LCB100 Series

Up to 100 Watts

Low Power

Total Power: Up to 100 Watts
Input Voltage: 88 to 264 Vac
125 to 373 Vdc

# of Outputs: Single

Special Features

- No-load power consumption 0.5 W
- Low cost
- 5.1" x 3.9" x 1.5"
- -25 ^{O}C to 70 ^{O}C with derating
- High efficiency: 89% @ 230 Vac
- Power ON with LED indicator
- Withstand 5G vibration test
- 2 Years warranty

Safety

UL /cUL 60950-1
TUV 60950-1
CE

Product Descriptions

The LCB100 series features a universal 88-264Vac input – enabling it to be used anywhere in the world – and is also capable of operating from a 125-373Vdc Input. The LCB100 series offers a power rating up to 100W with convection cooling, and it provide precisely regulated output voltages of 3.3V, 5V, 12V, 15V, 24V and 48Vdc.

The LCB100 series power supply is comprehensively protected against over voltage, over load and short-circuit conditions.

ARTESYN™
EMBEDDED TECHNOLOGIES

Model Numbers

Model	Output Voltage (Vdc)	Minimum Load (A)	Maximum Load (A)	Efficiency[1] (%)
LCB100D	3.3	0	20	79
LCB100E	5	0	16	83
LCB100L	12	0	8.5	86
LCB100N	15	0	7	88
LCB100Q	24	0	4.5	88
LCB100W	48	0	2.3	89

Note 1 - Typical value at nominal input voltage(230Vac) and maximum load.

Options

None

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of those listed in the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the power supply. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the unit is not implied at these or any other conditions above those given in the operational sections of this TRN. Exposure to any absolute maximum rated condition for extended periods may adversely affect the power supply’s reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Voltage						
AC continuous operation	All models	$V_{IN,AC}$	88	-	264	Vac
DC continuous operation	All models	$V_{IN,DC}$	125	-	373	Vdc
Maximum Output Power Convection continuous operation	LCB100D	$P_{O,max}$	-	-	66	W
	LCB100E		-	-	80	W
	LCB100L		-	-	102	W
	LCB100N		-	-	105	W
	LCB100Q		-	-	108	W
	LCB100W		-	-	110	W
Isolation Voltage						
Input to Output	All models		-	-	3000	Vac
Input to Safety Ground	All models		-	-	1500	Vac
Output to Earth Ground	All models		-	-	500	Vdc
Ambient Operating Temperature	All models	T_A	-25	-	+70[1]	^{O}C
Storage Temperature	All models	T_{STG}	-40	-	+85	^{O}C
Humidity (non-condensing)						
Operating	All models		20	-	90	%
Non-operating	All models		10	-	95	%

Note 1 - Derate each output at 2.5% per degree C from 50 ^{O}C to 70 ^{O}C.

Input Specifications

Table 2. Input Specifications:

Parameter		Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage, AC[1]		All	$V_{IN,AC}$	88	115/230	264	Vac
Operating Input Voltage, DC		All	$V_{IN,DC}$	125	-	373	Vdc
Input AC Frequency		All	f_{IN}	47	50/60	63	Hz
Input Current		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac $V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac	$I_{IN,max}$	- -	2.5 1.4	- -	A
No Load Input Power (V_O = ON, I_O = 0A)		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115/230Vac	$P_{IN,no-load}$	-	-	0.5	W
Harmonic Line Currents		All	THD	EN61000-3-2/EN61000-3-3			
Startup Surge Current (Inrush) @ 25°C		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac	$I_{IN,surge}$	-	40	-	A_{PK}
Efficiency (T_A = 25°C, free air convection cooling)	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac $I_O = I_{O,max}$	η	- - - - - -	79 83 86 88 88 89	- - - - - -	%
Hold Up Time		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac $P_O = P_{O,max}$	$t_{Hold-Up}$	10	-	-	mSec
		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac $P_O = P_{O,max}$	$t_{Hold-Up}$	32	-	-	mSec
Turn On Delay		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 115Vac $P_O = P_{O,max}$	$t_{Turn-On}$	-	1000	-	mSec
		$V_{IN,AC}$ = 230Vac $P_O = P_{O,max}$	$t_{Turn-On}$	-	800	-	mSec
Leakage Current to safety ground		V_{IN} = 240Vac f_{IN} = 50/60Hz	$I_{IN,leakage}$	-	-	2000	µA

Note 1 - Withstand 300Vac surge for 5sec, without damage.

Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications:

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Factory Set Point Accuracy	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	Inclusive of setpoint, line, load change	$\%V_O$	-3 -2 -1 -1 -1 -1	- - - - - -	+3 +2 +1 +1 +1 +1	%
Output Adjust Range	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	All	V_O	2.97 4.5 10.8 13.5 21.6 43.2	3.3 5 12 15 24 48	3.63 5.5 13.2 16.5 26.4 52.8	V
Output Ripple, pk-pk	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	Measure with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 47µF aluminum electrolytic capacitor	V_O	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	150 150 150 150 150 200	mV_{PK-PK}
Convection Output Current, continuous	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	Convection cooling	$I_{O,max}$	0 0 0 0 0 0	- - - - - -	20 16 8.5 7 4.5 2.3	A
Line Regulation	All Modules	$V_{IN,DC}=V_{IN,min}$ to $V_{IN,max}$ $I_O=I_{O,max}$	$\%V_O$	-0.5	-	+0.5	%
Load Regulation	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	All	$\%V_O$	-3.0 -2.0 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5	- - - - - -	+3.0 +2.0 +0.5 +0.5 +0.5 +0.5	%
Temperature Coefficient		All		-0.03	-	+0.03	$\%/^OC$
Load Capacitance	LCB100D LCB100E LCB100L LCB100N LCB100Q LCB100W	Start up		- - - - - -	- - - - - -	2200 2200 1500 1000 470 220	uF
V_O Over Voltage Protection	LCB100D	Latch off (AC recycle to reset)	V_O	115	-	175	%
	Other Models			115	-	150	%
V_O Over Current Protection [1]		All	I_O	110	-	-	$\%I_{O,max}$

Note 1 - Hiccup Mode and Auto recovery after fault load is remove.

LCB100D Performance Curves

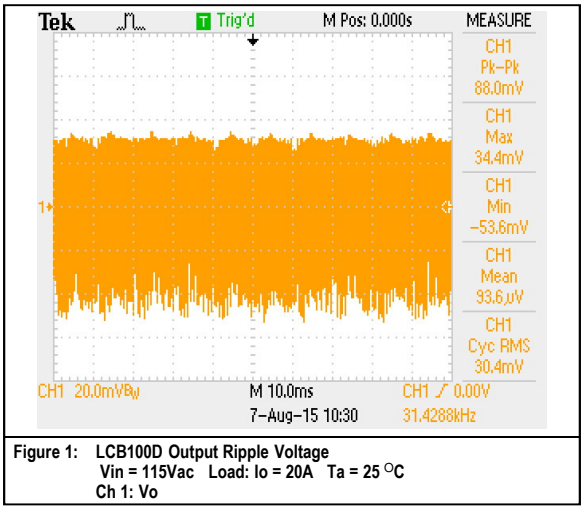


Figure 1: LCB100D Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 115Vac Load: Io = 20A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

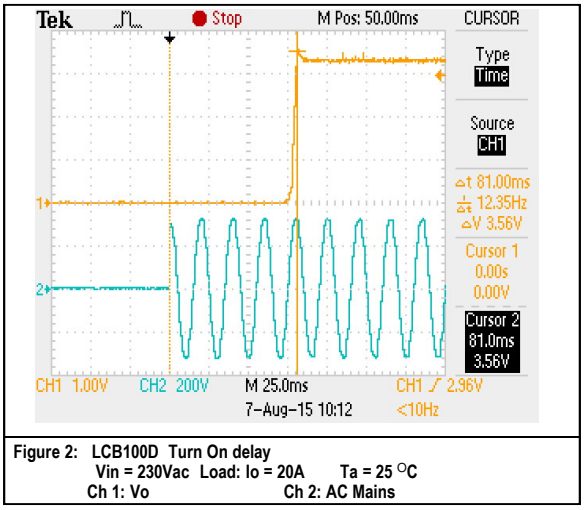


Figure 2: LCB100D Turn On delay
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

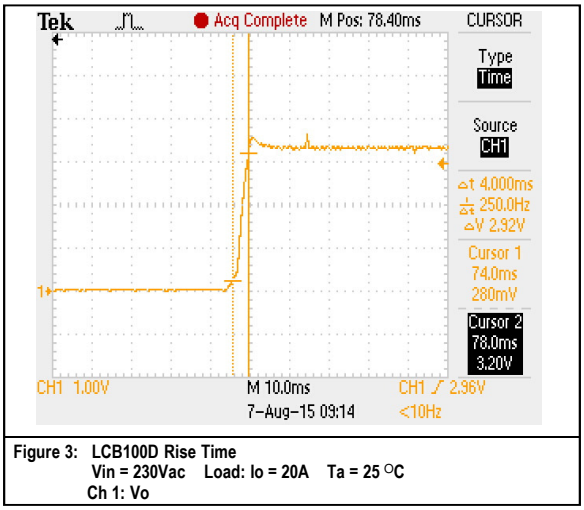


Figure 3: LCB100D Rise Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

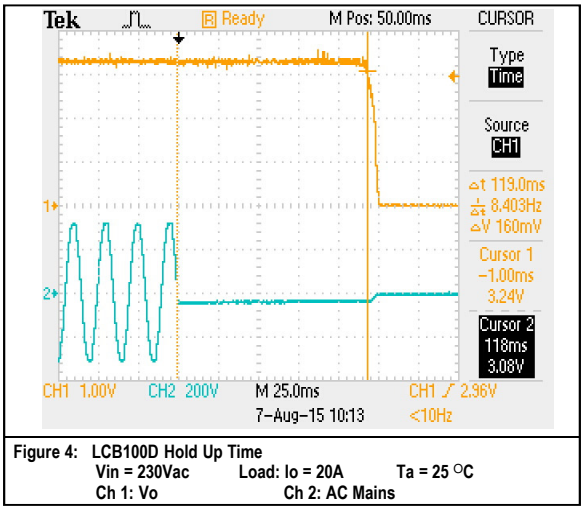


Figure 4: LCB100D Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

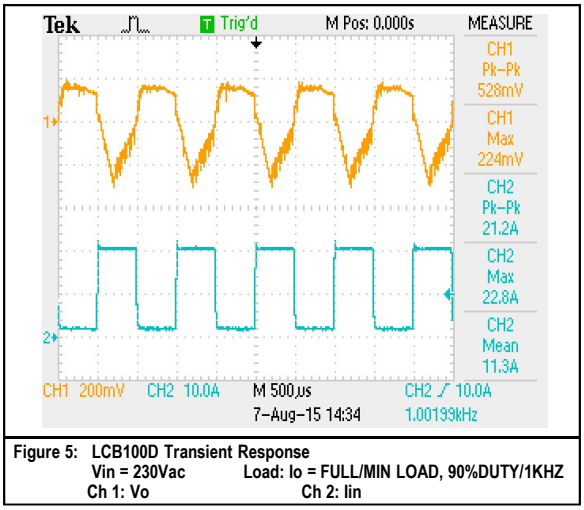


Figure 5: LCB100D Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

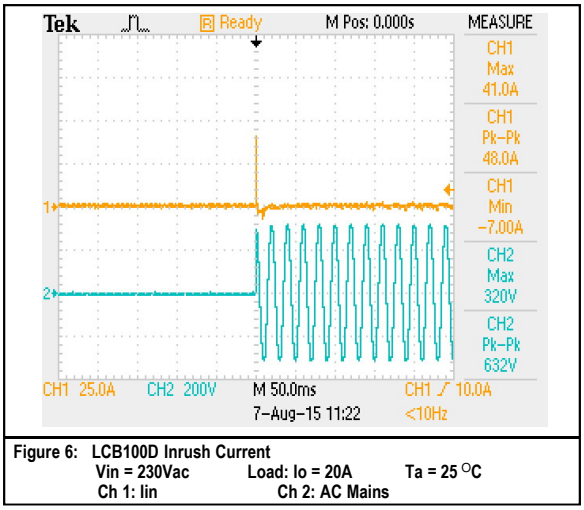


Figure 6: LCB100D Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 20A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

LCB100E Performance Curves

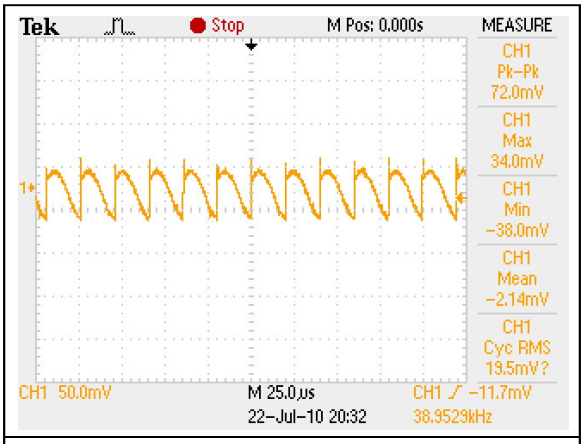


Figure 7: LCB100E Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 16A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

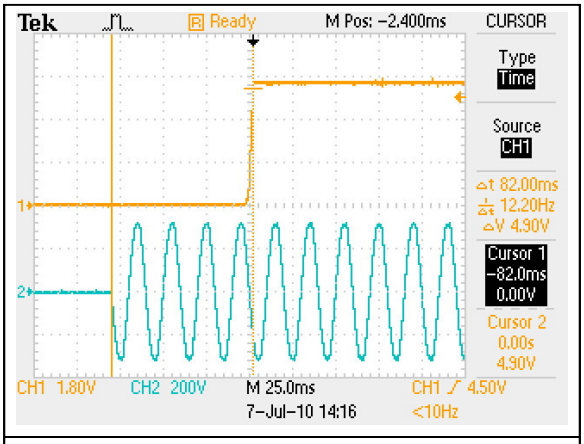


Figure 8: LCB100E Turn On delay
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 16A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

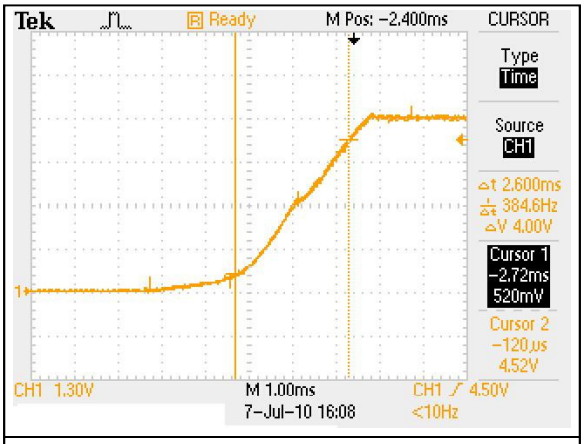


Figure 9: LCB100E Rise Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 16A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

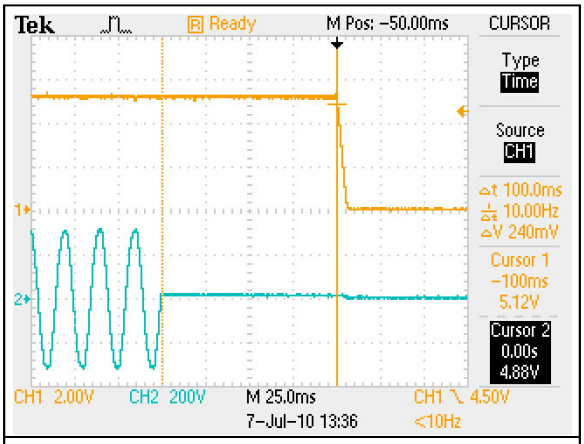


Figure 10: LCB100E Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 16A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

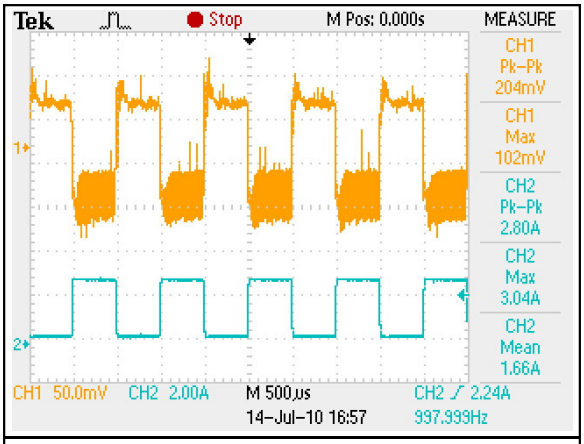


Figure 11: LCB100E Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

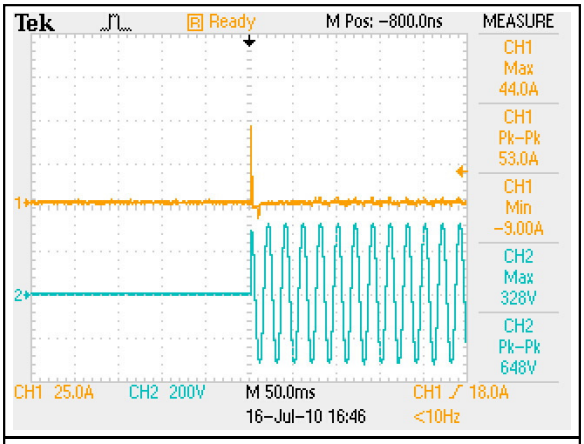


Figure 12: LCB100E Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 16A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

LCB100L Performance Curves

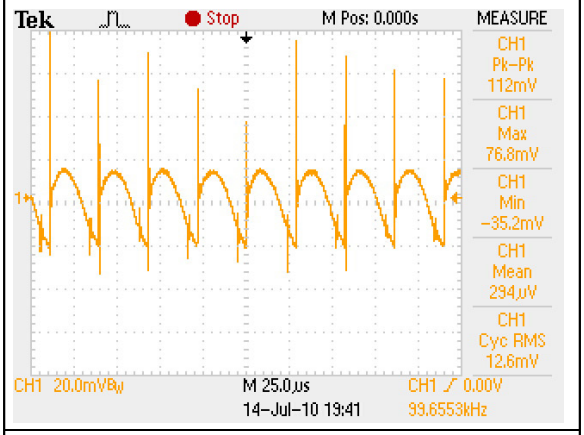


Figure 13: LCB100L Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 8.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

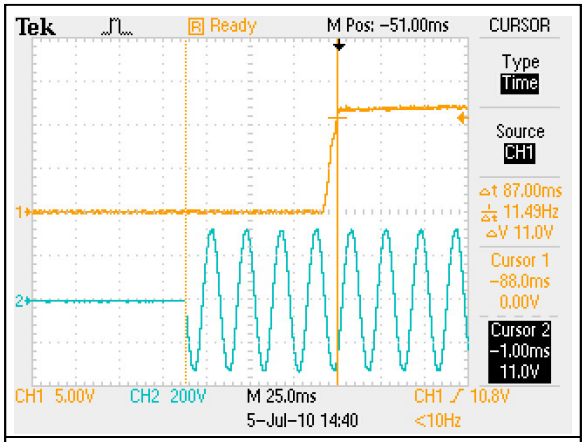


Figure 14: LCB100L Turn On delay
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 8.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

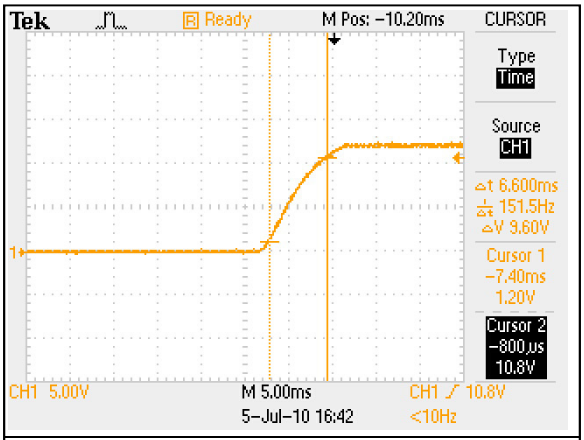


Figure 15: LCB100L Rise Time
Vin = 115Vac Load: Io = 8.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

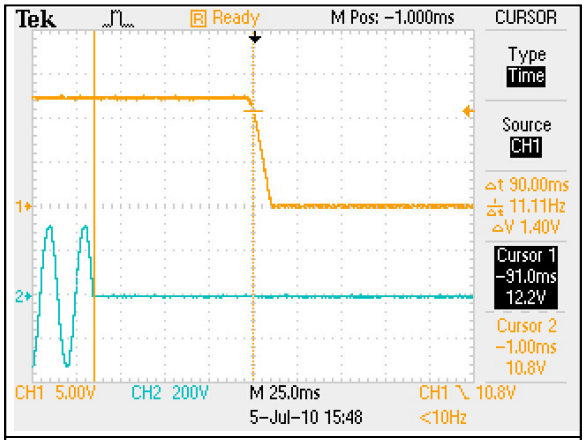


Figure 16: LCB100L Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 8.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

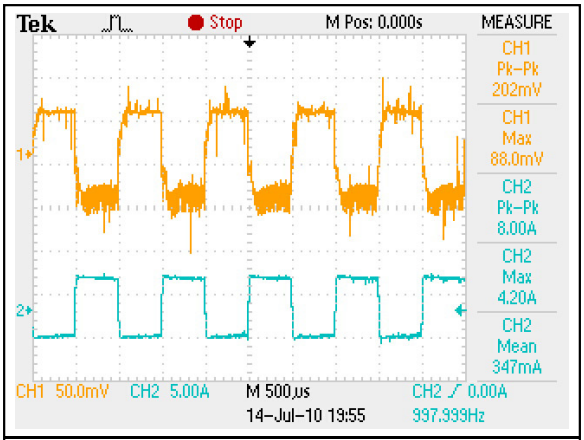


Figure 17: LCB100L Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

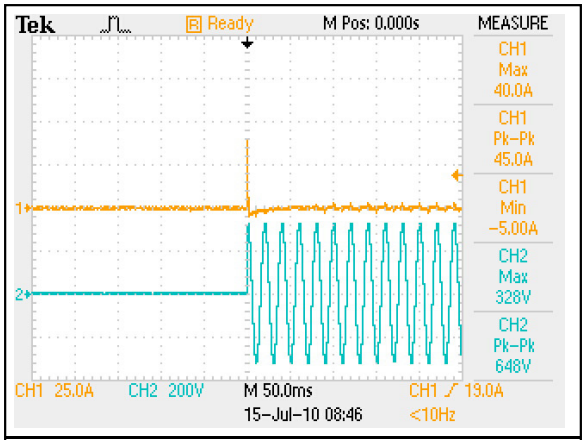


Figure 18: LCB100L Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 8.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

LCB100N Performance Curves

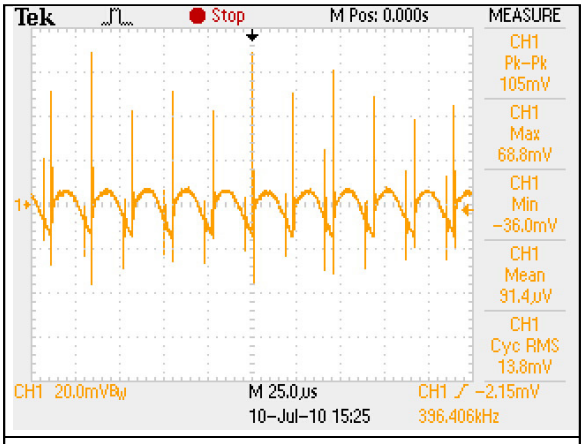


Figure 19: LCB100N Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

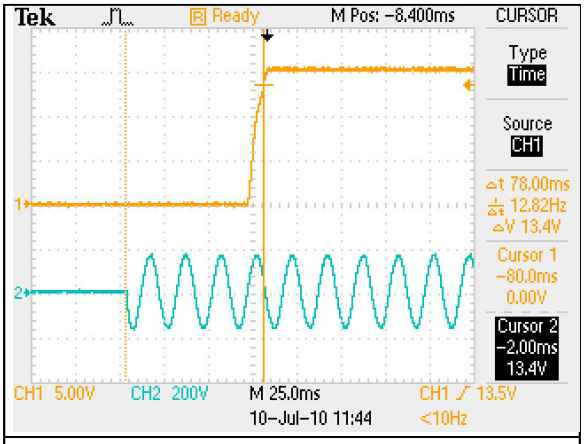


Figure 20: LCB100N Turn On delay
Vin = 115Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

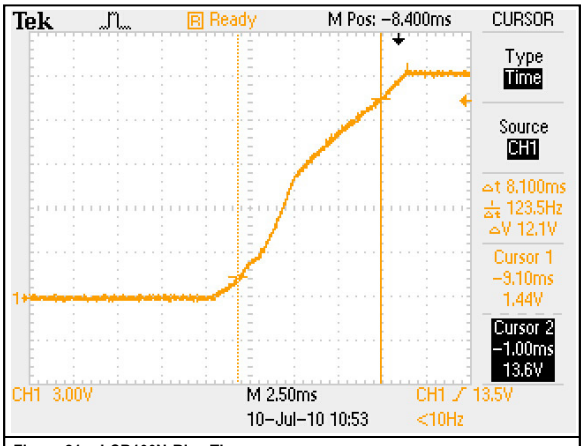


Figure 21: LCB100N Rise Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

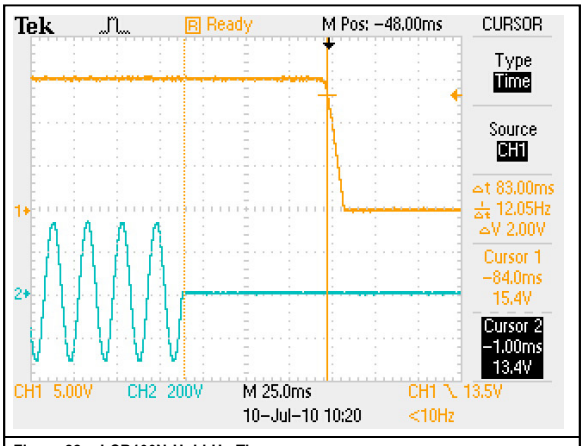


Figure 22: LCB100N Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

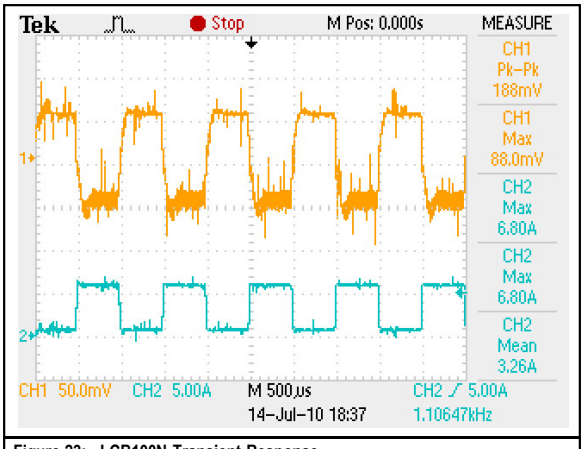


Figure 23: LCB100N Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

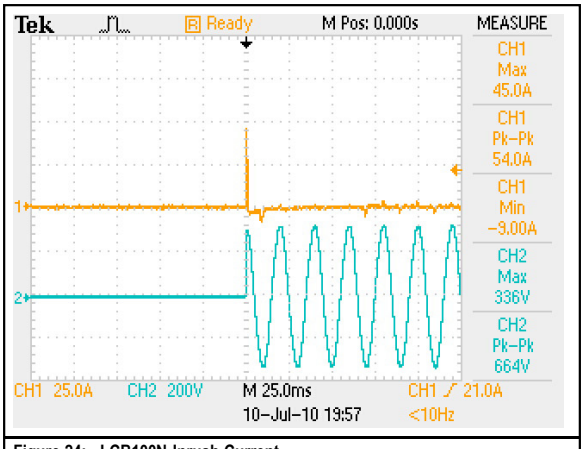


Figure 24: LCB100N Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

LCB100Q Performance Curves

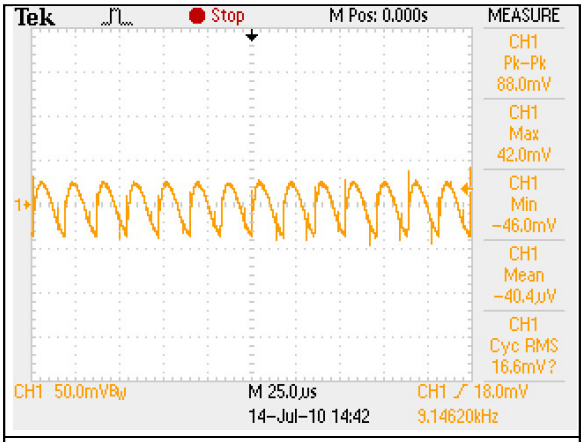


Figure 25: LCB100Q Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 4.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

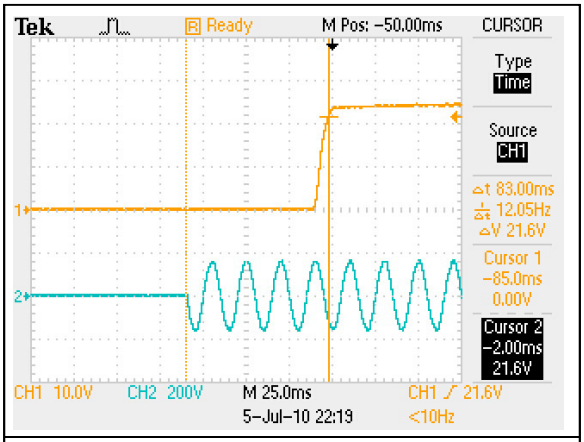


Figure 26: LCB100Q Turn On delay
Vin = 115Vac Load: Io = 4.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

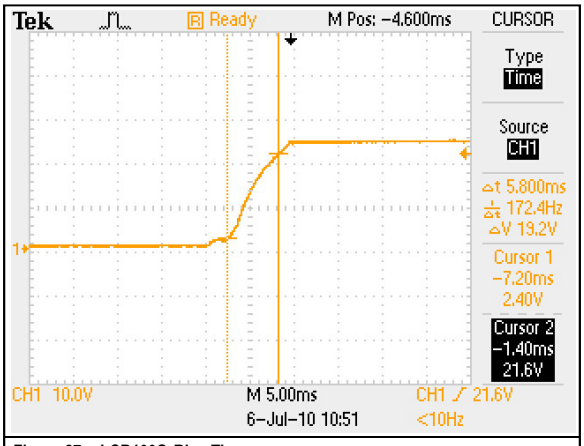


Figure 27: LCB100Q Rise Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 4.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

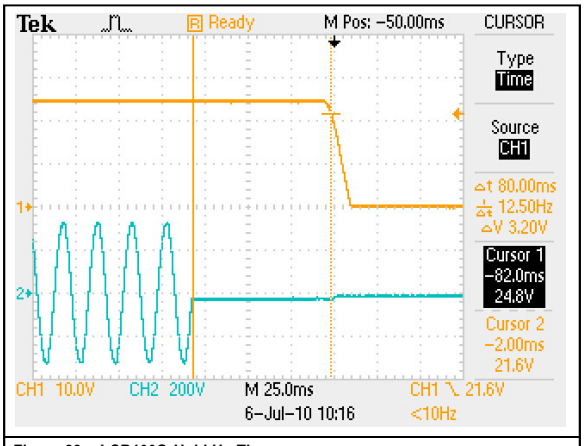


Figure 28: LCB100Q Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 4.5A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

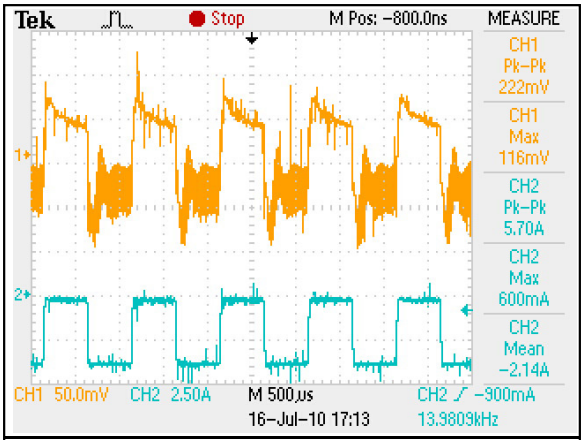


Figure 29: LCB100Q Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

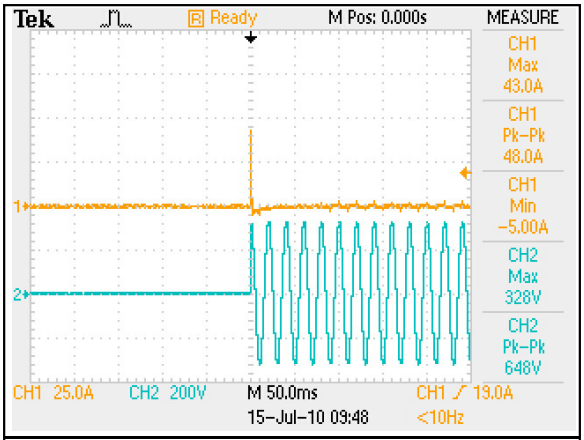


Figure 30: LCB100Q Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 7A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

LCB100W Performance Curves

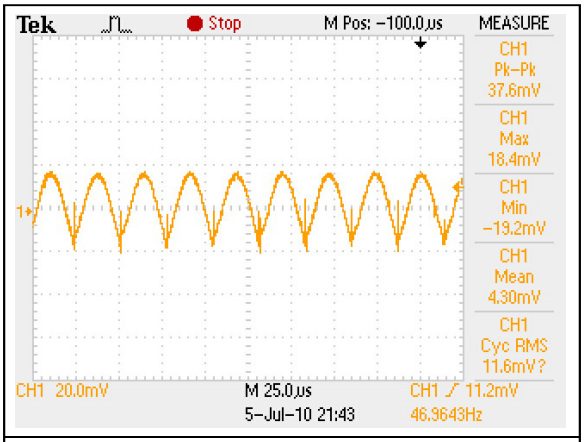


Figure 31: LCB100W Output Ripple Voltage
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 2.3A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

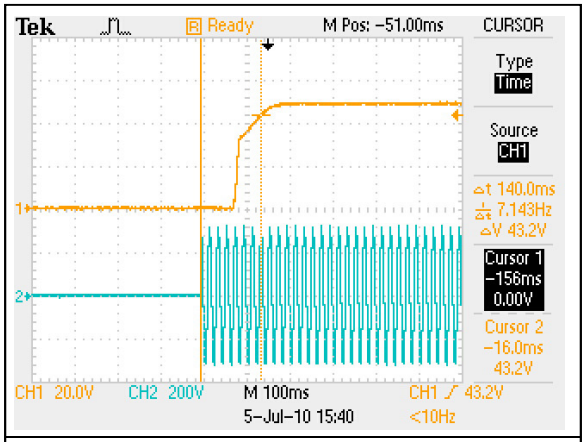


Figure 32: LCB100W Turn On delay
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 2.3A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

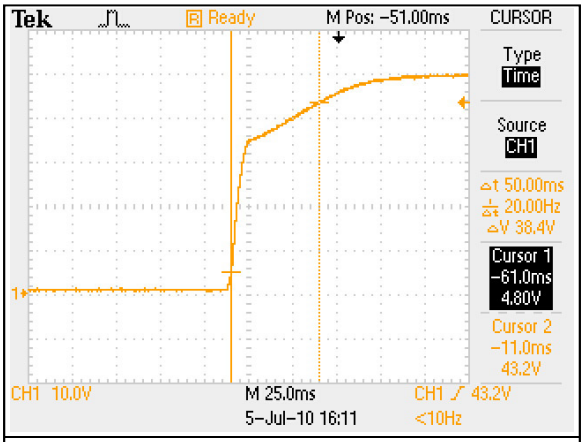


Figure 33: LCB100W Rise Time
Vin = 115Vac Load: Io = 2.3A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo

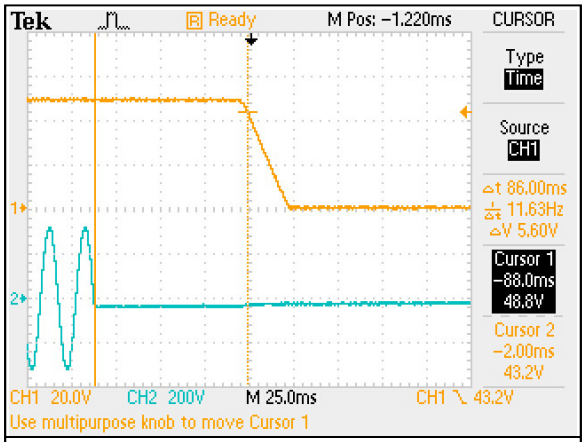


Figure 34: LCB100W Hold Up Time
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 2.3A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: AC Mains

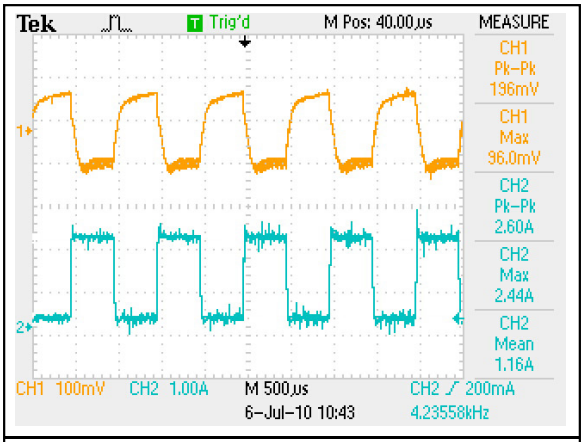


Figure 35: LCB100W Transient Response
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = FULL/MIN LOAD, 90%DUTY/1KHZ
Ch 1: Vo Ch 2: Iin

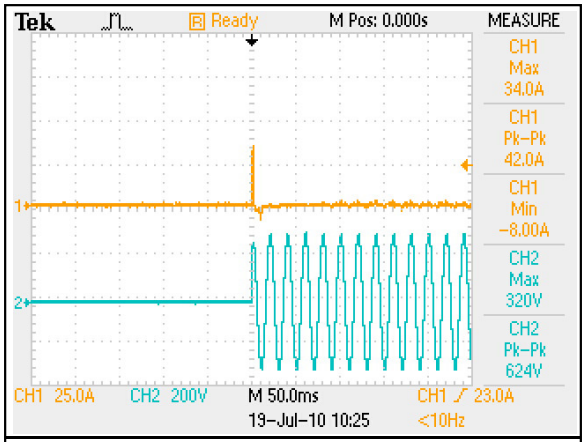


Figure 36: LCB100W Inrush Current
Vin = 230Vac Load: Io = 2.3A Ta = 25 °C
Ch 1: Iin Ch 2: AC Mains

Protective Function Specifications

Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The power supply output voltage latches off during output overvoltage with the AC line recycled to reset the latch.

LCB100D

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
3.3V Output Overvoltage	3.795	/	5.775	V

LCB100E

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
5V Output Overvoltage	5.75	/	7.5	V

LCB100L

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
12V Output Overvoltage	13.8	/	18	V

LCB100N

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
15V Output Overvoltage	17.25	/	22.5	V

LCB100Q

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
24V Output Overvoltage	27.6	/	36	V

LCB100W

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
48V Output Overvoltage	55.2	/	72	V

Over Current Protection (OCP)

LCB100 series power supply includes internal current limit circuitry to prevent damage in the event of overload or short circuit. In the event of overloads, the output voltage may deviate from the regulation band but recovery is automatic when the load is reduced to within specified limits.

LCB100D

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
3.3V Output Overcurrent	22	/	/	A

LCB100E

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
5V Output Overcurrent	17.6	/	/	A

LCB100L

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
12V Output Overcurrent	9.35	/	/	A

LCB100N

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
15V Output Overcurrent	7.7	/	/	A

LCB100Q

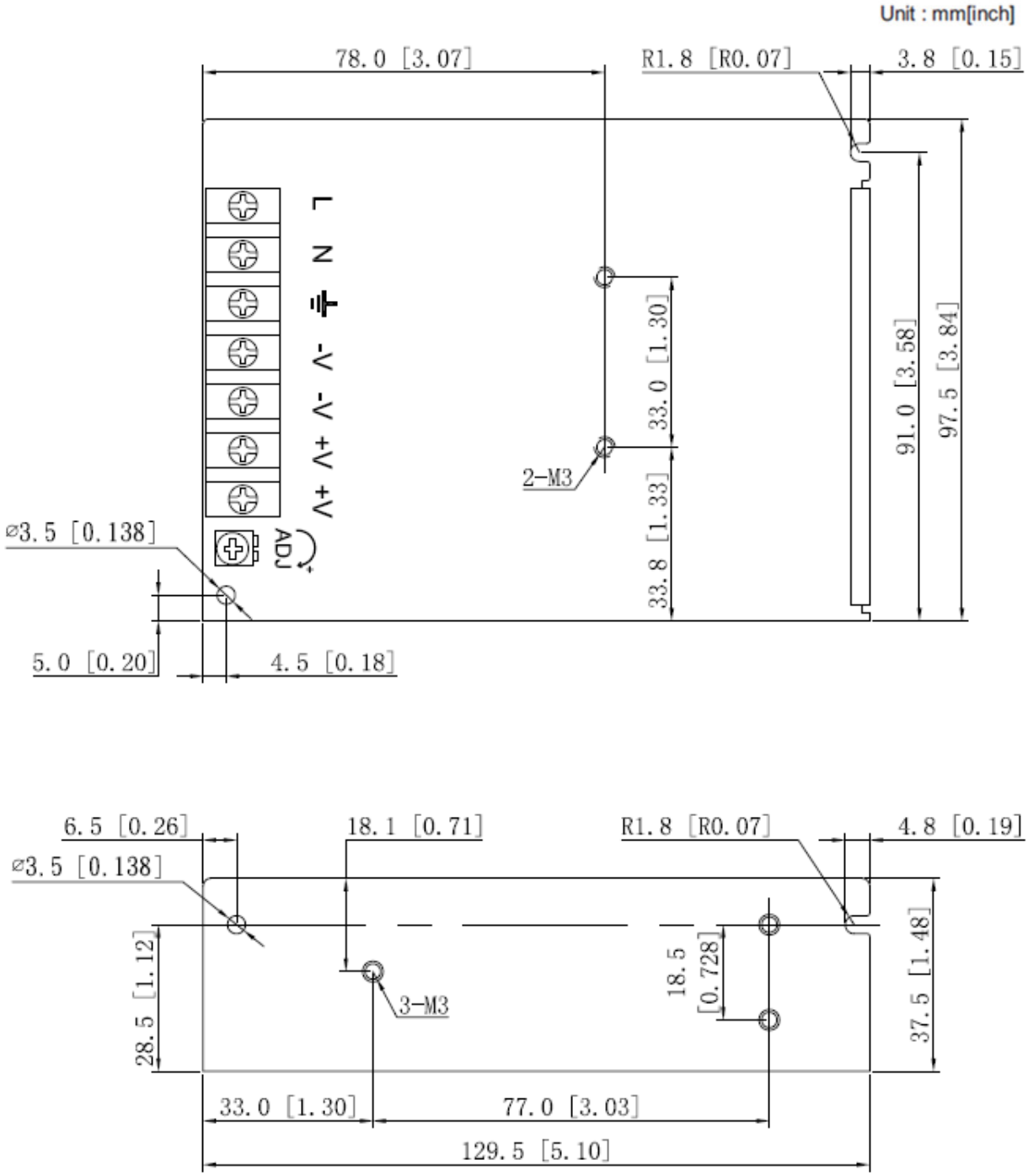
Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
24V Output Overcurrent	4.55	/	/	A

LCB100W

Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
48V Output Overcurrent	2.53	/	/	A

Mechanical Specifications

Mechanical Drawing (Dimensioning and Mounting Locations)



Weight

The LCB100 Series packing weight is 0.99lb/0.45kg typical.

Environmental Specifications

EMC Immunity

LCB100 series power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity specifications:

Table 4. Environmental Specifications:

Document	Description
EN 55022	Conducted Level B and Radiated Level B (stand alone)
EN 61000-3-2	Harmonic Distortion
EN 61000-3-3	Harmonic Distortion
EN 61204-3	EMS immunity
EN 55024	EMS immunity

Safety Certifications

The LCB100 series power supply is intended for inclusion in other equipment and the installer must ensure that it is in compliance with all the requirements of the end application. This product is only for inclusion by professional installers within other equipment and must not be operated as a stand alone product.

Table 5. Safety Certifications for LCB100 series power supply system:

Document	Description
UL 60950-1	US and Canada Requirements
TUV EN 60950-1	Germany and European Requirements (All CENELEC Countries)

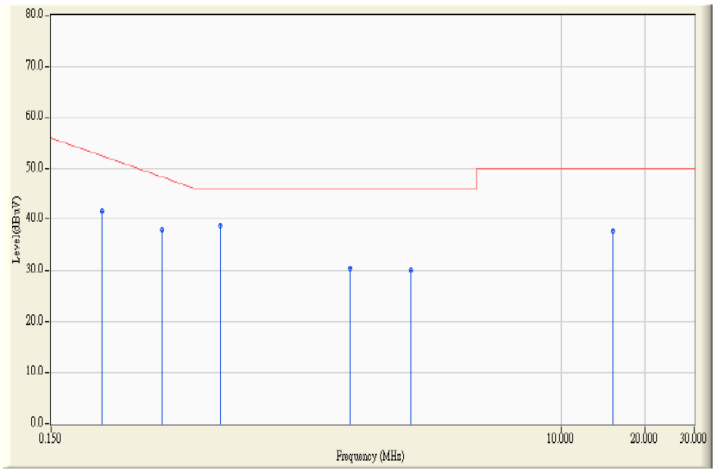
EMI Emissions

The LCB100 series has been designed to comply with the Class B limits of EMI requirements of EN55022 (FCC Part 15) and CISPR 22 (EN55022) for emissions and relevant sections of EN61000 (IEC 61000) for immunity.

The unit is enclosed inside a metal box, tested at full load using resistive load.

Conducted Emissions

The applicable standard for conducted emissions is EN55022 (FCC Part 15). Conducted noise can appear as both differential mode and common mode noise currents. Differential mode noise is measured between the two input lines, with the major components occurring at the supply fundamental switching frequency and its harmonics. Common mode noise, a contributor to both radiated emissions and input conducted emissions, is measured between the input lines and system ground and can be broadband in nature.



The LCB100 series power supply have internal EMI filters to ensure the convertor's conducted EMI levels comply with EN55022 (FCC Part 15) Class B and EN55022 (CISPR 22) Class B limits. The EMI measurements are performed with resistive loads under forced air convection at maximum rated loading.

Sample of EN55022 Conducted EMI Measurement at 230Vac input.

Note: Red Line refers to Artesyn Quasi Peak margin, which is 6dB below the CISPR international limit. Blue Line refers to the Artesyn Average margin, which is 6dB below the CISPR international limit.

Table 6. Conducted EMI emission specifications of the LCB100 series

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FCC Part 15, class B	All	Margin	-	-	6	dB
CISPR 22 (EN55022) class B	All	Margin	-	-	6	dB

Radiated Emissions

Unlike conducted EMI, radiated EMI performance in a system environment may differ drastically from that in a stand-alone power supply. It is thus recommended that radiated EMI be evaluated in a system environment. The applicable standard is EN55022 Class B (FCC Part 15). Testing ac-dc convertors as a stand-alone component to the exact requirements of EN55022 can be difficult, because the standard calls for 1m leads to be attached to the input and outputs and aligned such as to maximize the disturbance. In such a set-up, it is possible to form a perfect dipole antenna that very few ac-dc convertors could pass. However, the standard also states that 'an attempt should be made to maximize the disturbance consistent with the typical application by varying the configuration of the test sample'.

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of LCB100 series of AC/DC converters has been calculated using MIL-HDBK 217F.
Operating Temperature @25 ^{O}C, Ground Benign.

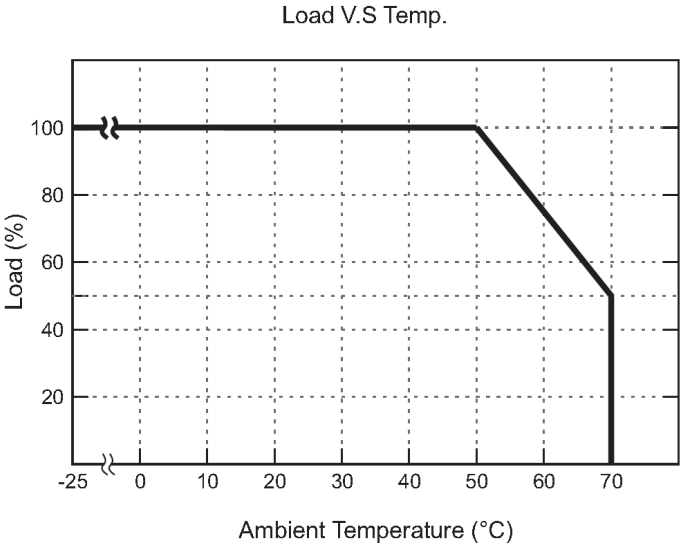
Model	MTBF	Unit
LCB100E	206	K Hrs
LCB100D		
LCB100L		
LCB100N		
LCB100Q		
LCB100W		

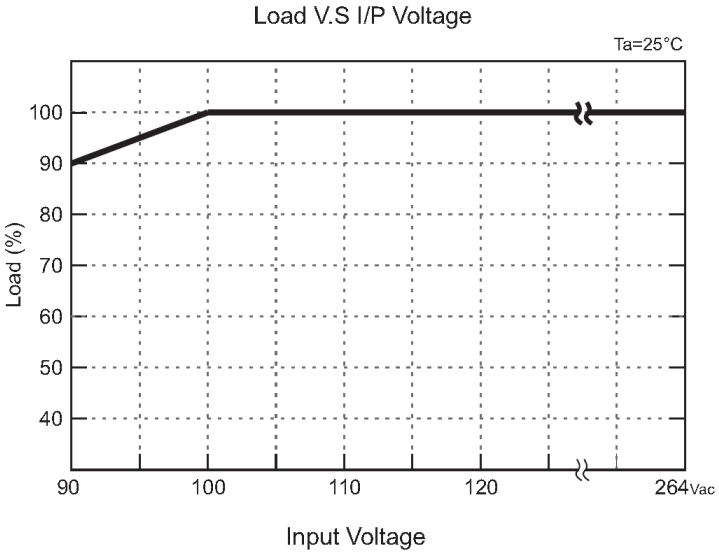
Operating Temperature

The LCB100 series start and operate within stated specifications at an ambient temperature from -25 ^{O}C to 70 ^{O}C under all load conditions (see below derating curves for other amount of convection and orientation. Derate output current and power by 2.5% per degree above 50 ^{O}C. Maximum operating ambient temperature is 70 ^{O}C (which implies a 50% derating at max 70 ^{O}C ambient).

Under convection cooling condition, the maximum output power derates linearly from full load. When input voltage is 90Vac, the maximum output power will derate to 90% full load.

Derating Curve





Storage and Shipping Temperature / Humidity

The LCB100 series can be stored or shipped at temperatures between -40 ^{O}C to +85 ^{O}C and relative humidity from 10% to 95%, non-condensing.

Humidity

The LCB100 series will operate within specifications when subjected to a relative humidity from 20% to 90% non-condensing. The LCB100 series can be stored in a relative humidity from 10% to 95% non-condensing.

Vibration

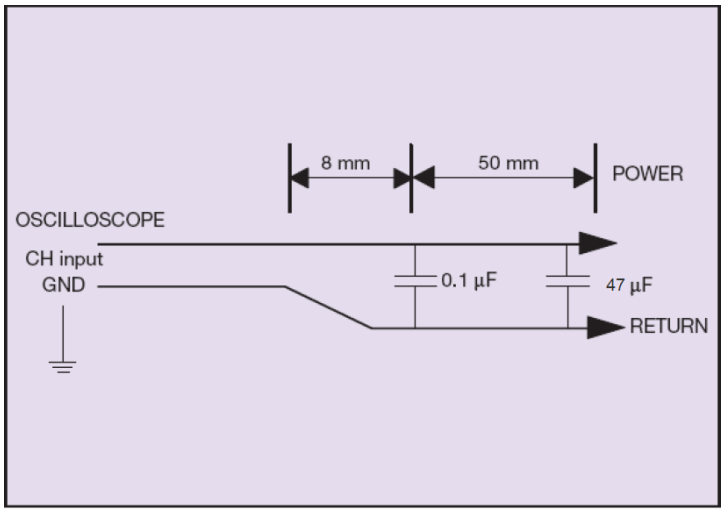
The LCB100 series will pass the following vibration specifications:

Acceleration	5		gRMS
Frequency Range	10-500		Hz
Duration	60 mins per Axis, 180 mins total		
Direction	3 mutually perpendicular axis		
PSD Profile	**FREQ** 10-500 Hz	**SLOPE** **dB/oct** ---	**PSD** **g^2/Hz** ---

Application Notes

Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The setup outlined in the diagram below has been used for output voltage ripple and noise measurements on the LCB100 series. When measuring output ripple and noise, a scope jack in parallel with a 0.1uF ceramic chip capacitor, and a 47uF aluminum electrolytic capacitor should be used. Oscilloscope should be set to 20MHz bandwidth for this measurement.



Record of Revision and Changes

Issue	Date	Description	Originators
1.0	07.24.2015	First Issue	E.Wang
1.1	09.11.2015	Update LCB100D performance curves	E.Wang
1.2	07.24.2017	Update vibration duration	E.Wang

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