



**AZV3001A** 

### SINGLE CHANNEL LOW VOLTAGE PUSH-PULL OUTPUT COMPARATOR

### **Description**

The AZV3001A is a single comparator developed for new generation low-power comparator families for battery-powered devices and systems requiring low voltage operation.

The supply current each comparator typically consumes  $6\mu A$  to extend battery life. It is guaranteed to operate at a low voltage of 1.6V and is fully operational up to 5.5V. These features make the AZV3001A convenient for use in 1.8V, 3.0V and 5.0V system, and is perfectly suitable for battery-powered devices from its low-power characteristics.

The AZV3001A has complementary push-pull output stage comprised of P- and N-Channel MOSFET for each comparator capable of driving rail-to-rail output swing. The AZV3001A is available in X2-DFN1410-6.

### **Features**

- Low Supply Current: 6µA (Typical)
- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 1.6V to 5.5V
- Rail to Rail Input/ Output Performance
- Push-Pull Output Structure
- Propagation Delay: 0.8µs (Typical)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typical)
- No Phase Inversion with Overdrive Input Signals
- Internal Hysteresis
- X2-DFN1410-6: Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br. Sb.)
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please contact us or your local Diodes representative.

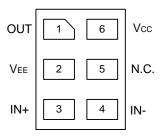
https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

## **Applications**

- Mobile Phones
- Tablets
- Battery Powered Devices
- Alarm and Security Systems

## **Pin Assignments**

#### AZV3001A



Top View (X2-DFN1410-6)

Notes:

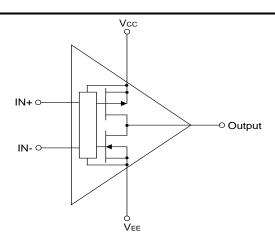
- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.



## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Name	Pin Number	Function
Vcc	6	Supply Voltage
VEE	2	Supply Voltage
IN+	3	Non-Inverting Input
IN-	4	Inverting Input
OUT	1	Comparator Output
N.C.	5	No Connection

# **Functional Block Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Para	Parameter		Max	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage		6	V
Vı	Input Voltage	Input Voltage		Vcc+0.3	V
tsc(o)	Output Short-Circuit Time	Output Short-Circuit Time		Indefinite	S
T <sub>J</sub> (MAX)	Maximum Junction Temperatur	Maximum Junction Temperature		+150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	Storage Temperature		+150	°C
θја	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) X2-DFN1410-6		315		°C/W
θις	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	X2-DFN1410-6	15	50	°C/W

Note: 4. Stresses greater than the Absolute Maximum Ratings specified above can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions exceeding those indicated in this specification is not implied. Device reliability can be affected by exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time.



# **DC Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{CC} = 1.6V$ to 5.5V, $V_{EE} = 0V$ ; $V_{CM} = 0.5V_{CC}$ , unless otherwise specified.)

0	Parameter	Conditions		+25°C		-40°C to +85°C		11!1
Symbol		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>HYST</sub>	Hysteresis Voltage	_	6	9	13	_	_	mV
VHYSI	Trysteresis voltage	Vcc = 1.3V	_	20	_	_	_	mV
VI(OFFSET)	Offset Input Voltage	_	-30	0.5	+30	-30	+30	mV
VI(OFFSET)	Onset input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.3V	_	3	_	_	_	mV
		$I_0 = -0.5 \text{mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.3 \text{V}$	_	1.24	_	_	_	V
\/-··	High-Level Output Voltage	$I_O = -0.5$ mA; $V_{CC} = 1.6$ V	_	1.55	_	1.35	_	V
Voн	High-Level Output Voltage	Io = -3mA; Vcc = 3.0V	_	2.85	_	2.7	_	V
		$I_O = -5mA$ ; $V_{CC} = 5.5V$	_	5.33	_	5.2	_	V
	Low-Level Output Voltage	Io = -0.5mA; Vcc = 1.3V	_	0.05	_	_	_	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -0.5mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.6V	_	0.04	_	_	0.25	V
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>O</sub> = -3mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	_	0.14	_	_	0.3	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -5mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V	_	0.2	_	_	0.3	V
V <sub>СМ</sub>	Common-Mode Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.3V to 5.5V	_	VEE to VCC	_	_	_	V
los	Output Short-Circuit Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> or V <sub>CC</sub>	_	68	_	_	_	mA
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$\Delta V_{CM} = V_{CC}$	_	70	_	_	_	dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	ΔV <sub>CC</sub> = 1.95V	45	80	_	_	_	dB
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input Bias Current	_	_	1	_	_	_	pA
Icc	Supply Current	_	_	6	_	_	9	μΑ

# AC Electrical Characteristics (Vcc = 1.6V to 5.5V, VEE = 0V; Vcm = 0.5Vcc, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
tpD	Propagation Delay	20mV Overdrive; C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF		0.8	_	μs
tTHL	High to Low Output Transition Time	Vcc = 5.5V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF		10	_	ns
t <sub>TLH</sub>	Low to High Output Transition Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	_	10	_	ns



### **Performance Characteristics**

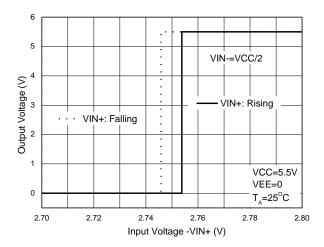


Figure 1. Input Hysteresis Voltage

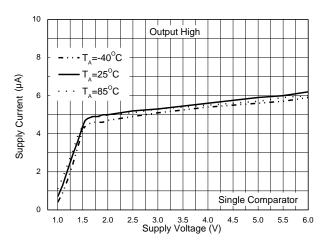


Figure 3. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

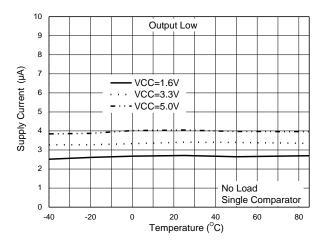


Figure 5. Supply Current vs. Temperature

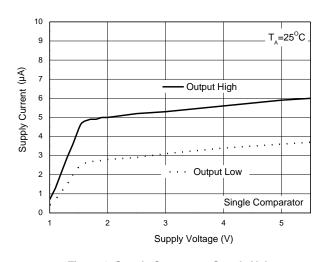


Figure 2. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

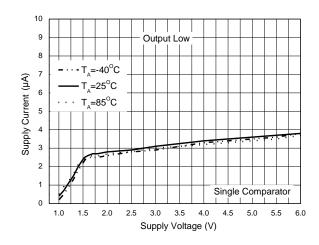


Figure 4. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

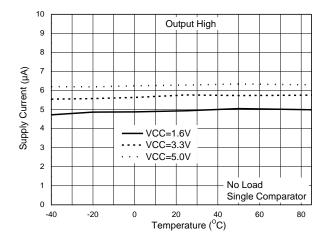


Figure 6. Supply Current vs. Temperature



### **Performance Characteristics** (continued)

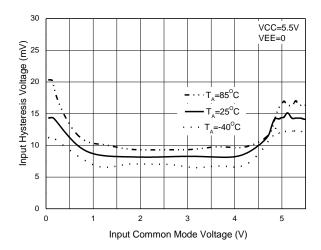


Figure 7. Input Hysteresis Voltage

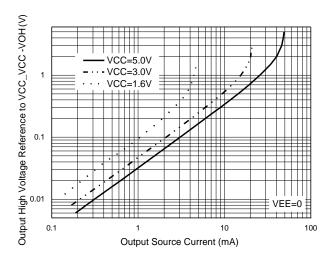


Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. Output Source Current

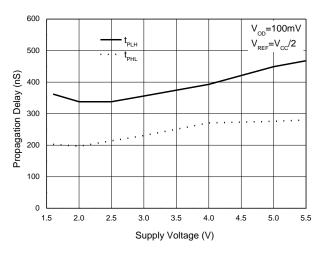


Figure 11. Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage

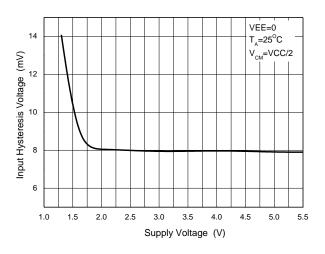


Figure 8. Input Hysteresis Voltage

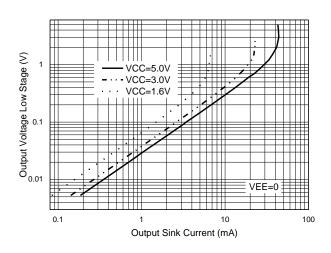


Figure 10. Output Voltage vs. Output Sink Current

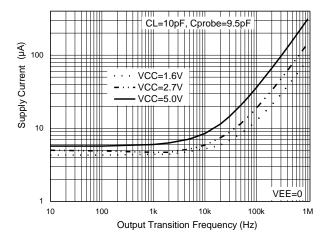


Figure 12. Supply Current vs. Transition Frequency



## **Application Information**

#### Description

The AZV3001A is a single and dual low-voltage, low-power comparator. These devices are designed for rail-to-rail input and output applications. The AZV3001A device consumes only  $6\mu$ A supply current while achieving a typical propagation delay  $0.8\mu$ s under 20mV input overdrive condition. These family comparators are guaranteed to operate at a low supply voltage range from 1.6V to 5.5V.

The AZV3001A has a typical internal hysteresis of 9.0mV. This allows for greater noise immunity and clean output switching.

#### The Output Stage

The AZV3001A features a push-pull output, which has a complementary P- and N-Channel output stage. When the output switches, there is a direct patch between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{EE}$ , causing increased output sinking or sourcing current during the transition. Following the transition, the output current decreases and supply current returns to  $6\mu$ A, thus maintaining low power consumption.

Many comparators consume more current during switching than during steady-state operation. However, with this family of comparators, the supply current change during an output transition is extremely small. The graph of Supply Current vs. Output Transition Frequency shows the minimal supply current increase as the output switching frequency approaches 1kHz. In battery- powered applications, this characteristic results in a substantial increase in battery life.

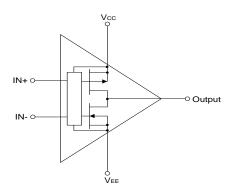


Figure 13. AZV3001A Complementary Output Configuration

#### Internal Input Hysteresis Voltage (VHYST)

Many comparators oscillate in the linear region of operation because of noise or undesired parasitic feedback. This tends to occur when the voltage on one input is equal to, or very close to the voltage on the other input. The AZV3001A has internal 9mV (Typ.) hysteresis to counter parasitic effects and noise.

The hysteresis in a comparator creates two trip points: one for the rising input voltage (V<sub>HYST+</sub>) and one for the falling input voltage (V<sub>HYST-</sub>). The difference between the trip points is the hysteresis (V<sub>HYST</sub>). When the comparator's input voltages are equal, the hysteresis effectively causes one comparator input to move quickly past the other, thus taking the input out of the region where oscillation occurs. Figure 1 illustrates the case in which V<sub>IN-</sub> has a fixed voltage applied, and V<sub>IN+</sub> is varied. If the inputs were reversed, the figure would be the same, except with an inverted output.

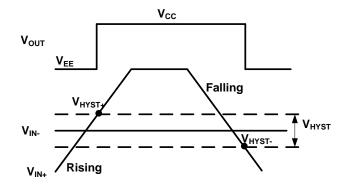


Figure 14. AZV3001A Internal Input Hysteresis Voltage



### **Application Information** (continued)

### **External Hysteresis Application**

The AZV3001A has a hysteresis transfer curve that is a function of the following three components:

V<sub>TH</sub>: the actual set voltage or threshold trip voltage

Vos: the internal offset voltage between V<sub>IN+</sub> and V<sub>IN-</sub>. This voltage is added to V<sub>TH</sub> to form the actual trip point at which the comparator must respond in order to change output states.

V<sub>HYST</sub>: internal hysteresis (or trip window) that is designed to produce comparator sensitivity to noise.

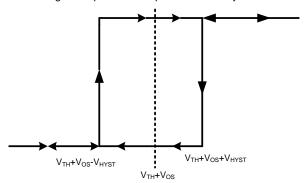


Figure 15. AZV3001 A Hysteresis Transfer Curve

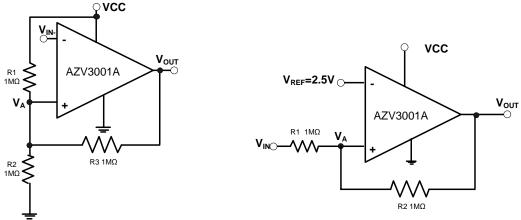


Figure 16. Inverting Comparator With Hysteresis

Figure 17. Non-Inverting Comparator With Hysteresis

#### No Phase Inversion

The AZV3001A is rail-to-rail input comparators, with the input common-mode voltage range reaching to the supply rails for both positive and negative supplies. The AZV3001A is designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltage. Figure 18 shows the AZV3001A responses when input voltages exceed the supply, resulting in no phase inversion.

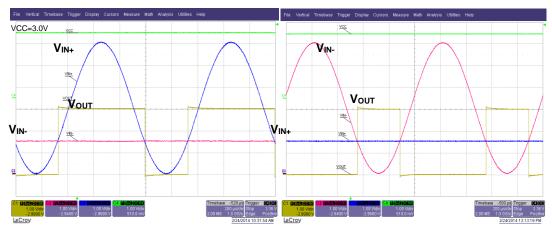
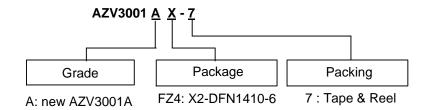


Figure 18. Comparator Response to Input Voltage -No Phase Inversion



## **Ordering Information**



Don't November	Part Number Package Packaging		7" Tape and Reel		
Part Number			Quantity	Part Number Suffix	
AZV3001AFZ4-7	FZ4	X2-DFN1410-6	5,000/Tape & Reel	-7	

Note: 5. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Incorporated's suggested pad layout, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/packageoutlines.html.

# **Marking Information**

(1) X2-DFN1410-6

(Top View)



XX: Identification Code

 $\underline{Y}$ : Year : 0 to 9

W: Week: A to Z: 1 to 26 Week;

a to z: 27 to 52 Week; z Represents

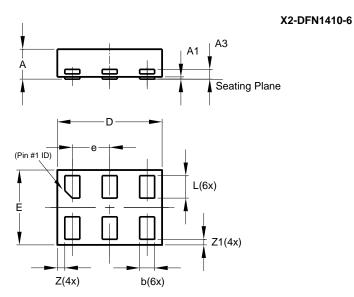
52 and 53 Week X: Internal Code

Part Number	Package	Identification Code
AZV3001AFZ4-7	X2-DFN1410-6	YB



# **Package Outline Dimensions**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

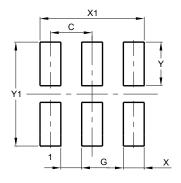


	X2-DFN1410-6				
Dim	Min	Max	Тур		
Α		0.40	0.39		
A1	0.00	0.05	0.02		
A3			0.13		
b	0.15	0.25	0.20		
D	1.35	1.45	1.40		
Е	0.95	1.05	1.00		
е			0.50		
L	0.25	0.35	0.30		
Z			0.10		
<b>Z</b> 1	0.045	0.105	0.075		
All Dimensions in mm					

## **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

### X2-DFN1410-6



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.500
G	0.250
Х	0.250
X1	1.250
Y	0.525
Y1	1.250

## **Mechanical Data**

- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish- NiPdAu over Copper Lead- Frame. Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Weight: 1.632mg (Approximate)



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