



150kHz, 3A PWM BUCK DC/DC CONVERTER

Description

The AP1507 is a monolithic IC designed for a step-down DC/DC converter and is capable of driving a 3A load without an external transistor. Due to reducing the number of external components, the board space can be saved easily.

The external shutdown function can be controlled by logic level and then go into standby mode. The internal compensation makes the feedback control have good line and load regulation without an external design. Regarding the protected function, the thermal shutdown prevents overtemperature operation from damaging the device, and current limit protects against overcurrent operation of the output switch. If the current limit function occurs, and V_{FB} is down to 0.5V below, the switching frequency reduces.

The AP1507 series operates at a switching frequency of 150kHz, which allows smaller-sized filter components than the requirements with lower frequency switching regulators.

Other features include a guaranteed \pm 4% tolerance on output voltage under specified input voltage and output load conditions and \pm 15% on the oscillator frequency. The output version included a fixed 3.3V, 5V, 12V, and an adjustable type.

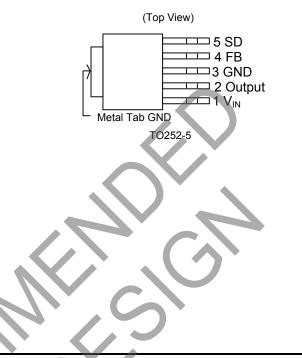
AP1507 is available in a 5-lead TO252-5 green package.

Features

- Output Voltage: 3.3V, 5V, 12V and Adjustable Output Version
- Adjustable Version Output Voltage Range, 1.23V to 18V ±4%
- 150kHz ±15% Fixed Switching Frequency
- Voltage Mode Non-Synchronous PWM Control
- Thermal-Shutdown and Current-Limit Protection
- ON/OFF Shutdown Control Input
- Operating Voltage up to 22V
- Output Load Current: 3A
- Low Power Standby Mode
- Built-in Switching Transistor On Chip
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free, "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions

Pin Assignments



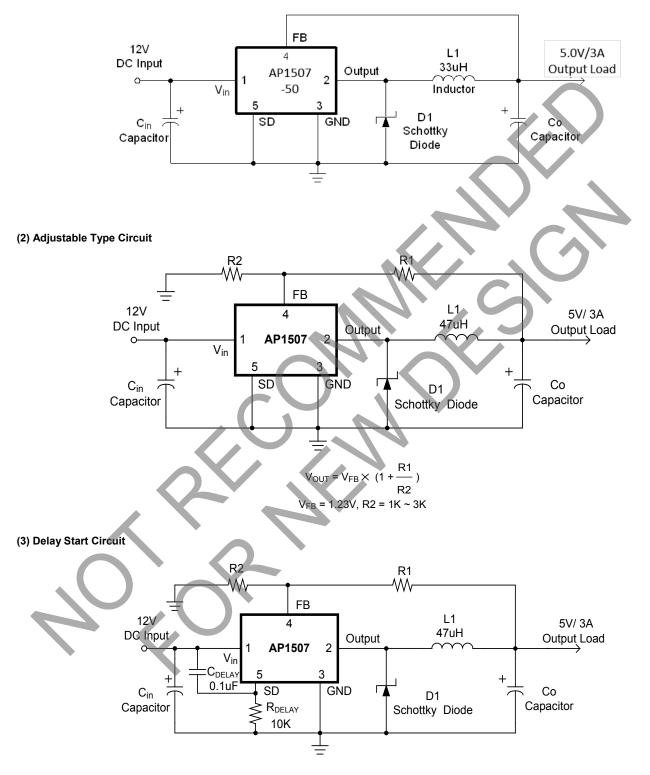
Applications

- Simple High-Efficiency Step-Down Regulator
- On-Card Switching Regulators
- Positive to Negative Converter

- Notes: 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
 - 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 - 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.



(1) Fixed Type Circuit

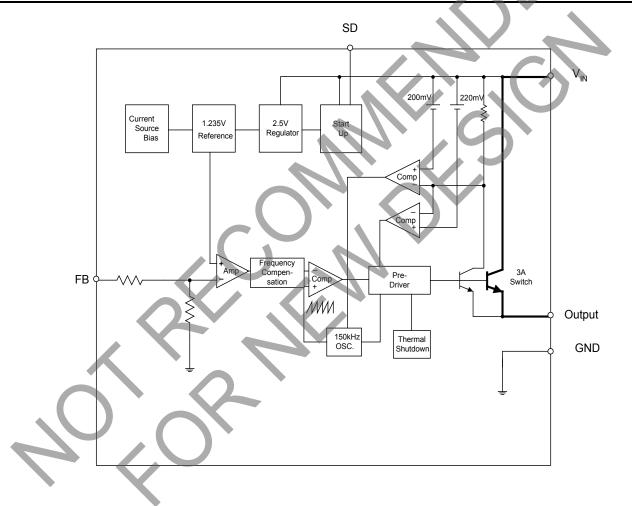




Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{IN}	Operating Voltage Input
2	Output	Switching Output
3	GND	Ground
4	FB	Output Voltage Feedback Control
5	SD	ON / OFF Shutdown

Functional Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = +25°C) (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	2	KV
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	200	V
Vcc	Supply Voltage	+24	V
V_{SD}	ON/OFF Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to +18	V
V _{FB}	Feedback Pin Voltage	-0.3 to +18	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage to Ground	-1	V
PD	Power Dissipation	Internally Limited	W
T _{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +125	°C

Note: 4. Stresses greater than the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* specified above, can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions exceeding those indicated in this specification is not implied. Device reliability can be affected by exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time.

Recommended Operating Conditions (T_A = +25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Ι _{ΟυΤ}	Output Current	0	3	А
Vop	Operating Voltage	4.5	22	V
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-20	+85	°C



Electrical Characteristics (All Output Voltage Versions)

Unless otherwise specified, V_{IN} = 12V for 3.3V, 5V, adjustable version and V_{IN} = 18V for the 12V version. I_{LOAD} = 0.5A Specifications with **boldface type** are for full operating temperature range, the other type are for T_J = 25°C.

Symbol	Para	neter	Co	onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{FB}	Feedback Bias Curren	t	V _{FB} = 1.3V (Adjustable Ve	V _{FB} = 1.3V (Adjustable Version Only)		-10	-50 -100	nA
Fosc	Oscillator Frequency				127 110	150	173 173	kHz
F _{SCP}	Oscillator Frequency c	f Short-Circuit Protect	When Current V _{FB} < 0.5V, T _A	Limit Occurred and	10	30	50	kHz
VSAT	Saturation Voltage		I _{OUT} = 3A No Outside Circuit V _{FB} = 0V Force Driver On			1,4	1.6 1.7	V
DC	Max. Duty Cycle (ON)		V _{FB} = 0V Force	e Driver On		100		%
	Min. Duty Cycle (OFF)		V _{FB} = 12V For	ce Driver Off		0		,,,
I _{CL}	Current Limit		Peak Current No Outside Cir V _{FB} = 0V Force		3.6	4.5	5.5 6.5	А
I _{LEAK}	Output = 0V	Output Leakage Current	No Outside Cir V _{FB} =12V Forc		S) -	-200	μA
	Output = -1V	ouncil	V _{IN} = 22V		-	-5	—	mA
lq	Quiescent Current		V _{FB} = 12V For	ce Driver Off		5	10	mA
I _{STBY}	Standby Quiescent Current		ON/OFF Pin = V _{IN} = 22V	5V	-	70	150 200	μA
V _{IL}	ON/OFF Pin Logic Inp	ut Throchold Voltago	Low (Regulator ON)			1.3	0.6	V
VIH		ut miesnoù voltage	High (Regulator OFF)		2.0	1.5	—	v
Ι _Η	ON/OFF Pin Logic Inp	ut Current	V _{LOGIC} = 2.5V	(OFF)	_	—	-0.01	μA
١L	ON/OFF Pin Input Cur	rent	$V_{LOGIC} = 0.5V$	(ON)	_	-0.1	-1	μΑ
θյΑ	Thermal Resistance		TO252-5	Junction to Case	_	10	—	°C/W
θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Copper Area of Appro	oximately 2cm × 2cm)	TO252-5	Junction to Ambient	_	50	—	°C/W
2020								



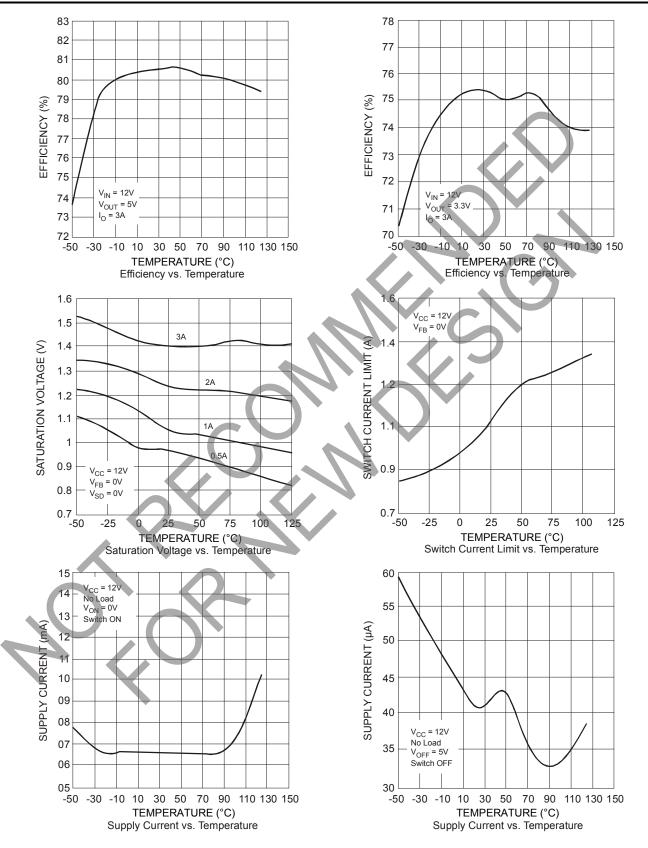
Electrical Characteristics (continued) (All Output Voltage Versions)

_	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{MIN}	Тур.	V _{MAX}	Unit
AP1507-ADJ	V_{FB}	-	$5V \le V_{IN} \le 22V$ $0.2A \le I_{LOAD} \le 3A$ V_{OUT} Programmed for 3V	1.193 1.18	1.23	1.267 1.28	V
	η	Efficiency	V _{IN} = 12V, I _{LOAD} = 3A	—	74		%
AP1507-3.3V	V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	5.5V <u>≤</u> V _{IN} <u>≤</u> 22V 0.2A <u>≤</u> I _{LOAD} <u>≤</u> 3A	3.168 3.135	3.3	3.432 3.465	V
	η	Efficiency	V _{IN} = 12V, I _{LOAD} = 3A	_	75	_	%
AP1507-5V	V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	8V <u>≤</u> V _{IN} <u>≤</u> 22V 0.2A <u>≤</u> I _{LOAD} <u>≤</u> 3A	4.8 4.75	5	5.2 5.25	V
	η	Efficiency	V _{IN} = 12V, I _{LOAD} = 3A	-	80		%
AP1507-12V	Vout	Output Voltage	$15V \leq V_{IN} \leq 22V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 3A$	11.52 11.4	12	12.48 12.6	V
	η	Efficiency	V _{IN} = 16V, I _{LOAD} = 3A	_	89		%

Specifications with **boldface type** are for full operating temperature range, the other type are for $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$.

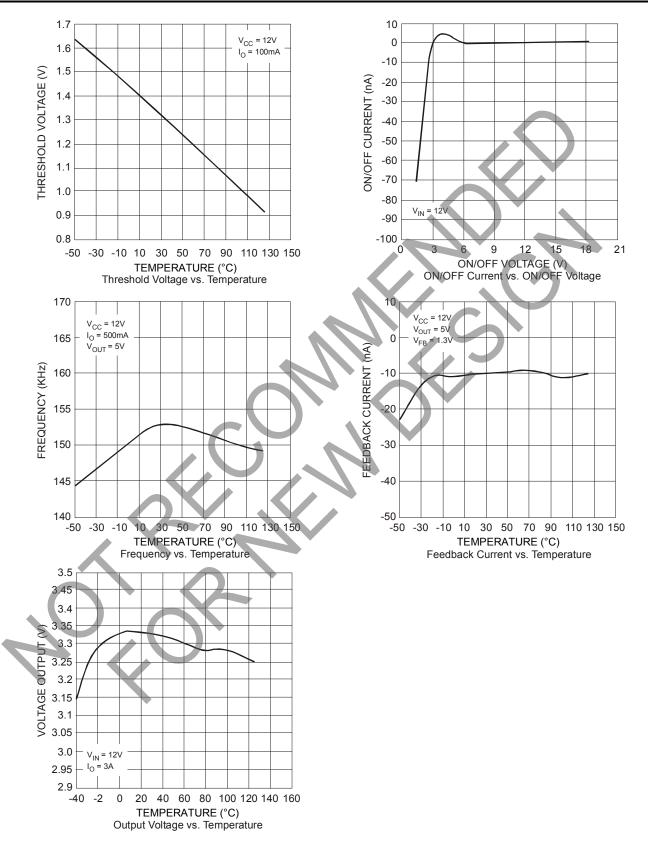


Typical Characteristics





Typical Characteristics (continued)





Application Information

Pin Functions

+V_{IN}

This is the positive input supply for the IC switching regulator. A suitable input bypass capacitor must be present at this pin to minimize voltage transients and to supply the switching currents needed by the regulator.

Ground

Circuit ground.

Output

Internal switch. The voltage at this pin switches between $(+V_{IN} - V_{SAT})$ and approximately -0.5V with a duty cycle of approximately V_{OUT}/V_{IN} . To minimize coupling to sensitive circuitry, the PCB copper area connected to this pin must be kept at a minimum.

Feedback (FB)

Senses the regulated output voltage to complete the feedback loop.

ON/OFF (SD)

Allows the switching regulator circuit to be shutdown using logic level signals thus dropping the total input supply current to approximately 150µA. Pulling this pin below a threshold voltage of approximately 1.3V turns the regulator on, and pulling this pin above 1.3V (up to a maximum of 18V) shuts the regulator down. If this shutdown feature is not required, the ON/OFF pin can be wired to the ground pin.

Thermal Considerations

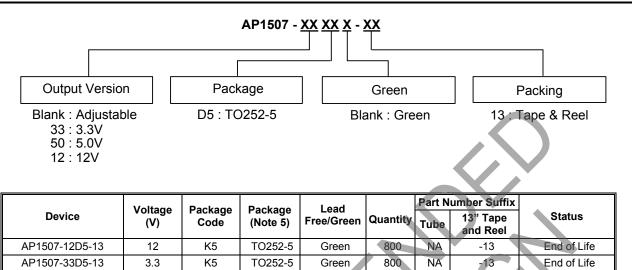
The TO252-5 surface mount package tab is designed to be soldered to the copper on a PCB. The copper and the board are the heat sink for this package and the other heat producing components, such as the catch diode and inductor. The PCB copper area that the package is soldered to should be at least 0.8 in² and ideally should have two or more square inches of 2oz additional copper area, which improves the thermal characteristics. With copper areas greater than approximately $6in^2$, only small improvements in heat dissipation are realized. If further thermal improvements are required, double sided, multi-layer PCBs with large copper areas and/or airflow are recommended.

The AP1507 (TO252-5 package) junction temperature rises above ambient temperature with a 3A load for various input and output voltages. This data was taken with the circuit operating as a buck-switching regulator with all components mounted on a PCB to simulate the junction temperature under actual operating conditions. This curve can be used for a quick check for the approximate junction temperature for various conditions, but there are many factors that can affect the junction temperature. When load currents higher than 3A are used, double-sided or multi-layer PCBs with large copper areas and/or airflow might be required, especially for high ambient temperatures and high output voltages.

For the best thermal performance, wide copper traces and generous amounts of PCB copper should be used in the board layout. One exception to this is the output (switch) pin, which should not have large areas of copper. Large areas of copper provide the best transfer of heat (lower thermal resistance) to the surrounding air, and moving air lowers the thermal resistance even further.

Package thermal resistance and junction temperature rise numbers are all approximate, and there are many factors that will affect these numbers. Some of these factors include board size, shape, thickness, position, location, and even board temperature. Other factors are trace width, total PC copper area, copper thickness, single- or double-sided, multi-layer board, and the amount of solder on the board. The effectiveness of the PCB to dissipate heat also depends on the size, quantity, and spacing of other components on the board, as well as whether the surrounding air is still or moving. Furthermore, some of these components, such as the catch diode, add heat to the PCB, and the heat can vary as the input voltage changes. Depending on the physical size, type of core material, and the DC resistance, the inductor can either act as a heat sink taking heat away from the board, or it could add heat to the board.





Green

Green

800

800

NA

NA

-13

-13

End of Life

NRND

Notes:	5. For packaging details, go to our website at https://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/diodes-packaging/.	

TO252-5

TO252-5

K5

K5

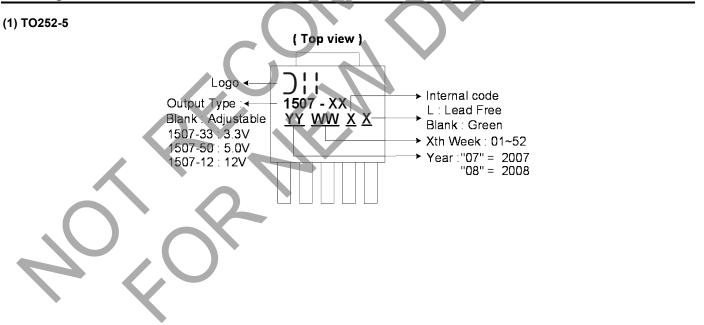
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ADJ

Marking Information

AP1507-50D5-13

AP1507-D5-13

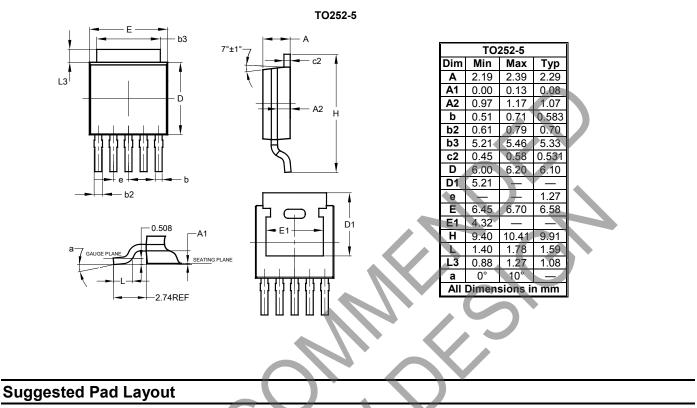




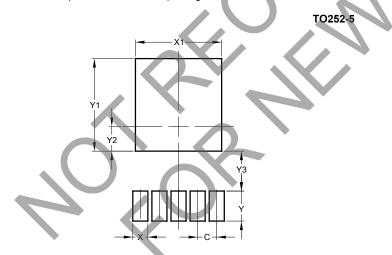
AP1507

Package Outline Dimensions

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



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Dimensions	Value (in mm)
C	1.27
Х	1.00
X1	5.73
Y	2.00
Y1	6.17
Y2	1.64
Y3	2.66



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