN}$	
R_{INS}	Insulation resistance @ 500 V DC	> 1000	MΩ
R_L	Load resistance	> 1	kΩ
R_{out}	Output internal resistance	100	Ω
U_C	Supply voltage (±5 % ²⁾)	±12 ... 15	V
I_C	Current consumption	±10	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

ϵ	Error @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$ (excluding offset)	< ±1	%
ϵ_L	Linearity error ³⁾ (0 .. ± I_{PN})	< ±1	% of I_{PN}
TCU_{OE}	Temperature coefficient of U_{OE}	typical max	±1.5 ±3 mV/K mV/K
TCU_{out}	Temperature coefficient of U_{out} (% of reading)	< ±0.1	%/K
U_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage @ $T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$	< ±40	mV
U_{OM}	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$, after an excursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$	< ±15	mV
t_{D90}	Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step ⁴⁾	HY 25-P others	< 5 < 3 µs µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) ⁵⁾	DC ... 50	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-10 ... +80	°C
$T_{A \text{ st}}$	Ambient storage temperature	-25 ... +85	°C
m	Mass	< 14	g
	Standard ⁶⁾	EN 50178: 1997	

- Notes: ¹⁾ Conductor terminals are soldered together
²⁾ Operating at $\pm 12 \text{ V} \leq U_C < \pm 15 \text{ V}$ will reduce measuring range
³⁾ Linearity data exclude the electrical offset
⁴⁾ For a $di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
⁵⁾ Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency
⁶⁾ Please consult characterisation report for more technical details and application advice.

Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Insulation voltage 2500 V[~]
- Compact design for PCB mounting
- Low power consumption
- Extended measuring range ($3 \times I_{PN}$)
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Easy mounting
- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- AC variable speed drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Battery supplied application
- General purpose inverters.

Application Domain

- Industrial.

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Insulation coordination

U_d	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	2.5	kV
U_{Nm}	Rated insulation RMS voltage	500 ¹⁾	V

Note: ¹⁾ Pollution class 2, overvoltage category III.

UL 508: Ratings and assumptions of certification

File # E189713 Volume: 2 Section: 1

Standards

- Standard for Industrial Control Equipment UL 508, Seventeenth Edition
- Canadian Standard for Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 14-10, Eleventh Edition

Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Max surrounding air temperature	T_A	°C	40
Primary current	I_P	A	According to series primary currents
Secondary supply voltage	U_C	V DC	0 to ±15
Output voltage	U_{out}	V DC	0 ... 4

Conditions of acceptability

When installed in the end-use equipment, consideration shall be given to the following:

- 1 - *These devices must be mounted in a suitable end-use enclosure.*
- 2 - *The terminals have not been evaluated for field wiring.*
- 8 - *Low voltage circuits are intended to be powered by a circuit derived from an isolating source (such as a transformer, optical isolator, limiting impedance or electro-mechanical relay) and having no direct connection back to the primary circuit (other than through the grounding means).*

Marking

Only those products bearing the UL or UR Mark should be considered to be Listed or Recognized and covered under UL's Follow-Up Service. Always look for the Mark on the product.

Safety

This *transducer* must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



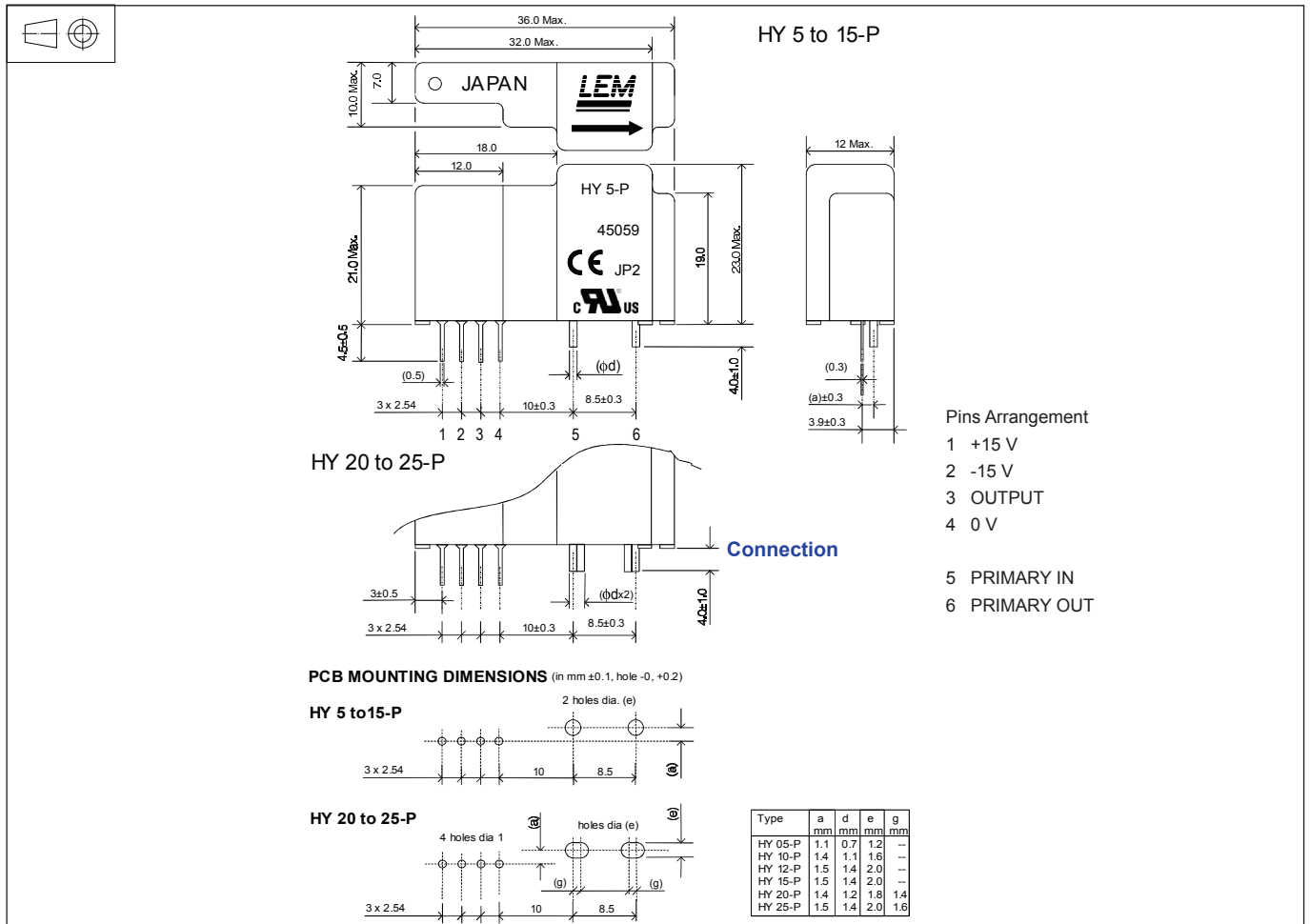
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions HY 5 .. 25-P (in mm)



Remark

- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.