

### AYA 3W Series

#### 3 Watts

#### DC/DC Converter

**Total Power:** 3 Watts  
**Input Voltage:** 4.5 to 10 Vdc  
9 to 18 Vdc  
18 to 36 Vdc  
36 to 75 Vdc  
**# of Outputs:** Single /Dual

#### Special Features

- Package size 0.55" x 0.55" x 0.31"
- High efficiency up to 87%
- I/O isolation voltage 1500Vdc
- Ultra-wide 2:1 input range
- Operating temperature range:  
-40 °C to +85 °C(with derating)
- 3 Years product warranty

#### Safety

cUL/UL 60950-1  
IEC/EN 60950-1  
CE Mark



### Product Descriptions

The AYA 3W series contains single and dual output DC/DC converter modules with industry standard pin configuration. All models feature ultra-wide 2:1 input range with excellent output voltage regulation. The AYA 3W series can deliver up to 3W output power from the single or dual output module with high 87% typical efficiency and excellent thermal performance over an operating ambient temperature range of -40 °C ~ +85 °C with derating.

Suitable for a wide range of applications in nearly any industry, the AYA 3W series was particularly designed with battery operated equipment, instrumentation and distributed power applications and other space critical applications in mind.

## Part Numbers

Part Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency
AYA01F05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	3.3Vdc	0.6A	79%
AYA01A05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	5Vdc	0.6A	81%
AYA01B05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	12Vdc	0.25A	85%
AYA01C05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	15Vdc	0.2A	85%
AYA01AA05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	±5Vdc	±0.3A	82%
AYA01BB05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	±12Vdc	±0.125A	84%
AYA01CC05-L	4.5 - 10Vdc	±15Vdc	±0.1A	85%
AYA01F12-L	9 - 18Vdc	3.3Vdc	0.6A	80%
AYA01A12-L	9 - 18Vdc	5Vdc	0.6A	83%
AYA01B12-L	9 - 18Vdc	12Vdc	0.25A	87%
AYA01C12-L	9 - 18Vdc	15Vdc	0.2A	87%
AYA01AA12-L	9 - 18Vdc	±5Vdc	±0.3A	84%
AYA01BB12-L	9 - 18Vdc	±12Vdc	±0.125A	86%
AYA01CC12-L	9 - 18Vdc	±15Vdc	±0.1A	87%
AYA01F24-L	18 - 36Vdc	3.3Vdc	0.6A	80%
AYA01A24-L	18 - 36Vdc	5Vdc	0.6A	83%
AYA01B24-L	18 - 36Vdc	12Vdc	0.25A	87%
AYA01C24-L	18 - 36Vdc	15Vdc	0.2A	87%
AYA01AA24-L	18 - 36Vdc	±5Vdc	±0.3A	84%
AYA01BB24-L	18 - 36Vdc	±12Vdc	±0.125A	86%
AYA01CC24-L	18 - 36Vdc	±15Vdc	±0.1A	87%
AYA01F48-L	36 - 75Vdc	3.3Vdc	0.6A	79%
AYA01A48-L	36 - 75Vdc	5Vdc	0.6A	82%
AYA01B48-L	36 - 75Vdc	12Vdc	0.25A	86%
AYA01C48-L	36 - 75Vdc	15Vdc	0.2A	86%
AYA01AA48-L	36 - 75Vdc	±5Vdc	±0.3A	82%
AYA01BB48-L	36 - 75Vdc	±12Vdc	±0.125A	85%
AYA01CC48-L	36 - 75Vdc	±15Vdc	±0.1A	85%

## Electrical Specifications

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of those listed in the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the power supply. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the unit is not implied at these or any other conditions above those given in the operational sections of this TRN. Exposure to any absolute maximum rated condition for extended periods may adversely affect the power supply’s reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Operating -Continuous	5V input models	$V_{IN,DC}$	4.5	-	10	Vdc
	12V input models		9	-	18	Vdc
	24V input models		18	-	36	Vdc
	48V input models		36	-	75	Vdc
Maximum Output Power	All models	$P_{O,max}$	-	-	3	W
Isolation Voltage Input to output (60 Sec) Input to output (1 Sec)	All models		1500	-	-	Vdc
			1800	-	-	Vdc
Isolation Resistance 500Vdc	All models		1000	-	-	Mohm
Operating Ambient Temperature	All models	$T_A$	-40	-	+85 <sup>1</sup>	°C
Operating Case Temperature	All models	$T_{CASE}$	-	-	+95	°C
Storage Temperature	All models	$T_{STG}$	-50	-	+125	°C
Humidity (non-condensing) Operating Non-operating	All models		-	-	95	%
	All models		-	-	95	%
Cooling	All models	Natural Convection <sup>2</sup>				
Lead Temperature	All models		-	-	260 <sup>3</sup>	°C

Note 1 – Please refer to derating curve when operating ambient temperature is 70°C ~ +85°C

Note 2 – The Natural Convection is about 20 LFM, but not equal to still air (0 LFM)

Note 3 – 1.5mm from case for 10 Sec

## Input Specifications

Table 2. Input Specifications:

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage, DC	5V input models	All	$V_{IN,DC}$	4.5	5	10	Vdc
	12V input models			9	12	18	
	24V input models			18	24	36	
	48V input models			36	48	75	
Input Surge Voltage	5V input models	1 Sec, max	$V_{IN,surge}$	-0.7	-	12	Vdc
	12V input models			-0.7	-	25	
	24V input models			-0.7	-	50	
	48V input models			-0.7	-	100	
Start-up Threshold Voltage	5V input models	All	$V_{IN,ON}$	-	-	4.5	Vdc
	12V input models			-	-	9	
	24V input models			-	-	18	
	48V input models			-	-	36	
Input Current	AYA01F05-L	$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,nom}$ $I_O=I_{O,max}$	$I_{IN,full\ load}$	-	501	-	mA
	AYA01A05-L			-	741	-	
	AYA01B05-L			-	706	-	
	AYA01C05-L			-	706	-	
	AYA01AA05-L			-	732	-	
	AYA01BB05-L			-	714	-	
	AYA01CC05-L			-	706	-	
	AYA01F12-L			-	206	-	
	AYA01A12-L			-	301	-	
	AYA01B12-L			-	287	-	
	AYA01C12-L			-	287	-	
	AYA01AA12-L			-	298	-	
	AYA01BB12-L			-	291	-	
	AYA01CC12-L			-	287	-	
	AYA01F24-L			-	103	-	
	AYA01A24-L			-	151	-	
	AYA01B24-L			-	144	-	
	AYA01C24-L			-	144	-	
	AYA01AA24-L			-	149	-	
	AYA01BB24-L			-	145	-	
	AYA01CC24-L			-	144	-	
	AYA01F48-L			-	52	-	
	AYA01A48-L			-	76	-	
	AYA01B48-L			-	73	-	
	AYA01C48-L			-	73	-	
	AYA01AA48-L			-	76	-	
	AYA01BB48-L			-	74	-	
	AYA01CC48-L			-	74	-	

## Input Specifications

Table 2. Input Specifications con't:

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
No Load Input Current	5V input Models	$V_{IN,DC} = V_{IN,nom}$ $I_O = 0A$	$I_{IN,no-load}$	-	45	-	mA
	12V input Models			-	27	-	
	24V input Models			-	16	-	
	48V input Models			-	10	-	
Efficiency	AYA01F05-L	$V_{IN,DC} = V_{IN,nom}$ $I_O = I_{O,max}$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	$\eta$	-	79	-	%
	AYA01A05-L			-	81	-	
	AYA01B05-L			-	85	-	
	AYA01C05-L			-	85	-	
	AYA01AA05-L			-	82	-	
	AYA01BB05-L			-	84	-	
	AYA01CC05-L			-	85	-	
	AYA01F12-L			-	80	-	
	AYA01A12-L			-	83	-	
	AYA01B12-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01C12-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01AA12-L			-	84	-	
	AYA01BB12-L			-	86	-	
	AYA01CC12-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01F24-L			-	80	-	
	AYA01A24-L			-	83	-	
	AYA01B24-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01C24-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01AA24-L			-	84	-	
	AYA01BB24-L			-	86	-	
	AYA01CC24-L			-	87	-	
	AYA01F48-L			-	79	-	
	AYA01A48-L			-	82	-	
	AYA01B48-L			-	86	-	
	AYA01C48-L			-	86	-	
	AYA01AA48-L			-	82	-	
	AYA01BB48-L			-	85	-	
	AYA01CC48-L			-	85	-	
Short Circuit Input Power		All		-	-	0.5	W
Internal Filter			Internal Capacitor				

## Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications:

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-Point		$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,nom}$ $I_O=I_{O,max}$ $T_A=25^{\circ}C$	$\pm V_{O,set}$	-	-	1.5	%
Output Ripple, pk-pk		20MHz bandwidth, measured with a 1uF MLCC and a 10uF Tantalum Capacitor	$V_O$	-	70	-	mV
Line Regulation		$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,min}$ to $V_{IN,max}$ $I_O=I_{O,max}$	$\pm\%V_O$	-	-	0.2	%
Load Regulation		$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,nom}$ $I_O=0$ to $100\% I_{O,max}$	$\pm\%V_O$	-	-	1.0	%
$V_O$ Dynamic Response	Peak Deviation	$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,nom}$ 25% load change, slew rate = 1A/uS	$\pm\%V_O$ $t_s$	-	3	5	%
	Settling Time			-	250	500	uSec
$V_O$ Load Capacitance		For each output		-	-	100	uF
Output Current	AYA01F05-L	Convection cooling	$I_O$	-	-	0.6	A
	AYA01A05-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01B05-L			-	-	0.25	
	AYA01C05-L			-	-	0.2	
	AYA01AA05-L			-	-	$\pm 0.3$	
	AYA01BB05-L			-	-	$\pm 0.125$	
	AYA01CC05-L			-	-	$\pm 0.1$	
	AYA01F12-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01A12-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01B12-L			-	-	0.25	
	AYA01C12-L			-	-	0.2	
	AYA01AA12-L			-	-	$\pm 0.3$	
	AYA01BB12-L			-	-	$\pm 0.125$	
	AYA01CC12-L			-	-	$\pm 0.1$	
	AYA01F24-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01A24-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01B24-L			-	-	0.25	
	AYA01C24-L			-	-	0.2	
	AYA01AA24-L			-	-	$\pm 0.3$	
	AYA01BB24-L			-	-	$\pm 0.125$	
	AYA01CC24-L			-	-	$\pm 0.1$	
	AYA01F48-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01A48-L			-	-	0.6	
	AYA01B48-L			-	-	0.25	
	AYA01C48-L			-	-	0.2	
	AYA01AA48-L			-	-	$\pm 0.3$	
	AYA01BB48-L			-	-	$\pm 0.125$	
	AYA01CC48-L			-	-	$\pm 0.1$	

## Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications con't:

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Temperature Coefficient	All	$\pm\%/^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	0.01	0.02	%
Switching Frequency <sup>1</sup>	All	$f_{\text{sw}}$	100	-	-	KHz
Output Over Current Protection	Foldback		-	170	-	% $I_{\text{O,max}}$
Output Short Circuit Protection	All		Continuous, Automatic Recovery			

Note 1: See the detailed switching frequency under different condition in the application note



## AYA01F05-L Performance Curves

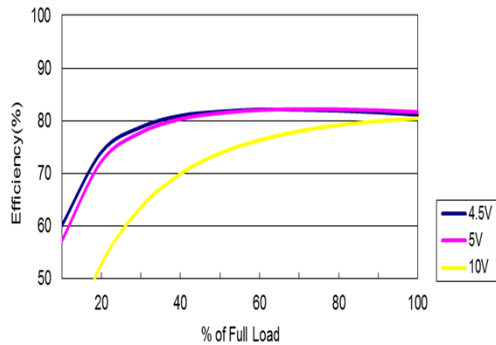


Figure 1: AYA01F05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.6A$

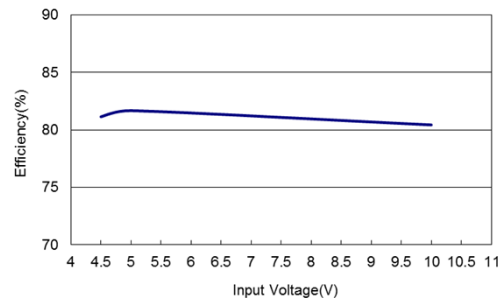


Figure 2: AYA01F05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

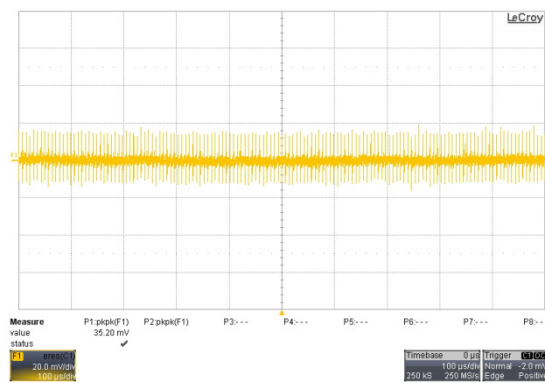


Figure 3: AYA01F05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

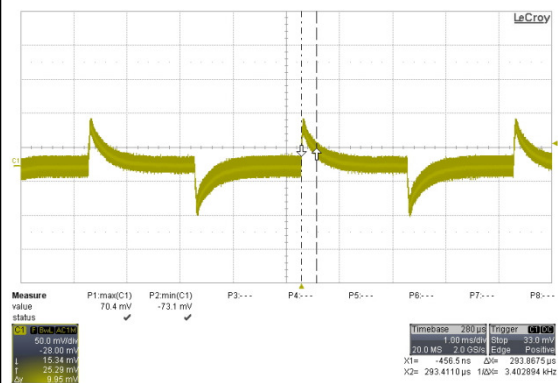


Figure 4: AYA01F05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

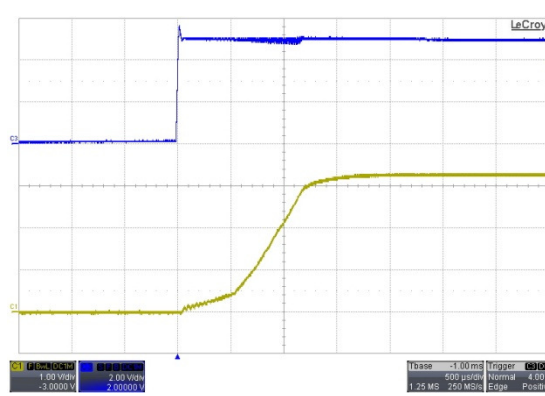


Figure 5: AYA01F05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

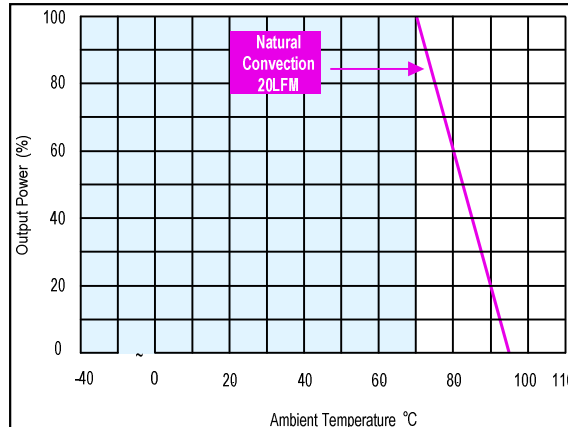


Figure 6: AYA01F05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$



## AYA01A05-L Performance Curves

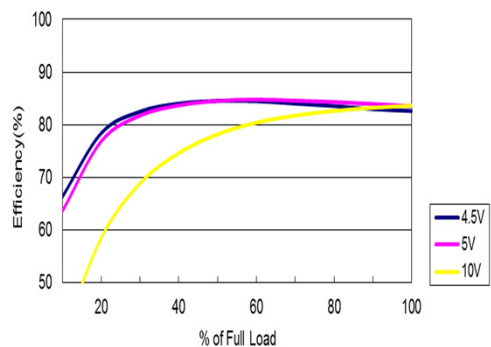


Figure 7: AYA01A05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.6A$

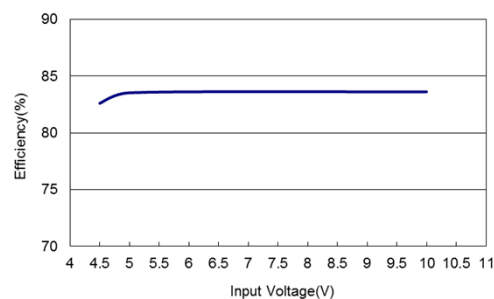


Figure 8: AYA01A05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

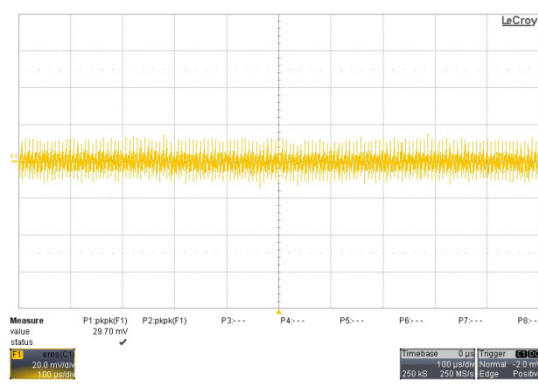


Figure 9: AYA01A05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

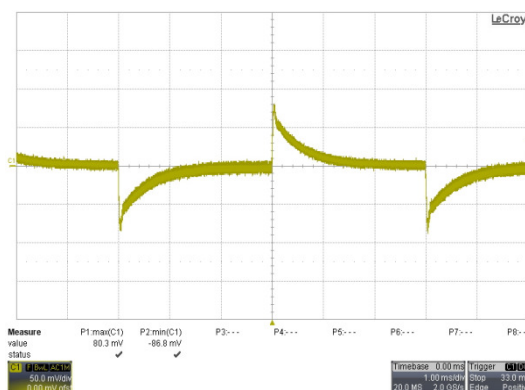


Figure 10: AYA01A05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

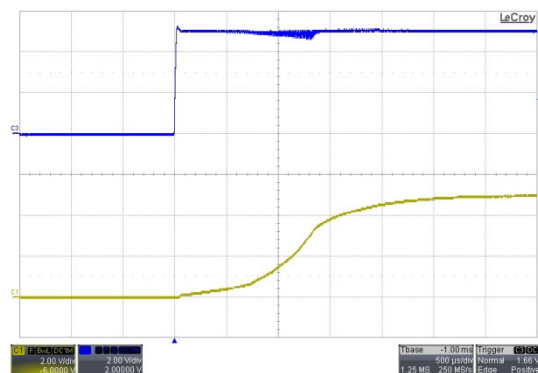


Figure 11: AYA01A05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

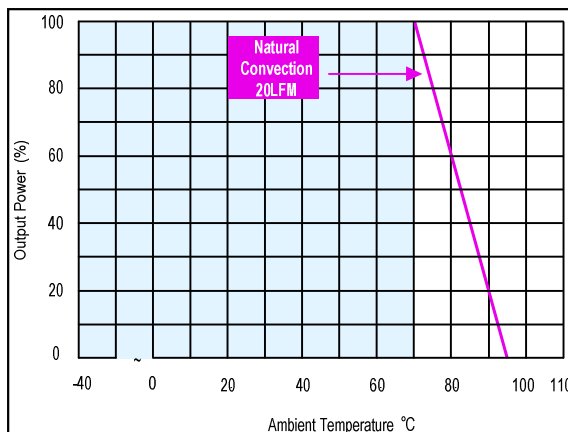


Figure 12: AYA01A05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$

## AYA01B05-L Performance Curves

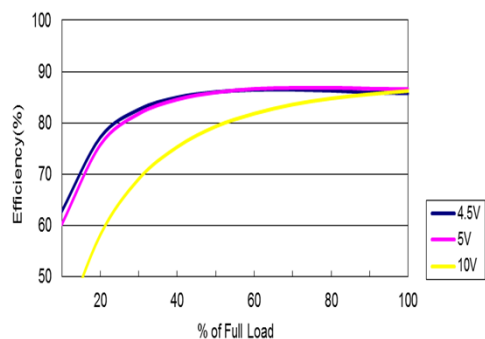


Figure 13: AYA01B05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.25A$

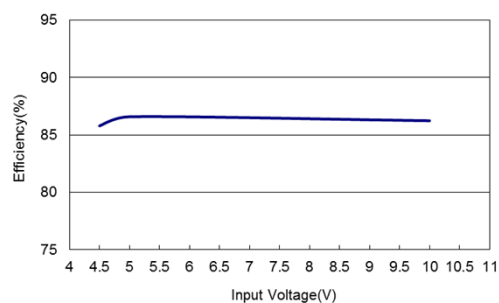


Figure 14: AYA01B05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$

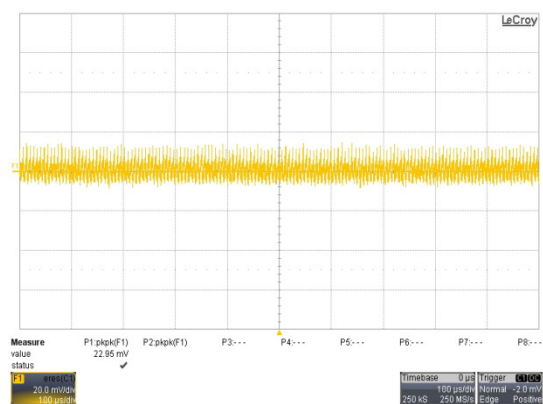


Figure 15: AYA01B05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

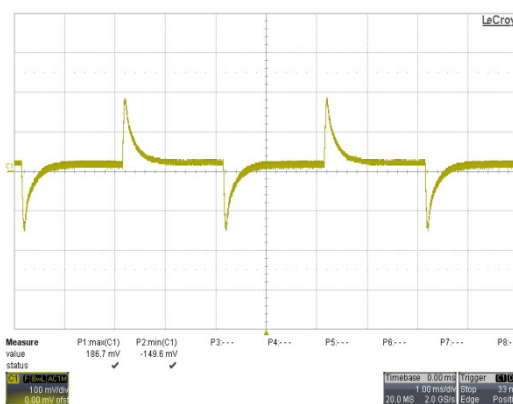


Figure 16: AYA01B05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

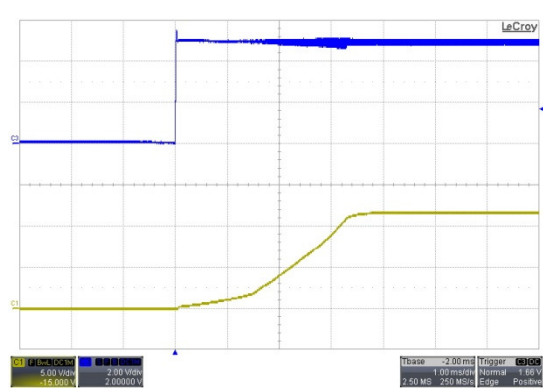


Figure 17: AYA01B05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

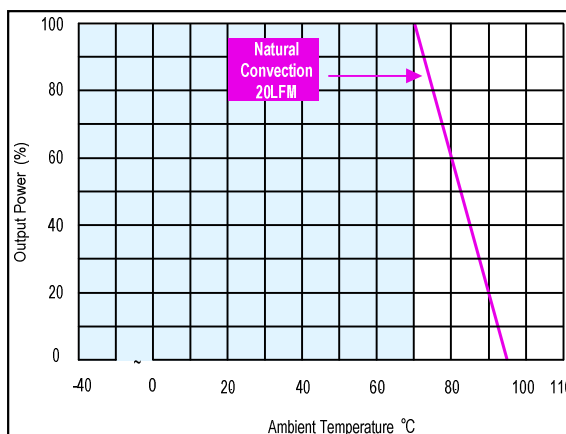


Figure 18: AYA01B05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5Vdc$

## AYA01C05-L Performance Curves

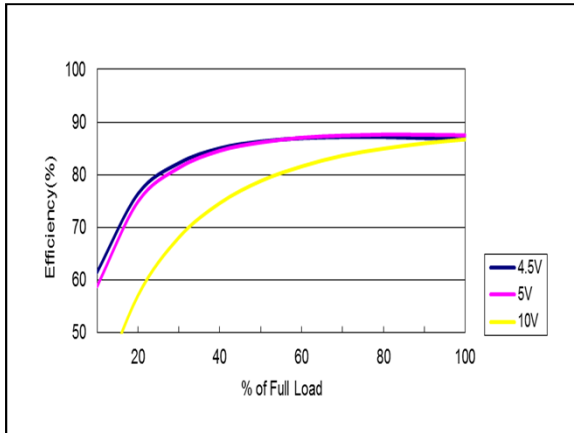


Figure 19: AYA01C05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.2A$

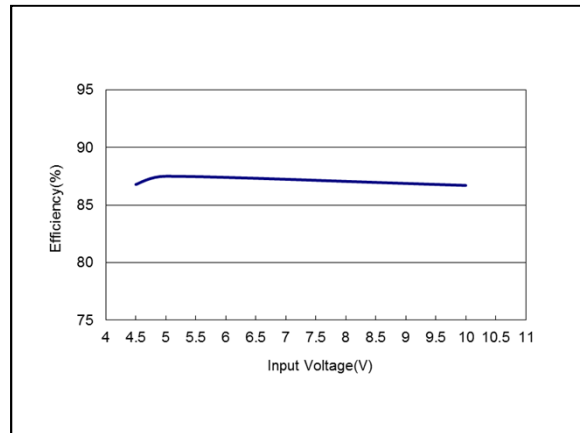


Figure 20: AYA01C05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$

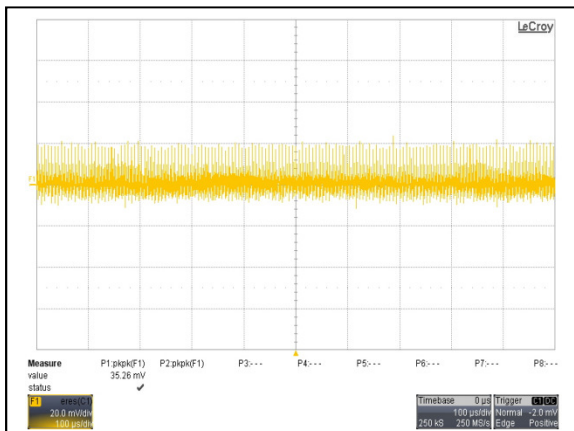


Figure 21: AYA01C05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

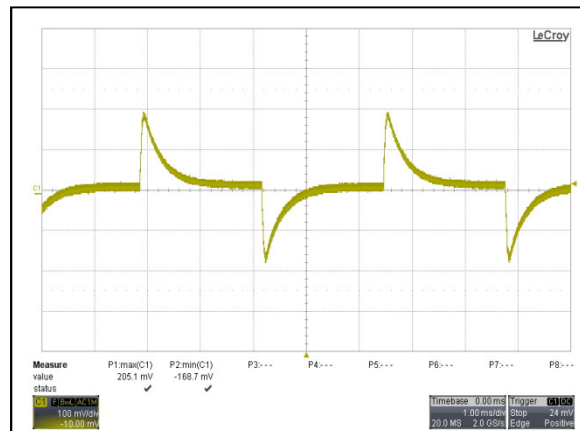


Figure 22: AYA01C05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

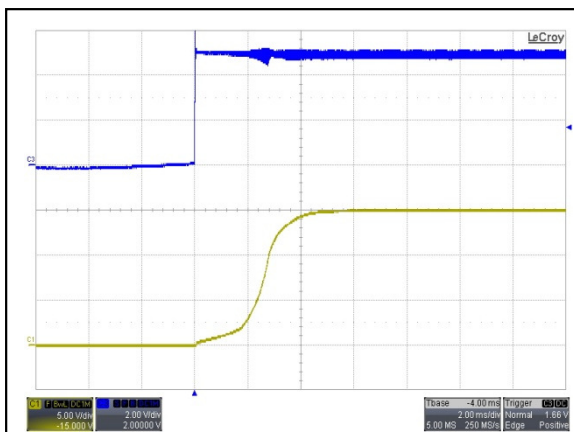


Figure 23: AYA01C05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

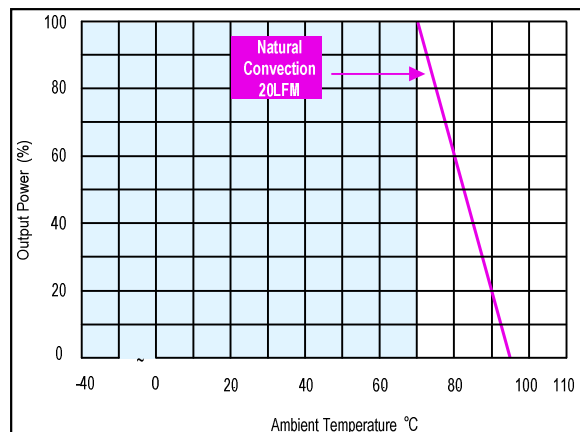


Figure 24: AYA01C05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$

## AYA01AA05-L Performance Curves

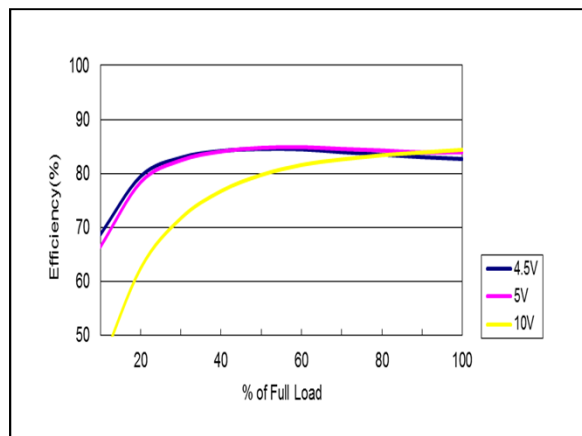


Figure 25: AYA01AA05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$

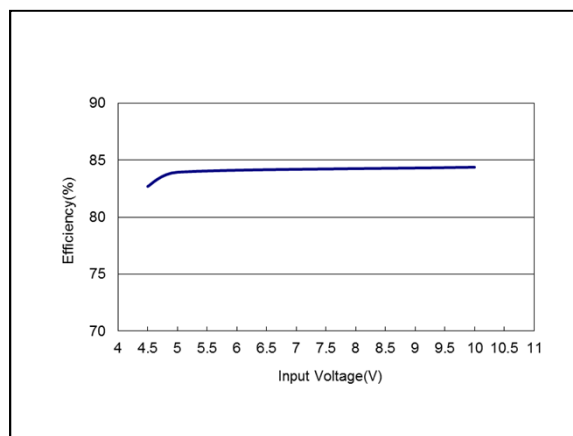


Figure 26: AYA01AA05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$

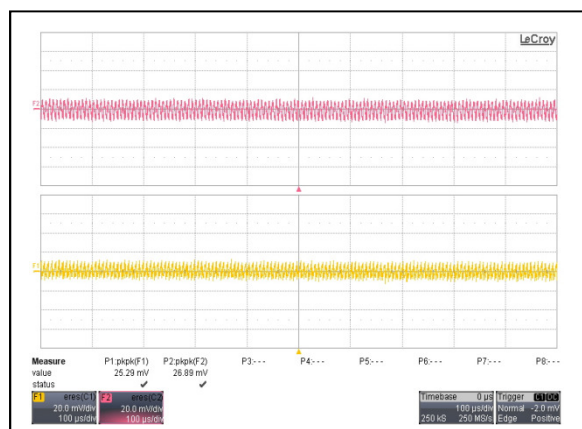


Figure 27: AYA01AA05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

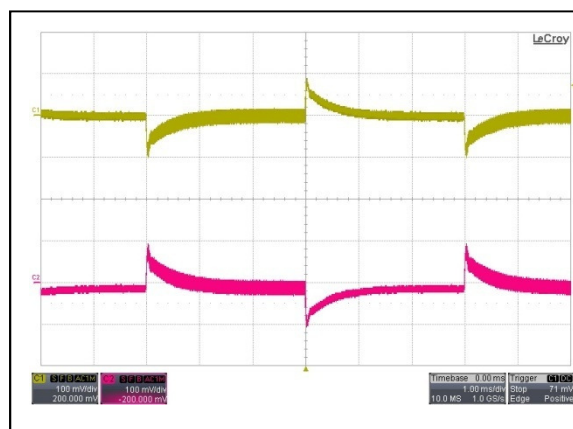


Figure 28: AYA01AA05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

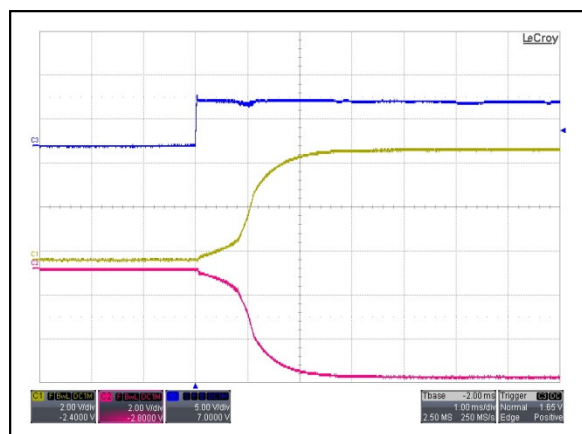


Figure 29: AYA01AA05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

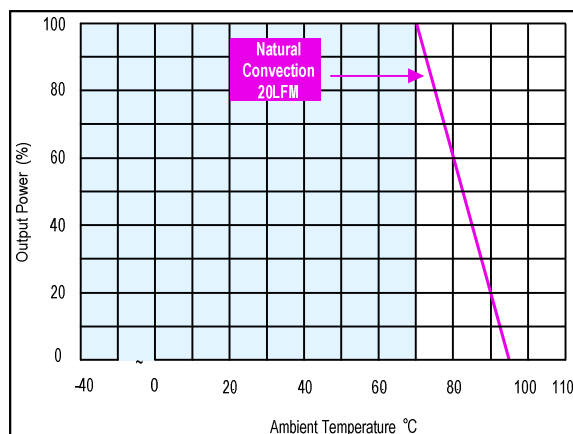


Figure 30: AYA01AA05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$

## AYA01BB05-L Performance Curves

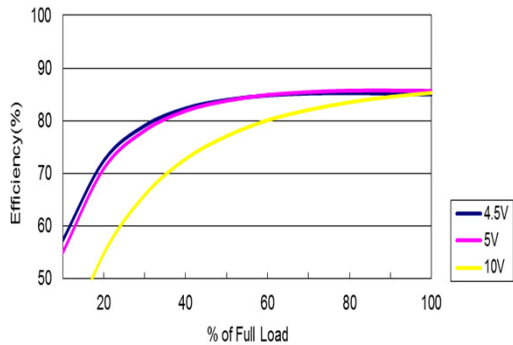


Figure 31: AYA01BB05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

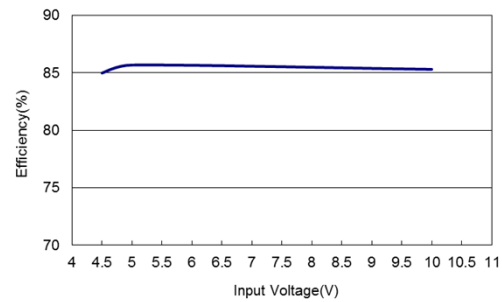


Figure 32: AYA01BB05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

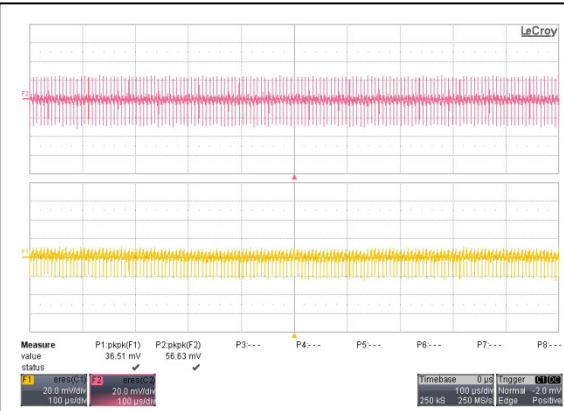


Figure 33: AYA01BB05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

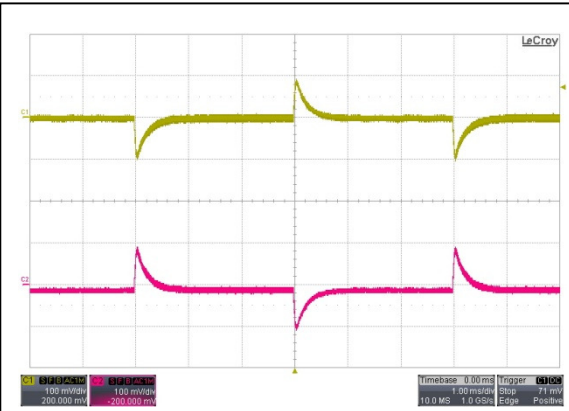


Figure 34: AYA01BB05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

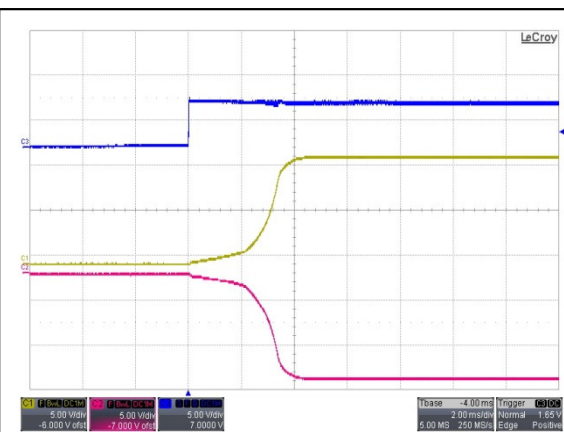


Figure 35: AYA01BB05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

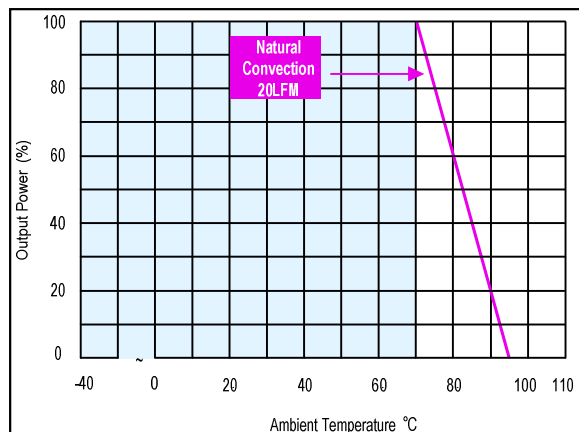


Figure 36: AYA01BB05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$



## AYA01CC05-L Performance Curves

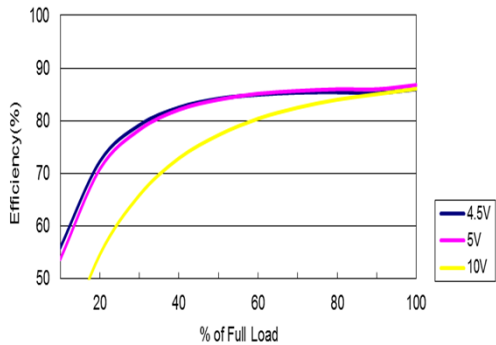


Figure 37: AYA01CC05-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

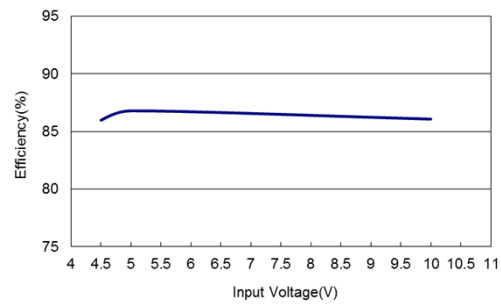


Figure 38: AYA01CC05-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 4.5$  to  $10V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

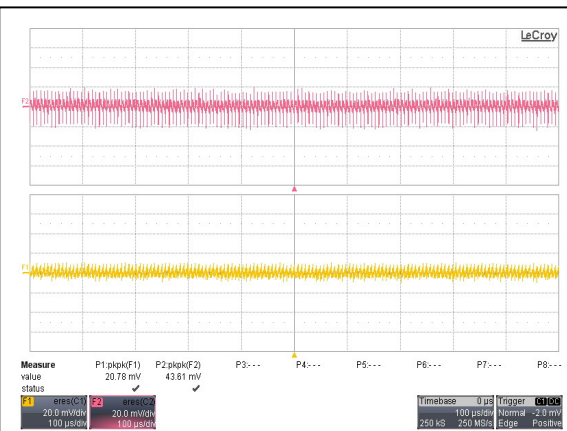


Figure 39: AYA01CC05-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

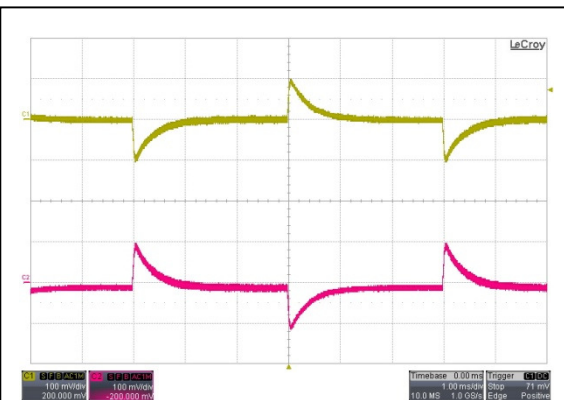


Figure 40: AYA01CC05-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

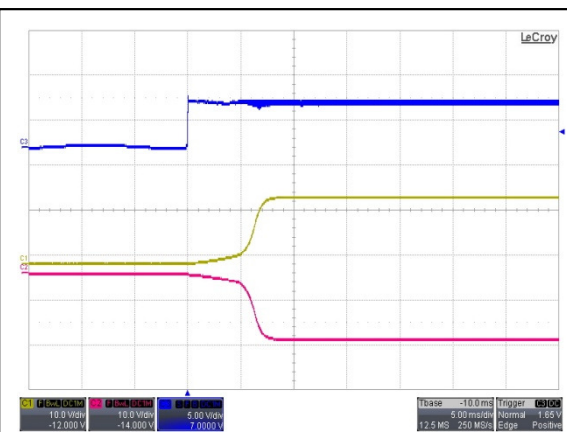


Figure 41: AYA01CC05-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch 3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

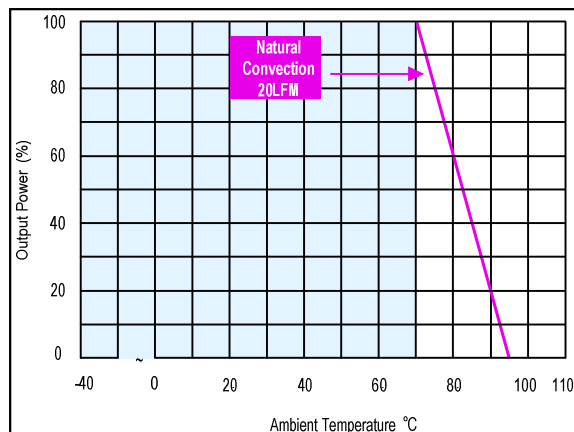


Figure 42: AYA01CC05-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 5V_{dc}$

## AYA01F12-L Performance Curves

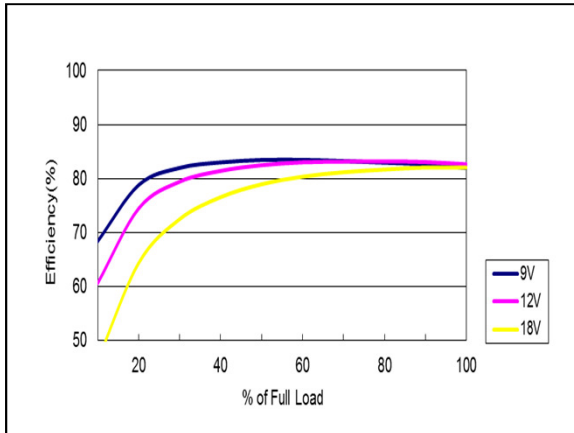


Figure 43: AYA01F12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

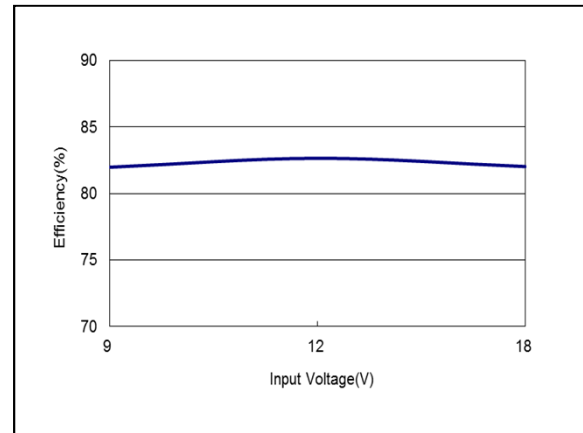


Figure 44: AYA01F12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

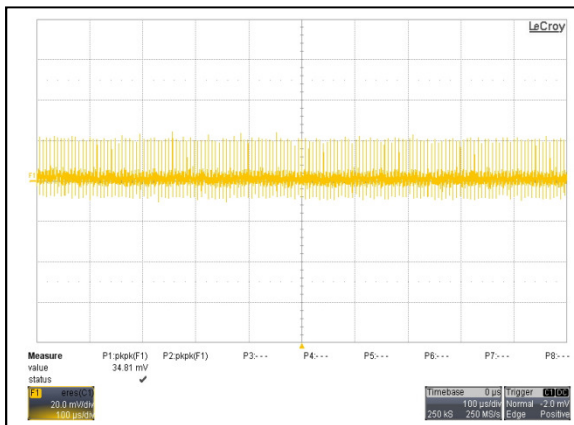


Figure 45: AYA01F12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

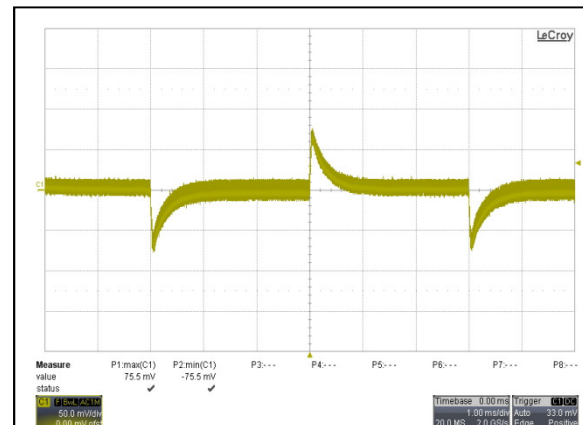


Figure 46: AYA01F12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

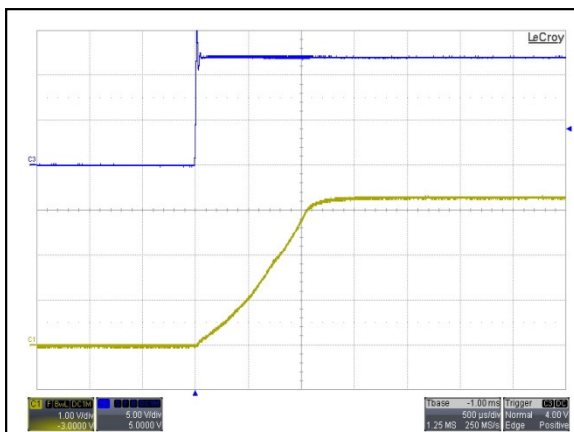


Figure 47: AYA01F12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

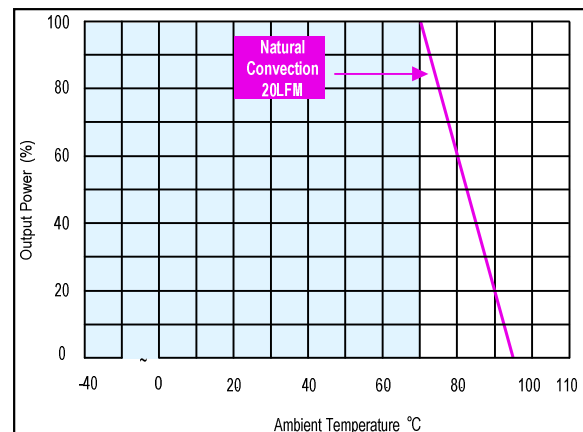


Figure 48: AYA01F12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$



## AYA01A12-L Performance Curves

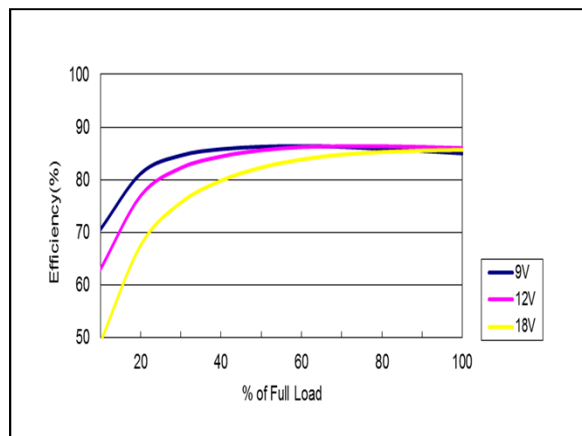


Figure 49: AYA01A12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$

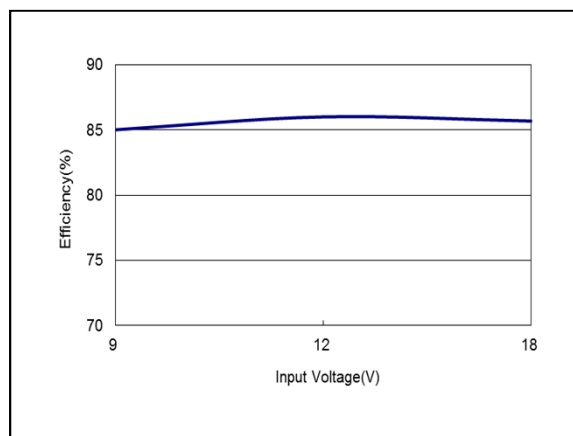


Figure 50: AYA01A12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$

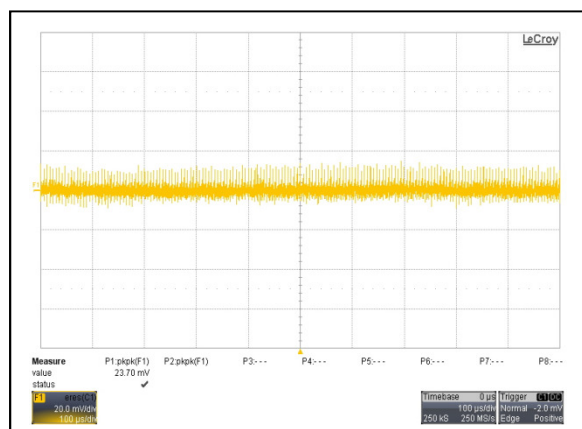


Figure 51: AYA01A12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

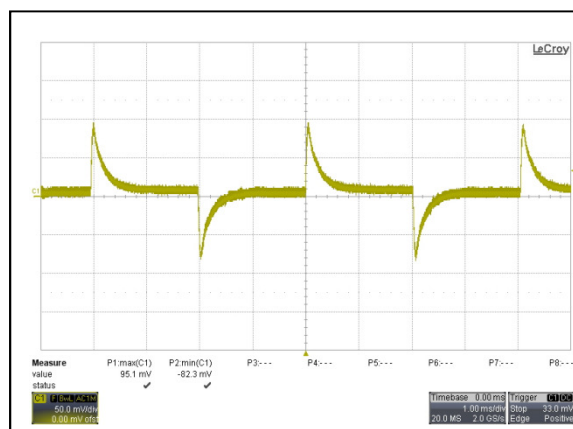


Figure 52: AYA01A12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\% \text{ to } 75\% \text{ Load Change}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

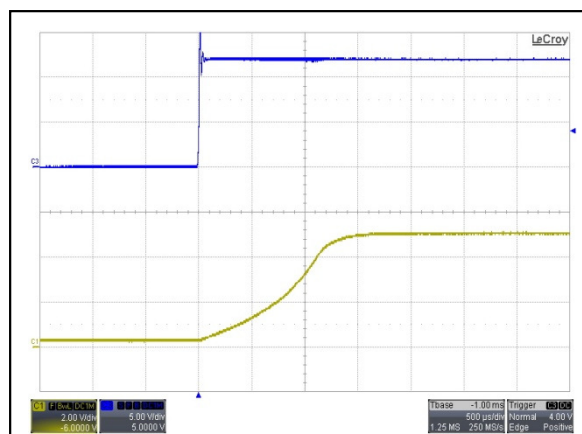


Figure 53: AYA01A12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

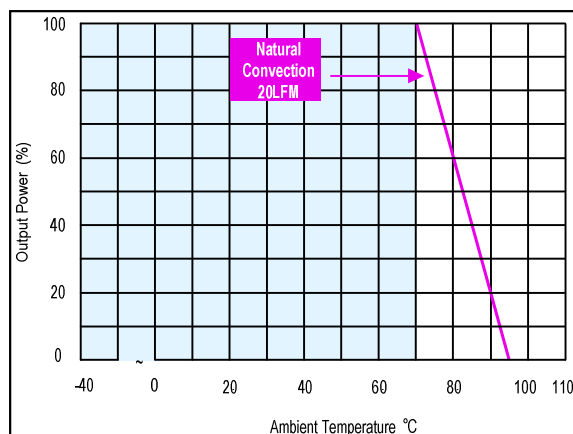


Figure 54: AYA01A12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$

## AYA01B12-L Performance Curves

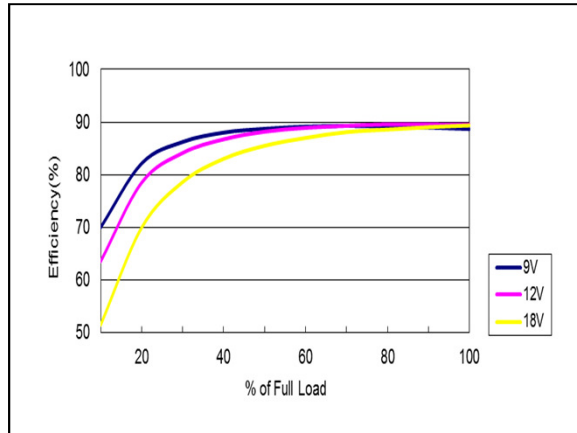


Figure 55: AYA01B12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$

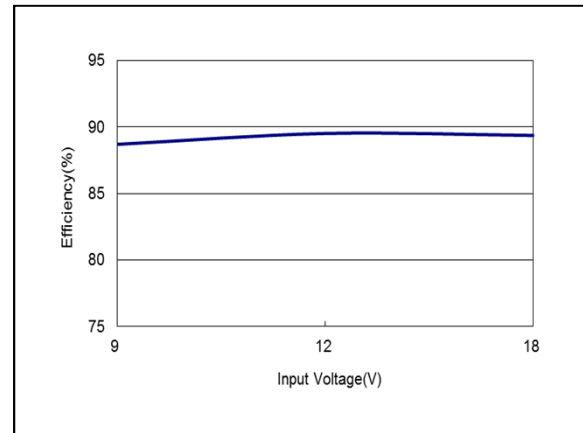


Figure 56: AYA01B12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$

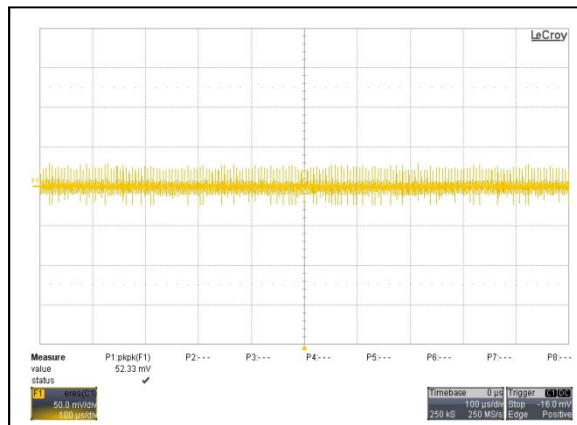


Figure 57: AYA01B12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

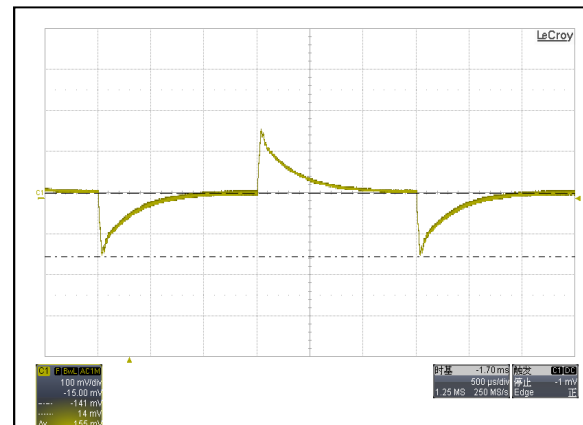


Figure 58: AYA01B12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\% \text{ to } 75\% \text{ Load Change}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

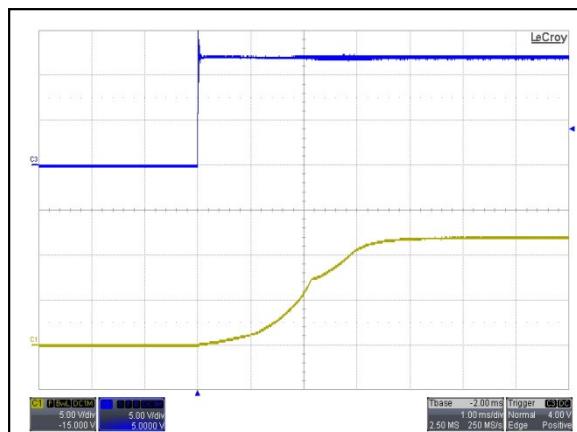


Figure 59: AYA01B12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

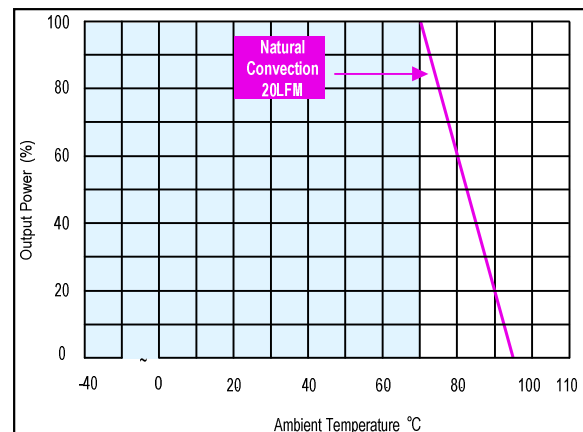


Figure 60: AYA01B12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$

## AYA01C12-L Performance Curves

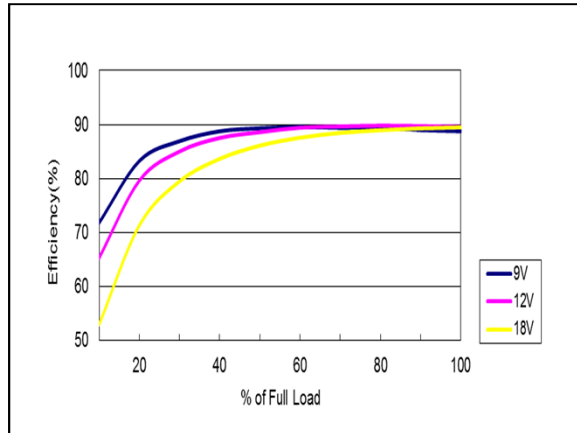


Figure 61: AYA01C12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2\text{A}$

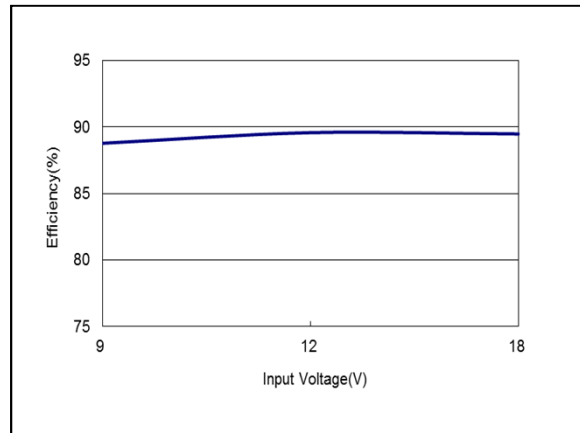


Figure 62: AYA01C12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2\text{A}$

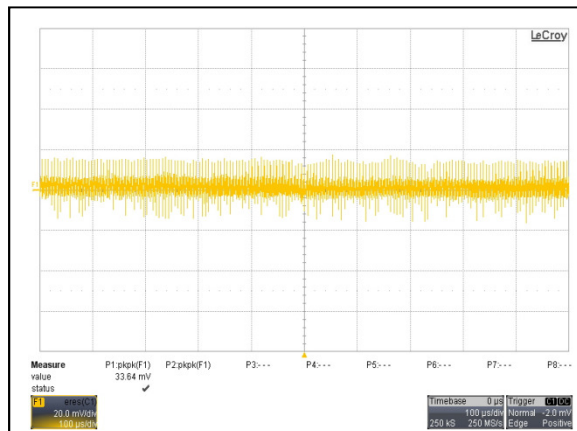


Figure 63: AYA01C12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

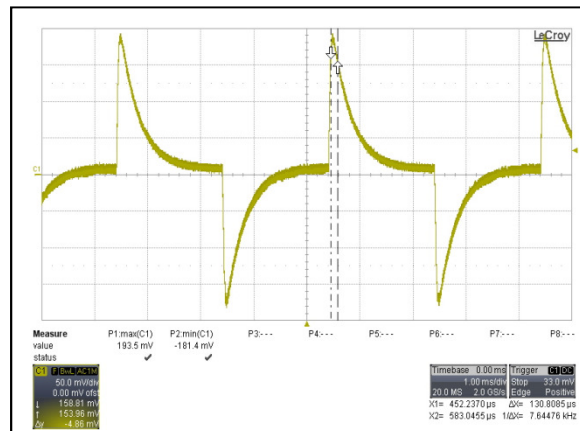


Figure 64: AYA01C12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\% \text{ to } 75\% \text{ Load Change}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

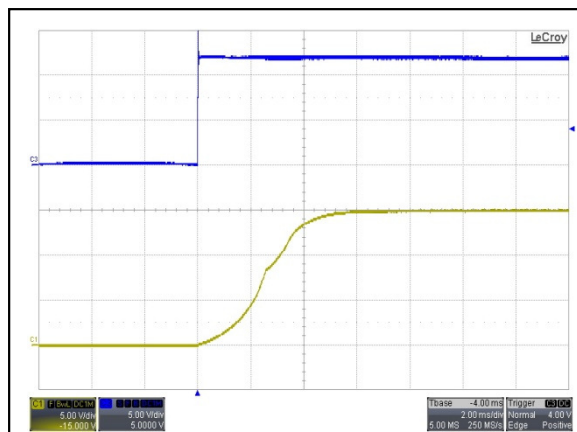


Figure 65: AYA01C12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

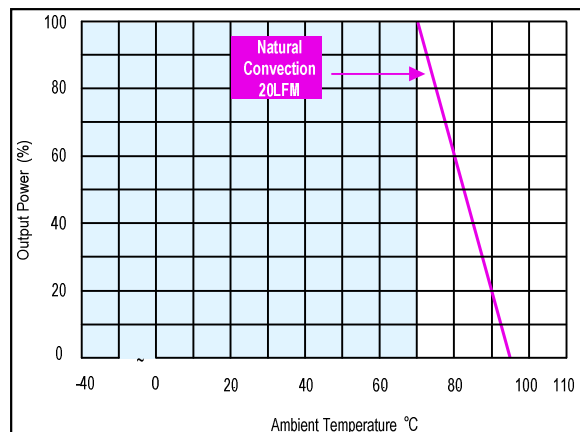


Figure 66: AYA01C12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$

## AYA01AA12-L Performance Curves

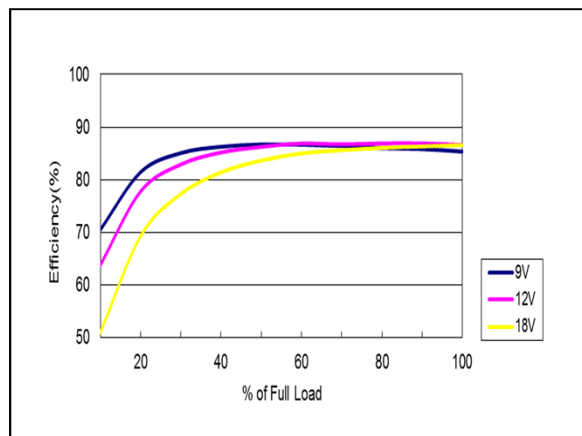


Figure 67: AYA01AA12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3\text{A}$

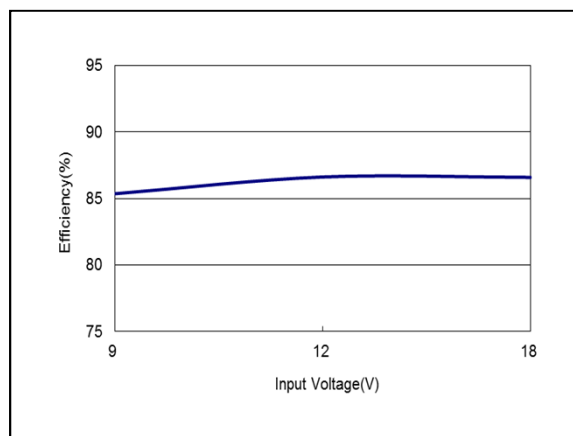


Figure 68: AYA01AA12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9 \text{ to } 18\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3\text{A}$

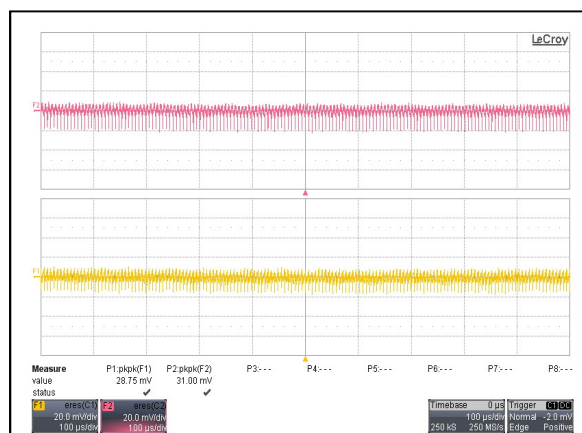


Figure 69: AYA01AA12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

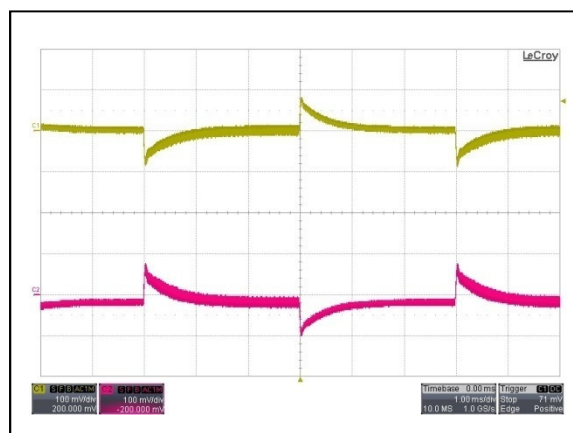


Figure 70: AYA01AA12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\% \text{ to } 75\% \text{ Load Change}$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

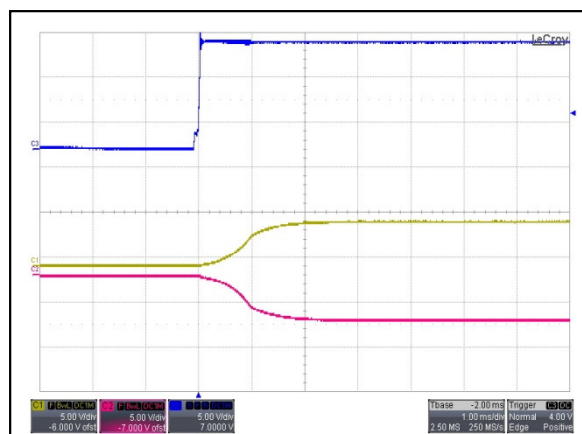


Figure 71: AYA01AA12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

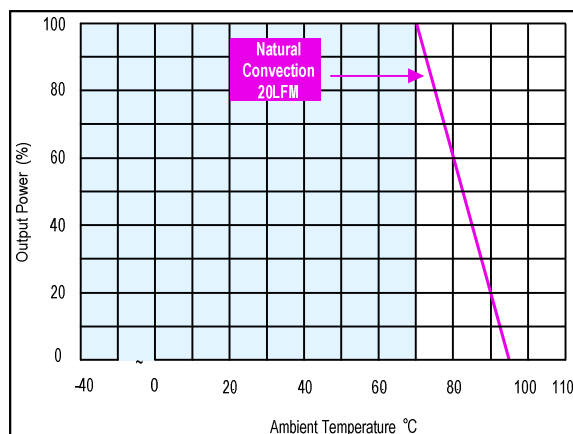


Figure 72: AYA01AA12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12\text{Vdc}$

## AYA01BB12-L Performance Curves

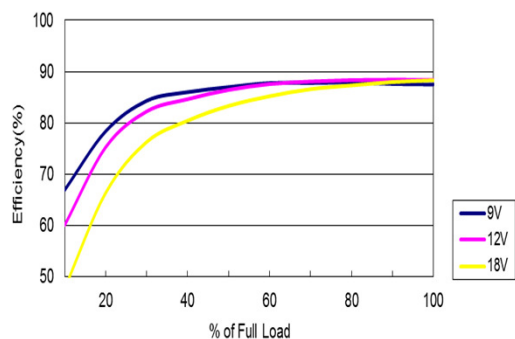


Figure 73: AYA01BB12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

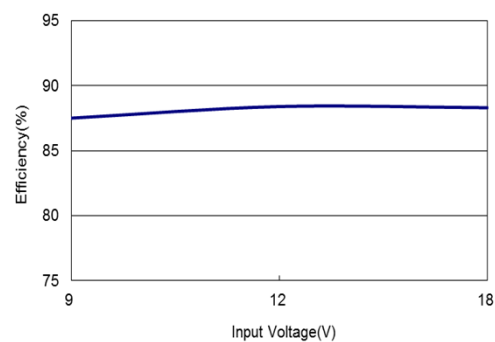


Figure 74: AYA01BB12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

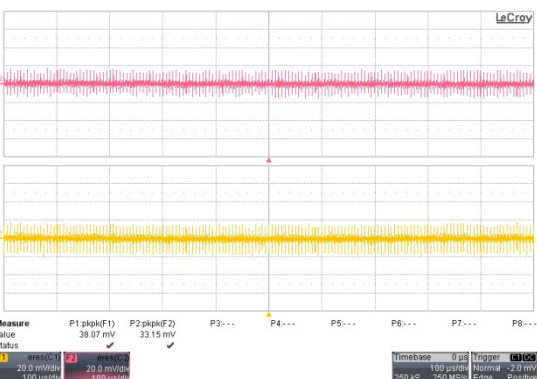


Figure 75: AYA01BB12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

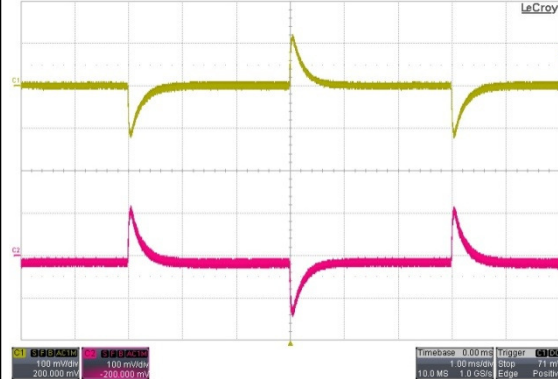


Figure 76: AYA01BB12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

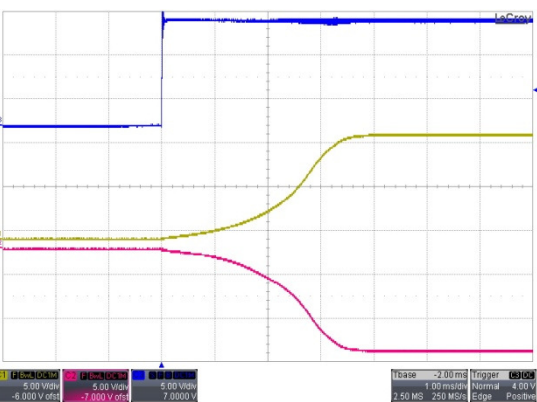


Figure 77: AYA01BB12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

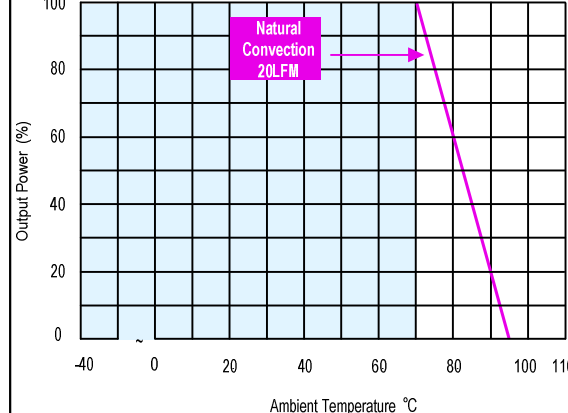


Figure 78: AYA01BB12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$



## AYA01CC12-L Performance Curves

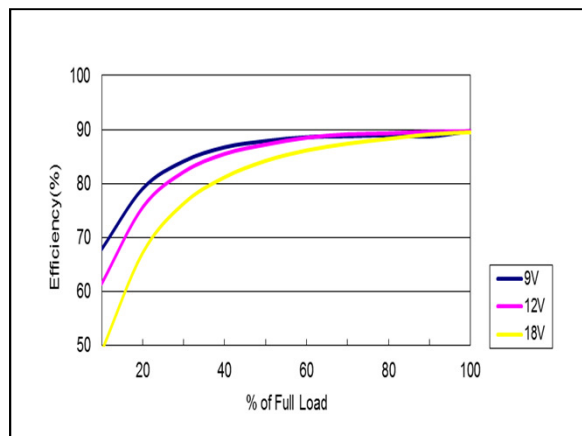


Figure 79: AYA01CC12-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

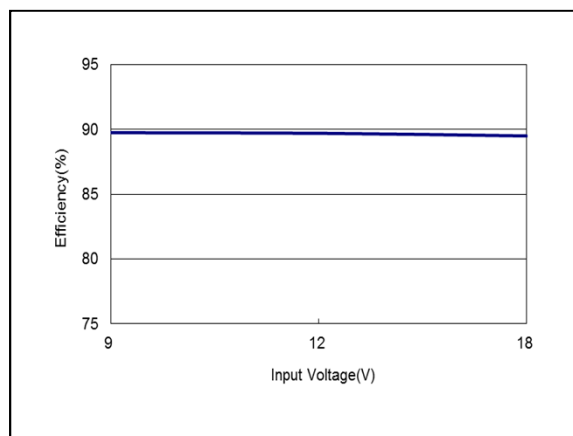


Figure 80: AYA01CC12-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 9$  to 18Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

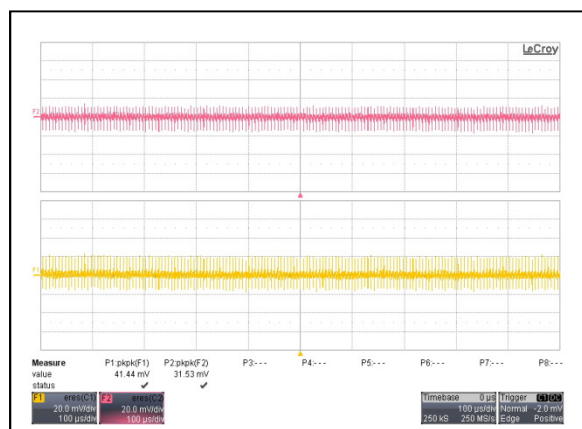


Figure 81: AYA01CC12-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

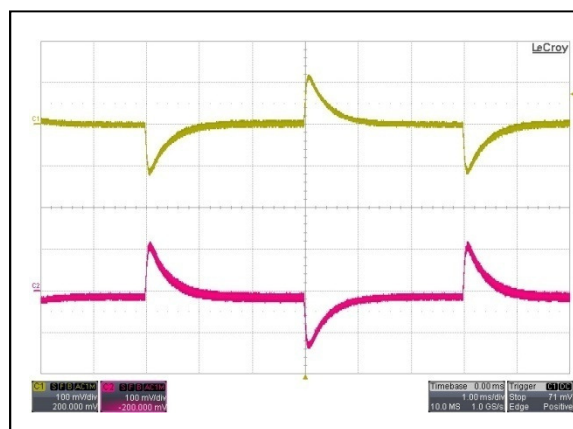


Figure 82: AYA01CC12-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

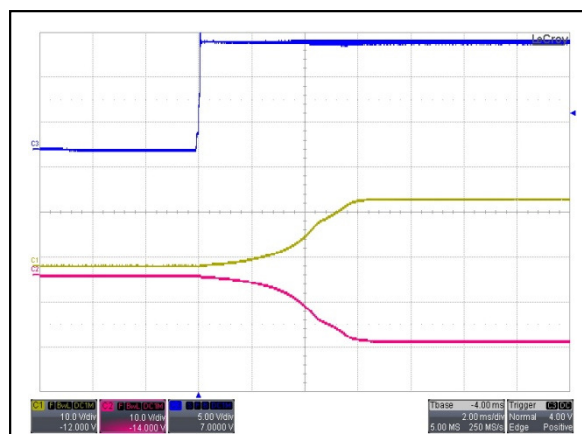


Figure 83: AYA01CC12-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

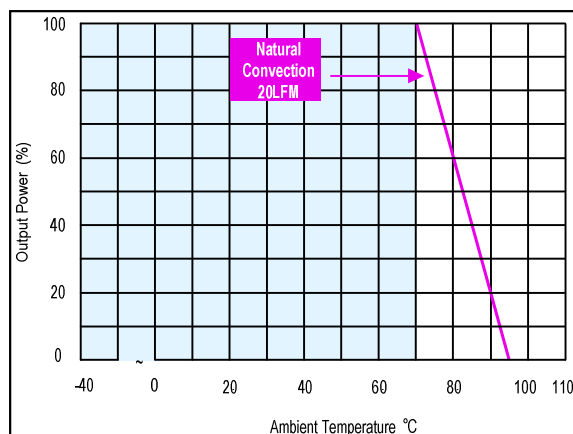
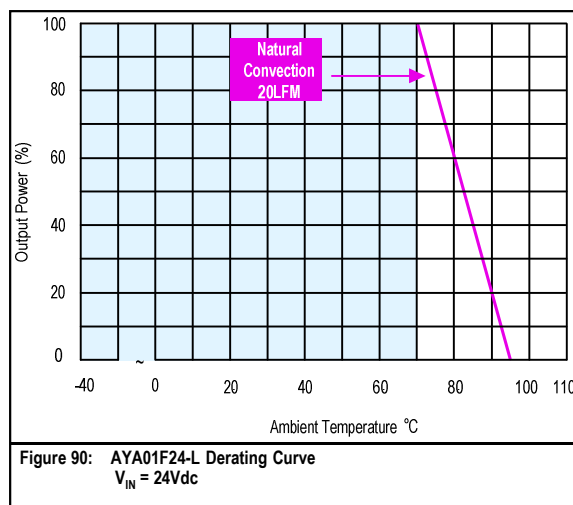
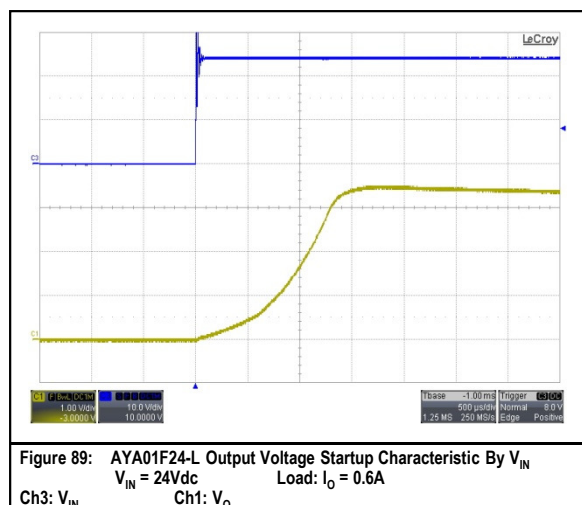
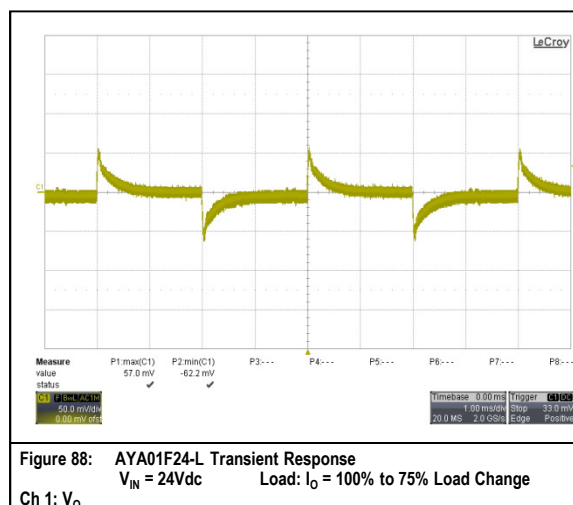
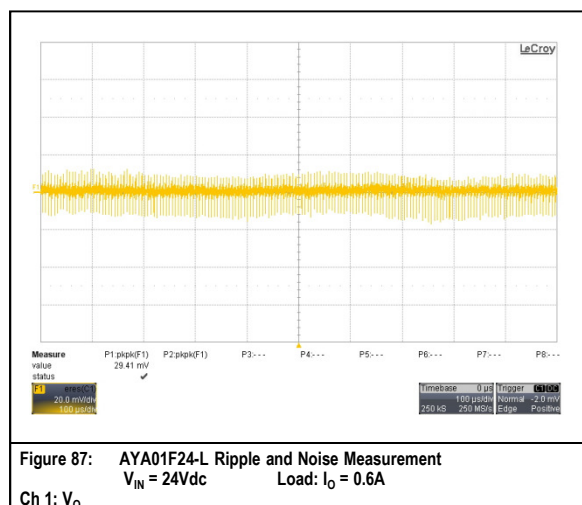
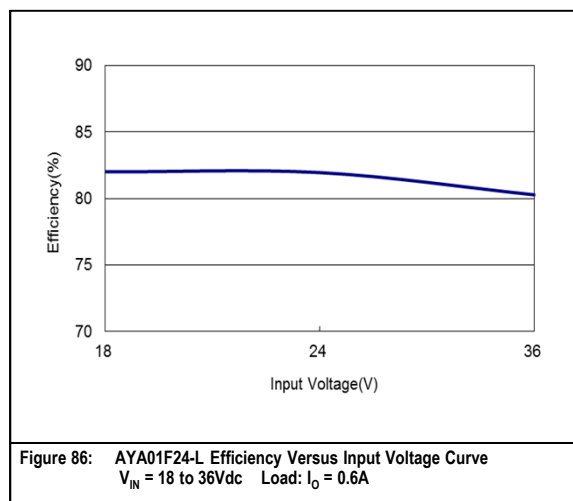
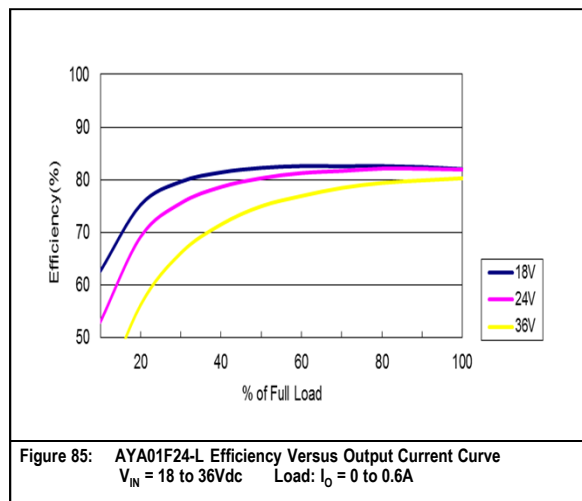


Figure 84: AYA01CC12-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 12Vdc$

## AYA01F24-L Performance Curves





## AYA01A24-L Performance Curves

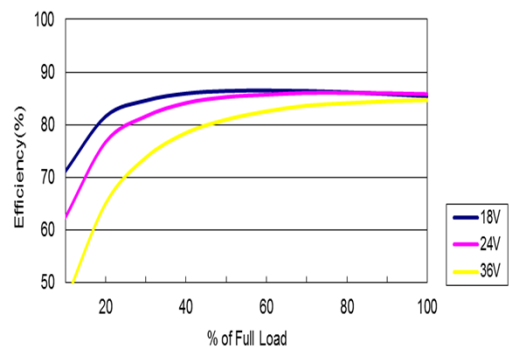


Figure 91: AYA01A24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to  $36Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.6A$

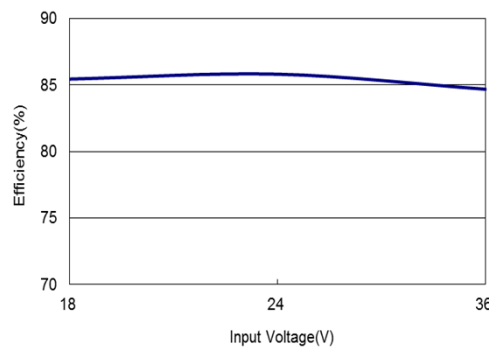


Figure 92: AYA01A24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to  $36Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

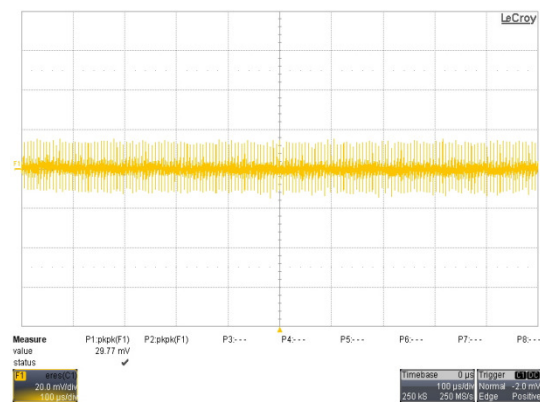


Figure 93: AYA01A24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

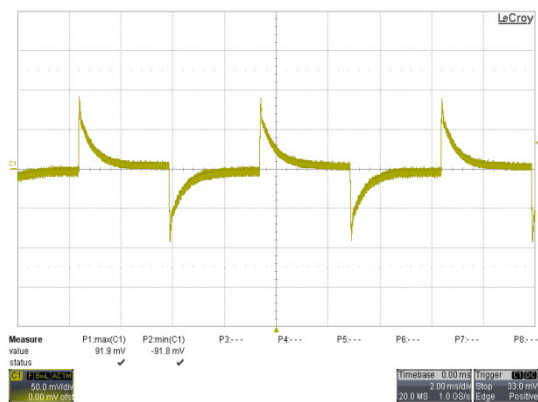


Figure 94: AYA01A24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

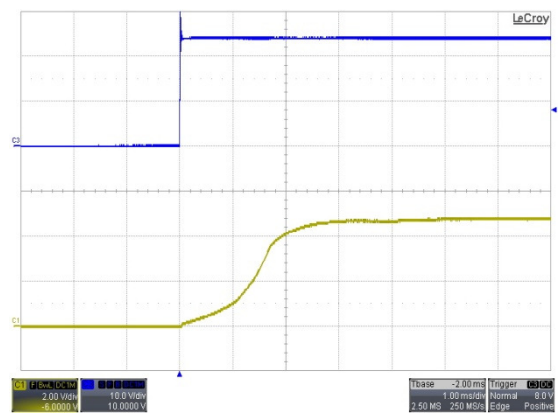


Figure 95: AYA01A24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

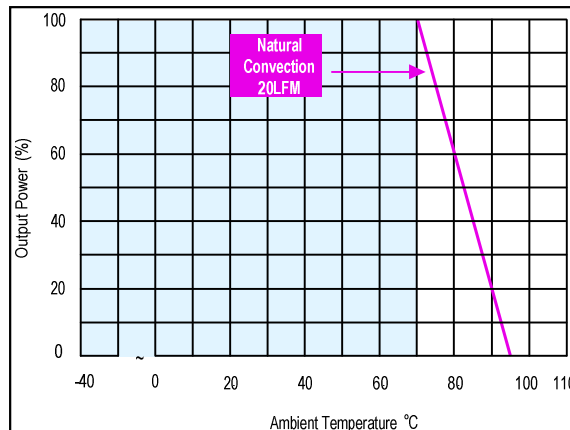


Figure 96: AYA01A24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$

## AYA01B24-L Performance Curves

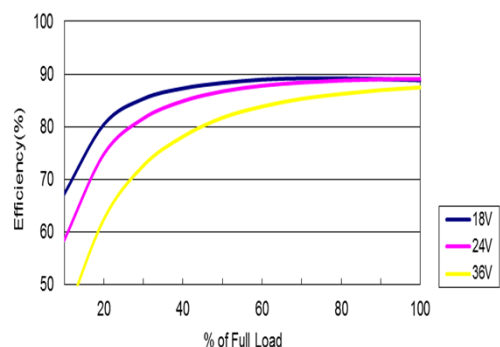


Figure 97: AYA01B24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to  $36Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.25A$

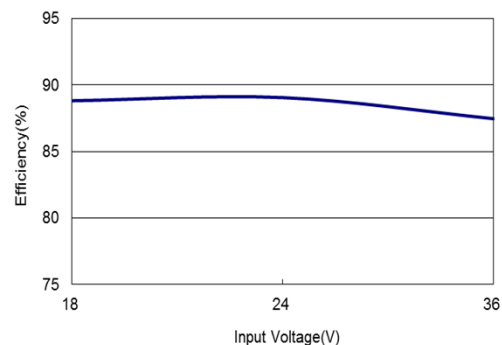


Figure 98: AYA01B24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to  $36Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$

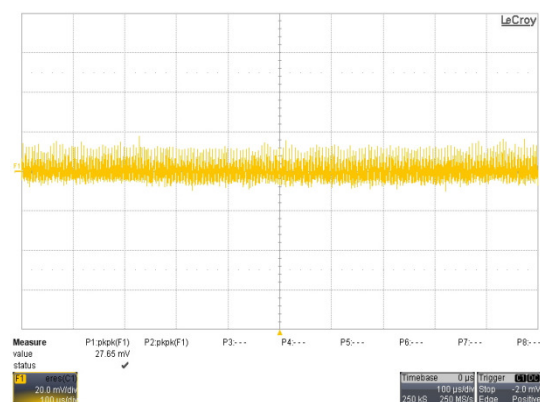


Figure 99: AYA01B24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

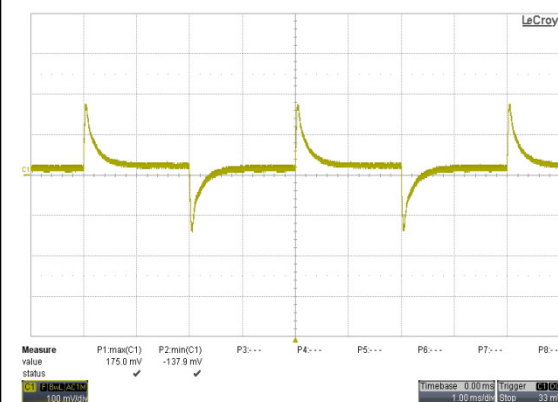


Figure 100: AYA01B24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

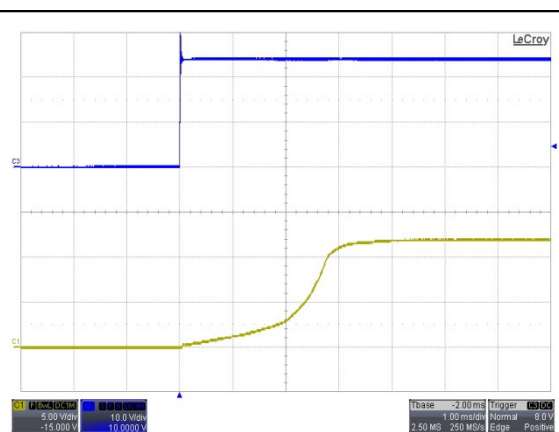


Figure 101: AYA01B24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

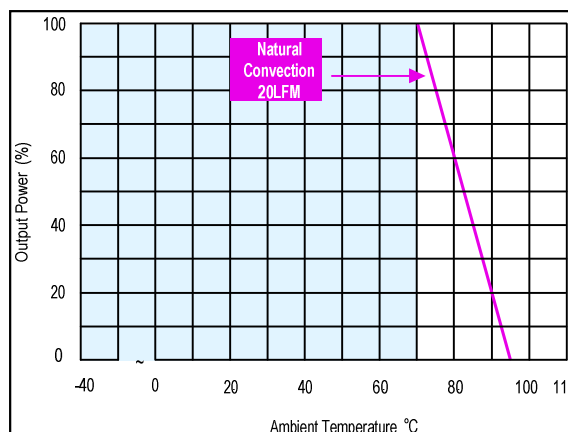


Figure 102: AYA01B24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$

## AYA01C24-L Performance Curves

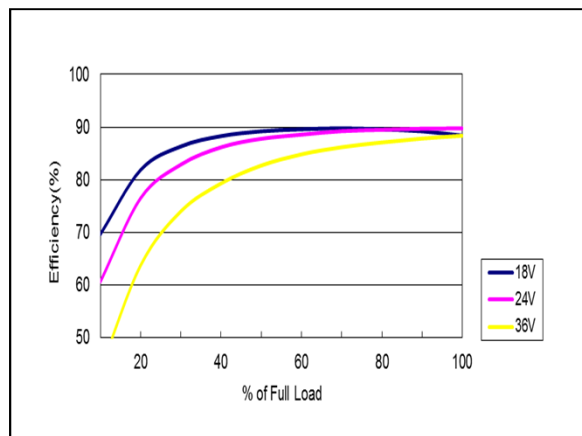


Figure 103: AYA01C24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0$  to 0.2A

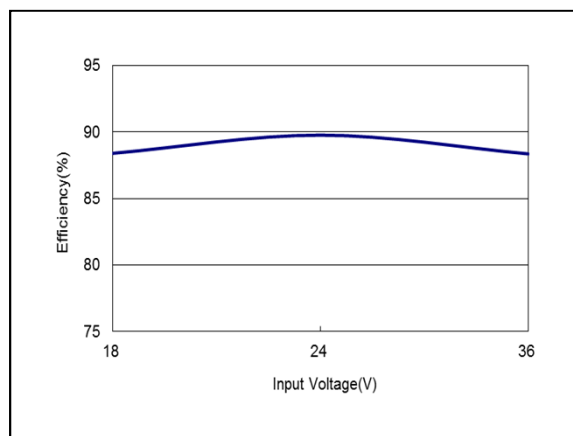


Figure 104: AYA01C24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$

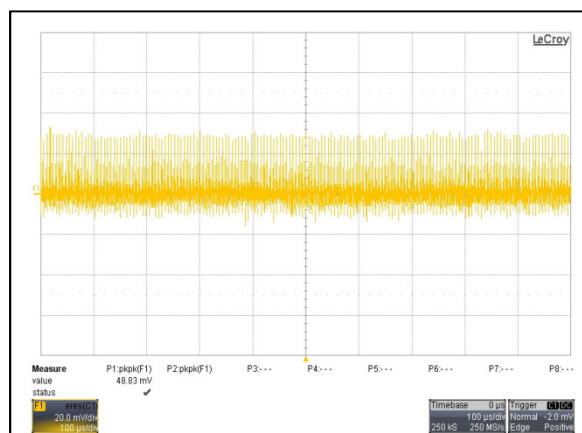


Figure 105: AYA01C24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

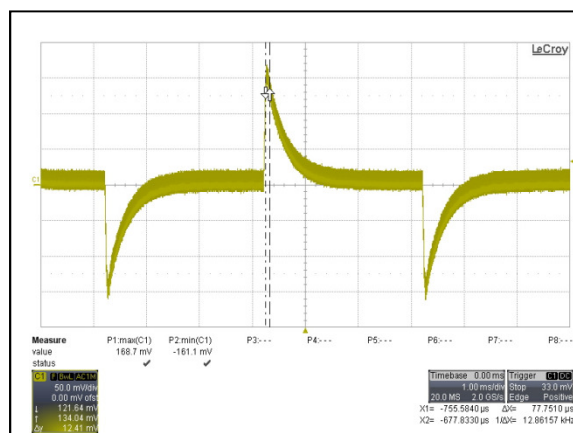


Figure 106: AYA01C24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

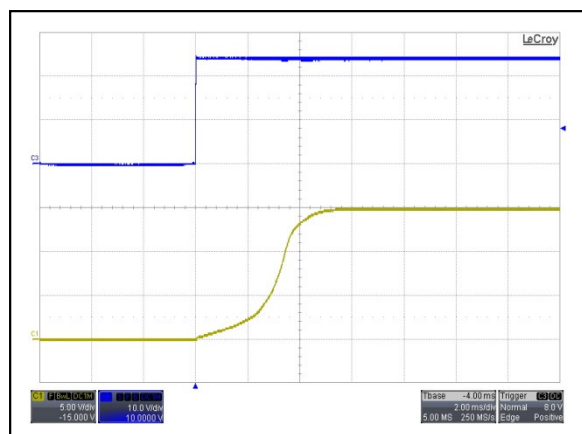


Figure 107: AYA01C24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

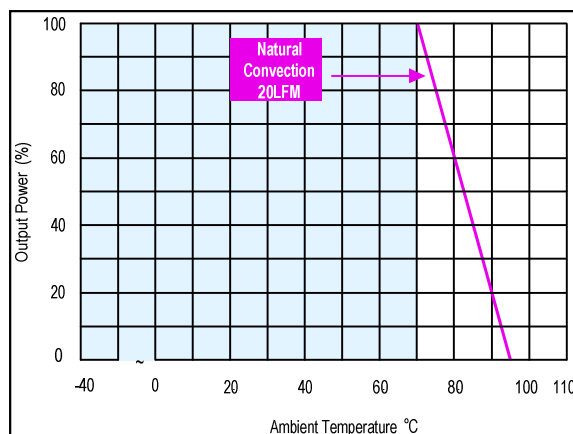


Figure 108: AYA01C24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$

## AYA01AA24-L Performance Curves

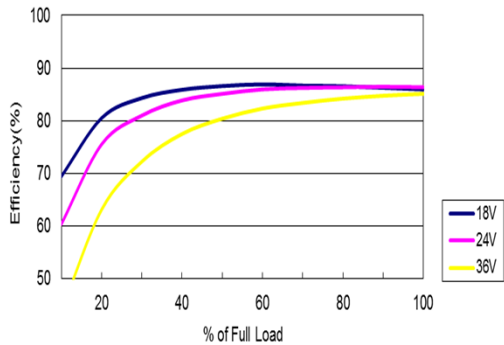


Figure 109: AYA01AA24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$

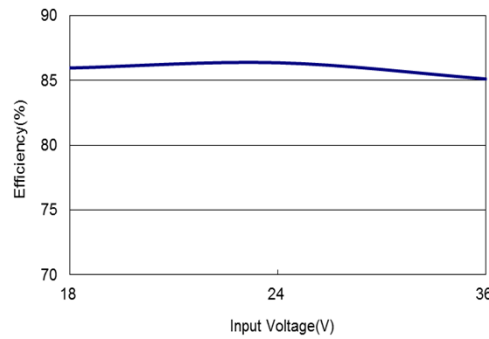


Figure 110: AYA01AA24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$

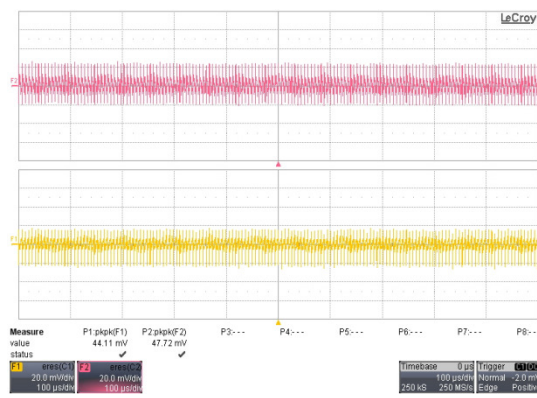


Figure 111: AYA01AA24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

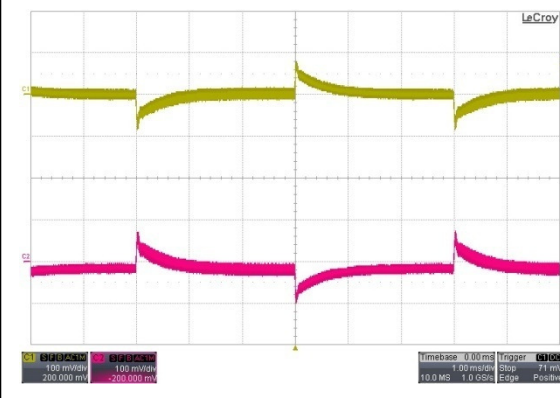


Figure 112: AYA01AA24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

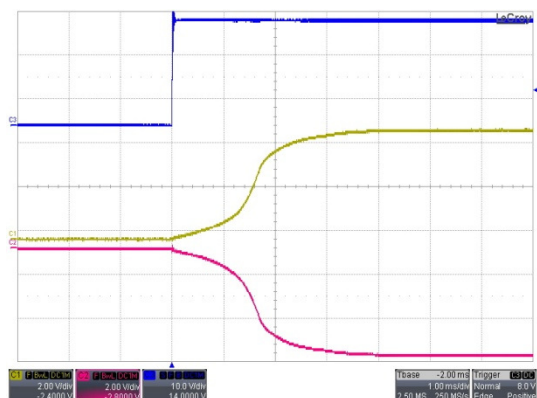


Figure 113: AYA01AA24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch 3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch 2:  $V_{O2}$

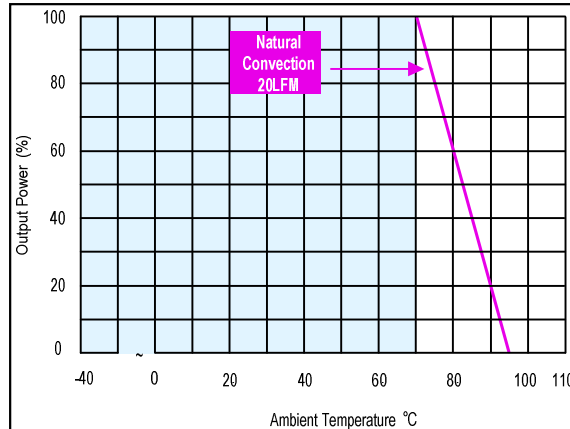


Figure 114: AYA01AA24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$

## AYA01BB24-L Performance Curves

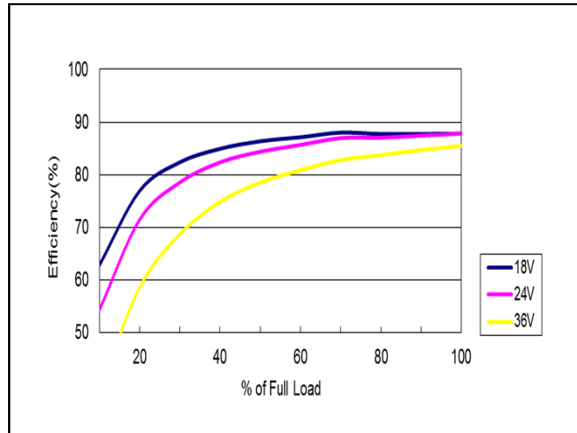


Figure 115: AYA01BB24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

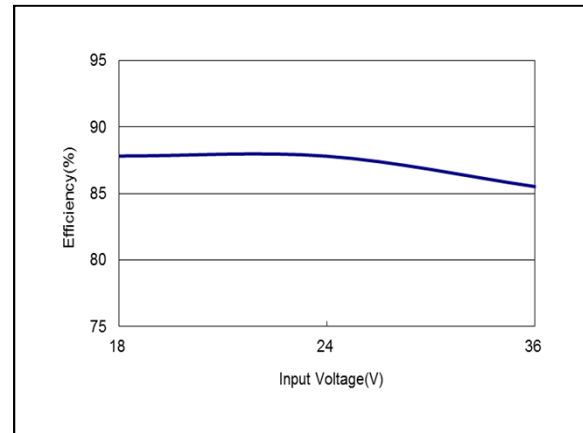


Figure 116: AYA01BB24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$

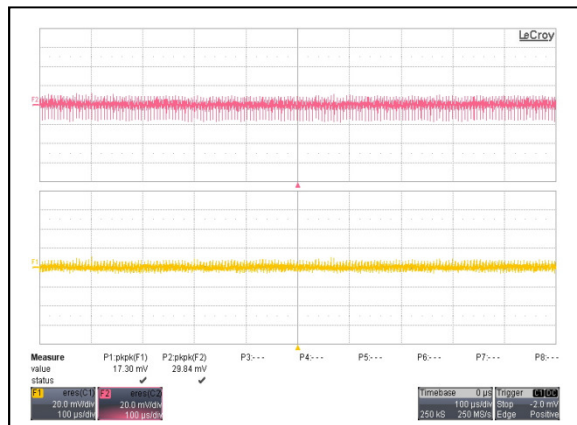


Figure 117: AYA01BB24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

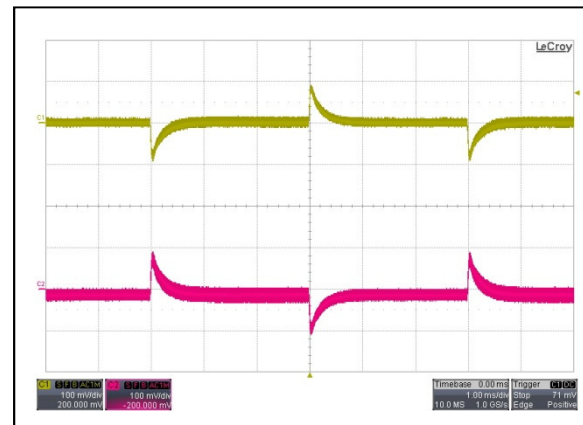


Figure 118: AYA01BB24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

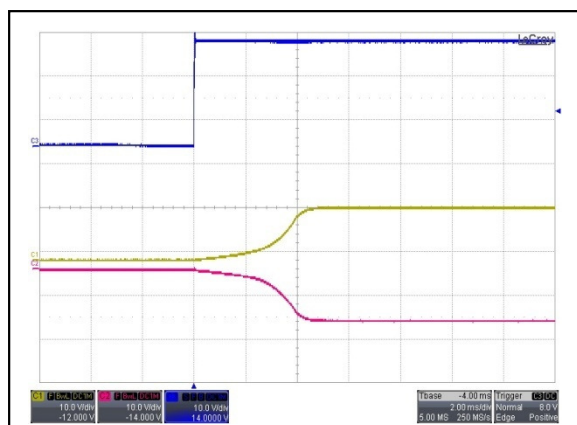


Figure 119: AYA01BB24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.125A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

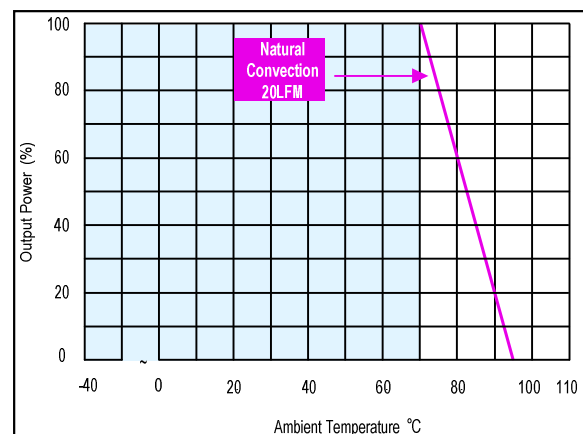


Figure 120: AYA01BB24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$



## AYA01CC24-L Performance Curves

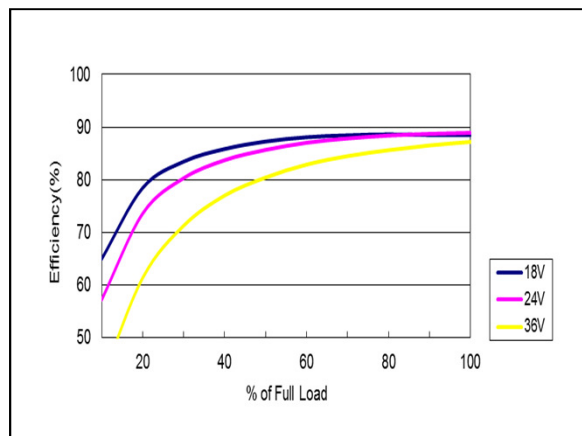


Figure 121: AYA01CC24-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

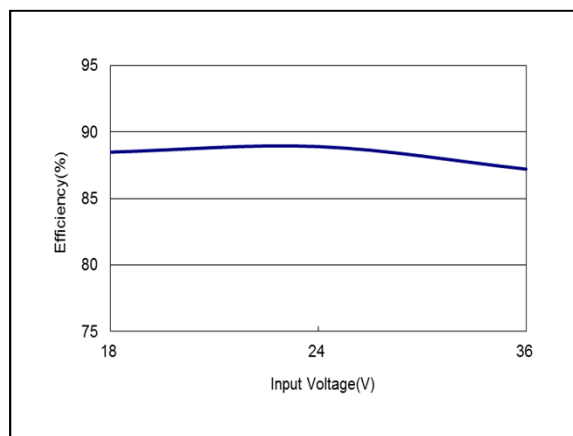


Figure 122: AYA01CC24-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 18$  to 36Vdc Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$

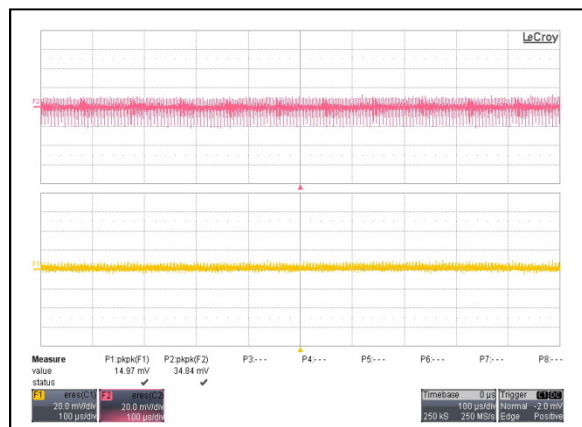


Figure 123: AYA01CC24-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

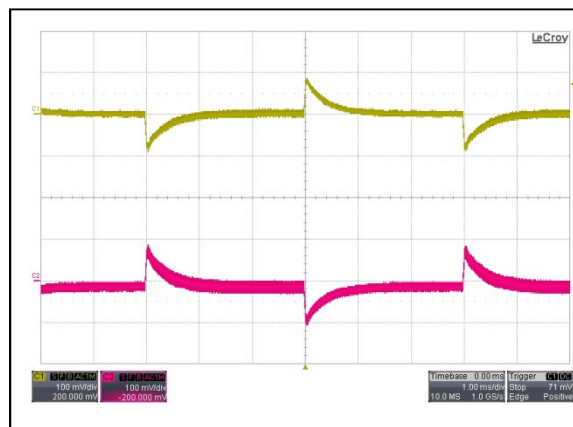


Figure 124: AYA01CC24-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

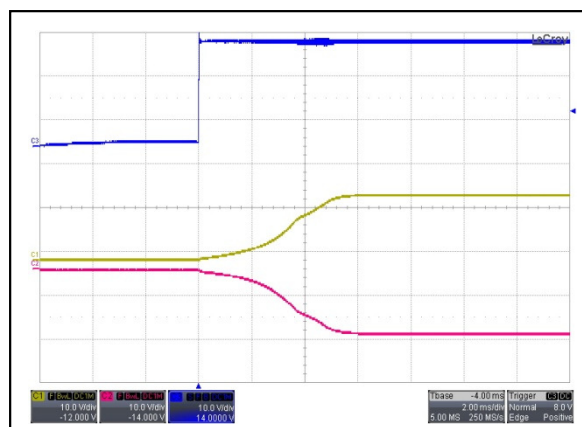


Figure 125: AYA01CC24-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

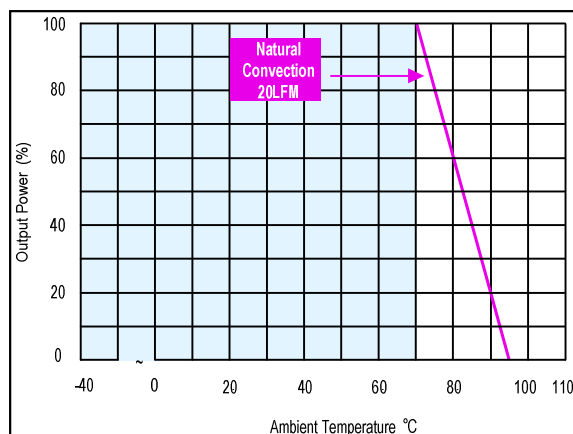


Figure 126: AYA01CC24-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 24Vdc$

## AYA01F48-L Performance Curves

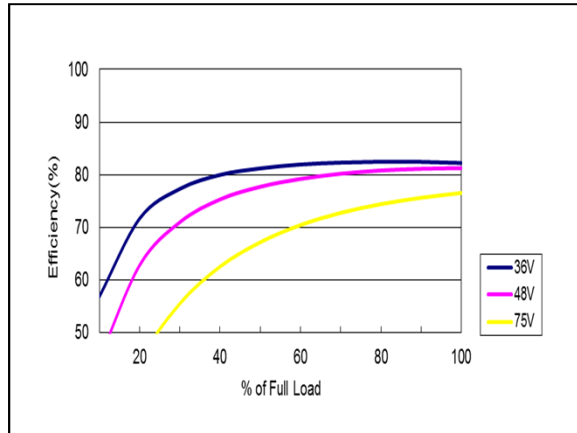


Figure 127: AYA01F48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.6\text{A}$

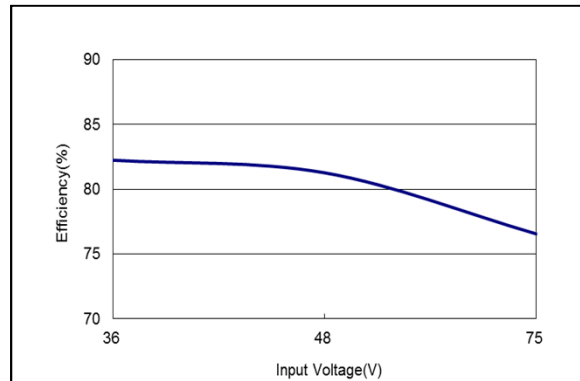


Figure 128: AYA01F48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$

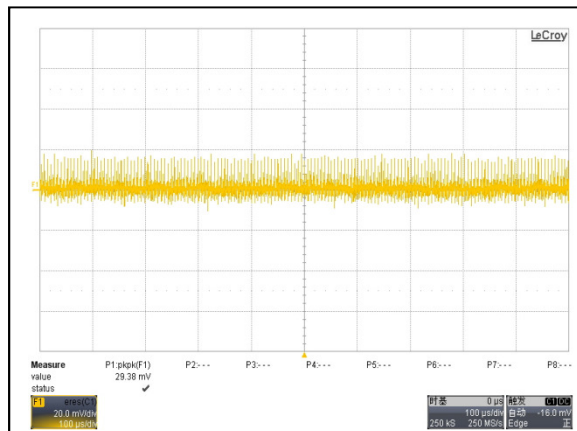


Figure 129: AYA01F48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

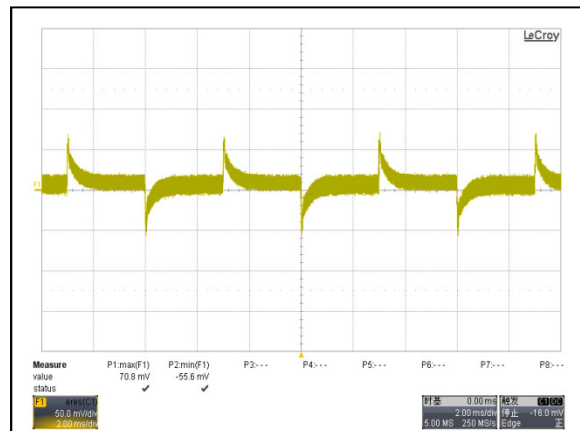


Figure 130: AYA01F48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

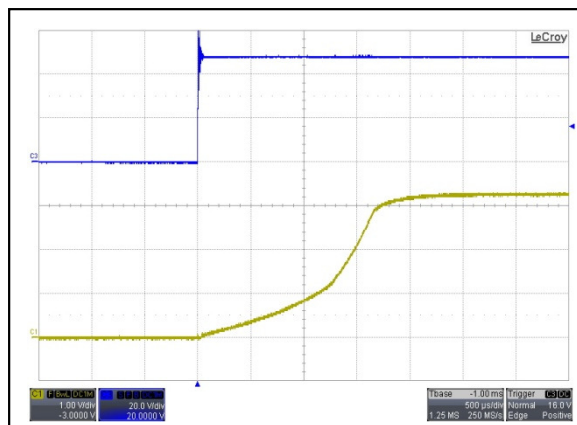


Figure 131: AYA01F48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

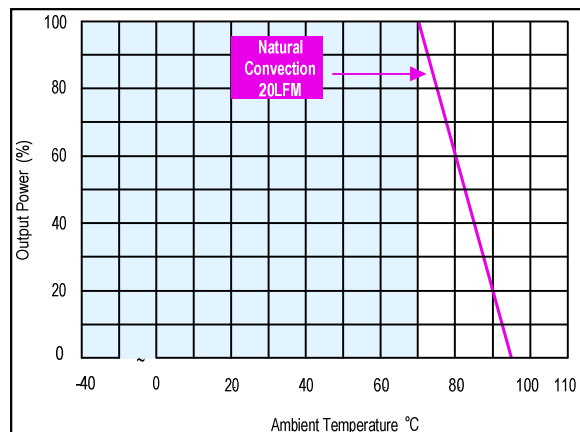


Figure 132: AYA01F48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$



## AYA01A48-L Performance Curves

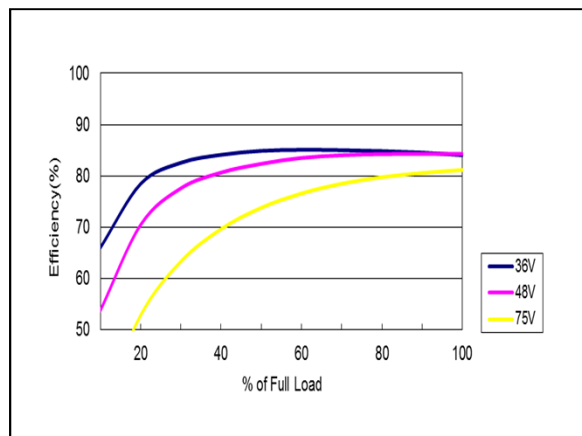


Figure 133: AYA01A48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.6A$

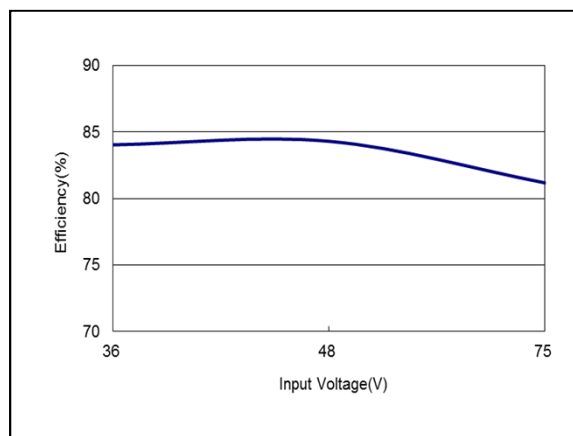


Figure 134: AYA01A48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$

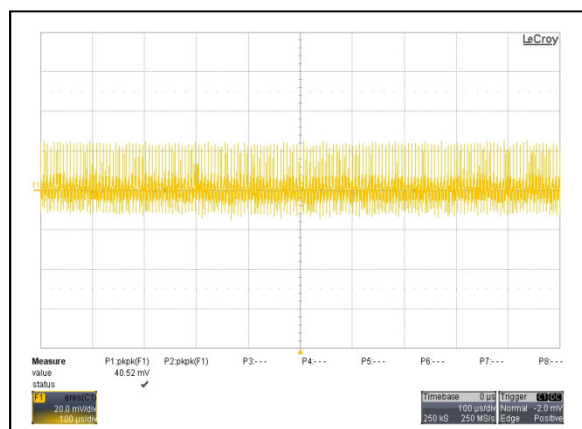


Figure 135: AYA01A48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

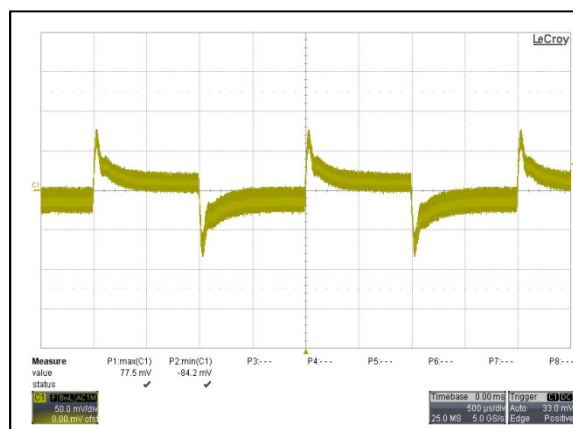


Figure 136: AYA01A48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

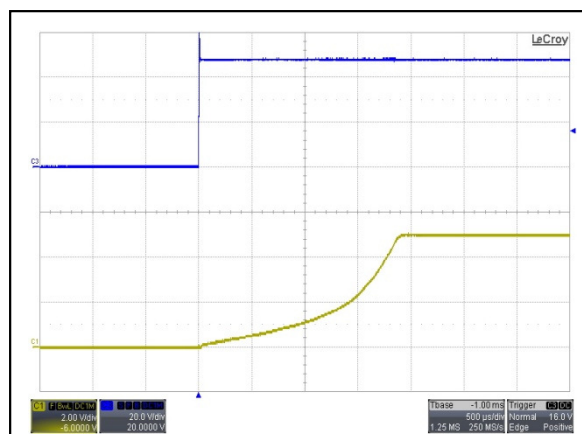


Figure 137: AYA01A48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.6A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

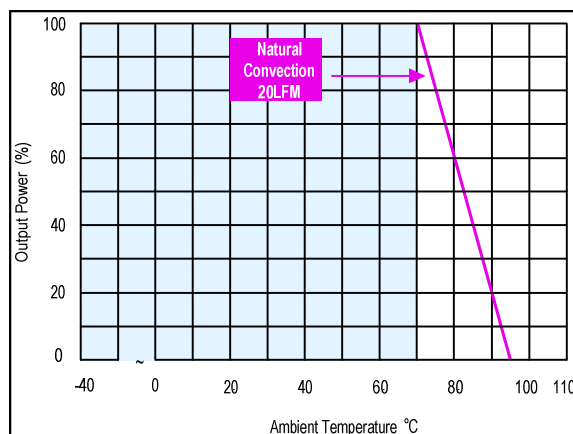


Figure 138: AYA01A48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$

## AYA01B48-L Performance Curves

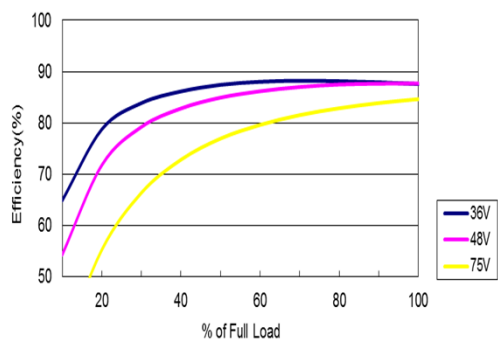


Figure 139: AYA01B48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $0.25\text{A}$

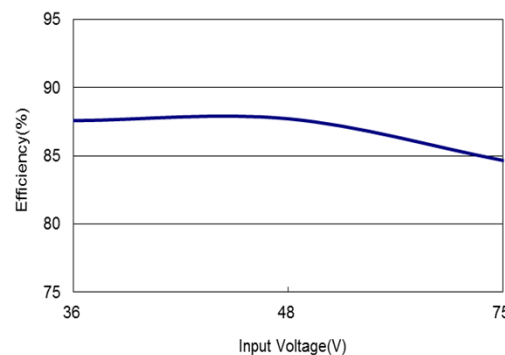


Figure 140: AYA01B48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$

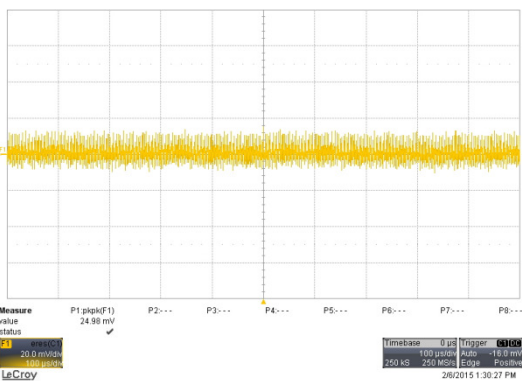


Figure 141: AYA01B48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

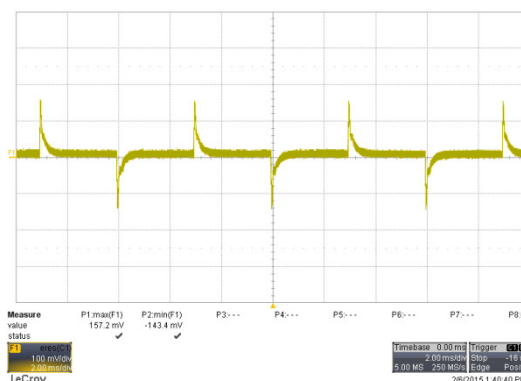


Figure 142: AYA01B48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

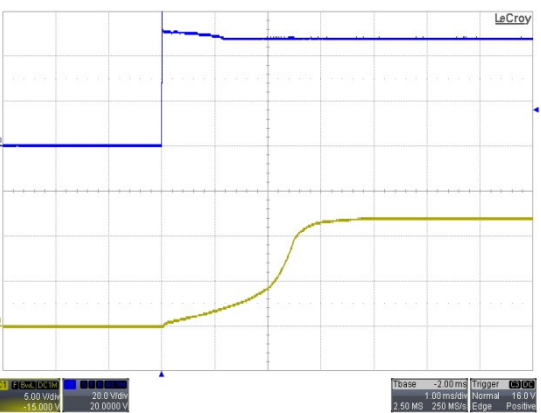


Figure 143: AYA01B48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0.25\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

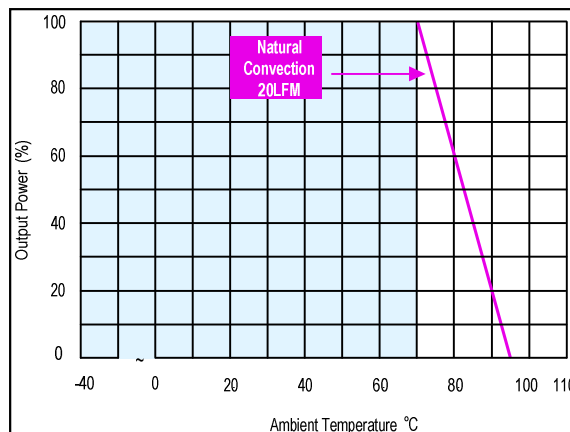


Figure 144: AYA01B48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$

## AYA01C48-L Performance Curves

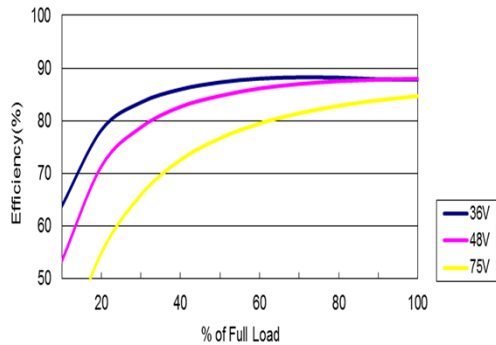


Figure 145: AYA01C48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to 75Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0$  to 0.2A

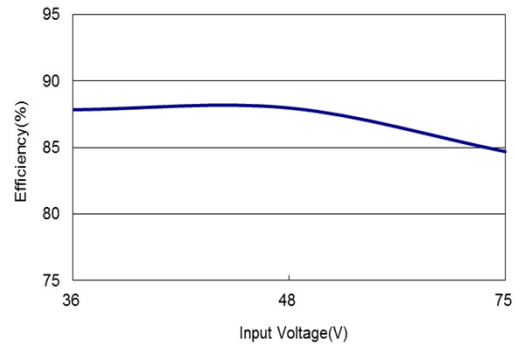


Figure 146: AYA01C48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to 75Vdc Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$

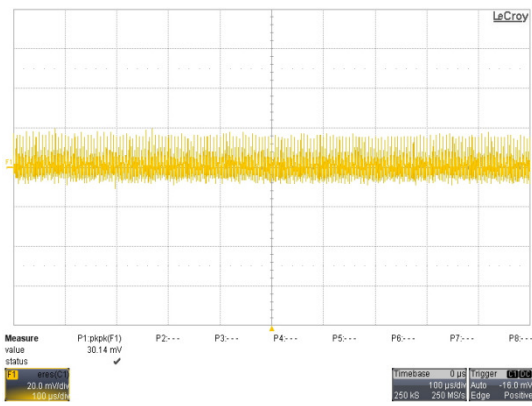


Figure 147: AYA01C48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch 1:  $V_O$

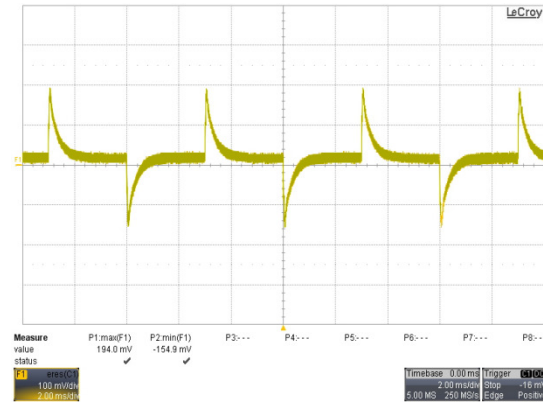


Figure 148: AYA01C48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to 75% Load Change  
Ch 1:  $V_O$

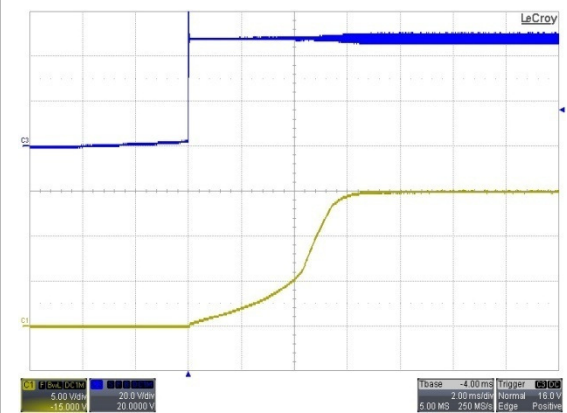


Figure 149: AYA01C48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0.2A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_O$

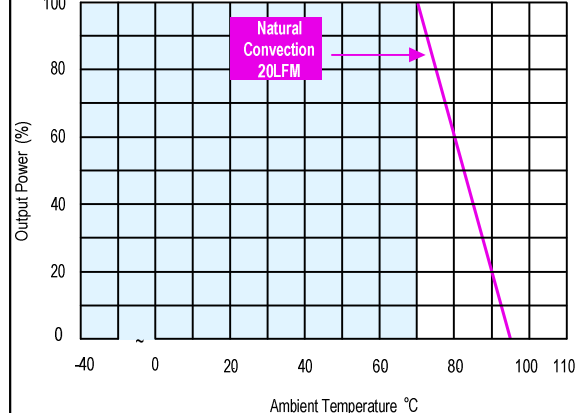


Figure 150: AYA01C48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$

## AYA01AA48-L Performance Curves

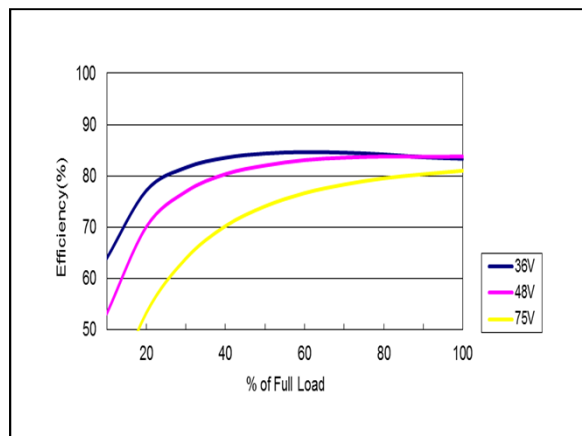


Figure 151: AYA01AA48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $\pm 0.3A$

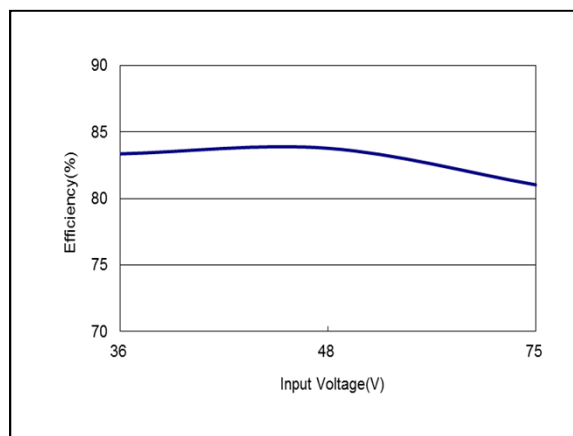


Figure 152: AYA01AA48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$

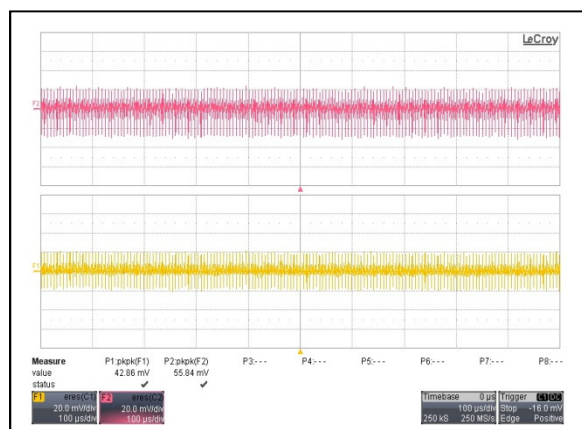


Figure 153: AYA01AA48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

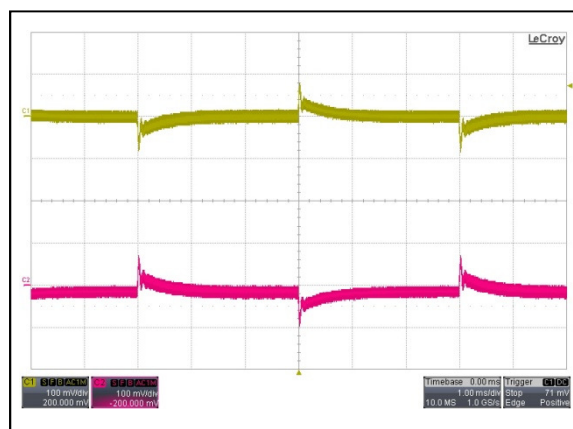


Figure 154: AYA01AA48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

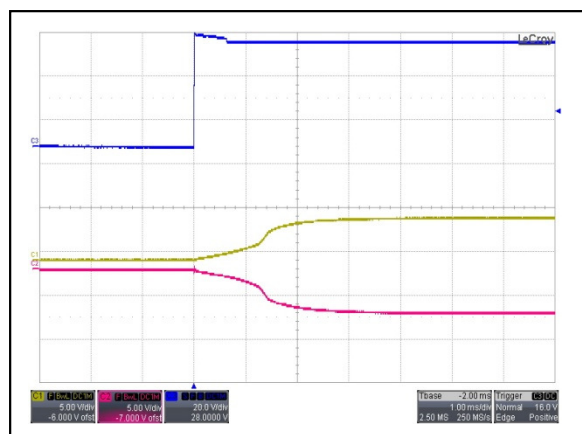


Figure 155: AYA01AA48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.3A$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

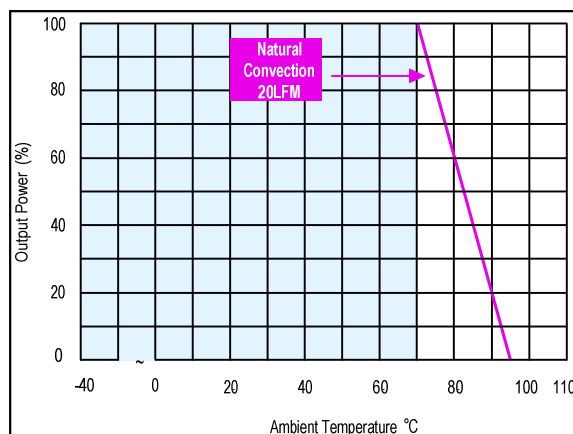
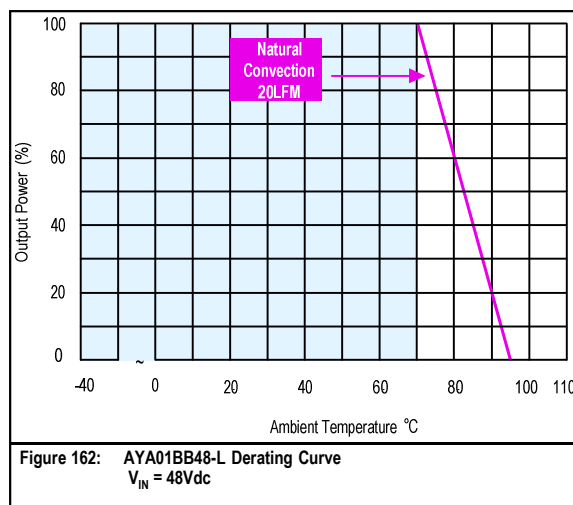
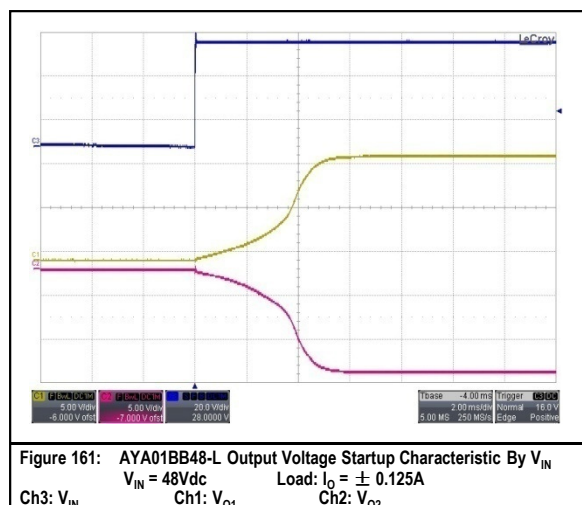
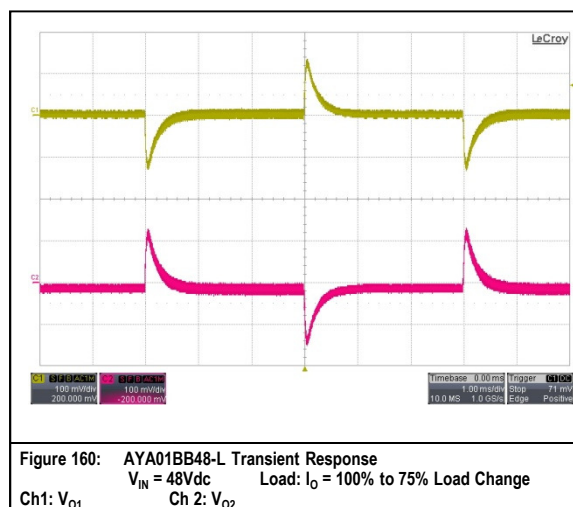
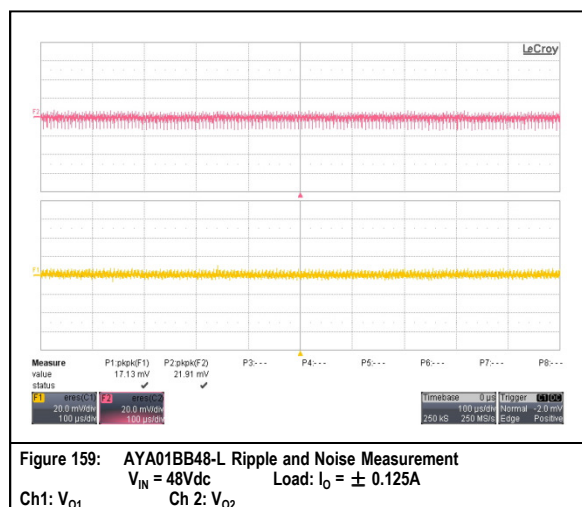
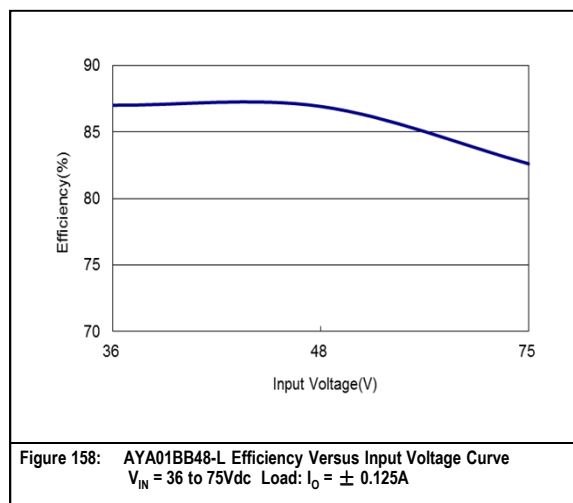
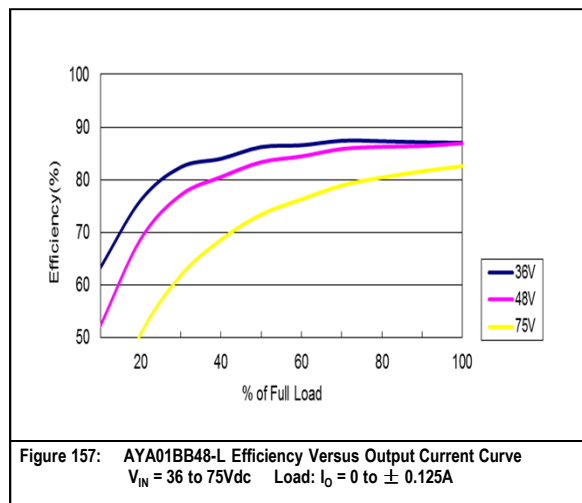


Figure 156: AYA01AA48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48Vdc$

## AYA01BB48-L Performance Curves





## AYA01CC48-L Performance Curves

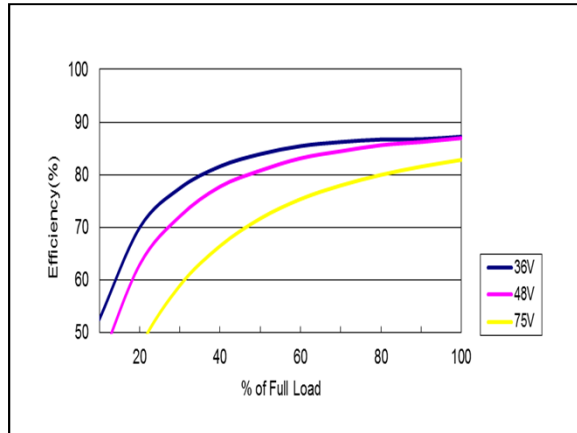


Figure 163: AYA01CC48-L Efficiency Versus Output Current Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 0$  to  $\pm 0.1\text{A}$

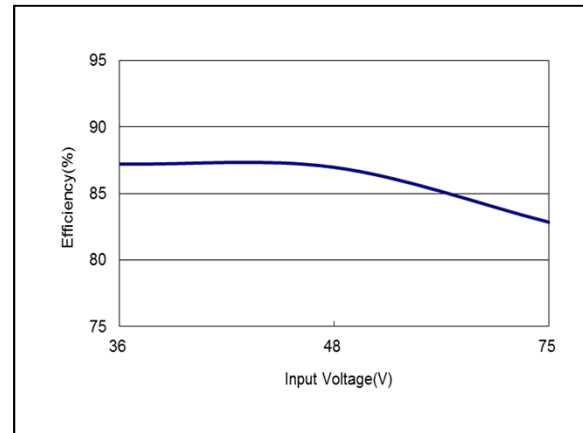


Figure 164: AYA01CC48-L Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 36$  to  $75\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1\text{A}$

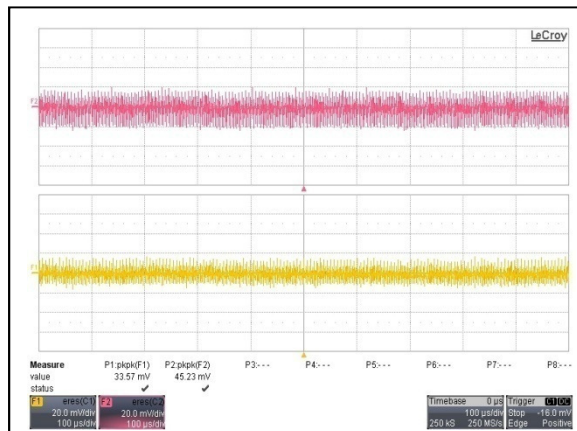


Figure 165: AYA01CC48-L Ripple and Noise Measurement  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1\text{A}$   
Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

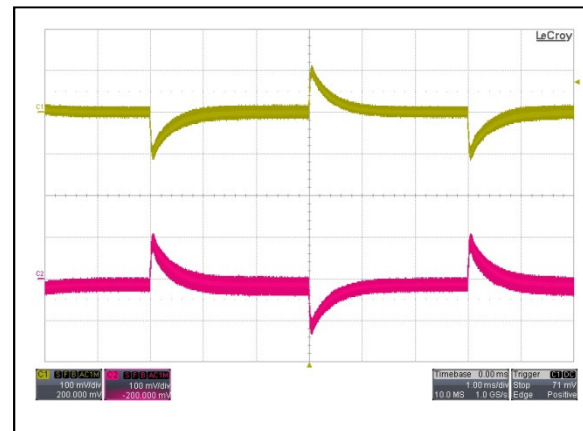


Figure 166: AYA01CC48-L Transient Response  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = 100\%$  to  $75\%$  Load Change  
Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

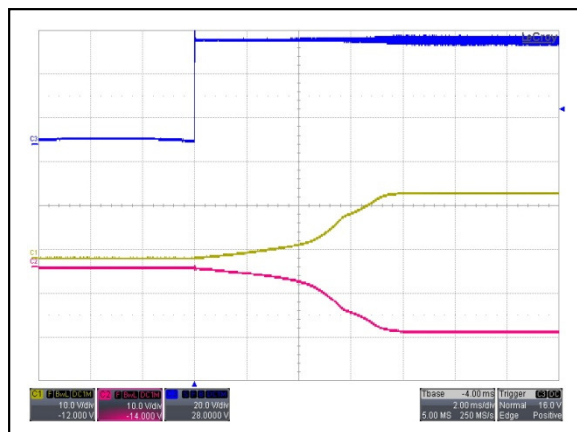


Figure 167: AYA01CC48-L Output Voltage Startup Characteristic By  $V_{IN}$   
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$  Load:  $I_O = \pm 0.1\text{A}$   
Ch3:  $V_{IN}$  Ch1:  $V_{O1}$  Ch2:  $V_{O2}$

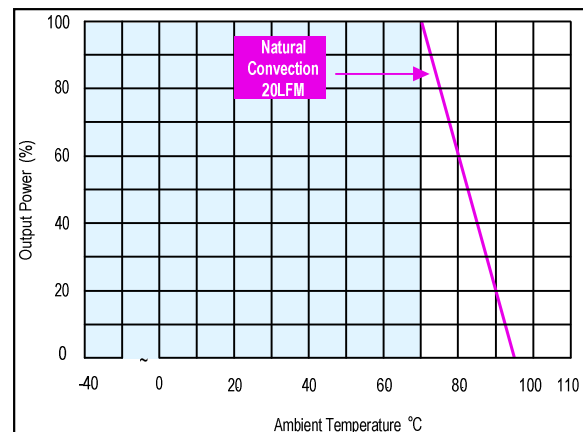
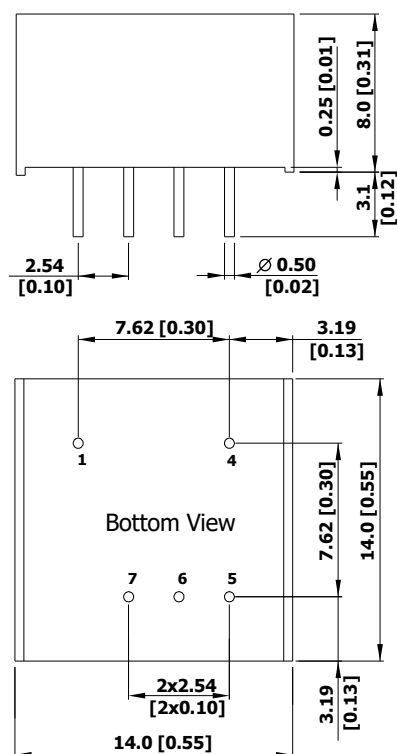


Figure 168: AYA01CC48-L Derating Curve  
 $V_{IN} = 48\text{Vdc}$

## Mechanical Specifications

### Mechanical Outlines



#### Note:

1. All dimensions in mm (inches)
2. Tolerance:  $X.X \pm 0.5$  ( $X.XX \pm 0.02$ )  
 $X.XX \pm 0.25$  ( $X.XXX \pm 0.01$ )
3. Pin diameter  $0.5 \pm 0.05$  ( $0.02 \pm 0.0002$ )

### Physical Characteristics

Device code suffix	Characteristics
Case Size	14.0 x 14.0 x 8.0mm (0.55x0.55x0.31 inches)
Case Material	Non-Conductive Black Plastic (Flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	Tinned Copper
Weight	3.9g

### Pin Connections

#### Single output

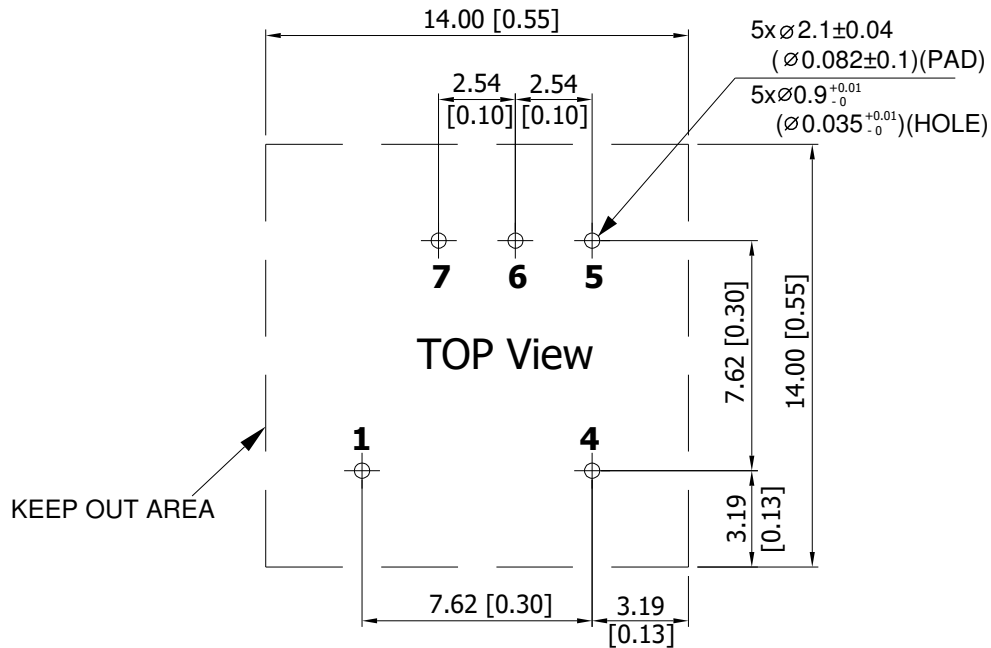
- Pin 1 – -Vin
- Pin 4 – +Vin
- Pin 5 – +Vout
- Pin 6 – No Pin
- Pin 7 – -Vout

#### Dual Output

- Pin 1 – -Vin
- Pin 4 – +Vin
- Pin 5 – +Vout
- Pin 6 – Common
- Pin 7 – -Vout



## Recommended Pad Layout for Single & Dual Output Converter



Note:  
 All dimensions in mm (inches)

## Environmental Specifications

### EMC Immunity

AYA 3W series power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity specifications.

Table 4. EMC Specifications

Parameter	Standards & Level	Performance
EMI	EN55022, FCC part 15	Class A & Class B
ESD	EN61000-4-2 Air $\pm$ 8KV , Contact $\pm$ 6KV	A
Radiated Immunity	EN61000-4-3 10V/M	A
Fast transient	EN61000-4-4 $\pm$ 2KV	A
Surge	EN61000-4-5 $\pm$ 1KV	A
Conducted Immunity	EN61000-4-6 10Vrms	A

## EMC Considerations

External filter meets EN 55022, class A, class B, FCC part 15, level A, level B

Conducted and radiated emissions EN55022 Class B

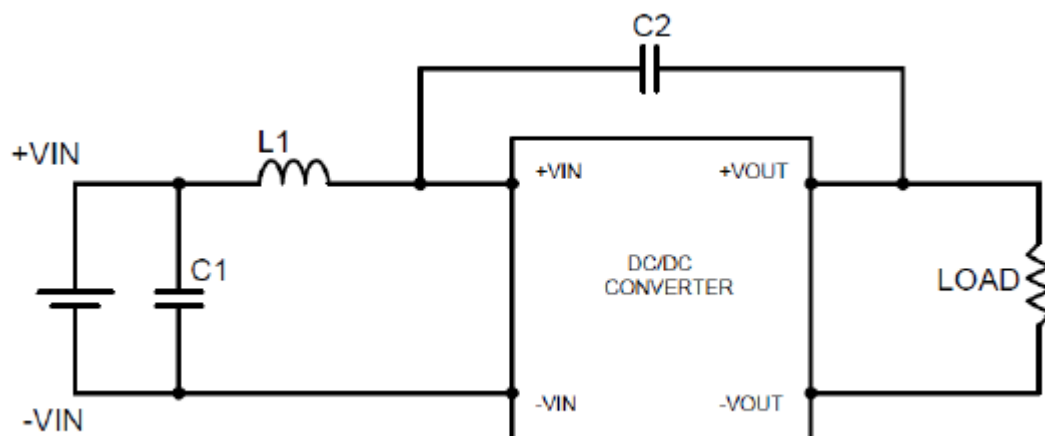


Table 5. Class A specifications

Model	Component	Value
AYA01F05-L	C1	22 $\mu$ F/16V
AYA01A05-L		
AYA01B05-L	C2	None
AYA01C05-L		
AYA01AA05-L	L1	3.3 $\mu$ H/4A
AYA01BB05-L		
AYA01CC05-L		
AYA01F12-L	C1	22 $\mu$ F/25V
AYA01A12-L	C2	None
AYA01B12-L		
AYA01C12-L	L1	18 $\mu$ H/1.45A
AYA01AA12-L		
AYA01BB12-L		
AYA01CC12-L		
AYA01F24-L	C1	10 $\mu$ F/50V
AYA01A24-L	C2	None
AYA01B24-L		
AYA01C24-L	L1	39 $\mu$ H/0.94A
AYA01AA24-L		
AYA01BB24-L		
AYA01CC24-L		
AYA01F48-L	C1	3.3 $\mu$ F/100V
AYA01A48-L	C2	None
AYA01B48-L		
AYA01C48-L	L1	68 $\mu$ H/0.64A
AYA01AA48-L		
AYA01BB48-L		
AYA01CC48-L		

Table 6. Class B specifications

Model	Component	Value
AYA01F05-L AYA01A05-L AYA01B05-L AYA01C05-L AYA01AA05-L AYA01BB05-L AYA01CC05-L	C1	22μF/16V
	C2	None
	L1	10μH/2.2A
AYA01F12-L AYA01A12-L AYA01B12-L AYA01C12-L AYA01AA12-L AYA01BB12-L AYA01CC12-L	C1	22μF/25V
	C2	220pF/2KV
	L1	18μH/1.45A
AYA01F24-L AYA01A24-L AYA01B24-L AYA01C24-L AYA01AA24-L AYA01BB24-L AYA01CC24-L	C1	10μF/50V
	C2	220pF/2KV
	L1	68μH/0.64A
AYA01F48-L AYA01A48-L AYA01B48-L AYA01C48-L AYA01AA48-L AYA01BB48-L AYA01CC48-L	C1	4.7μF/100V
	C2	220pF/2KV
	L1	82μH/0.6A

### **Safety Certifications**

The AYA 3W power supply is intended for inclusion in other equipment and the installer must ensure that it is in compliance with all the requirements of the end application. This product is only for inclusion by professional installers within other equipment and must not be operated as a stand alone product.

Table 4. Safety Certifications for AYA series power supply system

Document	Description
cUL/UL 60950-1 (UL certificate)	US and Canada Requirements
IEC/EN 60950-1 (CB-scheme)	European Requirements



## MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of AYA 3W series of DC/DC converters has been calculated using MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2, Operating Temperature 25 °C, Ground Benign.

Model	MTBF	Unit
AYA01F05-L	3,471,000	Hours
AYA01A05-L	3,294,000	
AYA01B05-L	4,221,000	
AYA01C05-L	4,763,000	
AYA01AA05-L	3,258,000	
AYA01BB05-L	4,437,000	
AYA01CC05-L	4,273,000	
AYA01F12-L	3,595,000	
AYA01A12-L	3,593,000	
AYA01B12-L	4,601,000	
AYA01C12-L	4,316,000	
AYA01AA12-L	3,509,000	
AYA01BB12-L	4,530,000	
AYA01CC12-L	4,612,000	
AYA01F24-L	3,530,000	
AYA01A24-L	3,516,000	
AYA01B24-L	4,584,000	
AYA01C24-L	4,584,000	
AYA01AA24-L	3,493,000	
AYA01BB24-L	4,725,000	
AYA01CC24-L	4,552,000	
AYA01F48-L	3,736,000	
AYA01A48-L	3,450,000	
AYA01B48-L	4,480,000	
AYA01C48-L	4,480,000	
AYA01AA48-L	3,310,000	
AYA01BB48-L	3,706,000	
AYA01CC48-L	4,296,000	

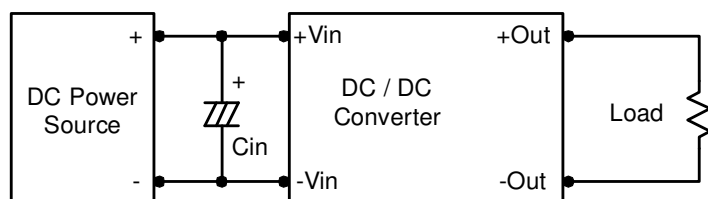
## Application Notes

### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module.

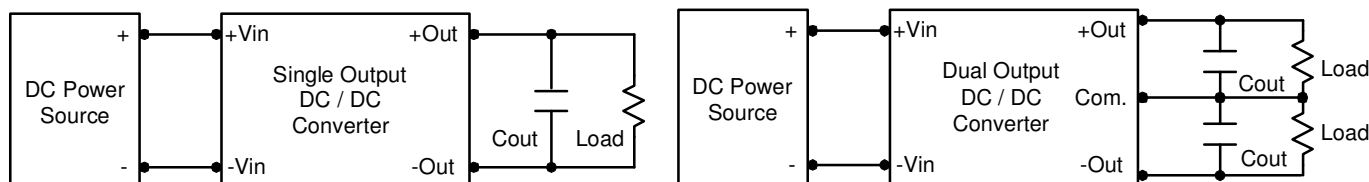
In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup.

Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance ( $ESR < 1.0\Omega$  at 100 KHz) capacitor of a  $8.2\mu F$  for the 5V input devices, a  $3.3\mu F$  for 12V input devices and a  $1.5\mu F$  for the 24V and 48V input devices.



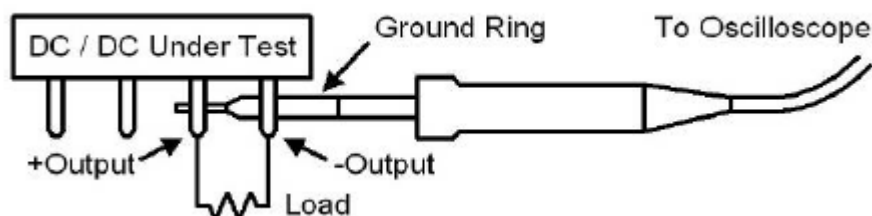
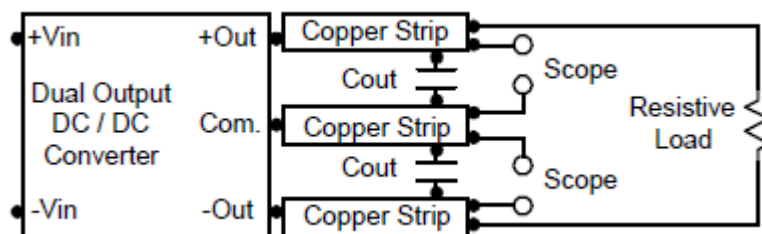
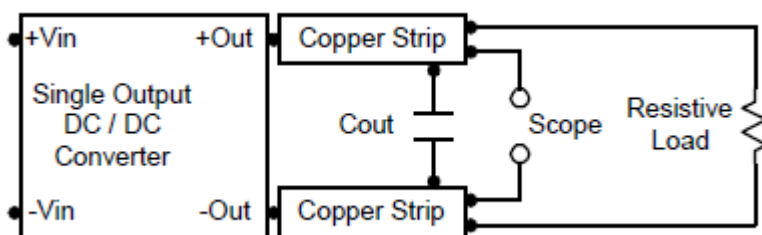
## Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3uF capacitors at the output.



## Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a 1uF ceramic capacitor and a 10uF tantalum capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter

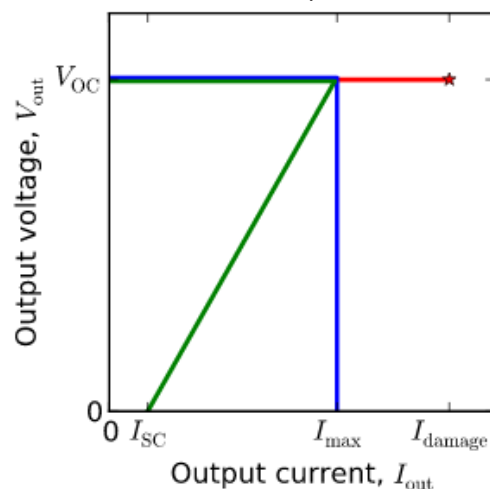


## Overcurrent Protection

The AYA 3W series converters contain foldback mode output over current protection that prevents damaging to the product in the event of an overload or a short circuit. Normally, over current is maintained at approximately 170 percent of rated current for AYA 3W series.

When the load attempts to draw over current from the supply, foldback reduces both the output voltage and current to well below the normal operating limits. Under a short circuit, where the output voltage has reduced to zero, the current is typically limited to a small fraction of the maximum current.

The output current waveform with foldback over current protection is shown in figure below.



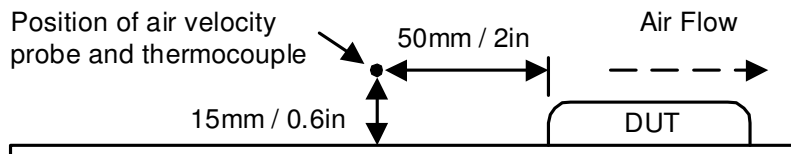
## Short Circuitry Protection

Continuous and auto-recovery mode.

During short circuit, converter still shut down. The average current during this condition is very low and the device is safe in this condition.

### **Thermal Considerations**

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.



### **Maximum Capacitive Load**

The AYA 3W series converters have a limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.



## Switching Frequency

The different units have different switching frequency. The switching frequency is chosen after consideration of size, power, efficiency, component-design are taken in to consideration.

Below is an example about the relationship of switching frequency, input voltage and load.

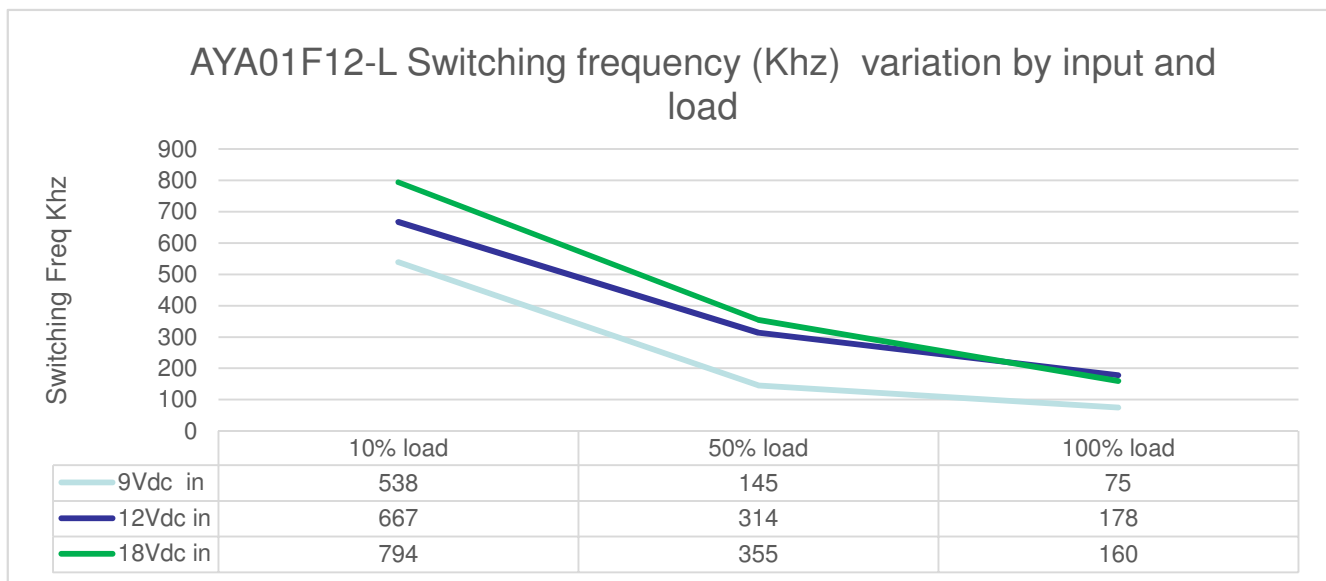


Figure 169. AYA01F12-L Switching Frequency

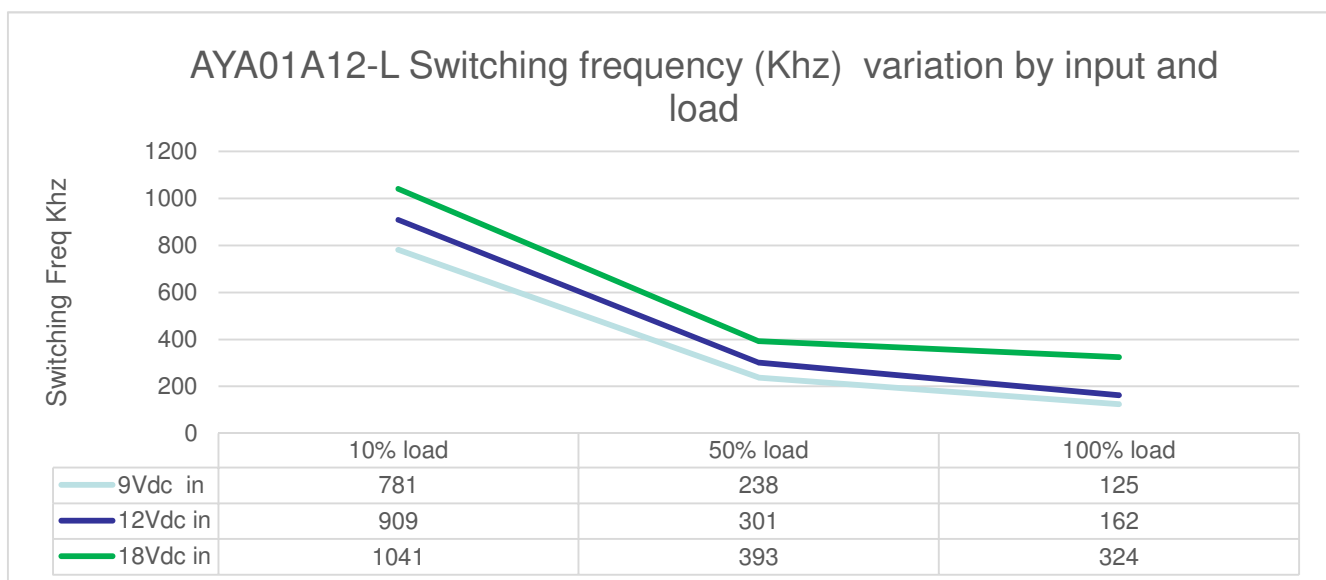


Figure 170. AYA01A12-L Switching Frequency

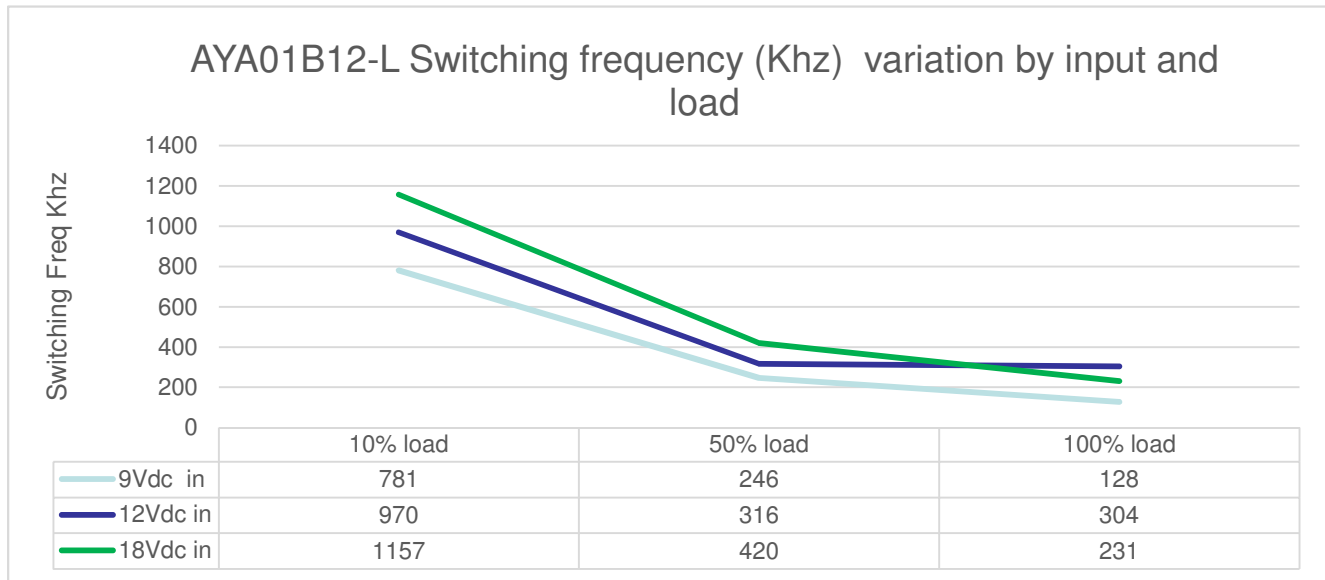
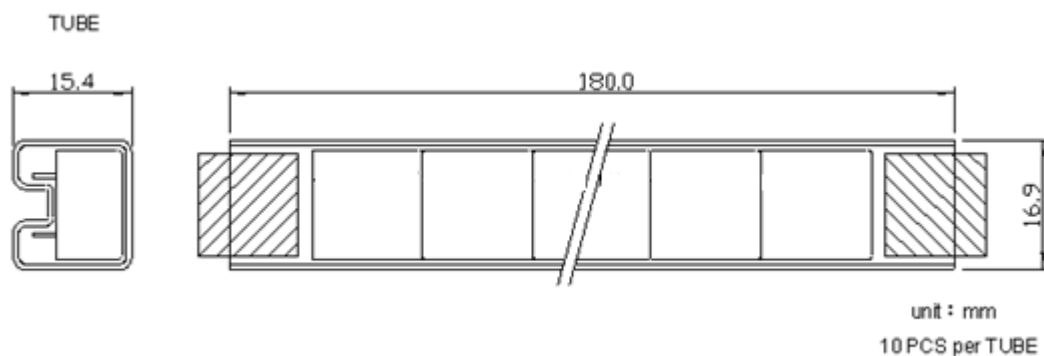


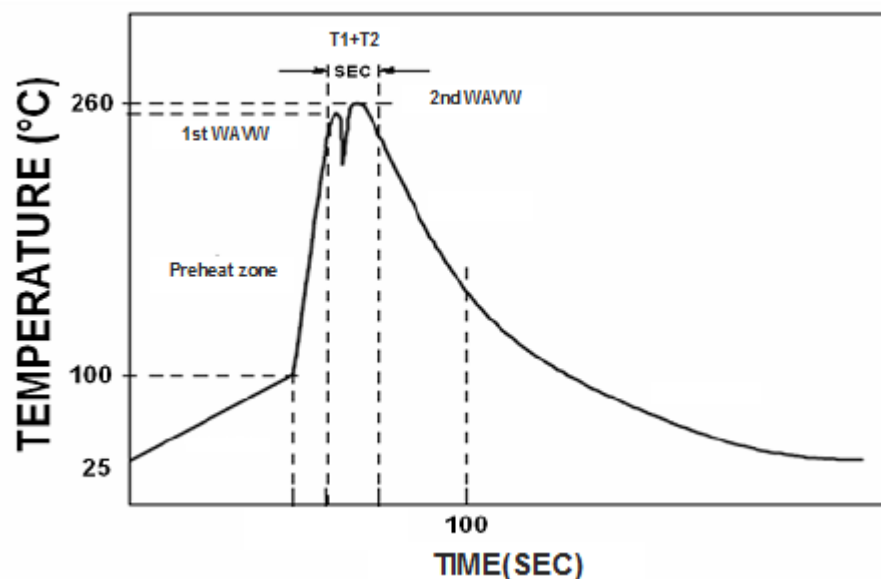
Figure 171. AYA01B12-L Switching Frequency

## Packaging Information



## Soldering and Reflow Considerations

Lead free wave solder profile for AYA 3W Series



Zone	Reference Parameter
Preheat zone	Rise temp speed: 3°C/sec max.
	Preheat temp : 100~130°C
Actual heating	Peak temp: 250~260°C Peak Time
	Peak time(T1+T2): 4~6 sec

Reference Solder: Sn-Ag-Cu: Sn-Cu: Sn-Ag  
Hand Welding: Soldering iron: Power 60W  
Welding Time: 2~4 sec  
Temp.: 380~400 °C

### **Weight**

The typical weight of AYA 3W series converters is 3.9g.

## Record of Revision and Changes

Issue	Date	Description	Originators
1.0	09.23.2016	First Issue	Leo.L
1.1	12.18.2017	Update the Switching Frequency	Leo.L

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