

LM2901Q/LM2901AQ/LM2903Q/LM2903AQ

AUTOMOTIVE COMPLIANT DUAL AND QUAD DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS

Description

The LM2901Q/2903Q series comparators consist of four and two independent precision voltage comparators with very low input offset voltage specification. They are designed to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages; however operation from split power supplies is also possible. They offer low power supply current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

The LM2901Q/2903Q series comparators are designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS.

The LM2903Q dual devices are available in SO-8, MSOP-8 and TSSOP-8; and the LM2901Q quad devices are available in SO-14 and TSSOP-14, all are in industry-standard pinouts.

All use "green" mold compound and have been qualified to AEC-Q100 Grade 1 and are Automotive Compliant supporting PPAPs

Features

- Wide Power Supply Range:
 - Single Supply: 2V to 36VDual Supplies: ±1.0V to ±18V
- Very Low Supply Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage
 - LM2903Q: 0.6mA
 - LM2901Q: 0.9mA
- Low Input Bias Current: 25nA
- Low Input Offset Current: ±5nA
- Typical Offset Voltage:
 - Non-A Device: 2mV
 - A Device: 1mV
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to the Power Supply Voltage
- Low Output Saturation Voltage:
 - LM2903Q: 200mV at 4mA
 - LM2901Q: 100mV at 4mA
- Output Voltage Compatible with TTL, MOS and CMOS
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- Qualified to AEC-Q100 Grade 1
- PPAP Capable (Note 4)

Notes

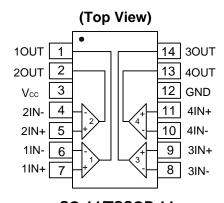
- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
- 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- 4. Automotive products are AEC-Q100 qualified and are PPAP capable. Refer http://www.diodes.com/quality/product_compliance_definitions/.

Pin Assignments

LM2903Q/LM2903AQ

(Top View) **10UT** 8 V_{cc} 2 20UT 1IN-3 6 1IN+ 2IN-5 4 2IN+ GND SO-8/TSSOP-8/MSOP-8

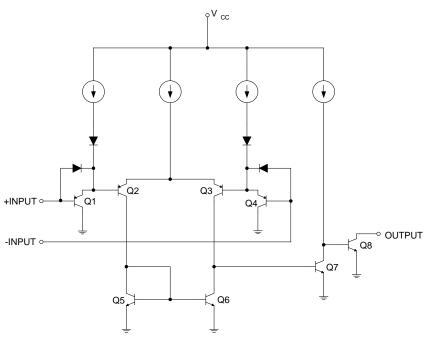
LM2901Q/LM2901AQ



SO-14/TSSOP-14



Schematic Diagram



Functional Block Diagram of LM2901Q/2901AQ/2903Q/2903AQ (Each Comparator)

Pin Descriptions

LM2901Q, LM2901	LM2901Q, LM2901AQ					
Pin Name	Pin#	Function				
1OUT	1	Channel 1 Output				
2OUT	2	Channel 2 Output				
V _{CC}	3	Chip Supply Voltage				
2IN-	4	Channel 2 Inverting Input				
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input				
1IN-	6	Channel 1 Inverting Input				
1IN+	7	Channel 1 Non-Inverting Input				
3IN-	8	Channel 3 Inverting Input				
3IN+	9	Channel 3 Non-Inverting Input				
4IN-	10	Channel 4 Inverting Input				
4IN+	11	Channel 4 Non-Inverting Input				
GND	12	Ground				
4OUT	13	Channel 4 Output				
3OUT	14	Channel 3 Output				
LM2903Q, LM2903	AQ					
1OUT	1	Channel 1 Output				
1IN-	2	Channel 1 Inverting Input				
1IN+	3	Channel 1 Non-inverting Input				
GND	4	Ground				
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input				
2IN-	6	Channel 2 Inverting Input				
2OUT	7	Channel 2 Output				
V _{CC}	8	Chip Supply Voltage				



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 5) (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	•	Rating	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage		V
V _{ID}	Differential Input Voltage		36	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		-0.3 to +36	V
I _{IN}	Input Current (V _{IN} < -0.3V)		50	mA
Vo	Output Voltage		36	V
Io	Output Current	20	mA	
_	Duration of Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 6)		Unlimited	_
		LM2903_QS-13	150	
	LM2903_QTH-13	LM2903_QTH-13	175	
θ_{JA}	Package Thermal Impedance (Note 7)	LM2903_QM8-13	200	°C/W
	(Note 1)	LM2901_QS14	89	
		LM2901_QT14	100	
T _A	Operating Temperature Range		-40 to +125	°C
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature		+150	°C
T _{ST}	Storage Temperature Range		-65 to +150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)		+260	°C

Notes:

- 5. Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 6. Short circuits from outputs to VCC can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
- 7. Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{J(MAX)}$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of +150°C can affect reliability.

ESD Ratings

	LM2901_QS14	500	
	LM2901_QT14	500	
Human Body Mode ESD Protection (Note 8)	LM2903_QS-13	500	
	LM2903_QTH-13	500	
	LM2903_QM8-13	<500	V
	LM2901_QS14]
	LM2901_QT14		
Charge Device Mode ESD Protection	LM2903_QS-13	1,000	
	LM2903_QTH-13		
	LM2903_QM8-13		

Note:

8. Human body model, $1.5k\Omega$ in series with 100pF.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Over Operating Free-Air Temperature Range, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	
Supply Voltage	Single Supply	2	36	W
Supply Voltage	Dual Supply	±1	±18	V
Ambient Temperature Range	-40	+125	°C	
Junction Temperature Range	-40	+125	10	



Electrical Characteristics (Notes 9 & 10) (@V_{CC} = 5.0V, GND = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

LM2901Q, LM2901AQ

Parameter		Condition	ons	T _A	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		V _{IC} = V _{CMR} Min,	Non-A Device	T _A = +25°C	_	2	7	
\/	Input Offset Voltage	$V_0 = 1.4V$	Non-A Device	Full Range	_	_	15	mV
V_{IO}	input Onset voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ to $30V$	A-Suffix Device	T _A = +25°C	_	1	2	IIIV
		(Note 11)	A-Sullix Device	Full Range	_	-	4	
1-	Input Bias Current	I _{IN+} or I _{IN} - with OUT in Li	near Range,	$T_A = +25$ °C	_	25	250	nA
lΒ	input bias current	V _{CM} = 0V (Note 12)		Full Range	_	_	500	ш
l.a	Input Offset Current	I _{IN+} - I _{IN-} , V _{CM} = 0V		$T_A = +25$ °C		5	50	nA
I _{IO}	input Onset Current	IIN+ - IIN-, $ACM = 0$		Full Range	_	-	200	ПА
	Input Common-Mode	V _{CC} = 30V (Note 13)		T _A = +25°C	0 to V _{CC} -1.5	-	_	V
V _{CMR}	Voltage Range			Full Range	0 to V _{CC} -2	_	_	V
	I _{CC} Supply Current (Four Comparators)	$R_L = \infty$ on Quad	V _{CC} = 30V	T _A = +25°C	_	1.2	2.5	
				Full range	_	1	3.5	
ICC		Channels	\/ E\/	T _A = +25°C	_	0.9	2	mA
			$V_{CC} = 5V$	Full Range	_	_	3.0	
A_V	Voltage Gain	$V_{CC} = 15V$, $V_{OUT} = 1V$ to $R_L \ge 15k\Omega$,	11V,	T _A = +25°C	50	200	_	V/mV
_	Large Signal Response Time	V_{IN} = TTL Logic Swing, V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k Ω	/ _{REF} = 1.4V,	T _A = +25°C	_	300	_	ns
_	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V, R_{L} = 5.1k\Omega$ (N	ote 14)	T _A = +25°C	_	1.3	_	μs
I _{O(SINK)}	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, V_O \le$	1.5V	T _A = +25°C	6	16	_	mA
	Caturation Valtage			T _A = +25°C	_	100	400	,,
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V_{\text{IN-}} = 1V$, $V_{\text{IN+}} = 0$, I_{SINK}	≤ 4mA	Full Range	_	-	700	mV
	Output Lankage Course	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O =$	5V	T _A = +25°C	_	0.1	_	nA
I _{O(LEAK)}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O =$	30V	Full Range	_	-	1	μΑ
V _{ID}	Differential Input Voltage	All V _{IN} ≥0V (or V- if used) (Note 15)	Full Range	_		36	V

Notes:

- 9. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material.
- 10. All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature (-40 ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C) are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.
- 11. $V_{O}~\cong$ 1.4V, R_{S} = 0Ω with V_{CC} from 5V to 30V.
- 12. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
- 13. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@ +25°C). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{CC} -1.5V (@ +25°C), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}.
- 14. The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance characteristics.
- 15. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).



$\textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ \, \text{(Continued)} \ \, \text{(Notes 9 \& 10)} \ \, \text{(@V_{CC} = 5.0V, GND = 0V, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, unless otherwise specified.)}$

LM2903Q, LM2903AQ

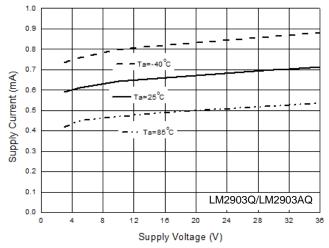
	Parameter	Condit	ions	T _A	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		V _{IC} = V _{CMR} Min,	Non-A Device	T _A = +25°C	_	2	7	
	Input Offset Voltage	$V_0 = 1.4V$	Non-A Device	Full Range	_	_	15	mV
V_{IO}	Input Onset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V \text{ to } = 30V$	A-Suffix Device	T _A = +25°C	_	1	2	mv
		(Note 11)	A-Sullix Device	Full Range	_	_	4	
	Input Bias Current	I _{IN+} or I _{IN} - with OUT in	Linear Range,	T _A = +25°C	_	25	250	nA
lΒ	Input Bias Current	V _{CM} = 0V (Note 12)		Full Range	_	_	500	TIA.
	Input Offset Current	1 1 1/ 01/		T _A = +25°C	_	5	50	nA
I _{IO}	Imput Onset Current	I_{IN+} - I_{IN-} , $V_{CM} = 0V$		Full Range	_	_	200	IIA
	Input Common-Mode Voltage)/ 00\/ (N-1- 40)		T _A = +25°C	0 to V _{CC} -1.5	_	_	.,,
V _{CMR} Range	V _{CC} = 30V (Note 13)		Full Range	0 to V _{CC} -2	_	_	V	
	I _{CC} Supply Current	$R_L = \infty$ on Both Channels $V_{CC} = 30V$ $V_{CC} = 5V$	V _{CC} = 30V	T _A = +25°C	_	0.7	1.7	
				Full Range	_	_	3.0	
ICC			T _A = +25°C	_	0.6	1	mA	
			$VCC = 2\Lambda$	Full Range	_	_	2.0	
A _V	Voltage Gain	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{OUT} = 1V$ $R_L \ge 15k\Omega,$	to 11V,	T _A = +25°C	50	200	_	V/mV
_	Large Signal Response Time	$V_{IN} = TTL \text{ Logic Swing}$ $V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k\Omega$	j, V _{REF} = 1.4V,	T _A = +25°C	_	300	_	ns
_	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V$, $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$	(Note 14)	T _A = +25°C	_	1.3	_	μs
I _{O(SINK)}	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, V_{C}$) ≤ 1.5V	T _A = +25°C	6	16	_	mA
	Ontonetia e Maltana			T _A = +25°C	_	200	400	
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, I_{SI}$	_{NK} ≤ 4mA	Full Range	_	_	700	mV
	0	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_{C}$) = 5V	T _A = +25°C	_	0.1	_	nA
O(LEAK)	Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_0$	o = 30V	Full Range	_	_	1	μA
V _{ID}	Differential Input Voltage	All V _{IN} ≥0V (or V- if us		Full Range	_	_	36	V

Notes:

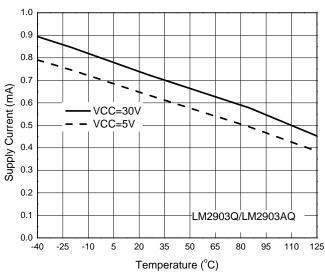
- 9. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material
- 10. All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature (-40 ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C) are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.
- 11. $\,V_{O}\,\cong\,1.4V,\,R_{S}$ = 0Ω with V_{CC} from 5V to 30V.
- 12. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
- 13. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@ +25°C). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{CC} -1.5V (@ +25°C), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}.
- 14. The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance characteristics.
- 15. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common-mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).



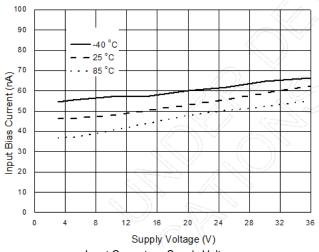
Performance Characteristics



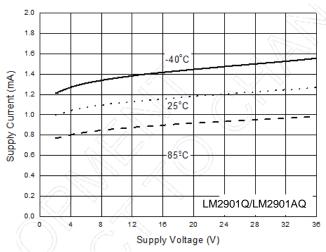
Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



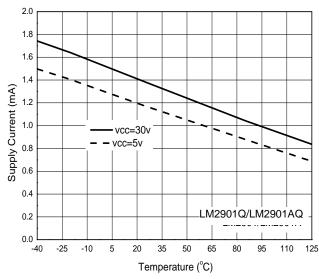
Supply Current vs. Temperature



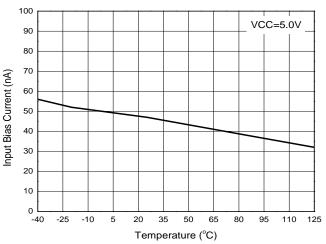
Input Current vs. Supply Voltage



Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



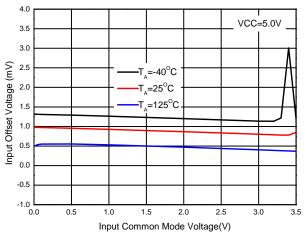
Supply Current vs. Temperature



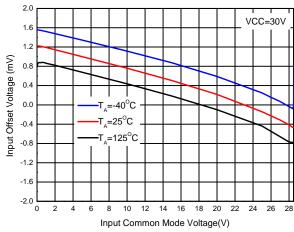
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



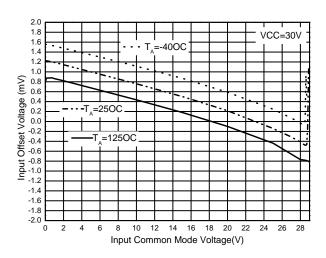
Performance Characteristics (Continued)

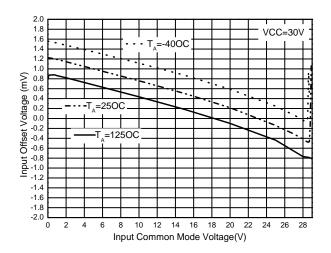


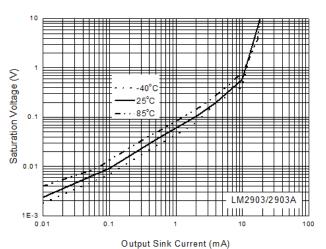
Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common-Mode Voltage



Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common-Mode Voltage



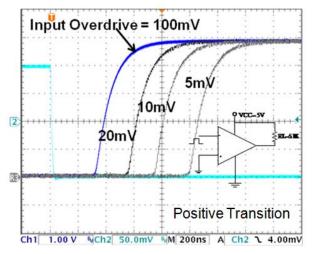


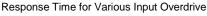


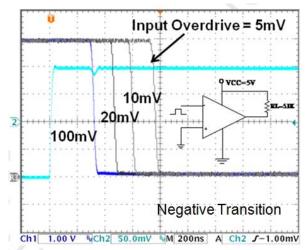
Output Saturation Voltage vs. Sink Current



Performance Characteristics (Cont.)







Response Time for Various Input Overdrive

Application Information

General Information

The LM2901Q/2903Q series comparators are high gain, wide bandwidth devices, and like most comparators, can easily oscillate if the output lead is inadvertently allowed to capacitive couple to the inputs via stray capacitance. This shows up only during the output voltage transition intervals as the comparator changes states. Standard PC board layout is helpful as it reduces stray input-output coupling. Reducing the input resistors to <10kΩ reduces the feedback signal levels and finally, adding even a small amount (1.0 to 10mV) of positive feedback (hysteresis) causes such a rapid transition that oscillations due to stray feedback are not possible. Simply socketing the IC and attaching resistors to the pins will cause input-output oscillations during the small transition intervals unless hysteresis is used. If the input signal is a pulse waveform, with relatively fast rise and fall times, hysteresis is not required. All input pins of any unused comparators should be tied to the negative supply.

The bias network of the LM2901Q/2903Q series comparators establishes a quiescent current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage over the range of from 2.0 V_{DC} to 30 V_{DC}.

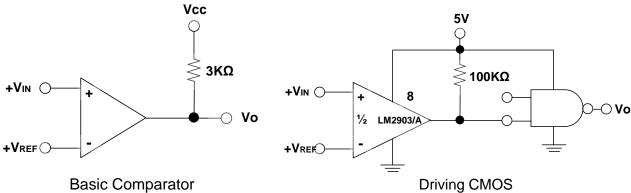
The differential input voltage may be larger than V_{CC} without damaging the device. Protection should be provided to prevent the input voltages from becoming negative more than -0.3 V_{DC} (@ +25°C). An input clamp diode can be used as shown in the applications section.

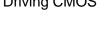
The output of the LM2901Q/2903Q series comparators is the uncommitted collector of a grounded-emitter NPN output transistor. Many collectors can be tied together to provide an output OR'ing function. An output pull-up resistor can be connected to any available power supply voltage within the permitted supply voltage range and there is no restriction on this voltage due to the magnitude of the voltage applied to the V_{CC} terminal of LM2901/2903 series comparator package. The output can also be used as a simple SPST switch to ground (when a pull-up resistor is not used).

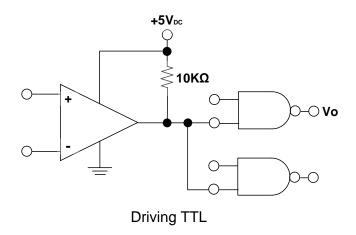
The amount of current the output device can sink is limited by the drive available (which is independent of V_{CC}) and the β of this device. When the maximum current limit is reached (approximately 16mA), the output transistor will come out of saturation and the output voltage will rise very rapidly. The output saturation voltage is limited by the approximately 60Ω R_{SAT} of the output transistor. The low offset voltage of the output transistor (1.0mV) allows the output to clamp essentially to ground level for small load currents.

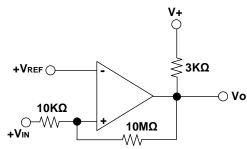


Typical Application Circuit (V_{CC} = 5.0 V_{DC})

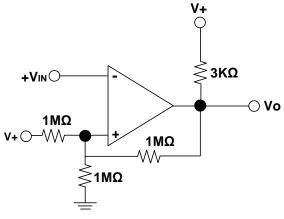




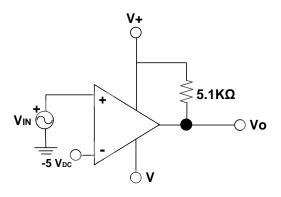




Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



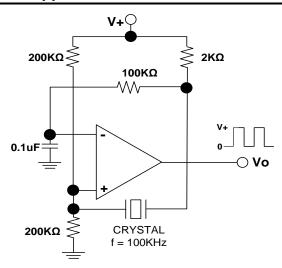
Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



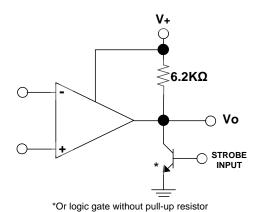
Comparator with a **Negative Reference**



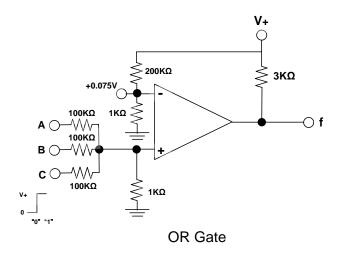
Typical Application Circuit (Continued) (V_{CC} = 5.0 V_{DC})

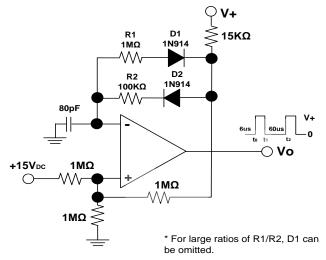


Crystal Controlled Oscillator

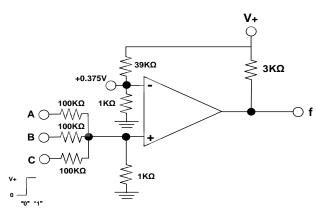


Output Strobing

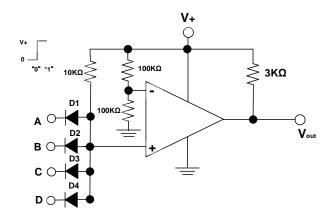




Pulse Generator



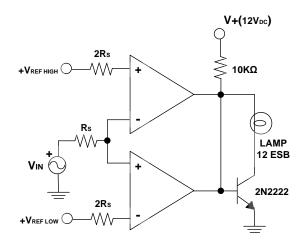
AND Gate



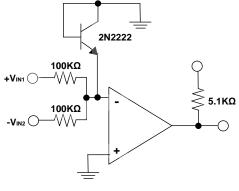
Large Fan-in AND Gate



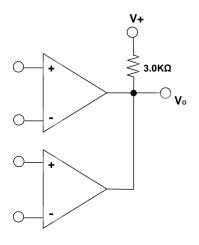
Typical Application Circuit (Cont.) (V_{CC} = 5.0 V_{DC})



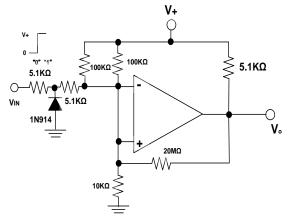
Limit Comparator



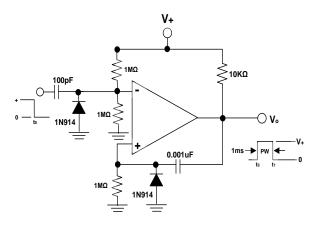
Comparing Input Voltage of Opposite Polarity



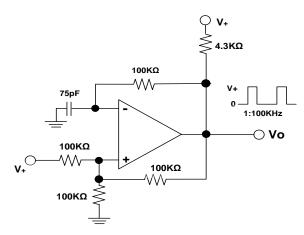
ORing the Outputs



Zero Crossing Detector (Single Power Supply)



One-Shot Multivibrator



Squarewave Oscillator



Ordering Information

LM290X X Q XXX - XX

Channel Offset Grade Qualification Grade Packages Packing

1: Quad channel Blank: Normal Q: Automotive T14: TSSOP-14 -13: 13" Tape & Reel

3 : Dual channel A : Low V_{IO} S14 : S0-14

S:SO-8 TH:TSSOP-8 M8:MSOP-8

Part Number	Package	Packaging	13" Tape and Reel		Qualification Grade
Part Number	Code	(Note 16)	Quantity	Part Number Suffix	(Note 17)
LM2901QT14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2901AQT14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2901QS14-13	S14	SO-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2901AQS14-13	S14	SO-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903QS-13	S	SO-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903AQS-13	S	SO-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903QTH-13 (Note 18)	TH	TSSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903AQTH-13 (Note 18)	TH	TSSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903QM8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant
LM2903AQM8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	Automotive Compliant

Notes: 16. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.

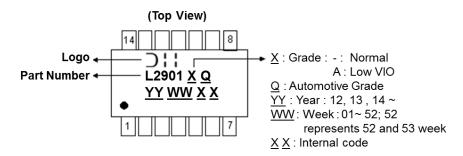
^{17.} LM2901Q/2903Q have been qualified to AEC-Q100 grade 1 and are classified as "Automotive Compliant" which supports PPAP documentation. See LM2901/2903 datasheet for commercial qualified versions.

^{18.} LM2903QTH-13 and LM2903AQTH-13 are in preproduction phase.

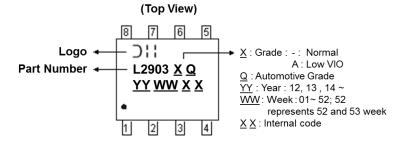


Marking Information

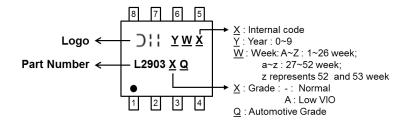
(1) TSSOP-14 and SO-14



(2) SO-8



(3) MSOP-8 and TSSOP-8

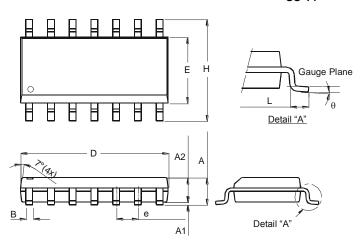




Package Outline Dimensions

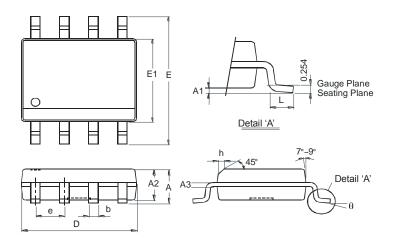
Please see AP02002 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf for the latest version.





	SO-14	
Dim	Min	Max
Α	1.47	1.73
A1	0.10	0.25
A2	1.45	Тур
В	0.33	0.51
D	8.53	8.74
E	3.80	3.99
е	1.27	Тур
Н	5.80	6.20
L	0.38	1.27
θ	0°	8°
All Di	mension	s in mm

SO-8



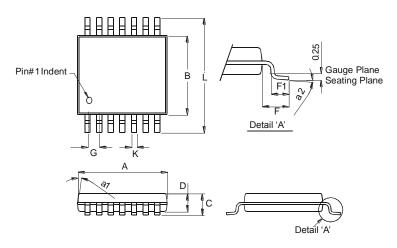
	SO-8				
Dim	Min Max				
Α	_	1.75			
A1	0.10	0.20			
A2	1.30	1.50			
А3	0.15	0.25			
b	0.3	0.5			
D	4.85	4.95			
Е	5.90	6.10			
E1	3.85	3.95			
е	1.27	Тур			
h	_	0.35			
L	0.62	0.82			
θ	0°	8°			
All Dir	mensions	s in mm			



Package Outline Dimensions (Continued)

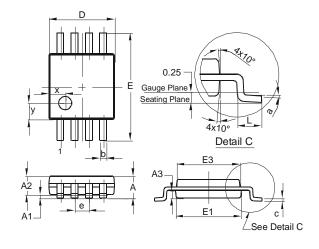
Please see AP02002 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf for the latest version.

TSSOP-14

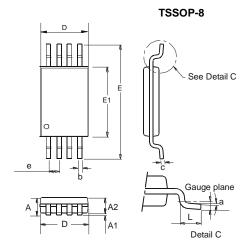


	TSSOP-1	4				
Dim	im Min Max					
a1	7° (4X)				
a2	0°	8°				
Α	4.9	5.10				
В	4.30	4.50				
С	_	1.2				
D	0.8	1.05				
F	1.00	Тур				
F1	0.45	0.75				
G	0.65	Тур				
K	0.19	0.30				
L	L 6.40 Typ					
All Dir	nensions	s in mm				

MSOP-8



	MSOP-8						
Dim	Min	Max	Тур				
Α	_	1.10	_				
A1	0.05	0.15	0.10				
A2	0.75	0.95	0.86				
A3	0.29	0.49	0.39				
b	0.22	0.38	0.30				
С	0.08	0.23	0.15				
D	2.90	3.10	3.00				
Е	4.70	5.10	4.90				
E1	2.90	3.10	3.00				
E 3	2.85	3.05	2.95				
е			0.65				
L	0.40	0.80	0.60				
а	0°	8°	4°				
Х			0.750				
у			0.750				
AII D	Dimen	sions	in mm				



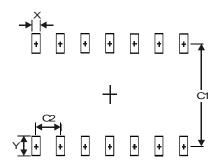
	TSSOP-8					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур			
а	0.09		_			
Α	_	1.20	_			
A1	0.05	0.15	_			
A2	0.825	1.025	0.925			
b	0.19	0.30	_			
С	0.09	0.20	_			
D	2.90	3.10	3.025			
е			0.65			
Е			6.40			
E1	4.30	4.50	4.425			
Ĺ	0.45	0.75	0.60			
All	Dimens	ions in	mm			



Suggested Pad Layout

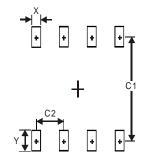
Please see AP02001 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf for the latest version.

SO-14



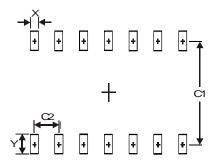
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.60
Υ	1.50
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

SO-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.60
Y	1.55
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

TSSOP-14



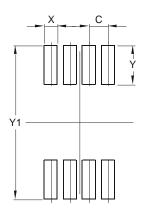
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
X	0.45
Y	1.45
C1	5.9
Co	0.65



Suggested Pad Layout (Continued)

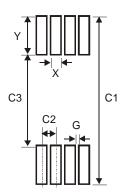
Please see AP02001 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf for the latest version.

MSOP-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.650
Х	0.450
Υ	1.350
Y1	5.300

TSSOP-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.45
Y	1.78
C1	7.72
C2	0.65
C3	4.16
G	0.20





IMPORTANT NOTICE

DIODES INCORPORATED MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARDS TO THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION).

Diodes Incorporated and its subsidiaries reserve the right to make modifications, enhancements, improvements, corrections or other changes without further notice to this document and any product described herein. Diodes Incorporated does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of this document or any product described herein; neither does Diodes Incorporated convey any license under its patent or trademark rights, nor the rights of others. Any Customer or user of this document or products described herein in such applications shall assume all risks of such use and will agree to hold Diodes Incorporated and all the companies whose products are represented on Diodes Incorporated website, harmless against all damages.

Diodes Incorporated does not warrant or accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any products purchased through unauthorized sales channel. Should Customers purchase or use Diodes Incorporated products for any unintended or unauthorized application, Customers shall indemnify and hold Diodes Incorporated and its representatives harmless against all claims, damages, expenses, and attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized application.

Products described herein may be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign patents pending. Product names and markings noted herein may also be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign trademarks.

This document is written in English but may be translated into multiple languages for reference. Only the English version of this document is the final and determinative format released by Diodes Incorporated.

LIFE SUPPORT

Diodes Incorporated products are specifically not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer of Diodes Incorporated. As used herein:

- A. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which:
 - 1. are intended to implant into the body, or
 - 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
- B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Customers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their life support devices or systems, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems, notwithstanding any devices- or systems-related information or support that may be provided by Diodes Incorporated. Further, Customers must fully indemnify Diodes Incorporated and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems.

Copyright © 2015, Diodes Incorporated

www.diodes.com