



# LH1527BT/BAB/BABTR LH1527BB/BAC/BACTR

## 1 Form C Solid State Relay

### FEATURES

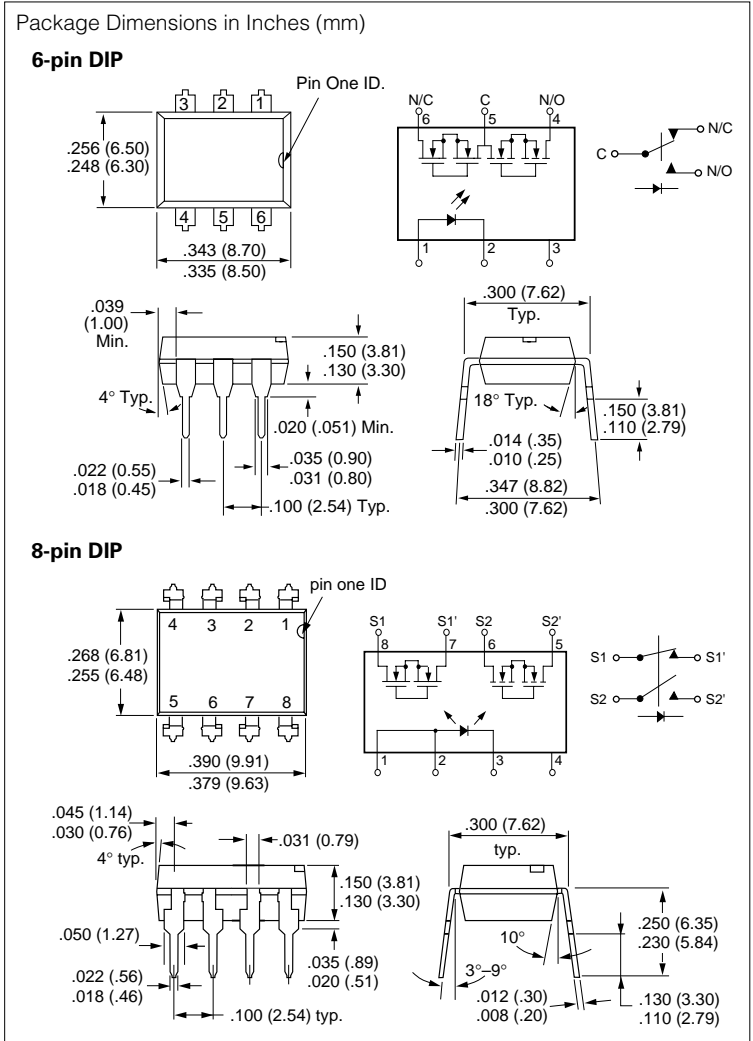
- Two Versions, 6-pin and 8-pin
- Break-before-make Operation
- I/O Isolation, 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- Load Voltage, 350 V
- On Resistance, Typ. 25 Ω
- Linear, AC/DC Operation
- Clean, Bounce-free Switching
- Low Power Consumption
- Surface Mountable

### AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL – File No. E52744
- CSA – Certification 093751
- VDE 0884 Approval

### APPLICATION

- General Telecom Switching
- Modems
- Instrumentation
- Programmable Controllers
- Industrial

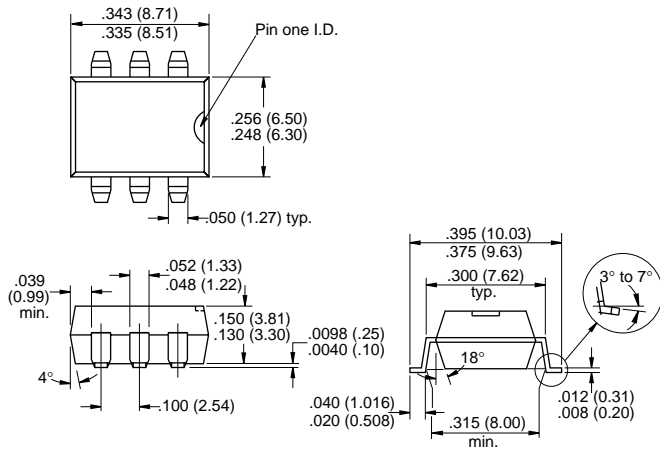


### Part Identification

Part Number	Description
LH1527BT	6-pin DIP, Tubes
LH1527BAB	6-pin SMD, Tubes
LH1527BABTR	6-pin SMD, Tape and Reel
LH1527BB	8-pin DIP, Tubes
LH1527BAC	8-pin SMD, Tubes
LH1527BACTR	8-pin SMD, Tape and Reel

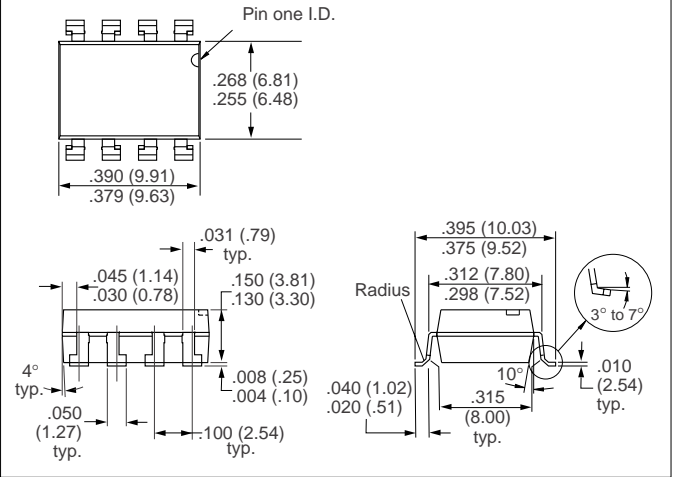
Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)

6-pin SMD

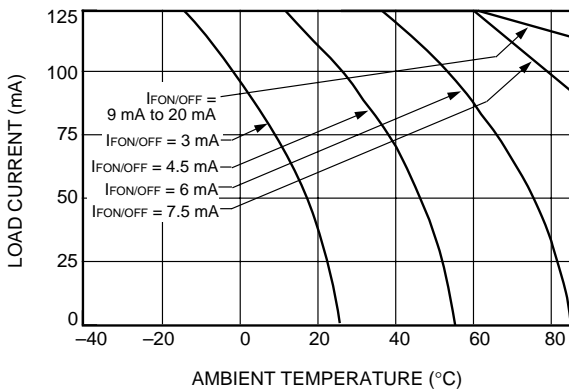


Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)

8-pin SMD



Recommended Operating Conditions



Absolute Maximum Ratings,  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods of time can adversely affect reliability.

- Ambient Operating Temperature Range ( $T_A$ ) ..... -40 to +85°C
- Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{stg}$ ) ..... -40 to +150°C
- Pin Soldering Temperature ( $t=10$  s max) ( $T_S$ ) ..... 260°C
- Input/Output Isolation Test Voltage, ( $t=1.0$  s,  $I_{ISO}=10 \mu\text{A}$  max.) ( $V_{ISO}$ ) ..... 5300  $V_{RMS}$
- Pole-to-Pole Isolation Voltage (S1 to S2)\* (dry air, dust free, at sea level) ..... 1600 V
- LED Continuous Forward Current ( $I_F$ ) ..... 50 mA
- LED Reverse Voltage ( $I_R \leq 10 \mu\text{A}$ ) ( $V_R$ ) ..... 8.0 V
- dc or Peak ac Load Voltage ( $I_L \leq 50 \mu\text{A}$ ) ( $V_L$ ) ..... 350 V
- Continuous dc Load Current ( $I_L$ ) (Form C Operation) ..... 125 mA
- Peak Load Current ( $I_P$ ) ( $t=100$  ms) (single shot) ..... 350 mA
- Output Power Dissipation (continuous) ( $P_{DISS}$ )
- 6-pin Package ..... 500 mW
- 8-pin Package ..... 600 mW

\* Breakdown occurs between the output pins external to the package.

## Electrical Characteristics, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

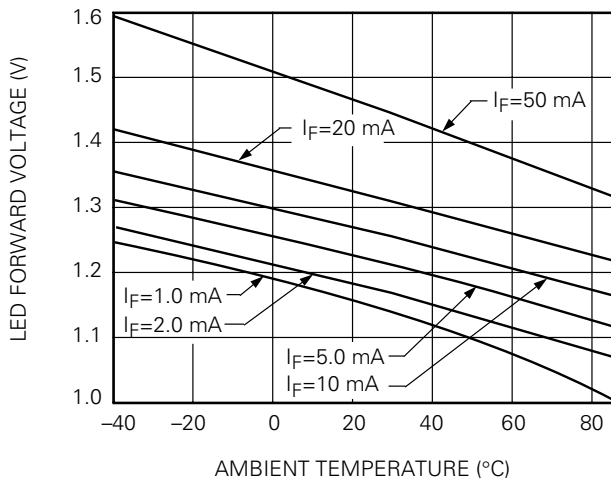
Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluations. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

Parameter	Sym.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
<b>Input</b>						
LED Forward Current for Switch Turn-on (NO)	$I_{Fon}$	—	2.0	3.0	mA	$I_L=100\text{ mA}$ , $t=10\text{ ms}$
LED Forward Current for Switch Turn-off (NO)	$I_{Foff}$	0.2	1.0	—	mA	$V_L=\pm 300\text{ mA}$
LED Forward Current for Switch Turn-on (NC)	$I_{Fon}$	0.2	0.6	—	mA	$I_L=100\text{ mA}$ , $t=10\text{ ms}$
LED Forward Current for Switch Turn-off (NC)	$I_{Foff}$	—	0.7	3.0	mA	$V_L=\pm 300\text{ mA}$
LED Forward Voltage	$V_F$	1.15	1.26	1.45	V	$I_F=10\text{ mA}$
<b>Output</b>						
ON-resistance: (NO, NC)	$R_{ON}$	17*	25*	33*	$\Omega$	$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ (NO) 0 mA (NC) $I_L=50\text{ mA}$ (NC)
OFF-resistance: (NO)	$R_{OFF}$	0.5	600	—	G $\Omega$	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=\pm 100\text{ V}$
(NC)		0.1	5.0	—		$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=\pm 100\text{ V}$
Off-state Leakage Current: (NO)	—	—	0.17	200	nA	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=\pm 100\text{ V}$
(NC)		—	0.02	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=\pm 100\text{ V}$
(NO, NC)		—	—	1.0		$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ (NO) $I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=\pm 350\text{ V}$
Output Capacitance: (NO)	—	—	55	—	pF	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=1.0\text{ V}$
		—	10	—		$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=50\text{ V}$
(NC)		—	35	—		$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=1.0\text{ V}$
		—	10	—		$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_L=50\text{ V}$
Pole-to-Pole Capacitance (S1 to S2)	—	—	0.5	—	pF	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$
Switch Offset: (NO)	—	—	0.15	—	$\mu\text{V}$	$I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ (NO) $I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ (NC)
(NC)		—	0.1	—		$I_F=0\text{ mA}$ (NC) $I_F=5.0\text{ mA}$ (NO)
<b>Transfer</b>						
Input/Output Capacitance	$C_{ISO}$	—	1.1	—	pF	$V_{ISO}=1.0\text{ V}$
Turn-on Time (NO)	$t_{on}$	0.5	3.1	4.5	ms	$I_F=10\text{ mA}$ , $I_L=37.5\text{ mA}$ $V_L=150\text{ V}^*$
(NC)		0.5	2.3	4.5		$I_F=6.0\text{ mA}$ , $I_L=100\text{ mA}$ $V_L=50\text{ V}^*$
Turn-off Time (NO)	$t_{off}$	—	1.2	4.5	ms	$I_F=1.0\text{ mA}$ , $I_L=37.5\text{ mA}$ $V_L=STC\text{ V}^*$
(NC)		—	1.6	4.5		$I_F=10\text{ mA}$ , $I_L=37.5\text{ mA}$ $V_L=150\text{ V}^*$
Transfer OFF Time (NC off to NO on)	$t_{tfr}$	0	0.6	—	ms	$I_F=10\text{ mA}$ , $I_L=37.5\text{ mA}$ $V_L=150\text{ V}^*$

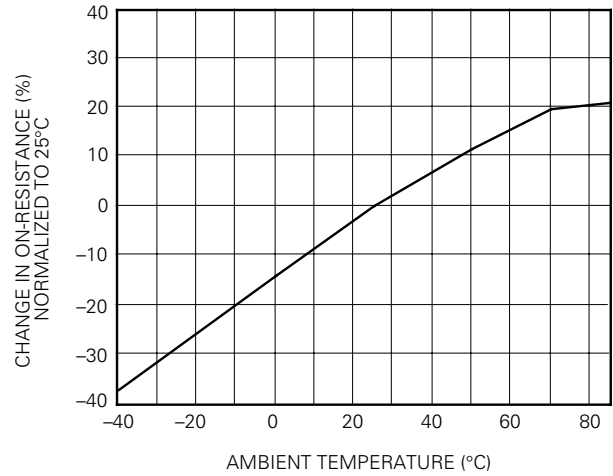
\* Single application

## Typical Performance Characteristics

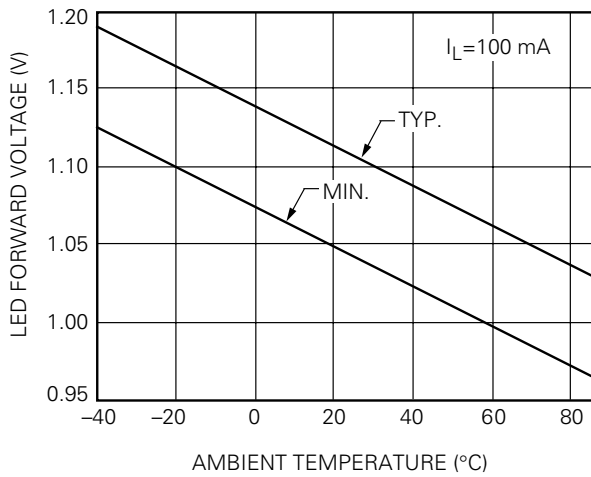
**Figure 1. LED Voltage vs. Temperature**



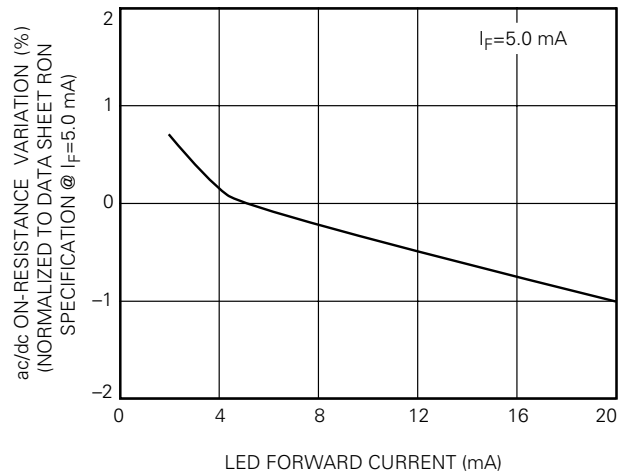
**Figure 4. ON-resistance vs. Temperature**



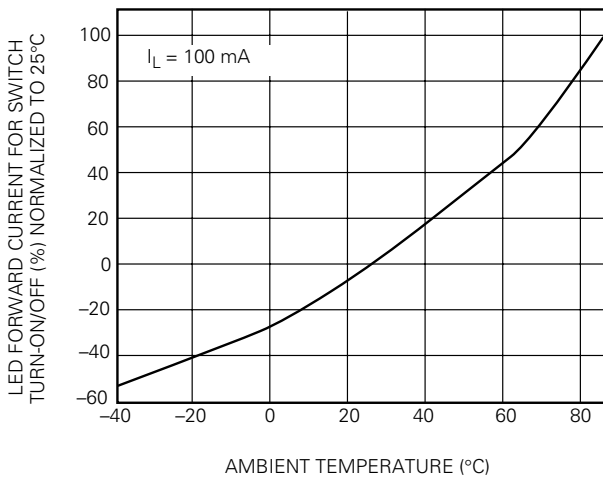
**Figure 2. LED Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature**



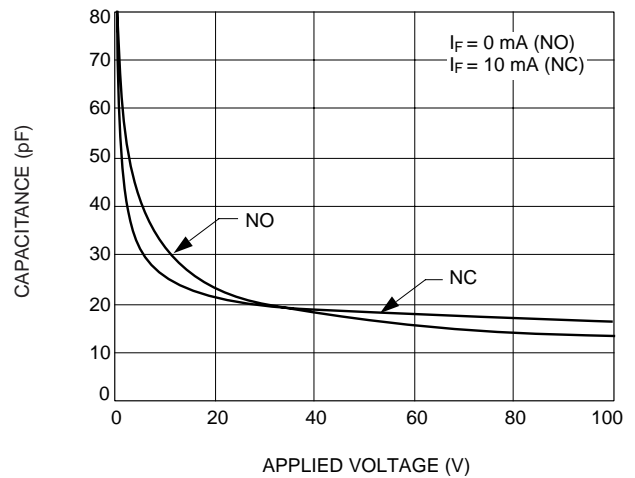
**Figure 5. Variation in ON-resistance vs. LED Current**



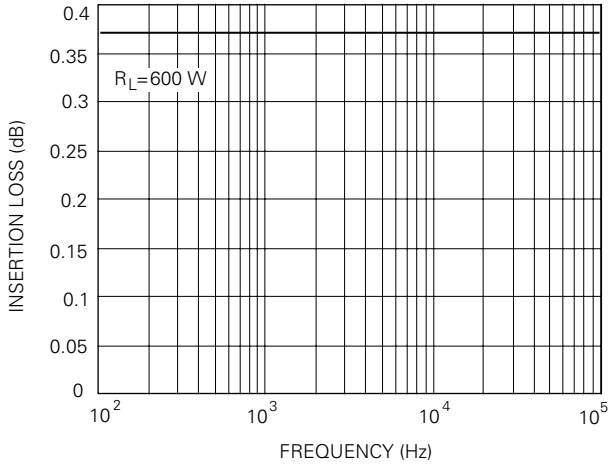
**Figure 3. LED Current for Switch Turn-off vs. Temperature**



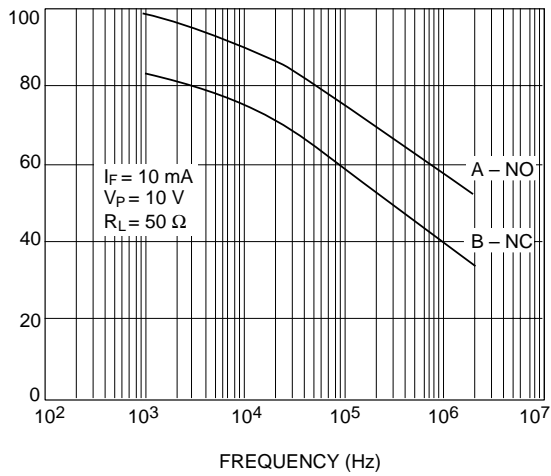
**Figure 6. Switch Capacitance vs. Applied Voltage**



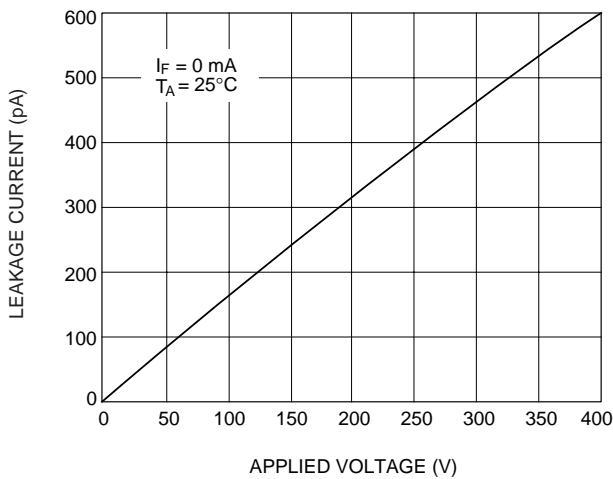
**Figure 7. Insertion Loss vs. Frequency**



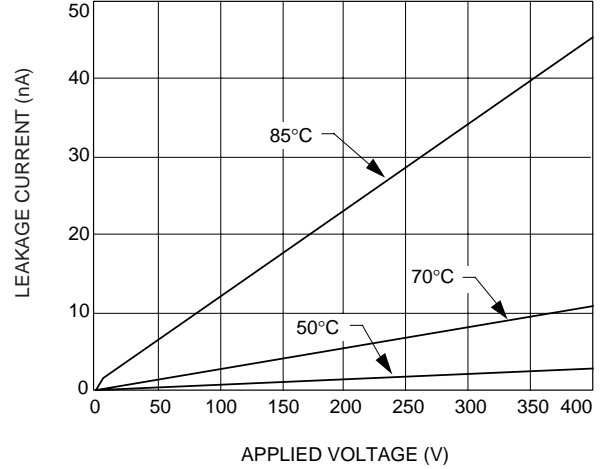
**Figure 8. Output Isolation**



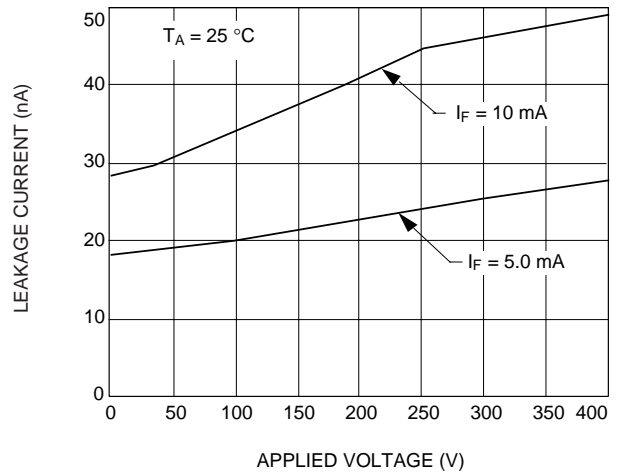
**Figure 9. Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage (NO)**



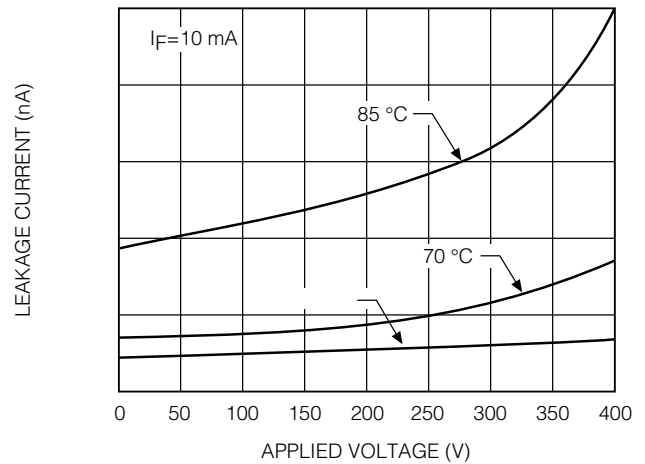
**Figure 10. Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage at Elevated Temperatures (NO)**



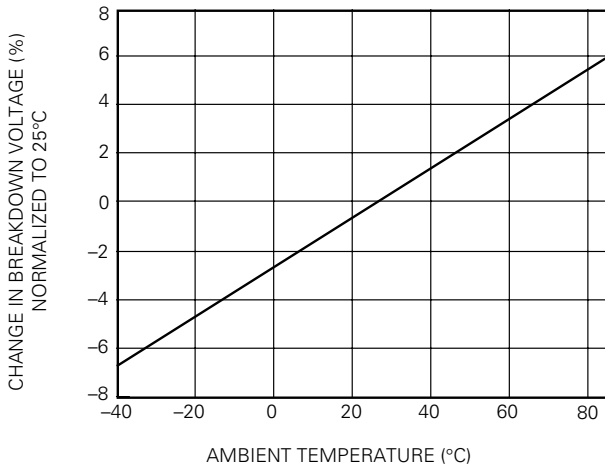
**Figure 11. Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage (NC)**



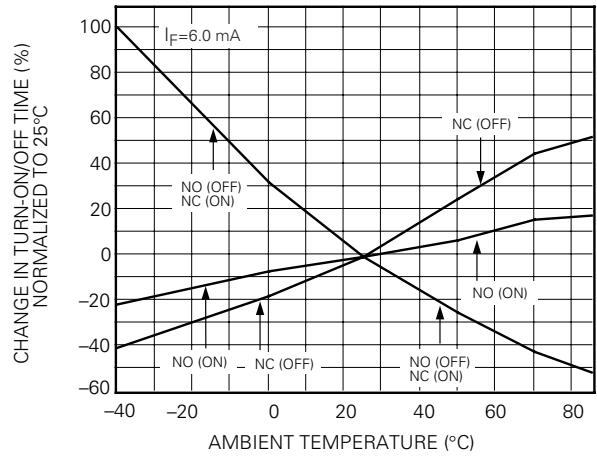
**Figure 12. Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage at Elevated Temperatures (NC)**



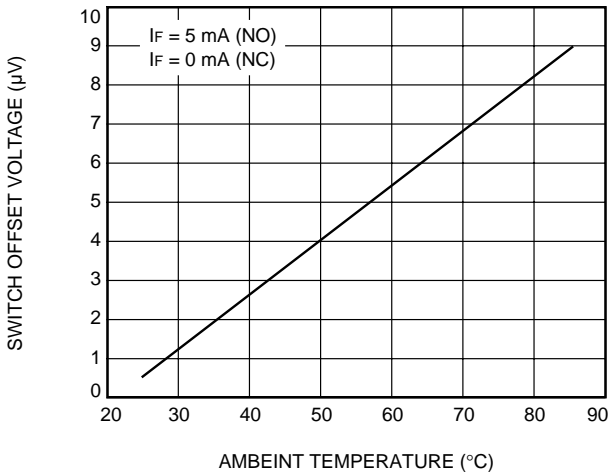
**Figure 13. Switch Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature**



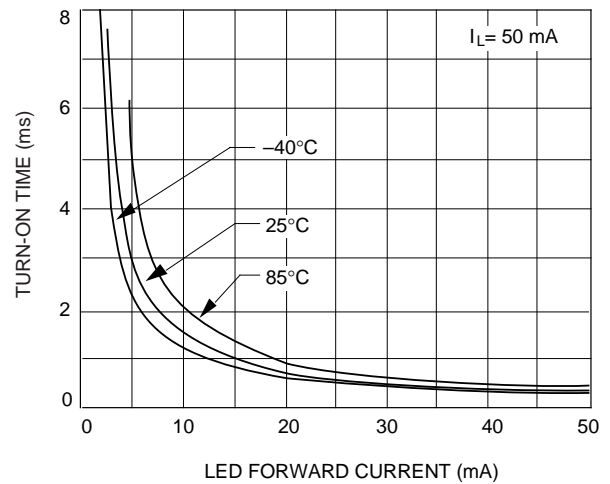
**Figure 16.  $t_{on}/t_{off}$  vs. Temperature**



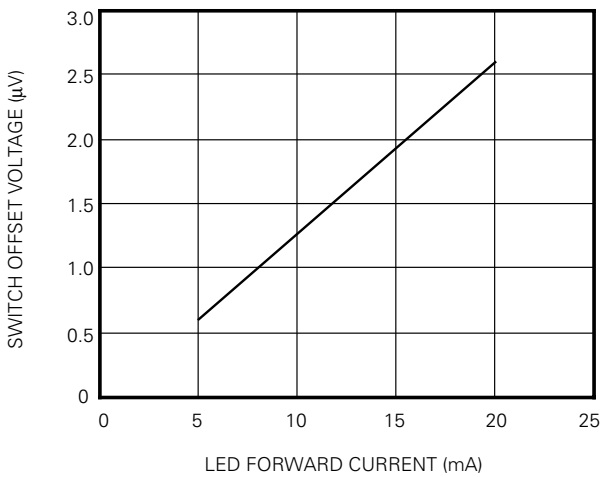
**Figure 14. Switch Offset Voltage vs. Temperature**



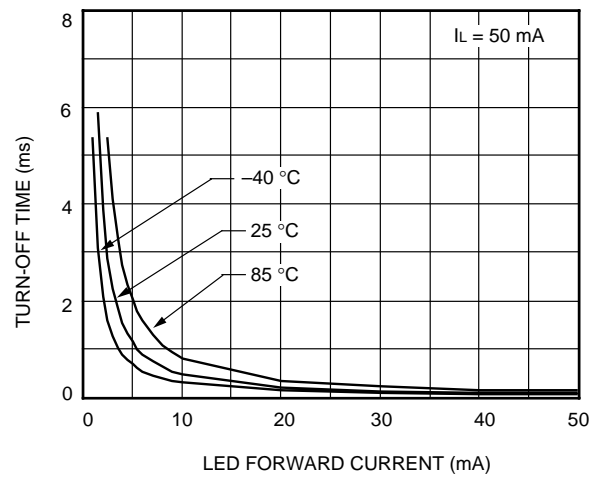
**Figure 17. NO Turn-on Time vs. LED Current**



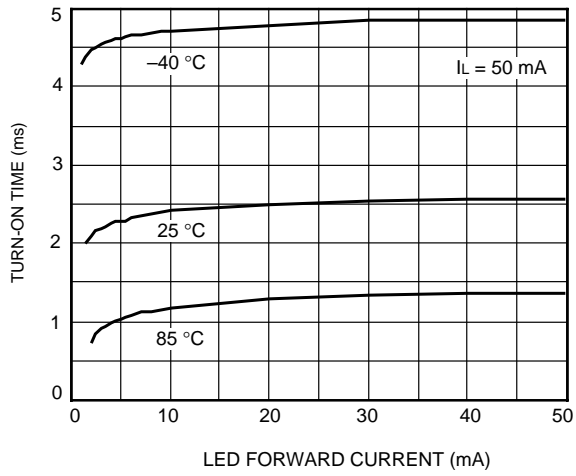
**Figure 15. Switch Offset Voltage vs. LED Current**



**Figure 18. NC Turn-off Time vs. LED Current**



**Figure 19. NC Turn-on Time vs. LED Current**



**Figure 20. NO Turn-off Time vs. LED Current**

